# SKiiP 03AC066V1



MiniSKiiP<sup>®</sup> 1

### 3-phase bridge inverter

#### SKiiP 03AC066V1

**Target Data** 

#### **Features**

- · Trench IGBT's
- Robust and soft freewheeling diodes in CAL technology
- Highly reliable spring contacts for electrical connections
- UL recognised file no. E63532

### **Typical Applications**

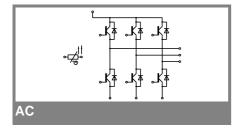
- Inverter up to 6,3 kVA
- Typical motor power 4,0 kW

#### Remarks

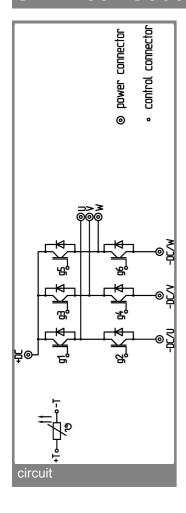
 Case temperature limited to T<sub>C</sub> = 125 °C max.

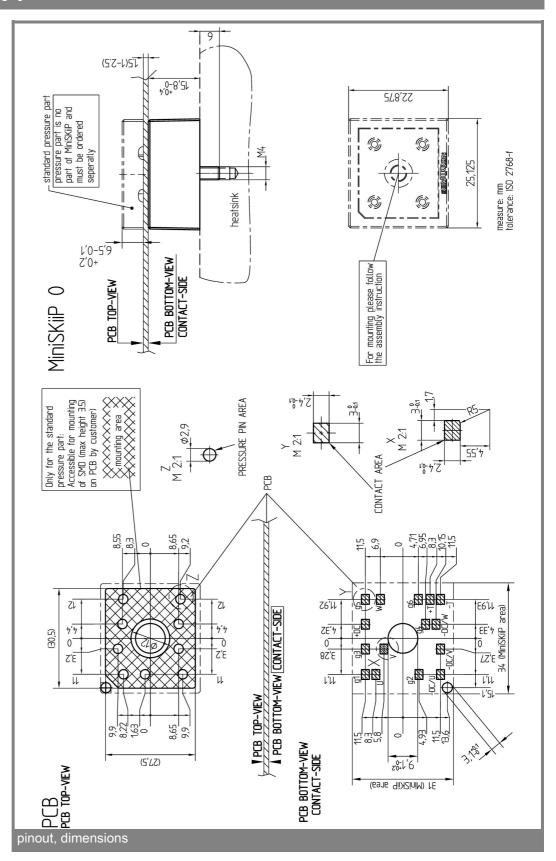
Absolute Maximum Ratings		T <sub>s</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified			
Symbol	Conditions	Values	Units		
IGBT - Inverter					
V <sub>CES</sub>	T <sub>s</sub> = 25 (70) °C	600	V A		
I <sub>CRM</sub>	$T_s = 25 (70)  ^{\circ}\text{C},  t_p \le 1  \text{ms}$		Α		
$V_{GES}$	·	± 20	V		
T <sub>j</sub>		- 40 <b>+</b> 175	°C		
Diode - Inverter					
I <sub>F</sub>	T <sub>s</sub> = 25 (70) °C		Α		
I <sub>FRM</sub>	$T_s = 25 (70)  ^{\circ}\text{C},  t_p \le 1  \text{ms}$		Α		
$T_j$		- 40 <b>+</b> 175	°C		
I <sub>tRMS</sub>	per power terminal (20 A / spring)	40	Α		
T <sub>stg</sub>	$T_{op} \le T_{stg}$	- 40 <b>+</b> 125	°C		
V <sub>isol</sub>	AC, 1 min.	2500	V		

<b>Characteristics</b> T <sub>s</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified						
Symbol	Conditions	min. typ.	max.	Units		
IGBT - Inverter						
V <sub>CEsat</sub>	I <sub>C</sub> = 15 A, T <sub>i</sub> = 25 (125) °C	1,45 (1,7)	1,9 (2,1)	V		
$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$ , $I_C = 0.5 \text{ mA}$	5,8		V		
V <sub>CE(TO)</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = 25 (150) °C	0,9 (0,85)	,	V		
r <sub>T</sub>	$T_{j} = 25 (150) ^{\circ}C$	37 (57)	60 (80)	mΩ		
C <sub>ies</sub>	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	-		nF		
C <sub>oes</sub>	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	-		nF		
C <sub>res</sub>	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	-		nF		
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per IGBT	1,78		K/W		
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	under following conditions	-		ns		
t <sub>r</sub> `´	$V_{CC} = 300 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$	-		ns		
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	I <sub>C</sub> = 15 A, T <sub>i</sub> = 125 °C	-		ns		
t <sub>f</sub>	$R_{Gon} = R_{Goff} = 30 \Omega$	-		ns		
Ė <sub>on</sub>	inductive load	0,4		mJ		
E <sub>off</sub>		0,7		mJ		
Diode - Inverter						
$V_F = V_{EC}$	I <sub>F</sub> = 15 A, T <sub>i</sub> = 25 (125) °C	1,4 (1,4)	1,6	V		
V <sub>(TO)</sub>	T <sub>i</sub> = 25 (150) °C	1,03 (0,85)		V		
r <sub>T</sub>	T <sub>i</sub> = 25 (150) °C	25 (37)		mΩ		
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per diode	2,45		K/W		
I <sub>RRM</sub>	under following conditions	-		Α		
Q <sub>rr</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 15 A, V <sub>R</sub> = 300 V	-		μC		
E <sub>rr</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 V, T <sub>i</sub> = 125 °C			mJ		
	di <sub>F</sub> /dt = 1350 A/μs					
Temperature Sensor						
R <sub>ts</sub>	3 %, T <sub>r</sub> = 25 (100) °C	1000(1670)		Ω		
Mechanical Data						
m		35		g		
$M_s$	Mounting torque	2	2,5	Nm		



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This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS), international standard IEC 60747-1, Chapter IX.

This technical information specifies semiconductor devices but promises no characteristics. No warranty or guarantee expressed or implied is made regarding delivery, performance or suitability.