

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

(♦)	Preliminary Specification
()	Final Specification

Title		26	5" WXGA T	FT LCD
		_		
BUYER	General		SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD CO., Ltd.
MODEL			*MODEL	LC260WX2

JUPPLILK	LG.Fillips LCD CO., Ltd.
*MODEL	LC260WX2
SUFFIX	SL01

26" WXGA TFT LCD

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE
/	
Please return 1 copy for your	confirmation with

your signature and comments.

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1 / 28 Ver. 0.4 Dec.27, 2004



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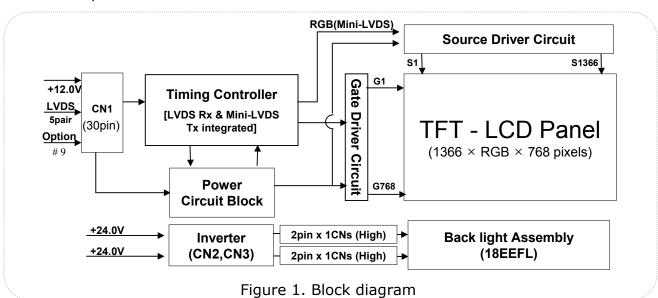
RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No.	Date	Page	Description
Ver 0.0	Sep.13, 2004		First draft
Ver 0.1	Nov.02, 2004	p11	Inverter Pin Map change
Ver 0.2	Nov.04, 2004	p20	Gray scale
Ver 0.3	Nov.30, 2004	p16	Inverter Sequence Change
Ver 0.4	Dec. 27, 2004	р8	Inverter characteristic
Ver 0.4	Dec. 27, 2004	P22~ 23	Mechanical characteristics



1. General Description

The LC260WX2 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral External Electrode Fluorescent Lamp(EEFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. This TFT-LCD has a 26.0 inch diagonally measured active display area with WXGA resolution (768 vertical by 1366 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red,Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 16,7M(True) colors. The LC260WX2 has been designed to apply the LVDS interface. It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth, and fast response time are important.



General Features

Active screen size	26.005 inches(600.53mm) diagonal				
Outline Dimension	626(H) x 373(V) x 44.1(D) mm(Typ.)				
Pixel Pitch	147.5 um x 421.5 um x RGB				
Pixel Format	1366 horizontal by 768 vertical pixels. RGB stripe arrangement				
Interface	LVDS 1port				
Color depth	8-bit, 16,777,216 colors				
Luminance, white	500 cd/m² (Center 1 point, Typ.)				
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing Angle Free(R/L 176(Typ.), U/D 176(Typ.))				
Power Consumption	Total 70.68 Watt(Typ.), (3.48Watt @V _{LCD} , 67.2 Watt @V _{BL})				
Weight	5000 g (Typ.)				
Display operating mode	Transmissive mode, normally black				
Surface treatments	Hard coating (3H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer				



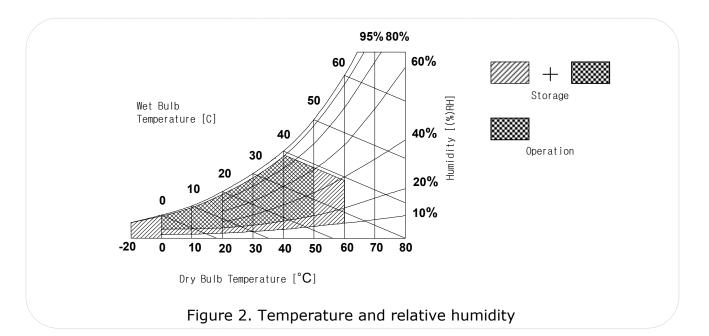
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Cymbol	Vā	alue	Unit	Note
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	UTIIL	Note
Power Supply	VLCD	-0.3	+14	Vdc	4. 2. 5. 6
Input Voltage	V BL	-0.3	+27	Vdc	At 25 ℃
On/Off Control Voltage	ON/OFF	-0.3	+5.25	Vdc	
Brightness Control Voltage	VBR-B	0	+3.3	Vdc	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	+40	°C	1
Storage Temperature	Tst	-20	+50	°C	1
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	95	%RH	1
Storage Humidity	Hst	10	95	%RH	1

Note:

1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max., and no condensation.





3. Electrical Specifications

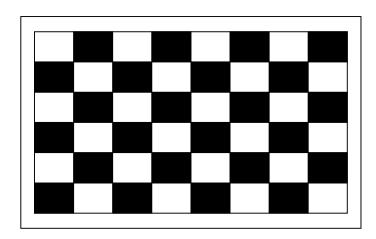
The LC260WX2 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the EEFL/Backlight, is to power the inverter.

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

Table 2. Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
rarameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Note
1. Power for Panel:						
Power Supply Input Voltage	V _{LCD}	11.4	12.0	12.6	Vdc	
Power Supply Input Current	I _{LCD}	-	290	380	mA	1
Tower Supply Impac Current		-	400	525	mA	2
Power Consumption	P _{LCD}	-	3.48	4.56	Watt	1
Inrush Current (V _{LCD} Input)	I _{RUSH}	-	-	3	Α	3

- The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD}=12V, 25°C, fV(frame frequency)=60Hz condition.
 Typical supply current is measured at the condition of 8 X 6 Mosaic pattern(white & black) shown in the [Figure 3] is displayed.
- 2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
- 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 1ms(min).



[Figure 3] Mosaic pattern



3-2. Interface Connections

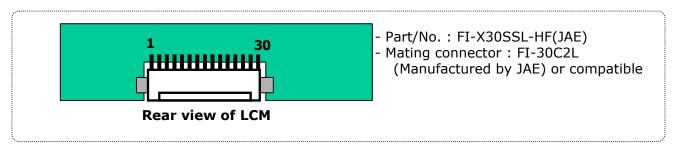
This LCD employs two kinds of interface connections. A 30 pin connector is used for LCD electronics and a 14pin connector is used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. Signal Interface

The LCD connector(CN1): FI-X30SSL-HF (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent. The pin configuration for the 30 pin connector is shown in the table below.

Table 4. 30Pin Connector pin configuration (For LCD Panel)

Pin	Signal assignment	Pin	Signal assignment
1	V _{LCD} (12V)	16	LVDS SIGNAL CHANNEL 1+
2	V _{LCD} (12V)	17	GND
3	V _{LCD} (12V)	18	LVDS SIGNAL CHANNEL 2-
4	V _{LCD} (12V)	19	LVDS SIGNAL CHANNEL 2+
5	GND	20	GND
6	GND	21	LVDS CLOCK C-
7	GND	22	LVDS CLOCK C+
8	GND	23	GND
9	DISM (Note 1)	24	LVDS SIGNAL CHANNEL 3-
10	NC	25	LVDS SIGNAL CHANNEL 3+
11	GND	26	GND
12	LVDS SIGNAL CHANNEL 0-	27	NC
13	LVDS SIGNAL CHANNEL 0+	28	NC
14	GND	29	GND
15	LVDS SIGNAL CHANNEL 1-	30	AGP



- 1. If pin9 is ground, interface format is "LG", and if pin9 is 3.3V, interface format is "DISM. (See page 9~10)
- 2. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together and should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame.
- 3. All power input pins should be connected together.
- 4. Input level of LVDS signal is based on the IEA664 standard.
- 5. If pin30 is 3.3V, no-signal is AGP pattern, and if pin30 is ground, no-signal is Black pattern



Table 3. Inverter Electrical Characteristics

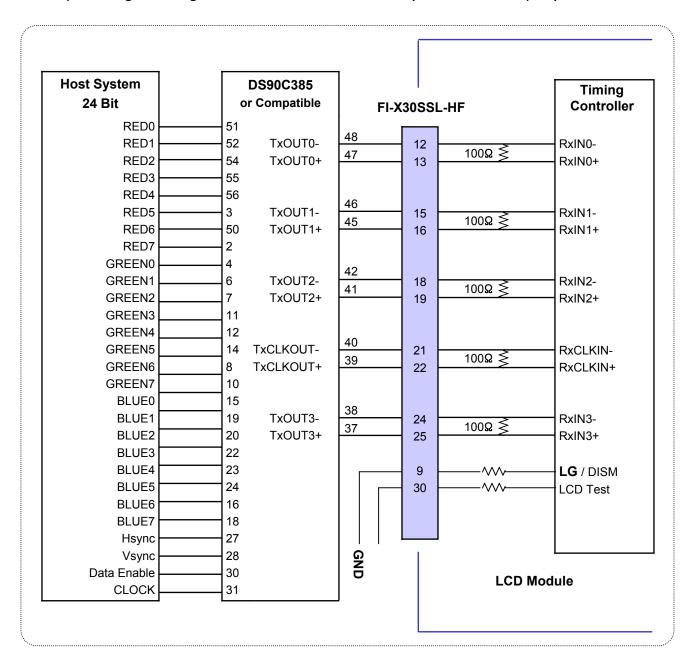
	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition	Note	
1	Input Voltage	VBL	22.8	24.0	25.2	Vdc		
2	Input Current	IBL	-	3.1	3.5	Α	ExtVbr-B = 100% Vbr-A = MAX	1, 3
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	IBL	-	2.8	3.0	Α	ExtVbr-B = 100% Vbr-A = TYP	., -
3	Input Current (RUSH)	Irush	-	-	6.0	Α	Vin=22.8V, Vbr-A=Max ExtVbr-B=100%	5
4	Input Power	PBL	-	67.2	84.0	W		1, 3
5	ON/OFF Control	ON	3.0	-	5.0	Vdc	Lamp ON = High	
	ON/OFF CONTROL	OFF	0.0	-	0.8	Vdc	Lamp OFF =Low	
6	Analog Dimming Control Voltage	Vbr-A	0.0	-	3.3	Vdc		
7	Operating Frequency	Fo	60	-	70	KHz		
8	PWM Frequency	Fb	190	200	210	Hz		
9	PWM dimming Ratio	ExtVbr-B	20	-	100	%	Reference : Onduty ratio of Output current	4
10	Lamp Voltage (Output Voltage)	Vout	560	710	860	V_{RMS}	ExtVbr-B = 100% Vbr-A = typ	
		Io-max	82	90	98	mA _{RMS}	ExtVbr-B = 100% Vbr-A = Max	
11	Lamp Current	Іо-түр	73	81	89	mA _{RMS}	ExtVbr-B = 100% Vbr-A = TYP	
		Io-min	64	72	80	mA _{RMS}	ExtVbr-B = 100% Vbr-A = Min	
12	Output Power	Роит	-	57.5	-	W	ExtVbr-B = 100% Vbr-A = TYP	
13	Lamp life time		50,000	-	-	Unit		2

- The specified current and power consumption are under the typical supply Input voltage, 24.0V.
 The ripple voltage of the power supply input voltage is under 0.5 Vp-p.
 Inrush current of the power supply input current is under +10% of the typical current
- 2. Specified values are for a single lamp which is aligned horizontally. The life is determined as the time at which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at 25 \pm 2°C.
 - Specified value is when lamp is aligned horizontally.
- 3. Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 2Hrs in a dark environment at 25 $^{\circ}$ C± 2 $^{\circ}$ C.
- 4. Burst mode is controlled by TV system
- 5. Rush current is determined at turning on after the unit has been 'OFF' for 2Hrs at 25 °C± 2°C.



Table 5.

Required signal assignment for LVDS transmitter (Pin9 = "L" or open)

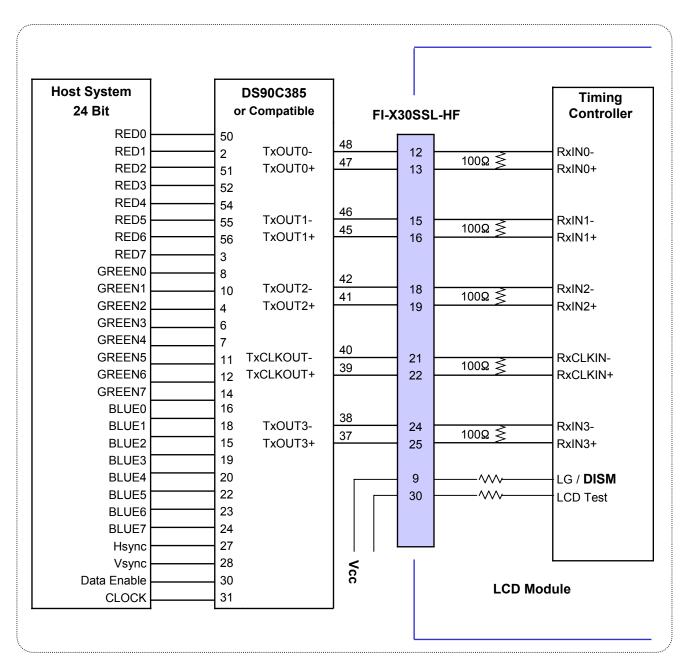


- 1. The LCD module uses a 100 $Ohm(\Omega)$ resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
- 2. Refer to LVDS transmitter data sheet for detail descriptions. (DS90C385 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.



Table 6.

Required signal assignment for LVDS transmitter (Pin9 = "H")



- 1. The LCD module uses a 100 $Ohm(\Omega)$ resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
- 2. Refer to LVDS transmitter data sheet for detail descriptions. (DS90C385 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.



3-2-2. Inverter Connector for Backlight

- Inverter Connector: S14B-PH-SM3 Side entry type (Manufactured by JST) or Equivalent

- Mating Connector : PHR-14(Manufactured by JST) or Equivalent

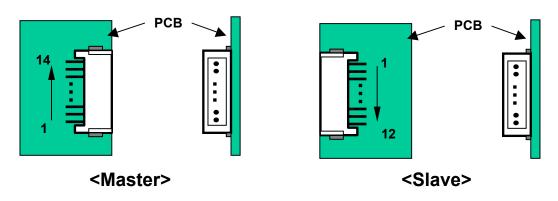
Table 6. INVERTER CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGULATION

	Table 6. INVERTER CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGULATION													
Pin No	Symbol	Desc	cription	Remarks										
		Master	Slave											
1	VBL	Power Supply +24V	Power Supply +24V											
2	VBL	Power Supply +24V	Power Supply +24V											
3	VBL	Power Supply +24V	Power Supply +24V											
4	VBL	Power Supply +24V	Power Supply +24V											
5	VBL	Power Supply +24V	Power Supply +24V											
6	GND	Backlight Ground	Backlight Ground											
7	GND	Backlight Ground	Backlight Ground											
8	GND	Backlight Ground	Backlight Ground	Note 1										
9	GND	Backlight Ground	Backlight Ground											
10	GND	Backlight Ground	Backlight Ground											
11	Vbr-A	Analog dimming	Don't care	Open for Typ. Lum.										
12	Von/off	Backlight On/off Signal	Don't care	Open/High for BL On as default										
13	ExtVbr-B	External PWM signal		Open/High for Max. Lum.										
14	GND	Signal Ground												

Notes: 1. Pin 1~10 should connect to master and slave connector

2. GND is connected to the LCD's metal frame.

♦ Rear view of LCM





3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

Table 8. Timing Table

	ITEM	SYMBOL	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Clock	Period	t _{CLK}	12.5	13.8	14.7	ns	
CIOCK	Frequency	f _{CLK}	68	72.3	80	MHz	
	Horizontal total	t _{HT}	1468	1528	1776	Pixel	
Hsync	Hsync frequency	f _H	45.0	47.4	50	KHz	
	Hsync width Vertical total		8	32	-	Pixel	
	Vertical total	t _{VT}	775	790	1063	Line	PAL:
Vsync	Vsync frequency	f _V	47	60	63	Hz	47~53Hz, NTSC :
	Vsync width	t _{wv}	2	5	ı	Line	57~63Hz
	Horizontal valid	t _{HV}	1366	1366	1366		
	Horizontal back porch	t _{HBP}	24	80	-	Pixel	
	Horizontal front porch	t _{HFP}	24	48	-	Pixei	
DE	Horizontal blank	-	thp-thv	162	thp-thv		
	Vertical valid	t _{vv}	768	768	768		
	Vertical back porch	t _{VBP}	4	15	-	Line	
	Vertical front porch	t _{VFP}	1	2	-	Lille	
	front porch Vertical blank		7	22	tvp-tvv		

Note:

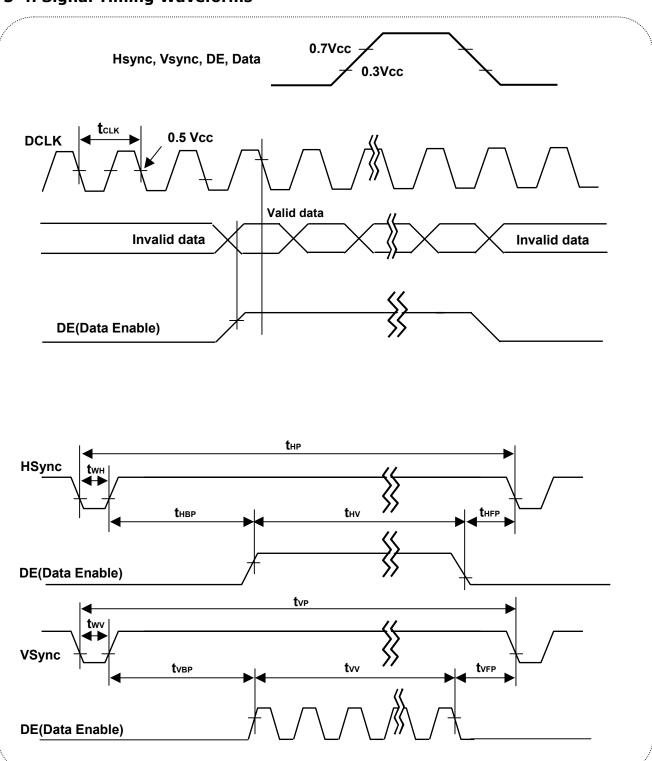
Hsync period and Hsync width-active should be even number times of tCLK. If the value is odd number times of tCLK, display control signal can be asynchronous.

In order to operate this LCM a Hsync., Vsync and DE(data enable) signals should be used.

- 1. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics are may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rates.
- 2. Vsync, Hsync should be keep the above specification.



3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms





3-5. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color.

The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 9. Color Data Reference

Тар	ole 9. Color Data	ĸe	ier	enc	.e																				
											In	out	Cc	lor	Da	ta									
	Color				Re	ed							Gre	een							Bl	ue			
	00101	M	SB					LS			SB					LS			SB					LS	
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	В6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	B0
Basic Color	Black Red (255) Green (255) Blue (255) Cyan Magenta Yellow White	0 1 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 1 1 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 1 1 0 1							
Red	Red(000) Dark Red(001) Red(002) Red(253) Red(254) Red(255) Bright	0 0 - 1 1	0 0 - - 1 1	0 0 - - 1 1	0 0 - 1 1	0 0 0 - 1 1	0 0 0 - 1 1	0 0 1 - 0 1	0 1 0 - 1 0 1	00011000	000000	000000	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 - 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	00011000	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 - 0 0 0	0 0 0 - - 0 0	0 0 0 - 0 0	00011000	00011000	00011000	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
Green	Green(000) Dark Green(001) Green(002) Green(253) Green(254) Green(255) Bright	00011000	000000	000000	00011000	000000	000000	0 0 0 0 0 0	00011000	0 0 0 - 1 1 1	0 0 0 - 1 1	0 0 0 - 1 1 1	0 0 0 - 1 1	0 0 0 - 1 1	0 0 0 - 1 1	0 0 1 - 0 1 1	0 1 0 - 1 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 - 0 0	0 0 0 - 0 0	00011000	00011000	00011000	00011000	000000
Blue	Blue(000) Dark Blue(001) Blue(002) Blue(253) Blue(254) Blue(255) Bright	00011000	000000	000000	00011000	0 0 0 0 0 0	000000	0 0 0 - 0 0 0	00011000	000000	0 0 0 0 0 0	00011000	0 0 0 - 0 0 0	0 0 0 - 0 0 0	0 0 0 - 0 0 0	00011000	00011000	0 0 0 - 1 1	0 0 0 - 1 1	0 0 0 - 1 1	0 0 - 1 1	0 0 - 1 1	0 0 - 1 1	0 0 1 - 0 1 1	0 1 0 - 1 0 1



3-6. Power Sequence

3-6-1. Sequence for LCD Module

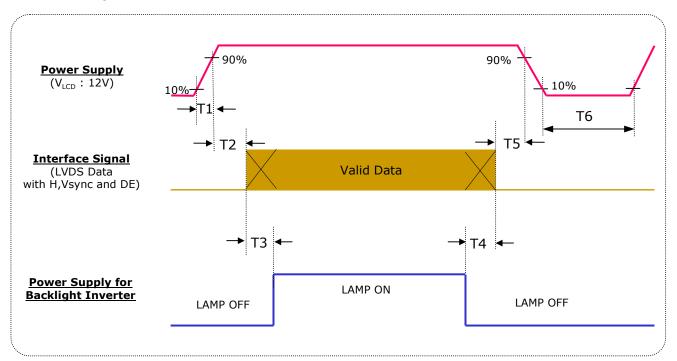


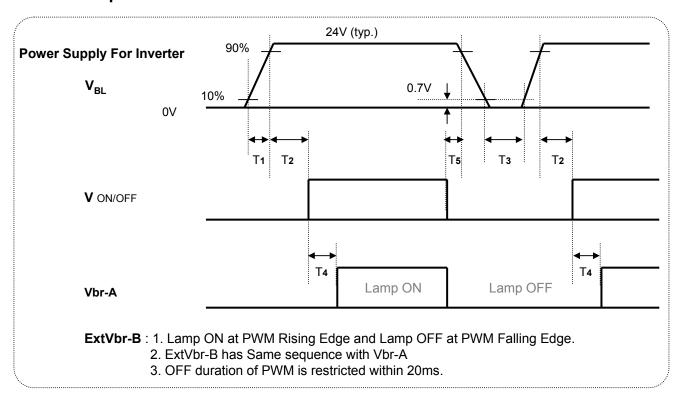
Table 10. Power Sequence for LCM

Darameter		Value		Unit
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T1	0.01	-	20	ms
T2	0.01	-	50	ms
Т3	200	-	-	ms
T4	200	-	-	ms
T5	0.01	-	50	ms
T6	2000	-	-	ms

- 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD $V_{\rm LCD}$ to 0V.
- 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for a LCD interface signal are valid.
- 4. T6 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.



3-6-2. Sequence for Inverter



3-6-3. Deep condition for Inverter

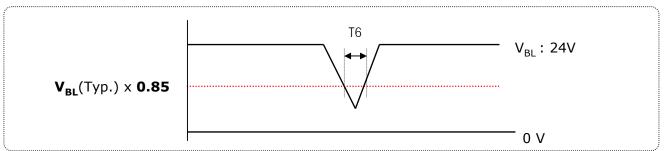


Table 11. Power Sequence for Inverter

Darameter		Value		Unit	Note
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Note
T1	20	-	-	ms	
T2	100	-	-	ms	
Т3	200	-	-	ms	1
T4	0	-	-	ms	
T5	10	-	-	ms	
Т6	-	-	10	ms	



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' for 30Min in a dark environment at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 °.

FIG. 4 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

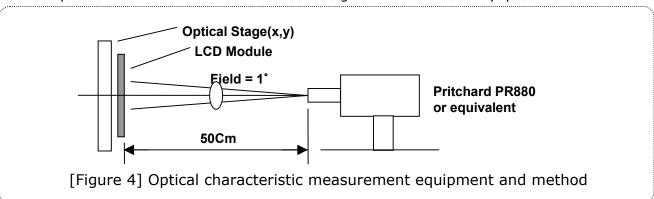


Table 12. Optical characteristics (Ta=25 \pm 2°C, V_{LCD} =12V, f_V =60Hz, CLK=72.3MHz,Vbr=1.6V)

	Dawamatan	Cymphal		Value		Linit	Noto
	Luminance, white Ce Variation Rise Time Decay Time Gray to gray ordinates RED	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Contrast F	Ratio	CR	450	600			1
Surface L	uminance, white	L _{WH}	400	500		cd/m ²	2
Luminanc	e Variation	δ _{WHITE}		-	1.3		3
Б	Rise Time	TrR		7	15	ms	4
Response Time	Decay Time	TrD		9	15	ms	4
TITIC	Gray to gray	Tr		8	14	ms	
Color Coo	rdinates						
	RED	RX		0.640			
		RY		0.340			
	GREEN	GX		0.282			
		GY	Тур –	0.607	Typ +0.03		
	BLUE	BX	0.03	0.145			
		BY		0.066			
	WHITE	WX		0.275			
		WY		0.279			
Viewing A	ngle (CR>10)						
x axis	s, right(φ=0°)	θr	85	88	-]	
x axis	s, left (φ=180°)	θΙ	85	88	-	degree	5
y axis	s, up (φ=90°)	θu	85	88	-]	
y axis	s, down (φ=270°)	θd	85	88	-		
Gray scale	9						6



Note:

1. Contrast ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :

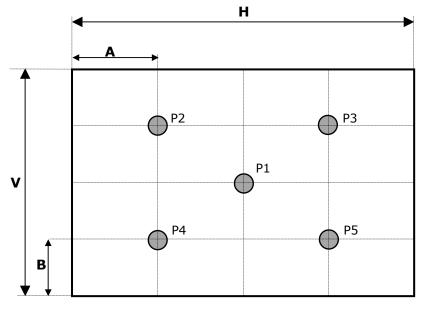
It is measured at center point(1)

- 2. Surface luminance(L_{WH}) is luminance value at center point (P1) across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 5.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ $_{\text{WHITF}}$ is defined as

$$\delta$$
 WHITE = Maximum (P1,P2,,P5) / Minimum (P1,P2,,P5)

For more information see [Figure 5].

<Measuring point for surface luminance and luminance variation>



A:H/4mm B:V/4mm H:566.4mm V:339.84mm

@ H X V : Active Area

Figure 5. Luminance measuring point



4. The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Black" and "White".

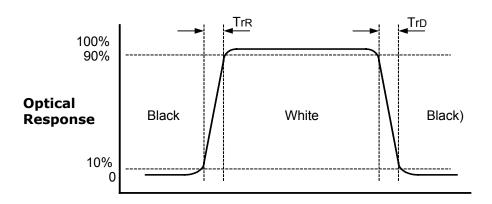
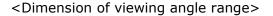


Figure 6. Response time

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see Figure 7.



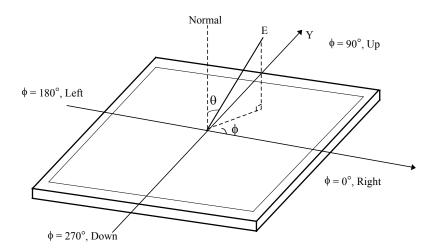


Figure 7. Viewing angle



6. Gray scale specification

Table 13. Gray scale

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.16
L15	0.34
L31	1.10
L47	2.49
L63	4.68
L79	7.55
L95	11.2
L111	15.4
L127	19.8
L143	25.8
L159	33.2
L175	41.8
L191	50.8
L207	63.7
L223	77.2
L239	89.5
L255	100



5. Mechanical Characteristics

Table 11. provides general mechanical characteristics for the model LC230W02. In addition, the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

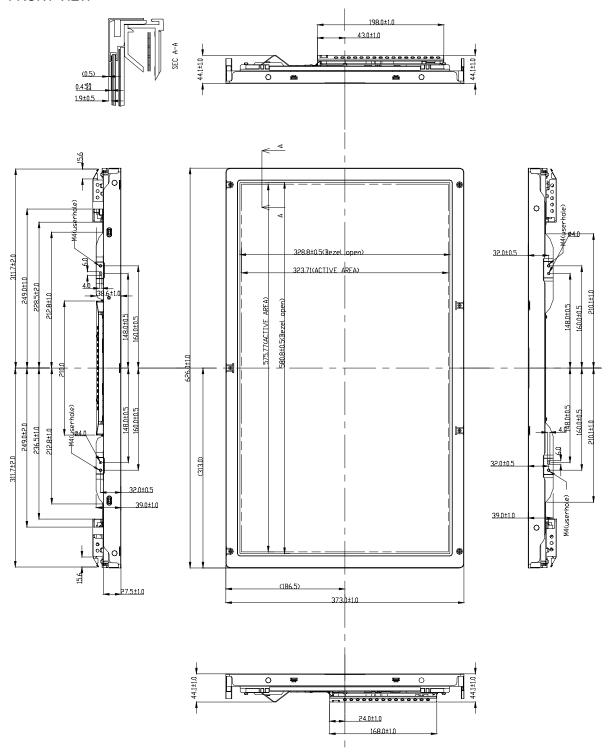
Table 14. Mechanical characteristics

	Horizontal	626 mm		
Outline Dimension	Vertical	373 mm		
	Depth	44.1 mm		
Bezel Area	Horizontal	580.8mm		
Dezei Alea	Vertical	328.8mm		
Active Display Area	Horizontal	575.769 mm		
Active Display Area	Vertical	323.712 mm		
Weight	5000 g (Typ.), 520	00 g (Max.)		
Surface Treatment	Hard coating Anti-glare treatment of t			

Notes: Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

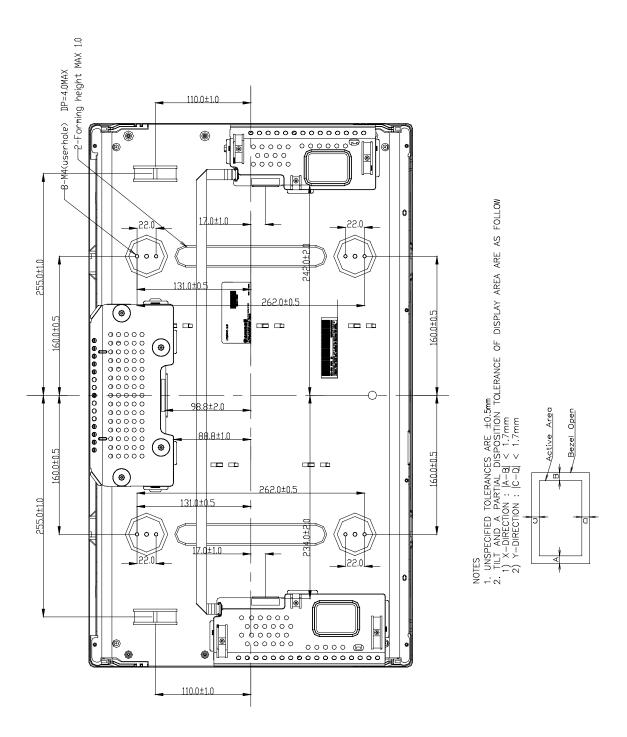


<FRONT VIEW>





<REAR VIEW>





6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No	Test Item	Condition					
1	High temperature storage test	60°C, 500hrs.					
2	Low temperature storage test	-20°C, 500hrs.					
3	High temperature and high humidity operation test	50°C, 80%RH, 240hrs.					
5	Low temperature operation test	0°C, 500hrs. (1000hrs)					
6	Humidity condition storage test	40°C, 90%, 500hrs.					
7	Heat cycle test	-20°C ~ 60°C, 30min/5min/30min, 100cycles					
8	Soldering heat cycle test	-40°C ~ 80°C, 30min/5min/30min, 200cycles					
9	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form: random Vibration level: 1.0Grms Bandwidth: 10-500Hz Duration: X,Y,Z, 10min One time each direction					
10	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : 100Grms Waveform : half sine wave, 2ms Direction : \pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z One time each direction					
11	ESD test (Non-operation)	Condition: 200pF, 0Ω Terminal: 250V					



7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950, Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Dated Dec. 11, 2000. Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950, Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Dec. 1, 2000. Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- c) EN 60950: 2000, Third Edition
 IEC 60950: 1999, Third Edition
 European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)
 EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including
 Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI),1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998(Including A1: 2000)



8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

АВ	C D E	F G H	I J K	L M
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A,B,C : SIZE(INCH) D : YEAR

E: MONTH F: FACTORY CODE G: ASSEMBLY CODE $H \sim M$: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

	Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
ſ	Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

3. FACTORY CODE

Factory Code	LPL Gumi	LPL Nanjing	HEESUNG
Mark	K	С	D

4. SERIAL NO.

Mark 100001~199999, 200001~299999, 300001~399999,, A00001~A99999,, Z00001~Z99999	9
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b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 6 pcs

b) Box size: 754mm(W) X 508mm(D) X 498mm(H)



9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the following when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in rear.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force(ex. twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach a transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not describe because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer with bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)
 And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on)becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can not be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw (if not, it causes metal foreign material and deals LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.



9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer.
 - This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized,
 - please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.