## P4C1024L LOW POWER 128K x 8 CMOS STATIC RAM



#### **FEATURES**

- V<sub>cc</sub> Current (Commercial/Industrial)
  - Operating: 70mA/85mA
  - CMOS Standby: 100μA/100μA
- Access Times
  - -55/70 (Commercial or Industrial)
- Single 5 Volts ±10% Power Supply
- Easy Memory Expansion Using  $\overline{\text{CE}}_{1,}$   $\text{CE}_{2}$  and  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  Inputs

- Common Data I/O
- **■** Three-State Outputs
- **■** Fully TTL Compatible Inputs and Outputs
- Advanced CMOS Technology
- Automatic Power Down
- Packages
  - -32-Pin 600 mil Plastic and Ceramic DIP
  - -32-Pin 445 mil SOP
  - -32-Pin TSOP



### DESCRIPTION

The P4C1024L is a 1,048,576-bit low power CMOS static RAM organized as 128Kx8. The CMOS memory requires no clocks or refreshing, and has equal access and cycle times. Inputs are fully TTL-compatible. The RAM operates from a single 5V±10% tolerance power supply.

Access times of 55 ns and 70 ns are availale. CMOS is utilized to reduce power consumption to a low level.

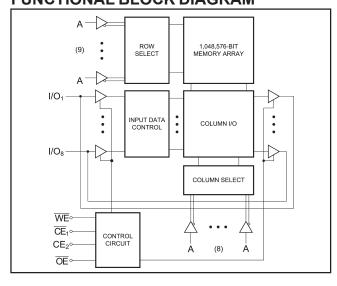
The P4C1024L device provides asynchronous operation with matching access and cycle times. Memory

locations are specified on address pins  $A_0$  to  $A_{16}$ . Reading is accomplished by device selection ( $\overline{CE}_1$  low and  $\overline{CE}_2$  high) and output enabling ( $\overline{OE}$ ) while write enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) remains HIGH. By presenting the address under these conditions, the data in the addressed memory location is presented on the data input/output pins. The input/output pins stay in the HIGH Z state when either  $\overline{CE}_1$  or  $\overline{OE}$  is HIGH or  $\overline{WE}$  or  $\overline{CE}_2$  is LOW.

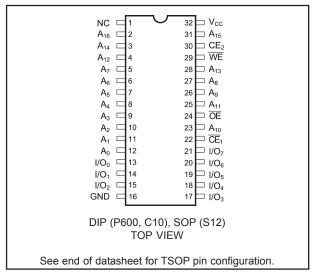
The P4C1024L is packaged in a 32-pin TSOP, 445 mil SOP, and a 600 mil PDIP.



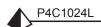
## **FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**



## PIN CONFIGURATION







## RECOMMENDED OPERATING TEMPERATURE & SUPPLY VOLTAGE

Temperature Range (Ambient)	Supply Voltage
Commercial (0°C to 70°C)	4.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5V
Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)	$4.5 \le V_{CC} \le 5.5V$

### MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

Stresses greater than those listed can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to Maximum Ratings for extended periods can adversely affect device reliability.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>cc</sub>	Supply Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5	7.0	V
V <sub>TERM</sub>	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND (up to 7.0V)	-0.5	V <sub>cc</sub> + 0.5	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Ambient Temperature	-55	125	°C
S <sub>TG</sub>	Storage Temperature	-65	150	°C
I <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> Output Current into Low Outputs		25	mA
I <sub>LAT</sub>	Latch-up Current	>200		mA

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Over Recommended Operating Temperature & Supply Voltage)(2)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Voltage (I/O <sub>0</sub> - I/O <sub>7</sub> )	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{mA}, V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{V}$	2.4		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage (I/O <sub>0</sub> - I/O <sub>7</sub> )	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1mA		0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage		2.2	V <sub>cc</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage		-0.5	0.8	V
I <sub>LI</sub>	Input Leakage Current	in CC	nd'l5 om'l2	+5 +2	μA
I <sub>LO</sub>	Output Leakage Current		d'l5 n'l2	+5 +2	μA
I <sub>SB</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub> Current TTL Standby Current (TTL Input Levels)	$V_{CC} = 5.5V$ , $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IH}$ or $CE_2 = V_{IL}$		3	mA
I <sub>SB1</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Current CMOS Standby Current (CMOS Input Levels)	$V_{CC} = 5.5V, I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$ $\overline{CE}_1 \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V, CE_2 \le 0.2V$		100	μА

### CAPACITANCES(4)

 $(V_{CC} = 5.0V, T_A = 25^{\circ}C, f = 1.0 MHz)$ 

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V	7	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V	9	pF

## POWER DISSIPATION CHARACTERISTICS VS. SPEED

0	D	Temperature		*	,	**	
Symbol	Parameter	Range	-55	-70	-55	-70	Unit
1	Dynamic Operating Current	Commercial	70	70	15	15	mA
'cc	Dynamic Operating Current	Industrial	85	85	25	25	mA

<sup>\*</sup>Tested with outputs open and all address and data inputs changing at the maximum write-cycle rate.

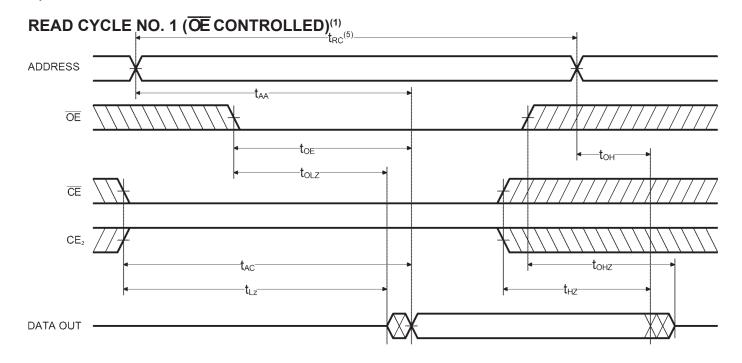
## **AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS - READ CYCLE**

(Over Recommended Operating Temperature & Supply Voltage)

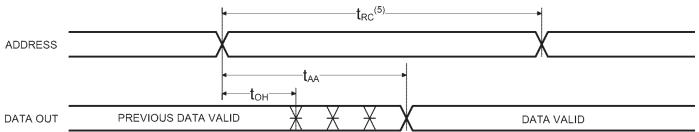
Cumbal	Parameter	-5	55	-7	70	Unit
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read Cycle Time	55		70		ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address Access Time		55		70	ns
t <sub>AC</sub>	Chip Enable Access Time		55		70	ns
t <sub>oh</sub>	Output Hold from Address Change	5		5		ns
t <sub>LZ</sub>	Chip Enable to Output in Low Z	10		10		ns
t <sub>HZ</sub>	Chip Disable to Output in High Z		20		25	ns
t <sub>oe</sub>	Output Enable Low to Data Valid		30		35	ns
t <sub>olz</sub>	Output Enable Low to Low Z	5		5		ns
t <sub>OHZ</sub>	Output Enable High to High Z		20		25	ns
t <sub>PU</sub>	Chip Enable to Power Up Time	0		0		ns
t <sub>PD</sub>	Chip Disable to Power Down Time		55		70	ns

The device is continuously enabled for writing, i.e.,  $CE_2 \ge V_{IH}$  (min),  $\overline{CE}_1$  and  $\overline{WE} \le V_{IL}$  (max),  $\overline{OE}$  is high. Switching inputs are 0V and 3V.

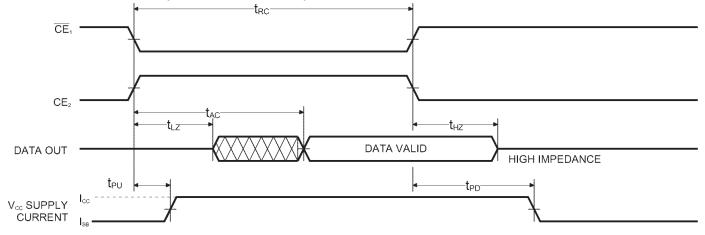
<sup>\*\*</sup>As above but @ f=1 MHz and  $V_{IL}/V_{IH}$  = 0V/  $V_{CC}$ .



## **READ CYCLE NO. 2 (ADDRESS CONTROLLED)**



## READ CYCLE NO. 3 (ŒCONTROLLED)



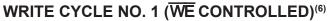
#### **Notes**

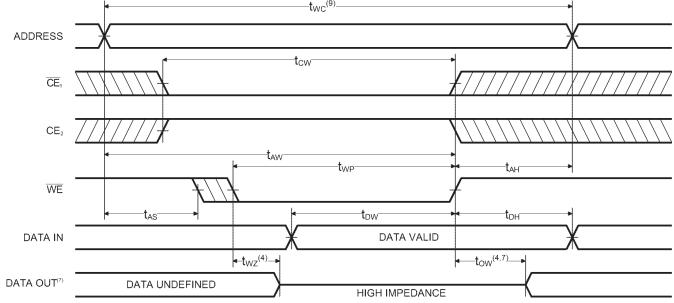
- 1.  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  is HIGH for READ cycle.
- 2.  $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$  and  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  is LOW, and  $\text{CE}_2$  is HIGH for READ cycle.
- 3. ADDRESS must be valid prior to, or coincident with later of  $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$  transition LOW or  $\text{CE}_2$  transition HIGH.
- Transition is measured ± 200 mV from steady state voltage prior to change, with loading as specified in Figure 1. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- 5. READ Cycle Time is measured from the last valid address to the first transitioning address.

## **AC CHARACTERISTICS - WRITE CYCLE**

(Over Recommended Operating Temperature & Supply Voltage)

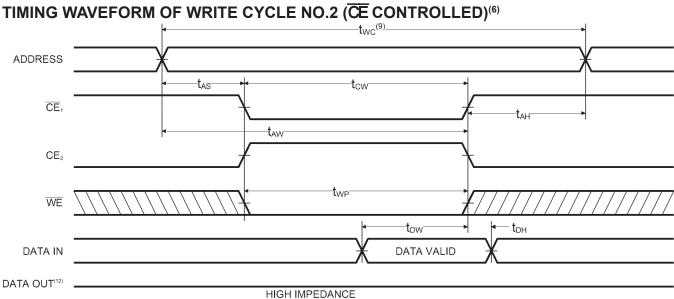
Cumbal	Devementes		55	-7	0	11:4
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>wc</sub>	Write Cycle Time	55		70		ns
t <sub>cw</sub>	Chip Enable Time to End of Write	50		60		ns
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address Valid to End of Write	50		60		ns
t <sub>AS</sub>	Address Set-up Time	0		0		ns
$t_{WP}$	Write Pulse Width	40		50		ns
t <sub>AH</sub>	Address Hold Time	0		0		ns
t <sub>DW</sub>	Data Valid to End of Write	25		30		ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	Data Hold Time	0		0		ns
t <sub>wz</sub>	Write Enable to Output in High Z		25		30	ns
t <sub>ow</sub>	Output Active from End of Write	5		5		ns





#### Notes:

- 6. CE, and WE are LOW and CE<sub>2</sub> is HIGH for WRITE cycle.
  7. OE is LOW for this WRITE cycle to show twz and tow.
- 8. If  $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$  goes HIGH or  $\text{CE}_2$  goes LOW simultaneously with  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  HIGH, the output remains in a high impedance state.
- 9. Write Cycle Time is measured from the last valid address to the first transitioning address.



### **AC TEST CONDITIONS**

Input Pulse Levels	GND to 3.0V
Input Rise and Fall Times	3ns
Input Timing Reference Level	1.5V
Output Timing Reference Level	1.5V
Output Load	See Fig. 1 and 2

### TRUTH TABLE

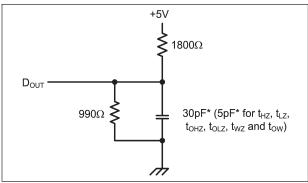
 $D_{OUT}$ 

Mode	Œ,	CE <sub>2</sub>	ŌĒ	WE	I/O	Power
Standby	Н	Х	Х	Х	High Z	Standby
Standby	Х	L	Х	Χ	High Z	Standby
D <sub>OUT</sub> Disabled	L	Н	Н	Н	High Z	Active
Read	L	Н	L	Н	D <sub>out</sub>	Active
Write	L	Н	Х	L	D <sub>IN</sub>	Active

 $R_{TH} = 638.7\Omega$ 

 $30pF^*$  ( $5pF^*$  for  $t_{HZ}$ ,  $t_{LZ}$ ,

 $t_{OHZ}$ ,  $t_{OLZ}$ ,  $t_{WZ}$  and  $t_{OW}$ )



Because of the high speed of the P4C1024L, care must be taken when testing this device; an inadequate setup can cause a normal functioning part to be rejected as faulty. Long high-inductance leads that cause supply bounce must be avoided by bringing the V  $_{\rm cc}$  and ground planes directly up to the contactor fingers. A 0.01  $\mu F$ high frequency capacitor is also required between  $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$  and ground.

To avoid signal reflections, proper termination must be used; for example, a  $50\Omega$  test environment should be terminated into a  $50\Omega$ load with 1.77V (Thevenin Voltage) at the comparator input, and a  $589\Omega$  resistor must be used in series with  $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{OUT}}$  to match  $639\Omega$ (Thevenin Resistance).

Note:

 $V_{TH} = 1.77 V$ 

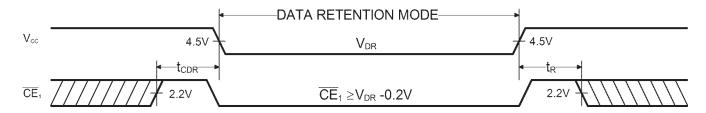
Figure 1. Output Load Figure 2. Thevenin Equivalent \* including scope and test fixture.

## **DATA RETENTION**

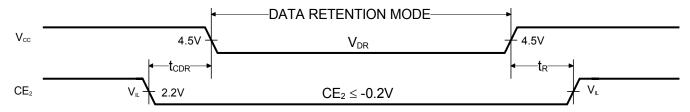
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>DR</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub> for Data Retention	$\overline{CE}_1 \ge V_{CC}$ -0.2V, $CE_2 \le 0.2V$ , $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC}$ -0.2V or $V_{IN} \le 0.2V$	2.0	5.5	V
CCDR (1)	Data Retention Current	V <sub>DR</sub> = 2.0V		30	μA
	Data Neterition Current	V <sub>DR</sub> = 3.0V		50	μΑ
t <sub>CDR</sub>	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time	See Retention Waveform	0		ns
t <sub>R</sub>	Operating Recovery Time		5		ms

 $<sup>1. \ \</sup>overline{CE}_{_{1}} \geq V_{_{DR}} - 0.2V, \ CE_{_{2}} \geq V_{_{DR}} - 0.2V \ \text{or} \ CE_{_{2}} \leq 0.2V; \ \text{or} \ \overline{CE}_{_{1}} \leq 0.2V, \ CE_{_{2}} - 0.2V; \ V_{_{IN}} \geq V_{_{DR}} - 0.2V \ \text{or} \ V_{_{IN}} \leq 0.2V$ 

# LOW $V_{cc}$ DATA RETENTION WAVEFORM 1 ( $\overline{\text{CE}}_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 1}$ CONTROLLED)

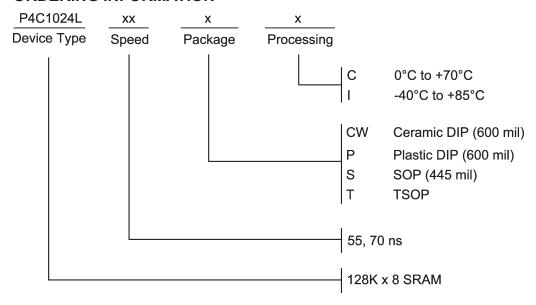


## LOW $V_{\rm cc}$ data retention waveform 2 (CE $_{\scriptscriptstyle 2}$ controlled)





## ORDERING INFORMATION

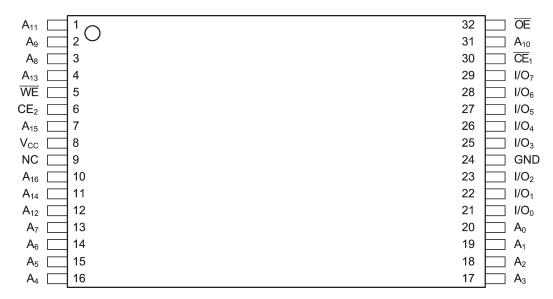


## **SELECTION GUIDE**

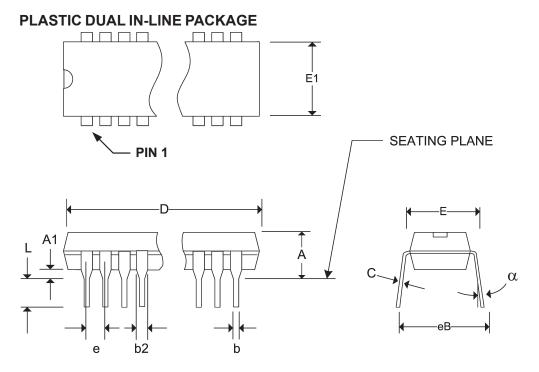
The P4C1024L is available in the following temperature, speed and package options.

Temperature	Dookono	Spe	eed
Range	Package	-55	-70
Commercial	Plastic DIP (600 mil)	-55PC	-70PC
	Plastic SOP (445 mil)	-55SC	-70SC
	TSOP	-55TC	-70TC
	Ceramic DIP (600 mil)	-55CWC	-70CWC
Industrial	Plastic DIP (600 mil)	-55PI	-70PI
	Plastic SOP (445 mil)	-55SI	-70SI
	TSOP	-55TI	-70TI
	Ceramic DIP (600 mil)	-55CWI	-70CWI

## **TSOP PIN CONFIGURATION**

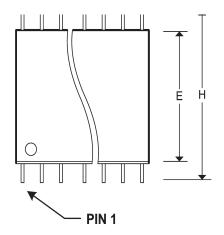


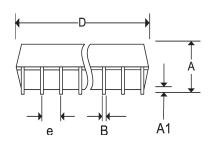
Pkg#	P6	00	
# Pins	32 (600 mil)		
Symbol	Min	Max	
Α	0.170	0.210	
A1	0.015	-	
р	0.014	0.023	
b2	0.045	0.070	
С	0.009	0.014	
D	1.600	1.400	
E1	0.530	0.300	
Е	0.600	0.380	
е	0.100 BSC		
eВ	0.600 BSC		
L	0.120	0.150	
α	0°	15°	

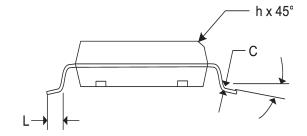


Pkg#	S12	
# Pins	32 (445 Mil)	
Symbol	Min	Max
Α	-	0.118
A1	0.004	-
b2	0.014	0.020
С	0.006	0.012
D	0.790	0.820
е	0.050 BSC	
Е	0.435	0.455
Н	0.546	0.566
h	0.010	0.029
L	0.023	0.039
α	0°	8°

## SOIC/SOP SMALL OUTLINE IC PACKAGE



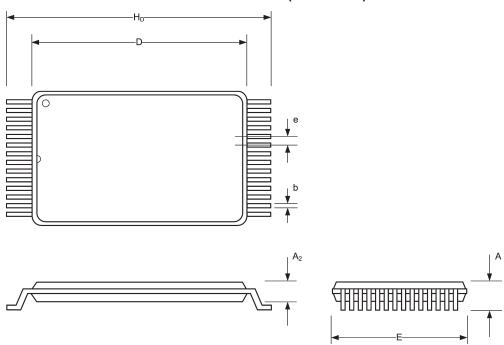






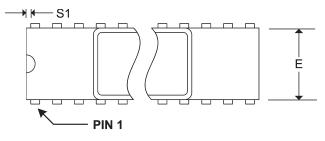
Pkg#	Т3	
# Pins	32	
Symbol	Min	Max
Α	-	0.048
A <sub>2</sub>	0.037	0.042
b	0.006	0.011
D	0.720	0.729
E	0.307	0.323
е	0.050 BSC	
H <sub>D</sub>	0.779	0.796

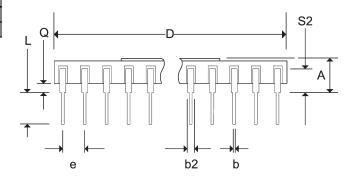
## TSOP THIN SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE (8 x 20 mm)

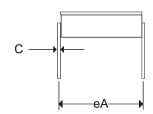


Pkg#	C10	
# Pins	32 (600 mil)	
Symbol	Min	Max
Α	-	0.225
b	0.014	0.026
b2	0.045	0.065
С	0.008	0.018
D	1	1.680
Е	0.510	0.620
eA	0.600 BSC	
е	0.100 BSC	
L	0.125	0.200
Q	0.015	0.070
S1	0.005	-
S2	0.005	-

## SIDEBRAZED DUAL IN-LINE PACKAGES







## **REVISIONS**

	DOCUMENT NUMBER: SRAM125 DOCUMENT TITLE: P4C1024L LOW POWER 128K x 8 CMOS STATIC RAM		
REV.	ISSUE DATE	ORIG. OF CHANGE	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGE
OR	1997	DAB	New Data Sheet
Α	Oct-05	JDB	Change logo to Pyramid
В	Feb-06	JDB	Added TSOP package
С	Sep-06	JDB	Added Ceramic DIP package
<u> </u>	I		