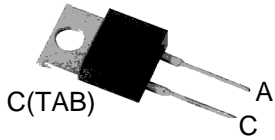


# SBL1030 thru SBL1045

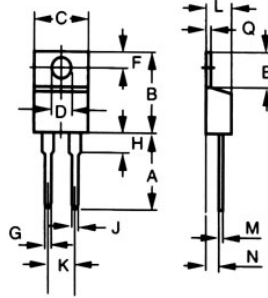
## Low $V_F$ Schottky Barrier Rectifiers



A=Anode, C=Cathode, TAB=Cathode

	$V_{RRM}$ V	$V_{RMS}$ V	$V_{DC}$ V
<b>SBL1030</b>	30	21	30
<b>SBL1035</b>	35	24.5	35
<b>SBL1040</b>	40	28	40
<b>SBL1045</b>	45	31.5	45

Dimensions TO-220AC



Dim.	Inches		Millimeter	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	0.500	0.580	12.70	14.73
B	0.560	0.650	14.23	16.51
C	0.380	0.420	9.66	10.66
D	0.139	0.161	3.54	4.08
E	2.300	0.420	5.85	6.85
F	0.100	0.135	2.54	3.42
G	0.045	0.070	1.15	1.77
H	-	0.250	-	6.35
J	0.025	0.035	0.64	0.89
K	0.190	0.210	4.83	5.33
L	0.140	0.190	3.56	4.82
M	0.015	0.022	0.38	0.56
N	0.080	0.115	2.04	2.49
Q	0.025	0.055	0.64	1.39

Symbol	Characteristics	Maximum Ratings	Unit
$I_{AV}$	Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current @ $T_c=95^\circ\text{C}$	10	A
$I_{FSM}$	Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms Single Half-Sine-Wave Superimposed On Rated Load (JEDEC METHOD)	250	A
$V_F$	Maximum Forward Voltage At 10.0A DC (Note 1)	0.60	V
$I_R$	Maximum DC Reverse Current @ $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ At Rated DC Blocking Voltage @ $T_J=100^\circ\text{C}$	1 50	mA
$C_J$	Typical Junction Capacitance (Note 2)	550	pF
$R_{\theta JC}$	Typical Thermal Resistance (Note 3)	2.5	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$T_J$	Operating Temperature Range	-55 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

- NOTES: 1. 300us Pulse Width, 2% Duty Cycle.  
2. Measured At 1.0MHz And Applied Reverse Voltage Of 4.0V DC.  
3. Thermal Resistance Junction To Case.

### FEATURES

- \* Metal of silicon rectifier, majority carrier conduction
- \* Guard ring for transient protection
- \* Low power loss, high efficiency
- \* High current capability, low  $V_F$
- \* High surge capacity
- \* For use in low voltage, high frequency inverters, free wheeling, and polarity protection applications

### MECHANICAL DATA

- \* Case: TO-220AC molded plastic
- \* Polarity: As marked on the body
- \* Weight: 0.08 ounces, 2.24 grams
- \* Mounting position: Any



# SBL1030 thru SBL1045

## Low $V_F$ Schottky Barrier Rectifiers

FIG.1 - FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

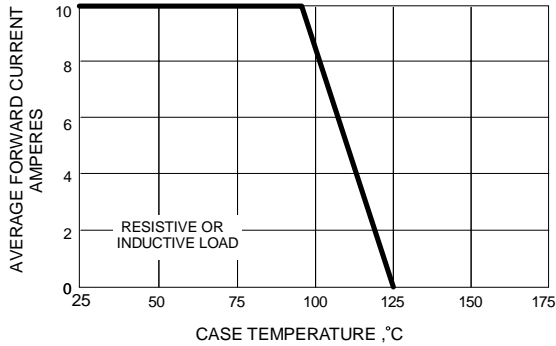


FIG.2 - MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE SURGE CURRENT

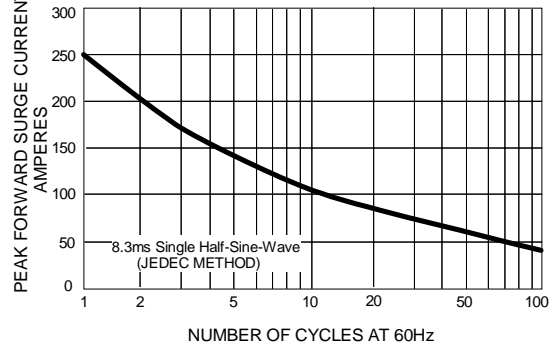


FIG.3 - TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

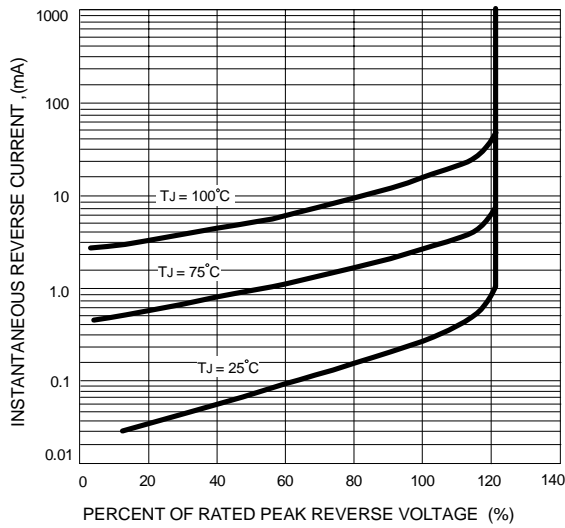


FIG.4 - TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

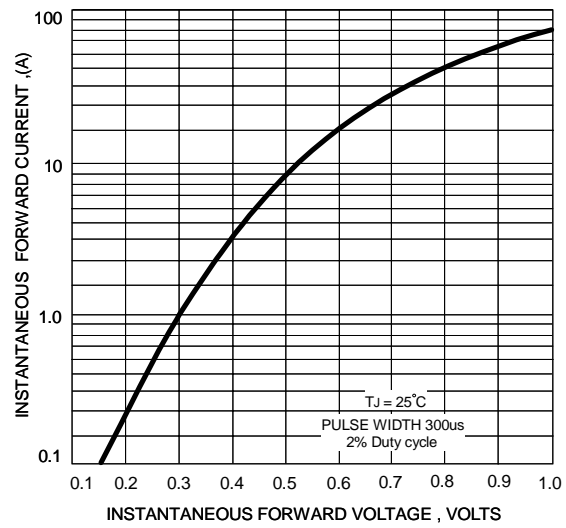


FIG.5 - TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

