# Low-Voltage 16-Bit Transceiver with Bus Hold 1.8/2.5/3.3 V

## (3-State, Non-Inverting)

The 74ALVCH16245 is an advanced performance, non-inverting 16–bit transceiver. It is designed for very high–speed, very low–power operation in 1.8 V, 2.5 V or 3.3 V systems.

The 74ALVCH16245 is designed with byte control. It can be operated as two separate octals, or with the controls tied together, as a 16–bit wide function. The Transmit/Receive (T/Rn) inputs determine the direction of data flow through the bi–directional transceiver. Transmit (active–HIGH) enables data from A ports to B ports; Receive (active–LOW) enables data from B to A ports. The Output Enable inputs ( $\overline{OEn}$ ), when HIGH, disable both A and B ports by placing them in a HIGH Z condition. The data inputs include active bushold circuitry, eliminating the need for external pull–up resistors to hold unused or floating inputs at a valid logic state.

- Designed for Low Voltage Operation:  $V_{CC} = 1.65 3.6 \text{ V}$
- 3.6 V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs
- High Speed Operation: 3.0 ns max for 3.0 to 3.6 V 3.7 ns max for 2.3 to 2.7 V

6.0 ns max for 1.65 to 1.95 V

- Static Drive: ±24 mA Drive at 3.0 V ±12 mA Drive at 2.3 V ±4 mA Drive at 1.65 V
- Supports Live Insertion and Withdrawal
- Includes Active Bushold to Hold Unused or Floating Inputs at a Valid Logic State
- I<sub>OFF</sub> Specification Guarantees High Impedance When  $V_{CC} = 0 V^{\dagger}$
- Near Zero Static Supply Current in All Three Logic States (40 μA) Substantially Reduces System Power Requirements
- Latchup Performance Exceeds ±250 mA @ 125°C
- ESD Performance: Human Body Model >2000V; Machine Model >200V
- Second Source to Industry Standard 74ALVCH16245

<sup>+</sup>To ensure the outputs activate in the 3–state condition, the output enable pins should be connected to V<sub>CC</sub> through a pull–up resistor. The value of the resistor is determined by the current sinking capability of the output connected to the  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  pin.



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YY = Year WW = Work Week

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping	
74ALVCH16245DTR	TSSOP	2500/Tape & Reel	



PIN NAMES					
Pins	Function				
OEn T/Rn	Output Enable Inputs Transmit/Receive Inputs				

Side A Inputs or 3–State Outputs Side B Inputs or 3–State Outputs

Figure 1. 48–Lead Pinout

(Top View)

27 A14

26 A15

25 OE2

B14 22

B15 23

T/R2 24

A0-A15 B0-B15



1

1

A9 35

A10 33

A12 30

A13 29

A14 27

A15 26

32 A11

3 abla

4 ∇

11 B6

13 13 13 13 13

14 B9

16 B10 17 B11

19 B12

20 B13

22 B14

23 B15

12 B7

Inp	uts	Outpute	Inp	uts	Outpute				
OE1	T/R1	Outputs	OE2 T/R2		OE2 T/R2		OE2 T/R2		Outputs
L	L	Bus B0:7 Data to Bus A0:7	L	L	Bus B8:15 Data to Bus A8:15				
L	Н	Bus A0:7 Data to Bus B0:7	L	Н	Bus A8:15 Data to Bus B8:15				
Н	Х	High Z State on A0:7, B0:7	Н	Х	High Z State on A8:15, B8:15				

H = High Voltage Level; L = Low Voltage Level; X = High or Low Voltage Level and Transitions Are Acceptable

#### MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	DC Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +4.6	V
VI	DC Input Voltage	-0.5 to +4.6	V
V <sub>O</sub>	DC Output Voltage	-0.5 to +4.6	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	DC Input Diode Current V <sub>1</sub> < GND	-50	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	DC Output Diode Current V <sub>O</sub> < GND	-50	mA
I <sub>O</sub>	DC Output Sink Current	±50	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	DC Supply Current per Supply Pin	±100	mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	DC Ground Current per Ground Pin	±100	mA
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	°C
ΤL	Lead Temperature, 1 mm from Case for 10 Seconds	260	°C
TJ	Junction Temperature Under Bias	+ 150	°C
$\theta_{JA}$	Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	90	°C/W
MSL	Moisture Sensitivity	Level 1	
F <sub>R</sub>	Flammability Rating Oxygen Index: 30 to 35	UL 94 V–O @ 0.125 in	
V <sub>ESD</sub>	ESD Withstand Voltage Human Body Model (Note 3) Machine Model (Note 4) Charged Device Model (Note 5)	>2000 >200 N/A	V
I <sub>LATCH-UP</sub>	Latch–Up Performance Above V <sub>CC</sub> and Below GND at 125°C (Note 6)	±250	mA

Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Exposure to these conditions or conditions beyond those indicated may adversely affect device reliability. Functional operation under absolute maximum–rated conditions is not implied. Functional operation should be restricted to the Recommended Operating Conditions.

1.  $I_O$  absolute maximum rating must be observed.

2. Measured with minimum pad spacing on an FR4 board, using 10 mm-by-1 inch, 2-ounce copper trace with no air flow.

3. Tested to EIA/JESD22-A114-A.

4. Tested to EIA/JESD22-A115-A.

5. Tested to JESD22-C101-A.

6. Tested to EIA/JESD78.

#### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Symbol	Paramete	Min	Max	Unit	
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage	Operating Data Retention Only	2.3 1.5	3.6 3.6	V
VI	Input Voltage	(Note 7)	-0.5	3.6	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Output Voltage	(Active State) (3–State)	0 0	V <sub>CC</sub> 3.6	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Free–Air Temperature		- 40	+ 85	°C
$\Delta t/\Delta V$	Input Transition Rise or Fall Rate	$\begin{array}{rrr} V_{CC} = 2.5 \ V \ \pm \ 0.2 \ V \\ V_{CC} = 3.0 \ V \ \pm \ 0.3 \ V \end{array}$	0 0	20 10	ns/V

7. Unused inputs may not be left open. All inputs must be tied to a high-logic voltage level or a low-logic input voltage level.

#### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

			$T_A = -40^\circ$	C to +85°C			
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Max	Uni		
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH Level Input Voltage	$1.65 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} < 2.3 \text{ V}$	$0.65 \times V_{CC}$		V		
	(Note 8)	$2.3 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} \leq 2.7 \text{ V}$	1.7		1		
		$2.7 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{CC}} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.0		1		
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW Level Input Voltage	$1.65 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} < 2.3 \text{ V}$		$0.35 \times V_{CC}$	V		
	(Note 8)	$2.3 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} \leq 2.7 \text{ V}$		0.7			
		$2.7 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{CC}} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$		0.8	1		
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH Level Output Voltage	$1.65 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{CC} \le 3.6 \text{ V}; \text{ I}_{OH} = -100 \ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC} - 0.2$		V		
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}; I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$	1.2		1		
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}; \text{ I}_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$	2.0		1		
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}; \text{ I}_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$	1.7				
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}; \text{ I}_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$	2.2				
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}; \text{ I}_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$	2.4		1		
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}; \text{ I}_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$	2.0		1		
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW Level Output Voltage	$1.65 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{CC} \le 3.6 \text{ V}; \text{ I}_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$		0.2	V		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA		0.45	-		
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}; \text{ I}_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}$		0.4			
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}; \text{ I}_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA}$		0.7			
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}; \text{ I}_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA}$		0.4			
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}; \text{ I}_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA}$		0.55	1		
lį –	Input Leakage Current	$1.65 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{CC} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}; 0 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{I} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}$		±5.0	μA		
I <sub>I(HOLD)</sub>	Minimum Bus-hold Input	$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{IN} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		±500	μA		
	Current	$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IN} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	75		1		
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IN} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	- 75		1		
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IN} = 0.7 \text{ V}$	45				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.7 V	- 45				
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}, V_{IN} = 0.58 \text{ V}$	25		1		
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}, V_{IN} = 1.07 \text{ V}$	-25		1		
I <sub>OZ</sub>	3-State Output Current	1.65 V $\leq$ V <sub>CC</sub> $\leq$ 3.6 V; 0 V $\leq$ V <sub>O</sub> $\leq$ 3.6 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>		±10	μA		
I <sub>OFF</sub>	Power-Off Leakage Current	$V_{CC}$ = 0 V; V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 3.6 V		10	μA		
I <sub>CC</sub>	Quiescent Supply Current	1.65 V $\leq$ V <sub>CC</sub> $\leq$ 3.6 V; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub>		40	μA		
	(Note 9)	$1.65 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{CC} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}; 3.6 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{I}}, \text{V}_{\text{O}} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}$		±40			
$\Delta I_{CC}$	Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per Input	$2.7 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{CC}} \leq 3.6 \text{ V}; \text{V}_{\text{IH}} = \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.6 \text{ V}$		750	μA		

8. These values of V<sub>1</sub> are used to test DC electrical characteristics only.
 9. Outputs disabled or 3–state only.

### **AC CHARACTERISTICS** (Note 10; $t_R = t_F = 2.0 \text{ ns}$ ; $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$ ; $R_L = 500 \Omega$ )

					L	imits			
					T <sub>A</sub> = -40	°C to +85°C	;		
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0	V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3	V to 2.7 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65	V to1.95 V	
Symbol	Parameter	Waveform	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay Input to Output	1	1.0 1.0	3.0 3.0	1.0 1.0	3.7 3.7	1.0 1.0	6.0 6.0	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub> t <sub>PZL</sub>	Output Enable Time to High and Low Level	2	1.0 1.0	4.4 4.4	1.0 1.0	5.7 5.7	1.0 1.0	9.3 9.3	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub> t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Output Disable Time From High and Low Level	2	1.0 1.0	4.1 4.1	1.0 1.0	5.2 5.2	1.0 1.0	7.6 7.6	ns
t <sub>OSHL</sub> t <sub>OSLH</sub>	Output-to-Output Skew (Note 11)			0.5 0.5		0.5 0.5		0.75 0.75	ns

10. For  $C_L = 50$  pF, add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.

 Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH–to–LOW (t<sub>OSHL</sub>) or LOW–to–HIGH (t<sub>OSLH</sub>); parameter guaranteed by design.

#### CAPACITIVE CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Typical	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	Note 12	6	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance	Note 12	7	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power Dissipation Capacitance	Note 12, 10MHz	20	pF

12.  $V_{CC}$  = 1.8, 2.5 or 3.3 V;  $V_I$  = 0 V or  $V_{CC}$ .



 $t_{R} = t_{F} = 2.0 \text{ ns}, 10\% \text{ to } 90\%; \text{ f} = 1 \text{ MHz}; t_{W} = 500 \text{ ns}$ 



	V <sub>CC</sub>							
Symbol	3.3 V ±0.3 V	2.5 V ±0.2 V	1.8 V ±0.15 V					
V <sub>IH</sub>	2.7 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>					
V <sub>m</sub>	1.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2					
V <sub>x</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3 V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V					
Vy	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3 V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15 V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15 V					



TEST	SWITCH
t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	Open
t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>	6 V at V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 ±0.3 V; V <sub>CC</sub> × 2 at V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 ±0.2 V; 1.8 V ±0.15 V
t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub>	GND

 $\begin{array}{l} C_L = 50 \text{ pF for } V_{CC} = 3.0 \pm 0.3 \text{ V} \\ R_L = 500 \ \Omega \text{ or equivalent} \\ R_T = Z_{OUT} \text{ of pulse generator (typically 50 } \Omega) \end{array}$ 

Figure 5. Test Circuit





Tape Size	B <sub>1</sub> Max	D	D <sub>1</sub>	Е	F	к	Р	P <sub>0</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	R	т	w
24mm	20.1mm (0.791")	1.5 + 0.1mm -0.0 (0.059 +0.004" -0.0)	1.5mm Min (0.060")	1.75 ±0.1 mm (0.069 ±0.004")	11.5 ±0.10 mm (0.453 ±0.004")	11.9 mm Max (0.468")	16.0 ±0.1 mm (0.63 ±0.004")	4.0 ±0.1 mm (0.157 ±0.004")	2.0 ±0.1 mm (0.079 ±0.004")	30 mm (1.18")	0.6 mm (0.024")	24.3 mm (0.957")

EMBOSSED CARRIER DIMENSIONS	(See Notes 13 and 14)
	(0000  moles 10 and 17)

13. Metric Dimensions Govern–English are in parentheses for reference only.
14. A<sub>0</sub>, B<sub>0</sub>, and K<sub>0</sub> are determined by component size. The clearance between the components and the cavity must be within 0.05 mm min to 0.50 mm max. The component cannot rotate more than 10° within the determined cavity.



Figure 7. Reel Dimensions

#### **REEL DIMENSIONS**

Tape Size	A Max	G	t Max
24 mm	360 mm	24.4 mm + 2.0 mm, -0.0	30.4 mm
	(14.173")	(0.961" + 0.078", -0.00)	(1.197")







Figure 9. Tape Ends for Finished Goods







Figure 11. Package Footprint

#### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

TSSOP DT SUFFIX CASE 1201-01 **ISSUE A** 

- н

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- G

- NOTES:
   DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
   CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
   DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
   DIMENSION K DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR
   PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08 (0.003) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE K DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
   TERMINAL NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR
- MATERIAL CONDITION.
  TERMINAL NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
  DIMENSIONS A AND B ARE TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE -W-.

	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	12.40	12.60	0.488	0.496
В	6.00	6.20	0.236	0.244
C		1.10		0.043
D	0.05	0.15	0.002	0.006
F	0.50	0.75	0.020	0.030
G	0.50 BSC		0.0197 BSC	
Н	0.37		0.015	
J	0.09	0.20	0.004	0.008
J1	0.09	0.16	0.004	0.006
K	0.17	0.27	0.007	0.011
K1	0.17	0.23	0.007	0.009
L	7.95	8.25	0.313	0.325
Μ	0 °	8 °	0 °	8 °

# <u>Notes</u>

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