MULTI-RATE OC-12/STM-4 SFP TRANSCEIVERS WITH DIGITAL DIAGNOSTICS

TRPE12-E2 SM MULTI-RATE

Product Description

The TRPE12-E2 SM SFP series of multi-rate fiber optic transceivers with integrated digital diagnostics monitoring functionality provide a quick and reliable interface for OC-12 short reach (SR), intermediate reach (IR) and long reach (LR) applications. The diagnostic functions, alarm and warning features as described in the Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) document, SFF-8472 (Rev. 9.4), are provided via an I²C serial interface.

Available products under this series are compliant with SONET/SDH standards for OC-12/STM-4 applications and are capable of operating down to 155Mb/s data rate. The SR-1 and IR-1 versions are compliant with OC-12/STM-4 and OC-3/STM-1 interface standards. All modules satisfy Class I Laser Safety requirements in accordance with the U.S. and international standards as described in the FDA/CDRH and IEC-60825 documents, respectively.

The TRPE12-E2 SM multi-rate transceivers connect to standard 20-pad SFP connectors for hot plug capability. This allows the system designer to make configuration changes or maintenance by simply plugging in different types of transceivers without shutting down the power supply of the host system.

The transceivers have colored bail-type latch, which offer an easy and convenient way to release the modules. The latch is compliant with the SFP MSA.

The transmitter design incorporates a highly reliable 1310nm or 1550nm InGaAsP laser and an integrated driver circuit. The receiver features a transimpedance amplifier IC optimized for high sensitivity and wide dynamic range. The transmitter and receiver DATA interfaces are AC-coupled internally. LVTTL Transmitter Disable control input and Loss of Signal output interfaces are also provided.

The transceivers operate from a single +3.3V power supply over two operating case temperature ranges of -5° C to $+70^{\circ}$ C (COM) or -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C (IND). The housing is made of metal for EMI immunity.



Features

- ☑ Compliant with SONET/SDH OC-12/STM-4 (622Mb/s)
- ☑ Compatible with SONET/SDH OC-3/STM-1 (155Mb/s)
- ☑ Compatible with SFP MSA
- ☑ SONET/SDH Reaches (SR-1, IR-1, LR-1 & LR-2)
- ☑ Digital Diagnostics through Serial Interface
- ☑ Internal Calibration for Digital Diagnostics
- ☑ Eye Safe (Class I Laser Safety)
- ☑ Duplex LC Optical Interface
- ☑ -40°C to +85°C Operating Temperature Option
- ☑ Excellent EMI & ESD Protection
- ☑ Hot-pluggable
- ☑ TX Fault & Loss of Signal Outputs
- ☑ TX Disable Input
- ☑ Single +3.3V Power Supply

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Units
Storage Temperature		T_{st}	- 40	+ 85	°C
Operating Case Temperature 1	"COM"	T_{op}	- 5	+ 70	°C
	"IND"		- 40	+ 85	
Supply Voltage		V_{cc}	0	+ 5.0	V
Input Voltage		$V_{_{in}}$	0	+ 5.0	V
¹ Measured on top side of SFP mod	ule at the front center vent	hole of the cage.			





TRPE12-E2 SINGLE MODE MULTI-RATE

Transmitter Performance Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature, $V_{CC} = 3.13$ to 3.47V)

Parameter Operating Data Rate		Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	
		В	125	-	622	Mb/s	
Average Optical Output Power	SR-1 & IR-1		- 15.0	- 11.0	- 8.0	dBm	
(coupled into single mode fiber), 50% duty cycle	LR-1 & LR-2	P_{O}	- 3.0	- 1.0	+ 2.0		
Transmitter OFF Output Power		$P_{\rm OFF}$	-	-	- 45.0	dBm	
Futin stine Datio	SR-1 & IR-1		8.2	-	-	dB	
Extinction Ratio	LR-1 & LR-2	P_{hi}/P_{lo}	10	-	-		
	SR-1		1261	1310	1360	nm	
	IR-1		1274	1310	1356		
Center Wavelength ¹		λ_c	1293	1310	1334		
	LR-1		1280	1310	1335		
	LR-2		1480	1550	1580		
C . INAT IN (DAAC)	SR-1	4.1	-	-	4.0	nm	
Spectral Width (RMS) ¹	IR-1	$\Delta \lambda_{\rm RMS}$	-	-	2.5 or 4.0		
Spectral Width (-20dB)	LR-1 & LR-2	$\Delta\lambda_{20}$	-	-	1.0	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	LR-1 & LR-2	SMSR	30	-	-	dB	
Optical Output Eye Compliant with Telcordia GR-253-CORE and ITU-T Recommendation G.957							
¹ For IR version, the center wavelength is	either 1274nm ≤ λc ≤ 1 or 1293nm ≤ λc ≤	356nm for Δλ _{RM} 1334nm for Δλ _{RN}	s ≤ 2.5nm _{ss} ≤ 4.0nm				

Receiver Performance Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature, V_{CC} = 3.13 to 3.47V)

Parameter		Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	
Operating Data Rate	Operating Data Rate		125	-	622	Mb/s	
Receiver Sensitivity (10 ⁻¹⁰	BER) ¹	P_{min}	- 28.0	- 31.0	-	dBm	
Maximum Input Optical F	Power (10 ⁻¹⁰ BER) ¹	P_{max}	- 7.0	- 3.0	-	dBm	
LOS Thresholds ¹	Increasing Light Input	P_{los+}	-	-	- 28.0	dBm	
	Decreasing Light Input	P_{los}	- 45.0	-	-		
LOC Timing Dolay	Increasing Light Input	t_loss_off	-	-	100	μs	
LOS Timing Delay	Decreasing Light Input	t_loss_on	2.3	-	100		
LOS Hysteresis		-	0.5	2.0	-	dB	
Wavelength of Operation		λ	1100	-	1600	nm	
Receiver Reflectance (LR-2)		-	-	-	- 27.0	dB	

 1 Specified in average optical input power and measured at 155Mb/s & 622Mb/s and 1310nm wavelength (1550nm for LR-2) with 2^{23} -1 PRBS, and at 125Mb/s with 2^{7} -1 PRBS.

Laser Safety: All transceivers are Class I Laser products per FDA/CDRH and IEC-60825 standards. They must be operated under specified operating conditions.





Oplink Communications, Inc.

DATE OF MANUFACTURE:

This product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 Meets Class I Laser Safety Requirements

Transmitter Electrical Interface (Over Operating Case Temperature, V_{CC} = 3.13 to 3.47V)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Input Voltage Swing (TD+ & TD-)1	$V_{_{PP ext{-}DIF}}$	0.25	-	2.4	V
Input HIGH Voltage (TX Disable) ²	$V_{_{I\!H}}$	2.0	-	V_{cc}	V
Input LOW Voltage (TX Disable) ²	$V_{_{ m IL}}$	0	-	0.8	٧
Output HIGH Voltage (TX Fault) ³	$V_{_{\mathrm{OH}}}$	2.0	-	V _{CC} + 0.3	V
Output LOW Voltage (TX Fault) ³	$V_{\scriptscriptstyle OL}$	0	-	0.8	V

¹Differential peak-to-peak voltage.

Receiver Electrical Interface (Over Operating Case Temperature, $V_{\rm CC}$ = 3.13 to 3.47V)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units		
Output Voltage Swing (RD+ & RD-) ¹	$V_{_{PP ext{-}DIF}}$	0.6	-	2.0	V		
Output HIGH Voltage (LOS) ²	V_{OH}	2.0	-	V _{CC} + 0.3	V		
Output LOW Voltage (LOS) ²	$V_{\scriptscriptstyle OL}$	0	-	0.5	V		
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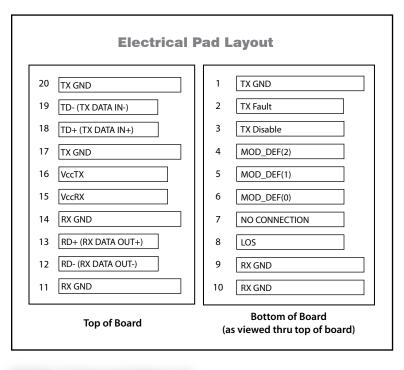
 $^{^{1}\}text{Differential}$ peak-to-peak voltage across external 100Ω load.

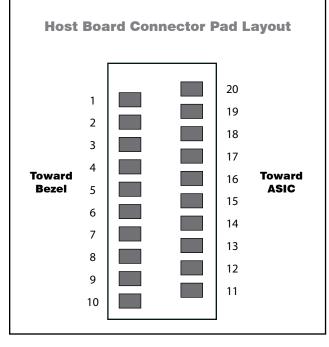
Electrical Power Supply Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature, $V_{\rm CC}$ = 3.13 to 3.47V)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Supply Voltage	V_{cc}	3.13	3.3	3.47	٧
Supply Current	I_{cc}	-	190	220	mA

Module Definition

MOD_DEF(0)	MOD_DEF(1)	MOD_DEF(2)	Interpretation by Host
pin 6	pin 5	pin 4	
TTL LOW	SCL	SDA	Serial module definition protocol

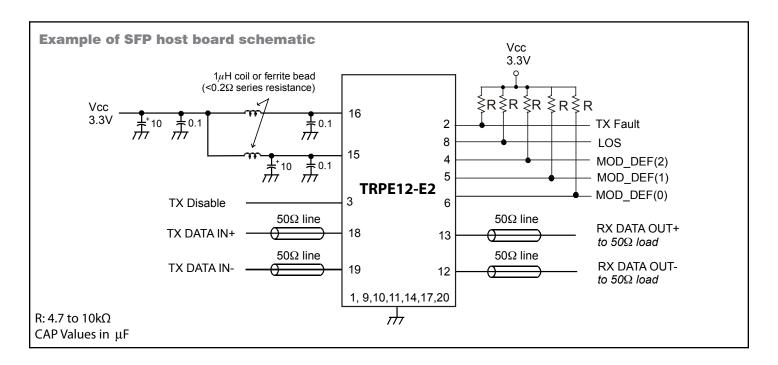




²There is an internal 4.7 to $10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor to *VccT*.

 $^{^3}$ Open collector compatible, 4.7 to $10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor to *Vcc* (Host Supply Voltage).

²Open collector compatible, 4.7 to $10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor to *Vcc* (Host Supply Voltage).



Application Notes

Electrical Interface: All signal interfaces are compliant with the SFP MSA specification. The high speed DATA interface is differential AC-coupled internally with 1µF and can be directly connected to a 3.3V SERDES IC. All low speed control and sense output signals are open collector TTL compatible and should be pulled up with a 4.7 - $10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board.

Loss of Signal (LOS): The Loss of Signal circuit monitors the level of the incoming optical signal and generates a logic HIGH when an insufficient photocurrent is produced.

TX Fault: The output indicates LOW when the transmitter is operating normally, and HIGH with a laser fault including laser end-of-life. TX Fault is an open collector/drain output and should be pulled up with a $4.7 - 10 \text{k}\Omega$ resistor on the host board. TX Fault is non-latching (automatically deasserts when fault goes away).

TX Disable: When the TX Disable pin is at logic HIGH, the transmitter optical output is disabled (less than -45dBm).

Serial Identification and Monitoring: The module definition of SFP is indicated by the three module definition pins, MOD_DEF(0), MOD_DEF(1) and MOD_DEF(2). Upon power up, MOD_DEF(1:2) appear as NC (no connection), and MOD_DEF(0)

is TTL LOW. When the host system detects this condition, it activates the serial protocol (standard two-wire I²C serial interface) and generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into the EEPROM segments of the SFP that are not write protected and the negative edge clocks data from the SFP.

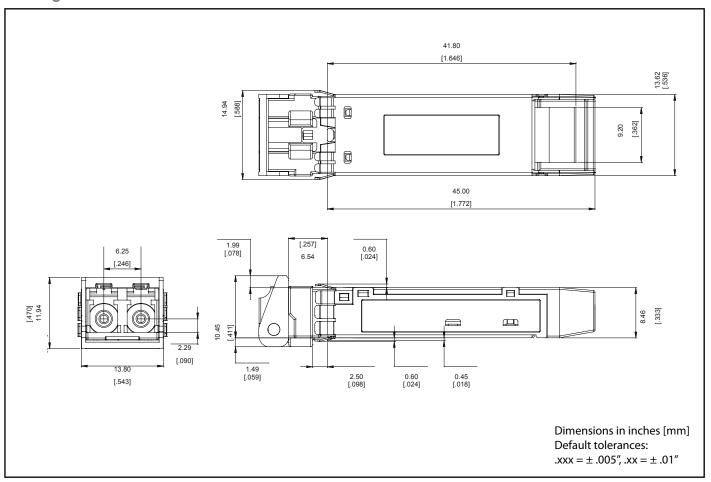
The serial data signal (SDA) is for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The supported monitoring functions are temperature, voltage, bias current, transmitter power, average receiver signal, all alarms and warnings, and software monitoring of TX Fault/LOS. The device is internally calibrated.

The data transfer protocol and the details of the mandatory and vendor specific data structures are defined in the SFP MSA and SFF-8472, Rev. 9.4.

Power Supply and Grounding: The power supply line should be well-filtered. All $0.1\mu F$ power supply bypass capacitors should be as close to the transceiver module as possible.



Package Outline



Ordering Information

Part Number	Operating Tem- perature	Latch Color	Nominal Wavelength	SONET/SDH Standards	Distance ¹	
TRPE12AS1C000E2	- 5°C to +70°C	Gray	1310nm	SR-1/I-4	12/2km	
TRPE12AI1C000E2	- 5°C to +70°C	Yellow	1310nm	IR-1/S-4.1	21/15km	
TRPE12GL1C000E2	- 5°C to +70°C	Red	1310nm	LR-1/L-4.1	42/40km	
TRPE12GL2C000E2	- 5°C to +70°C	White	1550nm	LR-2/L-4.2	85/80km	
TRPE12AS1I000E2	- 40°C to +85°C	Gray	1310nm	SR-1/I-4	12/2km	
TRPE12AI1I000E2	- 40°C to +85°C	Yellow	1310nm	IR-1/S-4.1	21/15km	
TRPE12GL1I000E2	- 40°C to +85°C	Red	1310nm	LR-1/L-4.1	42/40km	
TRPE12GL2I000E2	- 40°C to +85°C	White	1550nm	LR-2/L-4.2	85/80km	
These are target distances to be used for classification and not for specification, per Telcordia GR-253-CORE/ITU-T Recommendation G.957.						

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