



**CHENMKO ENTERPRISE CO., LTD**

*Lead free devices*

**SURFACE MOUNT  
NPN Switching Transistor**

**VOLTAGE 40 Volts CURRENT 0.6 Ampere**

**CHT2222N1PT**

**APPLICATION**

- \* Telephony and professional communication equipment.
- \* Other switching applications.

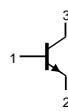
**FEATURE**

- \* Small surface mounting type. (FBPT-923)
- \* High current (Max.=600mA).
- \* Suitable for high packing density.
- \* Low voltage (Max.=40V) .
- \* High saturation current capability.
- \* Voltage controlled small signal switch.

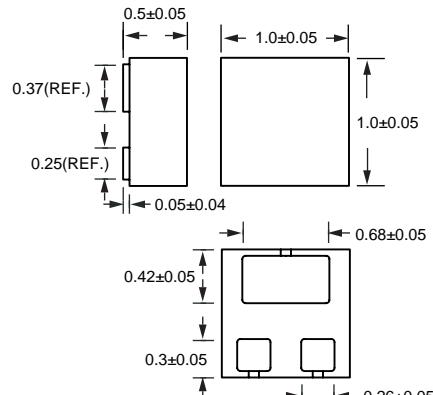
**CONSTRUCTION**

- \* NPN Switching Transistor

**CIRCUIT**



**FBPT-923**



Dimensions in millimeters

**FBPT-923**

**LIMITING VALUES**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_{CBO}$	collector-base voltage	open emitter	—	75	V
$V_{CEO}$	collector-emitter voltage	open base	—	40	V
$V_{EBO}$	emitter-base voltage	open collector	—	6	V
$I_C$	collector current (DC)		—	600	mA
$I_{CM}$	peak collector current		—	800	mA
$I_{BM}$	peak base current		—	200	mA
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ ; note 1	—	100	mW
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
$T_j$	junction temperature		—	150	°C
$T_{amb}$	operating ambient temperature		-65	+150	°C

**Note**

1. Transistor mounted on an FR4 printed-circuit board.

2006-07

## RATING CHARACTERISTIC CURVES ( CHT2222N1PT )

### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$R_{th\ j-a}$	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	note 1	357	K/W

**Note**

- Transistor mounted on an FR4 printed-circuit board.

### CHARACTERISTICS

$T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
$I_{CBO}$	collector cut-off current	$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 60\text{ V}$	—	10	nA
		$I_C = 0; V_{CB} = 60\text{ V}; T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	—	10	uA
$I_{EBO}$	emitter cut-off current	$I_C = 0; V_{EB} = 5\text{ V}$	—	10	nA
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	$I_C = 0.1\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10\text{V}; \text{note 1}$	35	—	
		$I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$	50	—	
		$I_C = 10\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$	75	—	
		$I_C = 10\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10\text{V}; T_{amb} = -55^\circ\text{C}$	35	—	
		$I_C = 150\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$	100	300	
		$I_C = 150\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 1.0\text{V}$	50	—	
		$I_C = 500\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$	40	—	
$V_{CEsat}$	collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\text{ mA}; I_B = 15\text{ mA}$	—	300	mV
		$I_C = 500\text{ mA}; I_B = 50\text{ mA}$	—	1	V
$V_{BEsat}$	base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\text{ mA}; I_B = 15\text{ mA}$	0.6	1.2	V
		$I_C = 500\text{ mA}; I_B = 50\text{ mA}$	—	2.0	V
$C_c$	collector capacitance	$I_E = i_e = 0; V_{CB} = 5\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$	—	8	pF
$C_e$	emitter capacitance	$I_C = i_c = 0; V_{BE} = 500\text{ mV}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$	—	25	pF
$f_T$	transition frequency	$I_C = 20\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}; f = 100\text{ MHz}$	300	—	MHz
$F$	noise figure	$I_C = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}; V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}; R_S = 1\text{ k}\Omega; f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$	—	4	dB

### Switching times (between 10% and 90% levels);

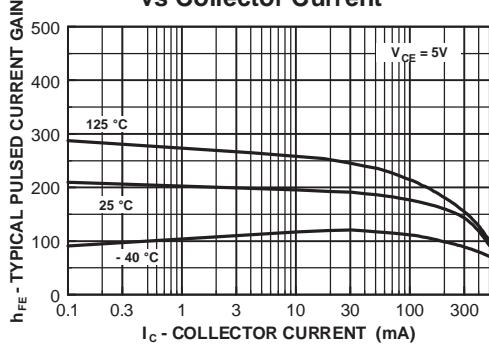
$t_{on}$	turn-on time	$I_{Con} = 150\text{ mA}; I_{Bon} = 15\text{ mA}; I_{Boff} = -15\text{ mA}$	—	35	ns
$t_d$	delay time		—	15	ns
$t_r$	rise time		—	20	ns
$t_{off}$	turn-off time		—	250	ns
$t_s$	storage time		—	200	ns
$t_f$	fall time		—	60	ns

**Note**

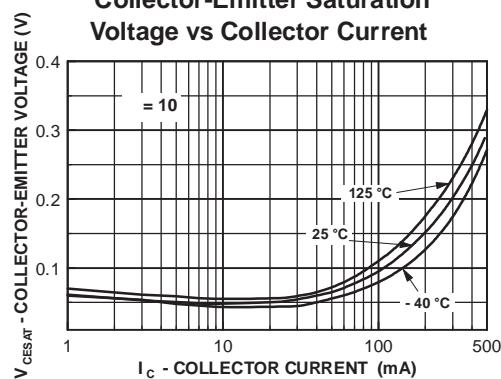
- Pulse test:  $t_p \leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}; \delta \leq 0.02$ .

## RATING CHARACTERISTIC CURVES ( CHT2222N1PT )

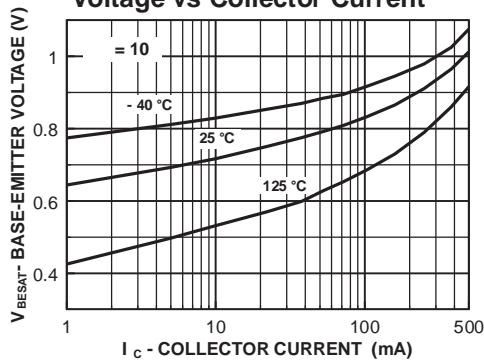
Typical Pulsed Current Gain vs Collector Current



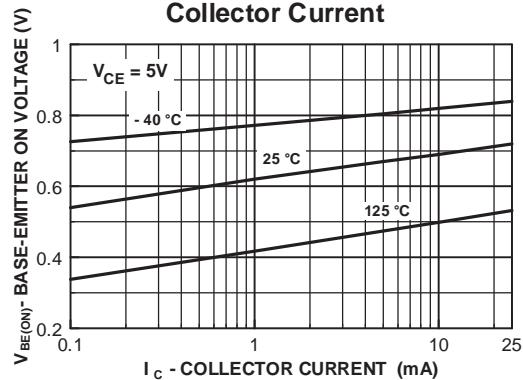
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs Collector Current



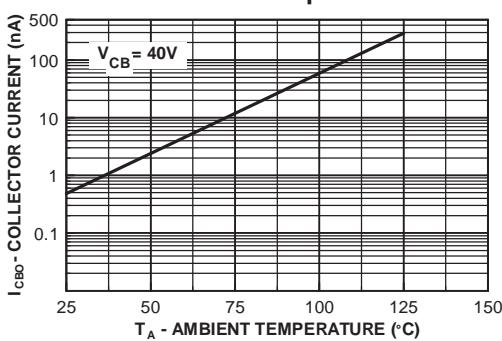
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs Collector Current



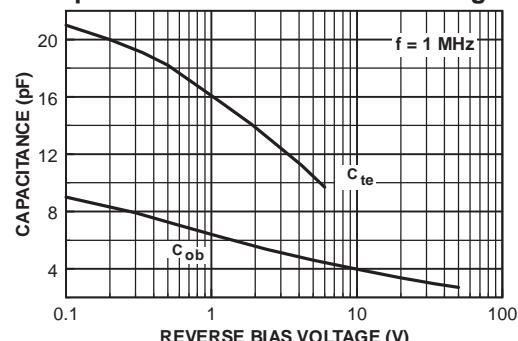
Base-Emitter ON Voltage vs Collector Current



Collector-Cutoff Current vs Ambient Temperature

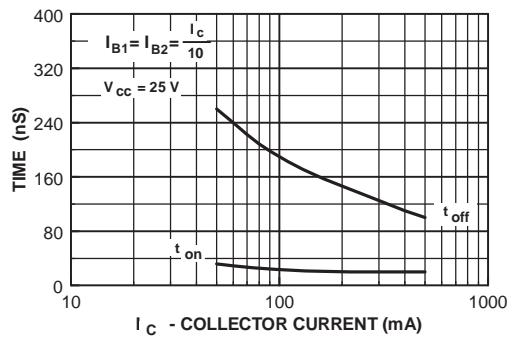


Emitter Transition and Output Capacitance vs Reverse Bias Voltage

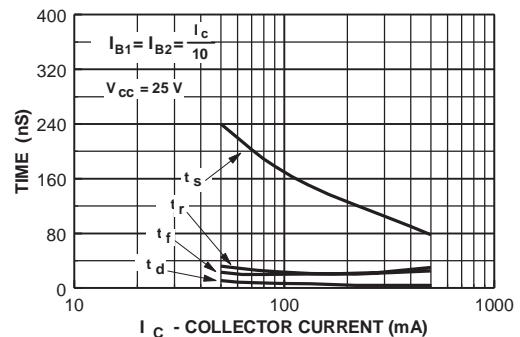


## RATING CHARACTERISTIC CURVES ( CHT2222N1PT )

Turn On and Turn Off Times  
vs Collector Current



Switching Times  
vs Collector Current



Power Dissipation vs  
Ambient Temperature

