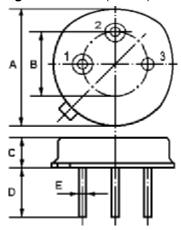


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The ACTQ824.25/824.25/TO39 is a two-port, 180° surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in a low-profile metal TO-39 case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization i.e. in transmitters or local oscillators operating at 824.250 MHz.

# 1.Package Dimension (TO-39)

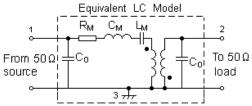


#### 2.

Pin	Configuration		
1	Input / Output		
2	Output / Input		
3	Case Ground		

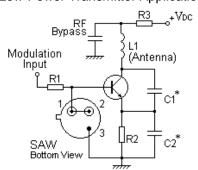
Dimension	Data (unit: mm)				
А	9.30±0.20				
В	5.08±0.10				
С	3.40±0.20				
D	3±0.20⁄5±0.20				
E	0.45±0.20				

## 3. Equivalent LC Model and Test Circuit

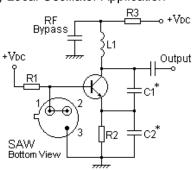


## **4.Typical Application Circuits**

## 1) Low-Power Transmitter Application



## 2) Local Oscillator Application



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In keeping with our ongoing policy of product evolvement and improvement, the above specification is subject to change without notice.

ISO9001: 2000 Registered - Registration number 6830/2

For quotations or further information please contact us at:

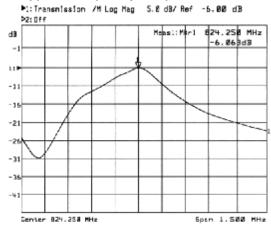
3 The Business Centre, Molly Millars Lane, Wokingham, Berks, RG41 2EY, UK



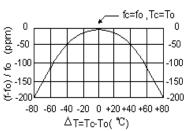
Tel: +44 118 979 1238 +44 118 979 1283 Fax:

Email: info@actcrystals.com

## 5. Typical Frequency Response



## **6.Temperature Characteristics**



The curve shown above accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature characteristics.

## 7.Performance

# 7-1.Maximum Ratings

Rating	Value	Units	
CW RF Power Dissipation	10	dBm	
DC Voltage Between Any Two Pins	±30V	VDC	
Case Temperature	-40 to +85	°C	

## 7-2. Electronic Characteristics

	Characteristic	Sym	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Centre Frequency (+25 °C)	Absolute Frequency	f <sub>C</sub>	824.100		824.400	MHz
	Tolerance from 824.250 MHz	$\Delta f_{C}$		±150		kHz
Insertion Loss		IL		6.0	8.0	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	Q <sub>U</sub>		6,020		
	50 Ω Loaded Q	Q <sub>L</sub>		3,000		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	To	25		55	°C
	Turnover Frequency	fo		fc		kHz
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC		0.032		ppm/°C <sup>2</sup>
Frequency Aging Absolute Value during the First Year		f <sub>A</sub>		≤10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance Between Any Two Pins			1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R <sub>M</sub>		99.5	151	Ω
	Motional Inductance	L <sub>M</sub>		115.6234		μН
	Motional Capacitance	См		0.3228		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	Со	2.10	2.40	2.70	pF

#### 1 CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling!

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- 1. The frequency  $f_C$  is the frequency of minimum IL with the resonator in the specified test fixture in a 50  $\Omega$  test system with VSWR  $\leq$  1.2:1. Typically,  $f_{OSCILLATOR}$  or  $f_{TRANSMITTER}$  is less than the resonator  $f_C$ .
- 2. Unless noted otherwise, case temperature  $T_C = +25$ °C±2°C.
- Frequency aging is the change in f<sub>C</sub> with time and is specified at +65°C or less. Aging may exceed the
  specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after
  manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.
- 4. Turnover temperature,  $T_0$ , is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency,  $f_0$ . The nominal frequency at any case temperature,  $T_C$ , may be calculated from:  $f = f_0 [1 FTC (T_0 T_C)^2]$ . Typically, oscillator  $T_0$  is 20° less than the specified resonator  $T_0$ .
- 5. This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance C<sub>0</sub> is the measured static (non-motional) capacitance between either Pin 1 and ground or Pin 2 and ground. The measurement includes case parasitic capacitance.
- 6. Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f <sub>C</sub>, IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f<sub>C</sub> versus T<sub>C</sub>, and C<sub>0</sub>.
- 7. The specifications of this device are based on the test circuit shown above and subject to change or obsolescence without notice.
- 8. Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
- 9. Our liability is only assumed for the Surface Acoustic Wave (SAW) component(s) per se, not for applications, processes and circuits implemented within components or assemblies.

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Date: SEPT 04