

10A05 THRU 10A10

CURRENT 10.0 Amperes VOLTAGE 50 to 1000 Volts

Features

- The plastic package carries Underwrites Laboratory Flammability Classification 94V-0
- · High forward current capability
- · High surge current capability
- · Construction utilizes void-free molded plastic technique
- · High temperature soldering guaranteed : 250° C/10 seconds, 0.375"(9.5mm) lead length, 5 lbs, (2.3kg) tension



· Case : P-6 molded plastic body

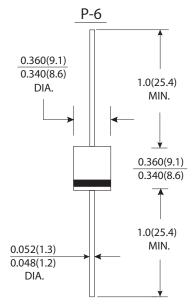
· Terminals : Lead solderable per MIL-STD-750,

method 2026

· Polarity: Color band denotes cathode end

· Mounting Position : Any

· Weight: 0.07 ounce, 2.1 grams



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

Maximum Ratings And Electrical Characteristics

(Ratings at 25 $^{\circ}$ C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified, Single phase, half wave 60Hz, resistive or inductive load. For capacitive load, derate by 20%)

		Symbols	10A05	10A1	10A2	10A4	10A6	10A8	10A10	Units
Maximum recurrent peak reverse voltage		Vrrm	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts
Maximum RMS voltage		VRMS	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	Volts
Maximum DC blocking voltage		VDC	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts
Maximum average forward rectified current 0.375"(9.5mm) lead length TA=50 ℃		I(AV)	10.0							Amps
Peak forward surge current 8.3ms half sine wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC method)		lfsm	600.0							Amps
Maximum instantaneous forward voltage at 10.0A		VF	1.0							Volts
Maximum reverse current at rated voltage	TA=25 ℃	- IR	10.0							μА
	Ta=100 ℃	IK	100.0							
Typical thermal resistance (Note 2)		R⊖JA	20.0							°C/W
		R⊖JL	4.0							
Typical junction capacitance (Note 1)		Cı	150							pF
Operating and storage temperature range		TJ Tstg	-65 to +150							°C

Notes:

- (1) Measured at 1MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0V DC.
- (2) Thermal resistance from junction to ambient and from junction to lead at 0.375" (9.5mm) lead length, P.C.B. mounted with 1.1×1.1 " (30 \times 30mm) copper pads.



RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES 10A05 THRU 10A10

FIG.1-FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

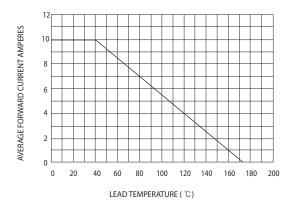


FIG.3-MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

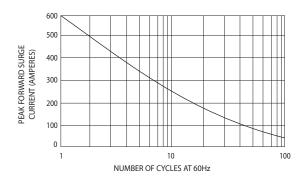


FIG.5-TYPICAL THERMAL RESISTANCE VS LEAD LENGTH

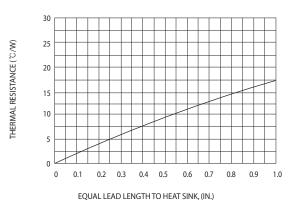
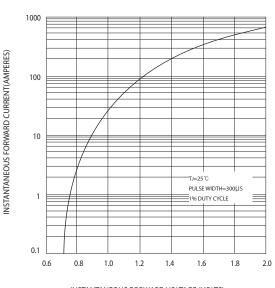
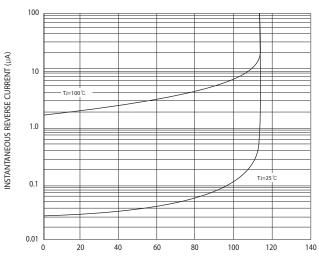


FIG.2-TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS



INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD VOLTAGE (VOLTS)

FIG.4-TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS



PERCENT OF RATED PEAK REVERSE VOLTAGE (%)