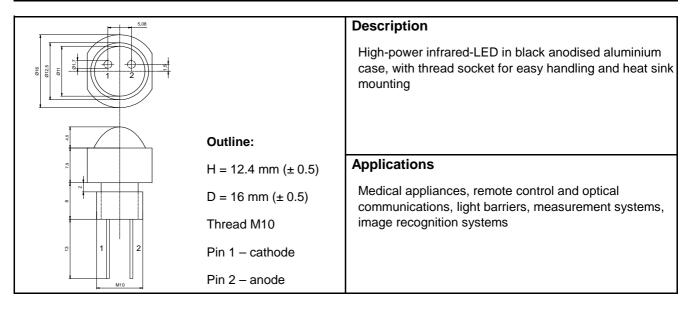
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Radiation	Туре	Technology	Case
Infrared	4 W	AlGaAs/AlGaAs	Plastic lens, metal case



Absolute Maximum Ratings

at $T_{amb} = 25$ °C, on heat sink (S \geq 200 cm²), unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Test conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
DC forward current	on heat sink		1.2	А
Peak forward current	t _p ≤10 μs, D = 0,05	I _{FM}	2.0	А
Power dissipation	on heat sink	Р	2.8	W
Operating temperature range	on heat sink	T _{amb}	-25 to +100	°C
Storage temperature range	on heat sink	T _{stg}	-25 to +100	°C
Junction temperature	on heat sink	T _j	100	C

Electrical Characteristics

T_{amb} = 25℃, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Test conditions	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	I _F = 350 mA	V_{F}		1.6	1.9	V
Forward voltage*	I _F = 1000 mA	V _F		2.0	2.4	V
Switching time	I _F = 350 mA	t _r , t _f		20		ns
Reverse voltage	I _R = 10 μA	V _R	5			
Thermal resistance junction-case		R _{thJC}		10		K/W

^{*}only recommended on optimal heat sink

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Optical Characteristics

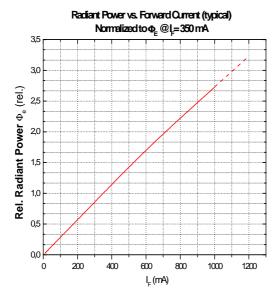
at $T_{amb} = 25$ °C, on heat sink (S \geq 200 cm²), unless otherwise specified

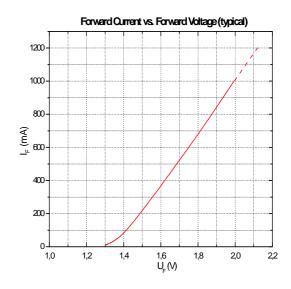
Parameter	Test conditions	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Radiant power	$I_F = 350 \text{ mA}$	Φ_{e}	80	110		mW
Radiant power*	I _F = 1000 mA	Φ_{e}		300		mW
Radiant intensity	I _F = 350 mA	I_{e}	200	300		mW/sr
Radiant intensity*	I _F = 1000 mA	I_{e}		850		mW/sr
Peak wavelength	I _F = 350 mA	λ_{p}	820	830	840	nm
Spectral bandwidth at 50%	I _F = 350 mA	$\Delta\lambda_{0.5}$		35		nm
Full viewing angle	I _F = 350 mA	φ		35		deg

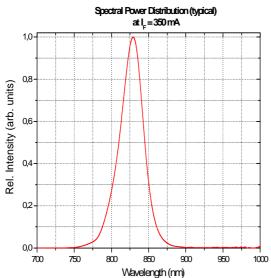
^{*}only recommended on optimal heat sink

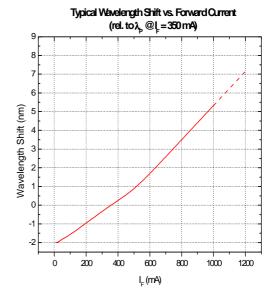
Note: All measurements carried out with *EPIGAP* equipment, on blank aluminium heat sink, S = 180 cm², passive cooling. Measurement results and curve characteristics obtained with other heat sinks may differ.

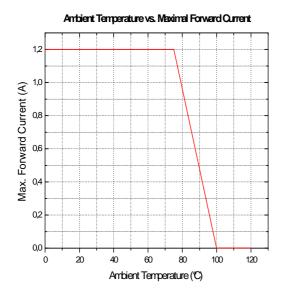
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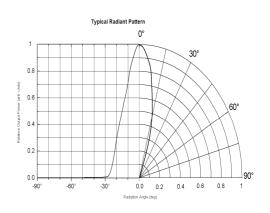












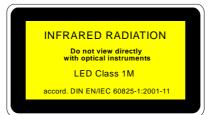
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Remarks concerning optical radiation safety*

This LED may be classified as LED product Class 1 according to standard IEC 60825-1:A2 at low forward current (<160 mA) and continuous operation. *Class 1* products are safe to eyes and skin under reasonable predictable conditions. This implicates a direct observation of the light beam by means of optical instruments.

This product should be classified as LED product Class 1M according to standard IEC 60825-1:A2 if driven with higher continuous forward current (up to 1 A). Class 1M products are safe to eyes and skin under normal conditions, even when users look into the light beam directly. Class 1M products produce either a highly divergent beam or a large diameter beam, so only a small part of the whole radiation beam can enter the eye. However, such optical products can be harmful to the retina using magnifying optical instruments. Therefore, users should not incorporate optics that could focus the output into the eyes.

*Note: Safety classification of an optical component mainly depends on the intended application and the way the component is being used. Furthermore, all statements made to classification are based on calculations and are only valid for this LED "as it is", and at continuous operation. Using pulsed current or altering the light beam with additional optics may lead to different safety classifications. Therefore these remarks should be taken as recommendation and guideline only.

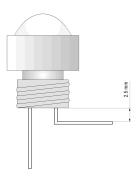


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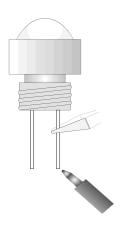
Handling precautions

To prevent damage to the LED during soldering and assembly, following precautions have to be taken into account.

a) The bending point of the lead frame should be located at least 2.5 mm away from the body.



c) To ensure an adequate strain relief, the lead frames have to be firmly fixed during soldering.

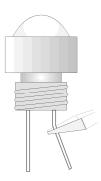


e) LEDs are static sensitive devices, so adequate handling precautions have to be taken, e.g. wearing grounding wrist straps.



ESD

b) While bending, the base of the lead frame has to be fixed with radio pliers or similar.



d) To avoid any damage of the LED during soldering the lead frames should not be distorted especially when they have been heated

