

ASM219940L

rev 1.2

Low Voltage 1:18 Clock Distribution Chip

Features

- LVPECL or LVCMOS Clock Input
- 2.5V LVCMOS Outputs for Pentium II Microprocessor Support*
- 150pS Maximum Output-to-Output Skew
- Maximum Output Frequency of 250MHz
- 32 Lead LQFP & TQFP Packaging
- Dual or Single Supply Device
- Dual V_{CC} Supply Voltage, 3.3V Core and 2.5V Output
- Single 3.3V V_{CC} Supply Voltage for 3.3V Outputs
- Single 2.5V V_{CC} Supply Voltage for 2.5V I/O
- Pin and Function compatible to MPC940L, MPC9109, CY29940 and CY29940-1

Functional Description

The ASM2I9940L is a 1:18 low Voltage Clock distribution chip with 2.5V or 3.3V LVCMOS output capabilities. The device features the capability to select either a differential LVPECL or LVCMOS compatible input. The 18 outputs are 2.5V or 3.3V LVCMOS compatible and feature the drive strength to drive 50Ω series or parallel terminated transmission lines. With output-to-output skews of 150pS, the ASM2I9940L is ideal as a clock distribution chip for the most demanding of Synchronous systems. The 2.5V outputs also make the device ideal for supplying clocks for a high performance microprocessor based design. With low output impedance ($\approx 20\Omega$), in both the HIGH and LOW logic states, the output buffers of the ASM2I9940L are ideal for driving series terminated transmission lines. With 20Ω output impedance the ASM2I9940L has the capability of driving two series terminated lines from each output. This gives the device an effective fanout of 1:36.

The differential LVPECL inputs of the ASM2I9940L allow the device to interface directly with a LVPECL fanout buffer to build very wide clock fanout trees or to couple to a high frequency clock source. The LVCMOS input provides a more standard interface for applications requiring only a single clock distribution chip at relatively low frequencies. In addition, the two clock sources can be used to provide for a test clock interface as well as the primary system clock. A logic HIGH on the LVCMOS_CLK_Sel pin will select the LVCMOS level clock input. All inputs of the ASM2I9940L have internal pullup/pulldown resistor, so they can be left open if unused.

The ASM2I9940L is a single or dual supply device. The device power supply offers a high degree of flexibility. The device can operate with a 3.3V core and 3.3V output, a 3.3V core and 2.5V outputs as well as a 2.5V core and 2.5V outputs. The 32-lead LQFP and TQFP Packages were chosen to optimize performance, board space and cost of the device. The 32-lead LQFP and TQFP Packages have a $7x7mm^2$ body size with conservative 0.8mm pin spacing.

* Pentium II is a trademark of Intel Corporation

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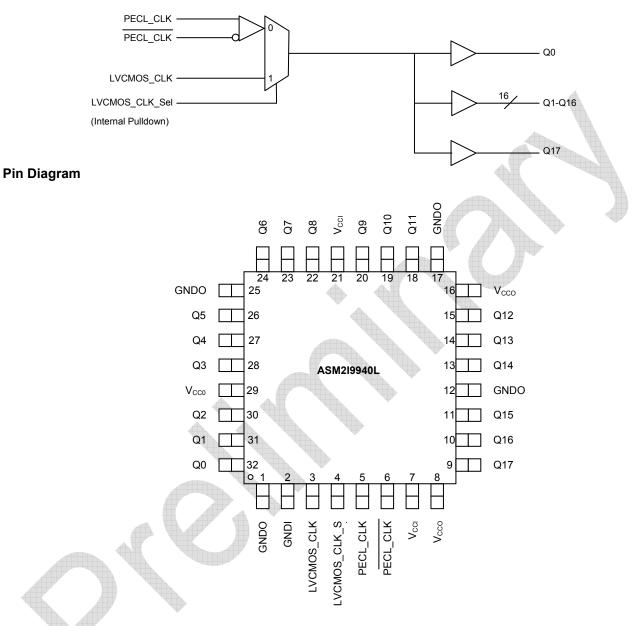


Table 1. Function Table

LVCMOS_CLK_Sel	Input
0	PECL_CLK
1	LVCMOS_CLK

Table 2. Power Supply Voltages

Supply Pin	Voltage Level
V _{CCI}	2.5V or 3.3V ± 5%
V _{CCO}	2.5V or 3.3V ± 5%



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Table 3. Pin Configuration

Pin #	Pin Name	I/O	Туре	Function
5	PECL_CLK	Input	LVPECL	LVPECL Clock Inputs
6	PECL_CLK	1	_	
3	LVCMOS_CLK	Input	LVCMOS	LVCMOS Clock Input
4	LVCMOS_CLK_Sel	Input	LVCMOS	Selects either LVPECL or LVCMOS input as Clock Source
32,31,30,28,27,26,24,23,22, 20,19,18,15,14,13,11,10,9	Q0–Q17	Output	LVCMOS	Clock Outputs
2	GNDI		Supply	Core Negative Power Supply
1,12,17,25	GNDO		Supply	Output Negative Power Supply
7,21	V _{CCI}		Supply	Core Positive Power Supply
8, 16,29	Vcco		Supply	Output Positive Power Supply

Table 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings¹

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Мах	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage	-0.3	3.6	V
VI	Input Voltage	-0.3	V _{CC} + 0.3	V
l _{iN}	Input Current		±20	mA
T _{Stor}	Storage Temperature Range	-40	125	°C
Τs	Max. Soldering Temperature (10 sec)		260	°C
T _{DV}	Static Discharge Voltage (As per JEDEC STD22- A114-B)		2	КV

Note:1. These are stress ratings only and are not implied for functional use. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for prolonged periods of time may affect device reliability.



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Table 5. DC Characteristics (T_A =-40° to +85°C, V_{CCI} = $3.3V \pm 5\%$, V_{CCO} = $3.3V \pm 5\%$)

Symbol	Characteris	tic	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition
VIH	Input HIGH Voltage	CMOS_CLK	2.0		V _{CCI}	V	
VIL	Input LOW Voltage	CMOS_CLK			0.8	V	
V _{PP}	Peak–to–Peak Input Voltage	PECL_CLK	500		1000	mV	
V _{CMR}	Common Mode Range	PECL_CLK	V _{CC-} 1.4		V _{CC-} 0.6	V	
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage		2.4			V	I _{ОН} = –20mA
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage				0.5	v	I _{ОН} = 20mA
I _{IN}	Input Current				±200	μA	
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			4.0		pF	\diamond
C _{pd}	Power Dissipation Capaci	tance		10		pF	per output
Z _{OUT}	Output Impedance		18	23	28	Ω	
Icc	Maximum Quiescent Supp	bly Current		0.5	1.0	mA	

Table 6. AC Characteristics (T_A = -40° to +85°C, V_{CCI} = $3.3V \pm 5\%$, V_{CCO} = $3.3V \pm 5\%$)

Symbol	Charae	cteristic	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition
F _{max}	Maximum Input Frequence	XX	$\mathbf{\Psi}$		250	MHz	
t _{PLH}	Propagation Delay	PECL_CLK ≤ 150MHz CMOS_CLK ≤ 150MHz	2.0 1.7	2.7 2.5	3.4 3.0	nS	Note ¹ .
t _{PLH}	Propagation Delay	PECL_CLK > 150MHz CMOS_CLK > 150MHz	2.0 1.8	2.9 2.5	3.7 3.2	nS	
t _{sk(o)}	Output-to-output Skew	PECL_CLK CMOS_CLK			150 150	pS	Note ¹ .
t _{sk(pp)}	Part-to-Part Skew	PECL_CLK < 150MHz CMOS_CLK < 150MHz			1.5 1.3	nS	Notes ^{1,2}
t _{sk(pp)}	Part-to-Part Skew	PECL_CLK > 150MHz CMOS_CLK > 150MHz			1.8 1.5	nS	Notes ^{1,2}
t _{sk(pp)}	Part-to-Part Skew	PECL_CLK CMOS_CLK			850 750	pS	Notes ^{1,3}
DC	Output Duty Cycle	f _{CLK} < 134 MHz f _{CLK} <u><</u> 250 MHz	45 40	50 50	55 60	% %	Input DC = 50% Input DC = 50%
t _r , t _f	Output Rise/Fall Time		0.3		1.1	nS	0.5 – 2.4 V

Note: 1. Tested using standard input levels, Production tested @ 150MHz.
2. Across temperature and voltage ranges, includes output skew.
3. For a specific temperature and voltage, includes output skew.



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Table 7. DC Characteristics ($T_A = -40^{\circ}$ to +85°C, $V_{CCI} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{CCO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$)

Symbol	Characteris	tic	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	CMOS_CLK	2.0		V _{CCI}	V	
VIL	Input LOW Voltage	CMOS_CLK			0.8	V	
V_{PP}	Peak–to–Peak Input Voltage	PECL_CLK	500		1000	mV	
V_{CMR}	Common Mode Range	PECL_CLK	V _{CC-} 1.4		V _{CC-} 0.6	V	
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	·	1.8			v	I _{OH} = -20mA
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage				0.5	V	I _{ОН} = 20mA
I _{IN}	Input Current				±200	μA	
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			4.0		pF	
C_{pd}	Power Dissipation Capaci	tance		10		pF	per output
Z _{OUT}	Output Impedance			23		Ω	
Icc	Maximum Quiescent Supp	bly Current		0.5	1.0	mA	
			A				

Table 8. AC Characteristics (T_A =-40° to +85°C, V_{CCI} = $3.3V \pm 5\%$, V_{CCO} = $2.5V \pm 5\%$)

Symbol	Charae	cteristic	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition
F _{max}	Maximum Input Frequence	су –	\bigcirc		250	MHz	
t _{PLH}	Propagation Delay	PECL_CLK ≤ 150MHz CMOS_CLK ≤ 150MHz	2.0 1.7	2.8 2.5	3.5 3.0	nS	Note ¹ .
t _{PLH}	Propagation Delay	PECL_CLK > 150MHz CMOS_CLK > 150MHz	2.0 1.8	2.9 2.5	3.8 3.3	nS	
t _{sk(o)}	Output-to-output Skew	PECL_CLK CMOS_CLK			150 150	pS	Note ¹
t _{sk(pp)}	Part-to-Part Skew	PECL_CLK < 150MHz CMOS_CLK < 150MHz			1.5 1.3	nS	Notes ^{1,2}
t _{sk(pp)}	Part-to-Part Skew	PECL_CLK > 150MHz CMOS_CLK > 150MHz			1.8 1.5	nS	Notes ^{1,2}
t _{sk(pp)}	Part-to-Part Skew	PECL_CLK CMOS_CLK			850 750	pS	Notes ^{1,3}
DC	Output Duty Cycle	f _{CLK} < 134 MHz f _{CLK} <u><</u> 250 MHz	45 40	50 50	55 60	% %	Input DC = 50% Input DC = 50%
tr, t _f	Output Rise/Fall Time		0.3		1.2	nS	0.5 - 1.8 V

Note: 1.Tested using standard input levels, Production tested @ 150MHz.

Across temperature and voltage ranges, includes output skew.
 For a specific temperature and voltage, includes output skew.



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Table 9. DC Characteristics (T_A = -40° to +85°C, V_{CCI} = 2.5V \pm 5%, V_{CCO} = 2.5V \pm 5%)

Symbol	Characteris	tic	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	CMOS_CLK	2.0		V _{CCI}	V	
VIL	Input LOW Voltage	CMOS_CLK			0.8	V	
V_{PP}	Peak–to–Peak Input Voltage	PECL_CLK	500		1000	mV	_
V_{CMR}	Common Mode Range	PECL_CLK	V_{CC} -1.0		V _{CC-} 0.6	V	
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage		1.8			V	I _{ОН} = -20mA
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage				0.5	V	I _{ОН} = 20mA
I _{IN}	Input Current				±200	μA	
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			4.0		pF	
C _{pd}	Power Dissipation Capaci	tance		10		pF	per output
Z _{OUT}	Output Impedance		18	23	28	Ω	
Icc	Maximum Quiescent Supp	oly Current		0.5	1.0	mA	

Table 10. AC Characteristics ($T_A = -40^{\circ}$ to +85°C, $V_{CCI} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $V_{CCO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$)

Symbol	Characte	ristic	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition
F _{max}	Maximum Input Frequency		6	÷.	200	MHz	
t _{PLH}	Propagation Delay	PECL_CLK < 150MHz CMOS_CLK < 150MHz	2.6 2.3	4.0 3.1	5.2 4.0	nS	Note ¹ .
t _{PLH}	Propagation Delay	PECL_CLK > 150MHz CMOS_CLK > 150MHz	2.8 2.3	3.8 3.1	5.0 4.0	nS	
t _{sk(o)}	Output-to-output Skew Within one bank	PECL_CLK CMOS_CLK			200 200	pS	Note ¹ .
t _{sk(pp)}	Part-to-Part Skew	PECL_CLK < 150MHz CMOS_CLK < 150MHz			2.6 1.7	nS	Notes ^{1,2}
t _{sk(pp)}	Part-to-Part Skew	PECL_CLK > 150MHz CMOS_CLK > 150MHz			2.2 1.7	nS	Notes ^{1,2}
t _{sk(pp)}	Part-to-Part Skew	PECL_CLK CMOS_CLK			1.2 1.0	nS	Notes ^{1,3}
DC	Output Duty Cycle	f _{CLK} < 134 MHz f _{CLK} <u><</u> 250 MHz	45 40	50 50	55 60	% %	Input DC = 50% Input DC = 50%
t _r , t _f	Output Rise/Fall Time		0.3		1.2	nS	0.5 - 1.8 V

Note: 1. Tested using standard input levels, Production tested @ 150MHz.
 2. Across temperature and voltage ranges, includes output skew.
 3. For a specific temperature and voltage, includes output skew.



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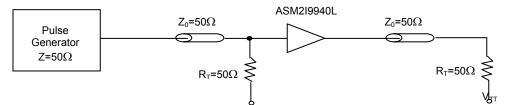


Figure 1. LVCMOS_CLK ASM2I9940L $\stackrel{V_{T}}{AC}$ Test Reference for V_{cc} = 3.3V and V_{cc} = 2.5V

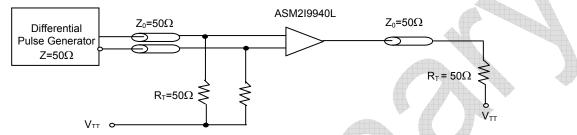
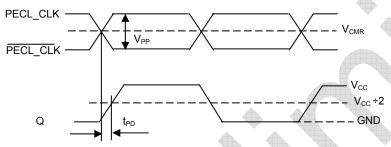


Figure 2. PECL_CLK ASM2I9940L AC Test Reference for V_{cc} = 3.3V and V_{cc} = 2.5V



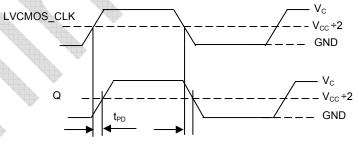
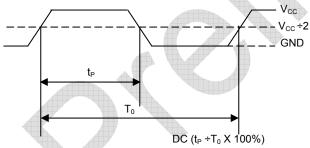


Figure 3. Propagation Delay (t_{PD}) Test Reference



The time from the PLL controlled edge to the non-controlled edge, divided by the time between PLL controlled edges, expressed as a percentage.

Figure 5. Output Duty Cycle (DC)

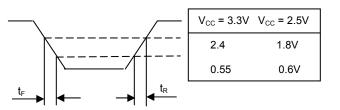
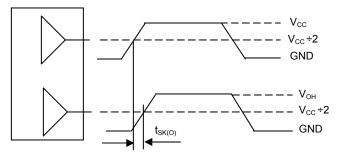


Figure 7. Output Transition Time Test Reference

Figure 4. LVCMOS Propagation Delay (t_{PD}) Test Reference



The pin-to-pin skew is defined as the worst case difference in propagation delay between any similar delay path within a single device

Figure 6. Output–to–Output Skew t_{SK(O)}

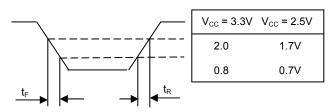


Figure 8. Input Transition Time Test Reference

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Power Consumption of the ASM2I9940L and Thermal Management

The ASM2I9940L AC specification is guaranteed for the entire operating frequency range up to 250MHz. The ASM2I9940L power consumption and the associated long-term reliability may decrease the maximum frequency limit, depending on operating conditions such as clock frequency, supply voltage, output loading, ambient temperature, vertical convection and thermal conductivity of package and board. This section describes the impact of these parameters on the junction temperature and gives a guideline to estimate the ASM2I9940L die junction temperature and the associated device reliability.

Table 11. Die junction temperature and MTBF

Junction temperature (°C)	MTBF (Years)
100	20.4
110	9.1
120	4.2
130	2.0

Increased power consumption will increase the die junction temperature and impact the device reliability (MTBF). According to the system-defined tolerable MTBF, the die junction temperature of the ASM2I9940L needs to be controlled and the thermal impedance of the board/package should be optimized. The power dissipated in the ASM2I9940L is represented in equation 1.

 $P_{TOT} = \left[I_{CCQ} + V_{CC} \cdot f_{CLOCK} \cdot \left(N \cdot C_{PD} + \sum_{M} C_{L} \right) \right]$

 $T_{I} = T_{A} + P_{TOT} \cdot R_{thia}$

Where I_{CCQ} is the static current consumption of the ASM2I9940L, C_{PD} is the power dissipation capacitance per output, (M) ΣC_L represents the external capacitive output load, N is the number of active outputs (N is always 12 in case of the ASM2I9940L). The ASM2I9940L supports driving transmission lines to maintain high signal integrity and tight timing parameters. Any transmission line will hide the lumped capacitive load at the end of the board trace, therefore, ΣC_L is zero for controlled transmission line systems and can be eliminated from equation 1. Using parallel termination output termination results in equation 2 for power dissipation.

In equation 2, P stands for the number of outputs with a parallel or thevenin termination, V_{OL} , I_{OL} , V_{OH} and I_{OH} are a function of the output termination technique and DC_Q is the clock signal duty cycle. If transmission lines are used ΣC_L is zero in equation 2 and can be eliminated. In general, the use of controlled transmission line techniques eliminates the impact of the lumped capacitive loads at the end lines and greatly reduces the power dissipation of the device. Equation 3 describes the die junction temperature T_J as a function of the power consumption.

Where R_{thja} is the thermal impedance of the package (junction to ambient) and T_A is the ambient temperature. According to Table 11, the junction temperature can be used to estimate the long-term device reliability. Further, combining equation 1 and equation 2 results in a maximum operating frequency for the ASM2I9940L in a series terminated transmission line system, equation 4.

Equation 1

$$P_{TOT} = V_{CC} \cdot \left[I_{CCQ} + V_{CC} \cdot f_{CLOCK} \cdot \left(N \cdot C_{PD} + \sum_{M} C_{L} \right) \right] + \sum_{P} \left[DC_{Q} \cdot I_{OH} \left(V_{CC} - V_{OH} \right) + \left(1 - DC_{Q} \right) \cdot I_{OL} \cdot V_{OL} \right]$$
Equation 2

Equation 3

Equation 4

$$f_{CLOCKMAX} = \frac{1}{C_{PD} \cdot N \cdot V_{CC}^2} \cdot \left[\frac{T_{JMAX} - T_A}{R_{lhja}} - \left(I_{CCQ} \cdot V_{CC} \right) \right]$$



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 T_{J} ,MAX should be selected according to the MTBF system requirements and Table 11. R_{thja} can be derived from Table 12. The R_{thja} represent data based on 1S2P boards, using 2S2P boards will result in a lower thermal impedance than indicated below.

Table 12.	Thermal package impedance of the
	32LQFP

Convection, LFPM	R _{thia} (1P2S board), °C/W	R _{thia} (2P2S board), °C/W
Still air	86	61
100 lfpm	76	56
200 lfpm	71	54
300 lfpm	68	53
400 lfpm	66	52
500 lfpm	60	49

If the calculated maximum frequency is below 250MHz, it becomes the upper clock speed limit for the given application conditions. The following eight derating charts describe the safe frequency operation range for the ASM2I9940L. The charts were calculated for a maximum tolerable die junction temperature of 110°C (120°C), corresponding to an estimated MTBF of 9.1 years

(4 years), a supply voltage of 3.3V and series terminated transmission line or capacitive loading. Depending on a given set of these operating conditions and the available device convection a decision on the maximum operating frequency can be made.

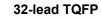


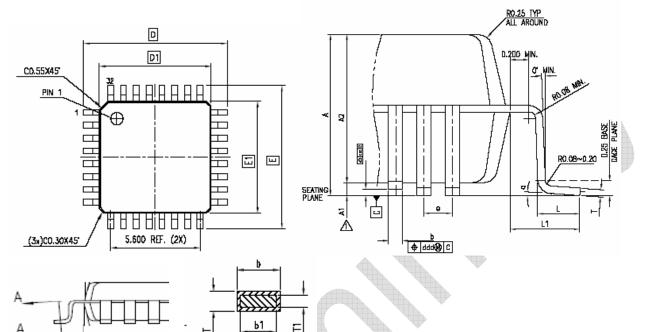
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Package Information





SECTION A-A

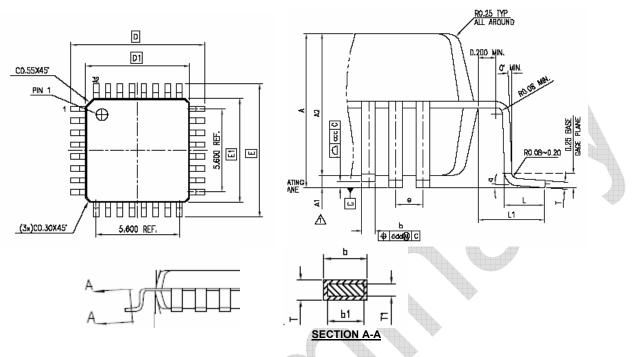
	Dimensions				
Symbol	Inches		Millimeters		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
A		0.0472		1.2	
A1	0.0020	0.0059	0.05	0.15	
A2	0.0374	0.0413	0.95	1.05	
D	0.3465	0.3622	8.8	9.2	
D1	0.2717	0.2795	6.9	7.1	
E	0.3465	0.3622	8.8	9.2	
🛡 E1	0.2717	0.2795	6.9	7.1	
L	0.0177	0.0295	0.45	0.75	
L1	0.03937 REF		1.00 REF		
Т	0.0035	0.0079	0.09	0.2	
T1	0.0038	0.0062	0.097	0.157	
b	0.0118	0.0177	0.30	0.45	
b1	0.0118	0.0157	0.30	0.40	
R0	0.0031	0.0079	0.08	0.2	
а	0°	7°	0°	7°	
е	0.031 BASE 0.8 BASE				



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32-lead LQFP



	Dimensions				
Symbol	Inches		Millimeters		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
A		0.0630		1.6	
A1	0.0020	0.0059	0.05	0.15	
A2	0.0531	0.0571	1.35	1.45	
D	0.3465	0.3622	8.8	9.2	
D1	0.2717	0.2795	6.9	7.1	
E	0.3465	0.3622	8.8	9.2	
E1	0.2717	0.2795	6.9	7.1	
L	0.0177	0.0295	0.45	0.75	
L1	0.03937 REF		1.00 REF		
Т	0.0035	0.0079	0.09	0.2	
T1	0.0038	0.0062	0.097	0.157	
b	0.0118	0.0177	0.30	0.45	
b1	0.0118	0.0157	0.30	0.40	
R0	0.0031	0.0079	0.08	0.20	
е	0.031 BASE		0.8 BASE		
а	0°	7°	0°	7°	





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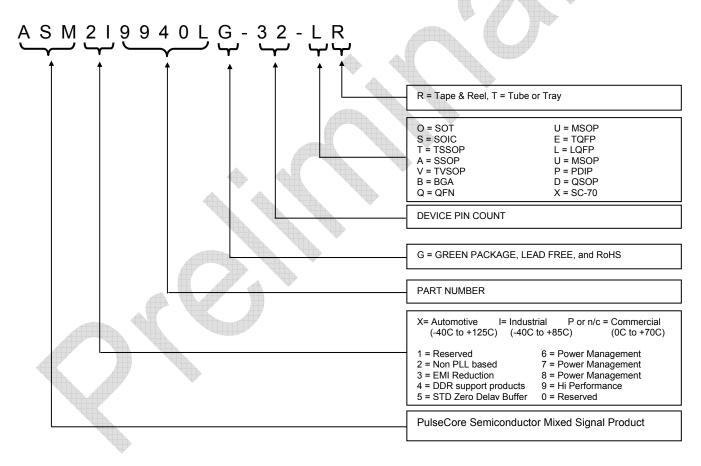
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Ordering Information

Part Number Marking Pac		Package Type	Operating Range
ASM2P9940LG-32-LT	ASM2P9940LGL	32-pin LQFP, Tray, Green	Commercial
ASM2P9940LG-32-LR	ASM2P9940LGL	32-pin LQFP, Tape and Reel, Green	Commercial
ASM2P9940LG-32-ET	ASM2P9940LGE	32-pin TQFP, Tray, Green	Commercial
ASM2P9940LG-32-ER	ASM2P9940LGE	32-pin TQFP ,Tape and Reel, Green	Commercial
ASM2I9940LG-32-LT	ASM2I9940LGL	32-pin LQFP, Tray, Green	Industrial
ASM2I9940LG-32-LR	ASM2I9940LGL	32-pin LQFP, Tape and Reel, Green	Industrial
ASM2I9940LG-32-ET	ASM2I9940LGE	32-pin TQFP, Tray, Green	Industrial
ASM2I9940LG-32-ER	ASM2I9940LGE	32-pin TQFP ,Tape and Reel, Green	Industrial

Device Ordering Information



Licensed under US patent #5,488,627, #6,646,463 and #5,631,920.

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Note: This product utilizes US Patent # 6,646,463 Impedance Emulator Patent issued to PulseCore Semiconductor, dated 11-11-2003

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