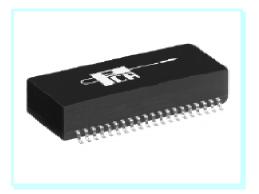


# 10/100 Base-X Module for ICS 1890 & SSI 78Q2120 Multi-Port Applications

# EPF8047SM



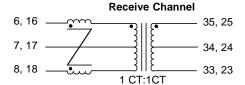
- Significantly improved common mode attenuation
- Guaranteed to operate with 8 mA DC bias at 70°C
- Complies with or exceeds IEEE 802.3, 10 BT/100 BX Standards •

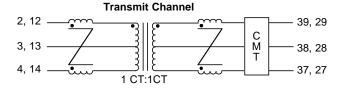
#### Electrical Parameters @ 25° C

•	<b>OCL</b>	Insertion Loss					Return Loss					Common Mode Rejection					Crosstalk (dB Min.)				
	@ 70°C	(dB Max.)					(dB Min.)					(dB Min.)					[Between Channels]				
	0 KHz, 0.1 Vrms	s 0.1-80		80-100		150		1-30		30-60		100		30-100		100-300		500		0.1-60	60-100
	8 mA DC Bias	MHz		MHz		MHz		MHz		MHz		MHz		MHz		MHz		MHz		MHz	MHz
	Media Side	Xmit	Rcv	Xmit	Rcv	Xmit	Rcv	Xmit	Rcv	Xmit	Rcv	Xmit	Rcv	Xmit	Rcv	Xmit	Rcv	Xmit	Rcv		
	350μΗ	-1	-1	-1.5	-1.5	-3	-3	-18	-18	-18	-18	-10	-10	-50	-45	-30	-20	-25	-20	-35	-35

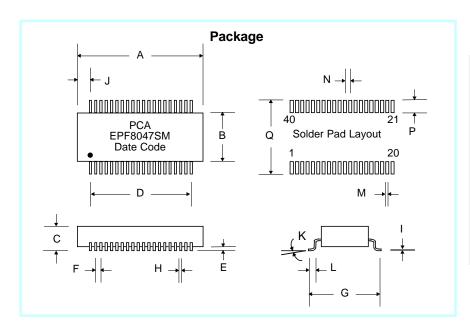
• Isolation : 1500 Vrms • Impedance : 100  $\,\Omega$  • Rise Time : 3.0 nS Max. •

### **Schematic**





Chip Media Chip Media Side Side Side Side



### **Dimensions**

	(	(Inches)		(Millimeters)						
Dim.	Min.	Max.	Nom.	Min.	Max.	Nom.				
Α	1.110	1.130		28.19	28.70					
В	.470	.490		11.94	12.45					
С	.235	.255		5.97	6.48					
D	.950	Тур.		24.13	Тур.					
E	.003	.020		.076	.508					
F	.050	Тур.		1.27	Тур.					
G	.580	.600		14.73	15.24					
Н	.016	.022		.406	.559					
	.008	.012		.203	.305					
J	.085	Тур.		2.16	Тур.					
K	0°	8°		0°	8°					
L	.025	.045		.635	1.14					
M			.030			.762				
N			.050			1.27				
Р			.090			2.29				
Q			.670			17.02				



# 10/100 Base-X Module for ICS 1890 & SSI 78Q2120 Multi-Port Applications

### **EPF8047SM**

The circuit below is a guideline for interconnecting PCA's EPF8047SM with ICS 1890 chip for 10/100 Mb/s applications. Further details can be obtained from the chip manufacturer application notes. Connection to the alternative chip SSI 78Q2120 is straight forward; please consult the SSI data sheet recommendations for completing this project.

Typical insertion loss of the isolation transformer is 0.5dB. This parameter covers the entire spectrum of the encoded signals in 10/100 protocols. Under terminated conditions, to transmit a 2V pk-pk signal across the cable, you must adjust the chips supporting resistor to get at least 2.12V pk-pk across the transmit pins.

Primary side center taps can be returned to the chip side ground plane; but more often than not, if the ground plane is itself noisy, field experience has shown that it may worsen EMI situation. It is perhaps wiser to carefully lay the system borad so that substantial gain in EMI suppression is obtained from the so called "common mode termination" on the cable side as shown below. In any event, this configuration has been known to be quite successful in the field in EMI containment for similar applications.

The phantom resistors shown around the connector have been known to suppress unwanted radiation that unused wires pick up from the immediate environment. Their placement and use are to be considered carefully before a design is finalized.

It is recommended that there be a neat separation of ground planes in the layout. It is generally accepted practice to limit the plane off at least 0.05 inches away from the chip side pins of EPF8047SM. There need not be any ground plane beyond this plane.

For best results, PCB designer should design the outgoing traces preferably to be 50  $\Omega$ , balanced and well coupled to achieve minimum radiation from these traces.

#### 5Vcc 3 35 Rcv 2002 2 200Ω 33 39 3 TX+ 2 37 6 **RJ45\*** TX-4 34 **ICS** 75Ω 50Ω 1890 6 RX+ 38 5 RX-8 $50\Omega$ 550 $55\Omega$ EPF8047SM High Voltage **Capacitor** /77 **CM** Capacitor Chassis Ground

## Typical Application Circuit for UTP (only one port shown)

Notes: Only one port shown for Hub side connection.