

2.5A high-side driver industrial intelligent power switch

Features

- 2.5A output current
- 9.5V to 35V supply voltage range
- Internal current limiting
- Thermal shutdown
- Open ground protection
- Internal negative voltage clamping to V_S 50V for fast demagnetization
- Differential inputs with large common mode range and threshold hysteresis
- Undervoltage lockout with hysteresis
- Open load detection
- Two diagnostic outputs
- Output status led driver
- Non dissipative short circuit protection
- Protection against and surge transient (IEC 61000-4-5)
- Immunity against burst transient (IEC 61000-4-4)
- ESD protection (human body model ±2kV)



PowerSO-20

Description

The L6370 is a monolithic Intelligent Power Switch in Multipower BCD Technology, for driving inductive or resistive loads. An internal Clamping Diode enables the fast demagnetization of inductive loads. Diagnostic for CPU feedback and extensive use of electrical protections make this device extremely rugged and specially suitable for industrial automation applications.

Table 1. Device summary

Part number	Op. Temp. range, °C	Package	Packaging
L6370D	-25 to +85	PowerSO-20	Tube
L6370D013TR	-25 to +85	PowerSO-20	Tape & Reel

Contents L6370

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1 Block diagram and pin description

Figure 1. Block diagram

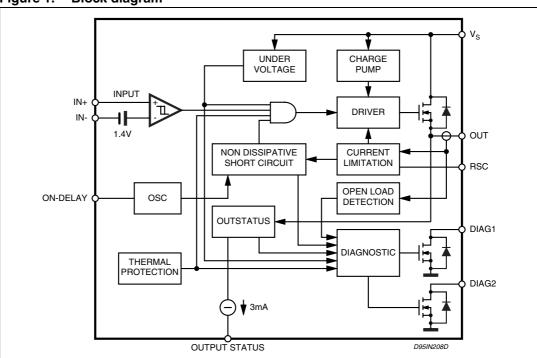
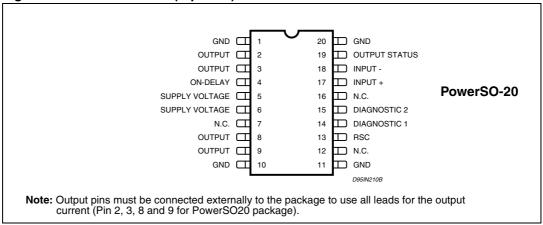


Figure 2. Pin connection (top view)



1.1 Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

Pin N°	Pin name	Function	
14	DIAG1	DIAGNOSTIC 1 output. This open drain reports the IC working conditions. (See Diagnostic truth <i>Table 7</i>)	
15	DIAG2	DIAGNOSTIC 2 output. This open drain reports the IC working conditions. (See Diagnostic truth <i>Table 7</i>)	
18	IN-	Comparator non inverting input	
17	IN+	Comparator inverting input	
19	OUTSTATUS	This current source output is capable of driving a LED to signal the status of the output pin. The pin is active (source current) when the output pin is considered high (See <i>Figure 3</i>)	
1, 10, 11, 20	GND	Ground	
4	ON-DELAY	Programmable ON time interval duration during short circuit operation	
13	RSC	Current limitation setting.	
8, 9	OUTPUT	High Side output with built-in current limitation	
5, 6	V _S	Supply Volatge Input, the value of the supply voltage is monitored to detect under voltage condition	

2 Electrical specifications

2.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Table 3. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _S	Supply Voltage (T _W < 10ms)	50	V
V _S V _O	Supply to Output Differential Voltage. See also V _{Cl}	internally limited	V
V _{od}	Externally Forced Voltage	-0.3 to 7	V
I _{od}	Externally Forced Voltage	+1	mA
Vi	Input Voltage	-10 to V _S +10	V
Vi	Differential Input Voltage	43	V
l _i	Input Current	20	mA
I _O	Output Current . See also ISC	internally limited	Α
P _{TOT}	Power Dissipation. See also Thermal Characteristics.	internally limited	W
T _{OP}	Operating Temperature Range (T _{amb})	-25 to +85	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55 to 150	°C
E _I	Energy Induct. Load T _J = 85°C	1	J

2.2 Thermal data

Table 4. Thermal data

Symbol	Description	Value	Unit	
R _{thJC}	Thermal Resistance Junction to case	Max.	1.5	°C/W
R _{thJA}	Thermal Resistance Junction to ambient	Max.	-	C/VV

2.3 Electrical characteristics

Table 5. Electrical characteristics $(V_S = 24V; T_J = -25 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise specified})$

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{smin}	Supply Voltage for Valid Diagnostics	I _{diag} > 0.5mA ; V _{dg1} = 1.5V	4		35	V
V _s	Supply Voltage (operative)		9.5	24	35	V
Iq	Quiescent Current I _{out} = I _{os} = 0	V _{il} V _{ih}		0.8 3	1.4 4	mA
V _{sth1}	Undervoltage Threshold 1	(See <i>Figure 3</i>), T _{amb} = 0 to +85°C	8.5	9	9.5	V
V _{sth2}	Undervoltage Threshold 2		8	8.5	9	V
V _{sth3}	Supply Voltage Hysteresis		300	500	700	mV
I _{sc}	Short Circuit Current	$V_S = 9.5$ to 35V; $R_L = 2\Omega 5k\Omega < R_{SC} < 30k\Omega$	1	5/R _{SC} (kΩ	2)	Α
		0< R _{SC} < 5kΩ	2.6	3.2	4	Α
V	Output Voltage Prep	$\begin{split} I_{out} = 2.0 A & T_j = 25^{\circ} C \\ T_j = 25^{\circ} C & \end{split}$		200 320	280 440	mV
V _{don}	Output Voltage Drop	$\begin{split} I_{out} = 2.5 A & T_j = 25^{\circ} C \\ T_j = 25^{\circ} C & \end{split}$		250 400	350 550	mV
I _{oslk}	Output Leakage Current	$V_i = V_{il}$; $V_0 = 0V$			500	μΑ
V _{ol}	Low State Out Voltage	$V_i = V_{il}$; $R_L = \infty$		0.8	1.5	V
V _{cl}	Internal Voltage Clamp (V _S - V _O)	I _O = 1A Single Pulsed: T _p = 300μs	48	53	58	V
I _{old}	Open Load Detection Current	$V_i = Vi_h$; $T_{amb} = 0$ to +85°C	1	3	6	mA
V _{id}	Common Mode Input Voltage Range (Operative)	V _S = 18 to 35V	-7		15	V
I _{ib}	Input Bias Current	$V_i = -7 \text{ to } 15V; -ln = 0V$	-250		250	μΑ
V _{ith}	Input Threshold Voltage	V +ln > V -ln	0.8	1.4	2	V
V _{iths}	Input Threshold Hysteresis Voltage	V +ln > V -ln	50		400	mV
R _{id}	Diff. Input Resistance	0 < +ln < +16V ; -ln = 0V -7 < +ln < 0V ; -ln = 0V		400 150		ΚΩ
		V +ln = V -ln +li 0V < Vi < 5.5V -li	-20 -75	-25	+20	
l _{ilk}	Input Offset Current	-ln = GND +li 0V < V+ln <5.5V -li	-250	+10 -125	+50	μΑ
		+In = GND +Ii 0V < V-In <5.5V -Ii	-100 -50	-30 -15		

Table 5. Electrical characteristics (continued) $(V_S = 24V; T_J = -25 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise specified})$

Parameter	Test condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Output Status Threshold 1 Voltage		4.5	5	5.5	V
Output Status Threshold 2 Voltage	(See <i>Figure 3</i>)	4	4.5	5.0	V
Output Status Threshold Hysteresis		300	500	700	mV
Output Status Source Current	$V_{out} > V_{oth1}$; $V_{os} = 2.5V$	2		4	mA
Active Output Status Driver Drop Voltage	$V_s - V_{os}$; $I_{os} = 2mA$ $T_{amb} = 0$ to $+85^{\circ}C$		1.5	3	V
Output Status Driver Leakage Current	$V_{out} < V_{oth2}$; $V_{os} = 0V$ $V_{S} = 9.5 \text{ to } 35V$			25	μΑ
Diagnostic Drop Voltage	D1 / D2 = L ; Idiag= 0.5mA D1 / D2 = L ; Idiag= 3mA		40 250		mV
Diagnostic Leakage Current	D1 / D2 = H ; 0 < Vdg < V _s V _S = 9.5 to 35V			5	μΑ
ain NDMOS diode					
Forward On Voltage	@ I _{fsd} = 2.5A		1	1.5	٧
Forward Peak Current	t = 10ms; d = 20%			6	Α
Reverse Recovery Time	I _f = 2.5A di/dt = 25A/μs		200		ns
Forward Recovery Time			100		ns
haracteristics					
Junction Temp. Protect.		135	150		°C
Thermal Hysteresis			20		°C
	Output Status Threshold 1 Voltage Output Status Threshold 2 Voltage Output Status Threshold Hysteresis Output Status Source Current Active Output Status Driver Drop Voltage Output Status Driver Leakage Current Diagnostic Drop Voltage Diagnostic Leakage Current ain NDMOS diode Forward On Voltage Forward Peak Current Reverse Recovery Time Forward Recovery Time haracteristics Junction Temp. Protect.	Output Status Threshold 1 Voltage Output Status Threshold 2 Voltage Output Status Threshold 2 Voltage Output Status Threshold Hysteresis Output Status Source Current Active Output Status Driver Drop Voltage Output Status Driver Leakage Current Vout < Voth1; Vos = 2.5V Vs - Vos; Ios = 2mA Tamb = 0 to +85°C Output Status Driver Leakage Current Diagnostic Drop Voltage D1 / D2 = L; Idiag= 0.5mA D1 / D2 = L; Idiag= 3mA Diagnostic Leakage Current D1 / D2 = H; 0 < Vdg < Vs Vs = 9.5 to 35V D1 / D2 = H; 0 < Vdg < Vs Vs = 9.5 to 35V D1 / D2 = H; 0 < Vdg < Vs Vs = 9.5 to 35V D1 / D2 = H; 0 < Vdg < Vs Vs = 9.5 to 35V D1 / D2 = H; 0 < Vdg < Vs Vs = 9.5 to 35V D1 / D2 = H; 0 < Vdg < Vs Vs = 9.5 to 35V D1 / D2 = H; 0 < Vdg < Vs Vs = 9.5 to 35V D1 / D2 = H; 0 < Vdg < Vs Vs = 9.5 to 35V D1 / D2 = H; 0 < Vdg < Vs Vs = 9.5 to 35V D1 / D2 = H; 0 < Vdg < Vs Vs = 9.5 to 35V D1 / D2 = H; 0 < Vdg < Vs Vs = 9.5 to 35V D1 / D2 = H; 0 < Vdg < Vs Vs = 9.5 to 35V D1 / D2 = H; 0 < Vdg < Vs Vs = 9.5 to 35V D1 / D2 = H; 0 < Vdg < Vs Vs = 9.5 to 35V D1 / D2 = H; 0 < Vdg < Vs Vs = 9.5 to 35V D1 / D2 = H; 0 < Vdg < Vs Vs = 9.5 to 35V D1 / D2 = H; 0 < Vdg < Vs Vs = 9.5 to 35V D1 / D2 = H; 0 < Vdg < Vs Vs = 9.5 to 35V	Output Status Threshold 1 4.5 Output Status Threshold 2 (See Figure 3) 4 Output Status Threshold Hysteresis 300 Output Status Source Current Prop Voltage Vout > Voth1; Vos = 2.5V 2 Active Output Status Driver Drop Voltage Vs - Vos; Ios = 2mA Tamb = 0 to +85°C Vout < Voth2; Vos = 0V Vs = 9.5 to 35V	Output Status Threshold 1 VoltageOutput Status Threshold 2 Voltage(See Figure 3)44.5Output Status Threshold Hysteresis300500Output Status Source Current Prop Voltage $V_{out} > V_{oth1}$; $V_{os} = 2.5V$ 2Active Output Status Driver Drop Voltage $V_s \cdot V_{os}$; $I_{os} = 2mA$ $T_{amb} = 0$ to +85°C1.5Output Status Driver Leakage Current $V_{out} < V_{oth2}$; $V_{os} = 0V$ $V_s = 9.5$ to 35V40Diagnostic Drop VoltageD1 / D2 = L; Idiag= 0.5mA D1 / D2 = L; Idiag= 3mA40 250Diagnostic Leakage CurrentD1 / D2 = H; $0 < Vdg < V_s$ $V_s = 9.5$ to 35V40 250ain NDMOS diodeForward On Voltage@ $I_{fsd} = 2.5A$ 1Forward Peak Current $I_f = 2.5A$ di/dt = $25A/\mu s$ 200Reverse Recovery Time $I_f = 2.5A$ di/dt = $25A/\mu s$ 200haracteristicsJunction Temp. Protect.135150	Output Status Threshold 1 Voltage 4.5 5 5.5 Output Status Threshold 2 (See Figure 3) 4 4.5 5.0 Output Status Threshold Hysteresis 300 500 700 Output Status Source Current Prop Voltage V _{out} > V _{out} , I _{os} = 2.5V 2 4 Active Output Status Driver Drop Voltage V _s - V _{os} ; I _{os} = 2mA T _{amb} = 0 to +85°C 1.5 3 Output Status Driver Leakage Current Prop Voltage V _{out} < V _{oth2} ; V _{os} = 0V V _S = 9.5 to 35V 25 Diagnostic Drop Voltage D1 / D2 = L; Idiage 0.5mA D1 / D2 = L; Idiage 3mA 40 250 Diagnostic Leakage Current Properties Propert

Note: $V_{il} \le 0.8V$, $V_{ih} \ge 2V$ @ (V+In > V-In)

2.4 AC operation

Table 6. AC operation

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
t _r - t _f	Rise or Fall Time	$V_S = 24V; R_I = 70\Omega;$ R_I to ground		20		μS
t _d	Delay Time			5		μS
dV/dt	Slew Rate (Rise and Fall Edge)		0.7	1	1.5	V/μs
t _{ON}	On time during Short Circuit Condition	50pF < C _{DON} < 2nF		1.28		μs/pF
t _{OFF}	Of time during hort Circuit Condition			64		t _{ON}
f _{max}	Maximum Operating Frequency			25		KHz

L6370 Circuit description

3 Circuit description

Figure 3. Output status hysteresis

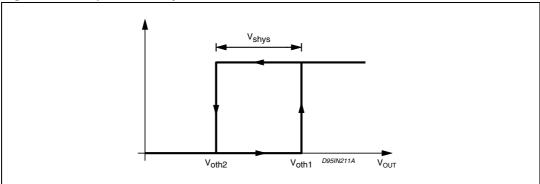


Figure 4. Undervoltage comparator hysteresis

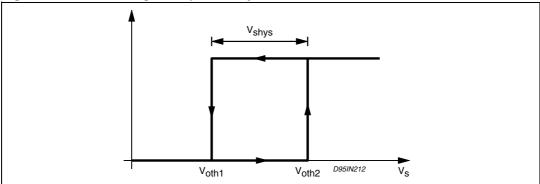
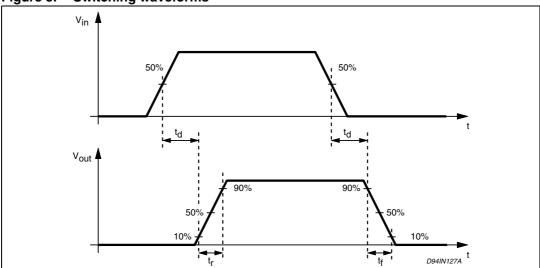


Figure 5. Switching waveforms



Circuit description L6370

3.1 Diagnostic truth table

Table 7. Diagnostic truth table

Diagnostic conditions	Input	Output	Diag1	Diag2
Normal Operation	L	L	Н	Н
Normal Operation	Н	Н	Н	Н
Open Load Condition (I _o < I _{old})	L	L	Н	Н
Open Load Condition (1 ₀ < 1 _{old})	Н	Н	L	Н
Chart to V	L	Н	L	Н
Short to V _S	Н	Н	L	Н
Short Circuit to Ground $(I_O = I_{SC})^{(1)}$	Н	Х	Н	Н
(pin ON-DELAY grounded)	L	L	Н	Н
Output DMOS Open	L	L	Н	Н
Output DMOS Open	Н	L	L	Н
Overtemperature	L	L	Н	L
Overtemperature	Н	L	Н	L
Supply Undervoltage (V)	L	L	L	L
Supply Undervoltage (V _S < V _{sth2})	Н	L	L	L

A cold lamp filament, or a capacitive load may activate the current limiting circuit of the IPS, when the IPS is initially turned on.

3.2 Input section

The input section is an high impedance differential stage with high common and differential mode range. There's built-in offset of +1.4V (typical value) and an hysteresis of 400mV (maximum value), to ensure high noise immunity.

3.3 Diagnostic logic

The operating conditions of the device are permanently monitored and the following occurences are signalled via the DIAG1/DIAG2 open-drain output pins:

- Short Circuit versus ground. A current limiting circuit fixes at I_{sc} = 3.2A (typical value) the maximum current that can be sourced from the OUTPUT pin (for more details see short circuit operation section).
- Short Circuit versus Vs.
- Under Voltage(UV)
- Over Temperature (OVT)
- Open Load, if the output current is less than 3mA (typical value).
- Output DMOS Open according to the diagnostic Truth Table 7

L6370 Circuit description

3.4 Short circuit operation

In order to minimise the power dissipation when the output is shorted to grounded, an innovative, non dissipative short cicuit protection (patent pending) is implemented, avoiding, thus the intervention of the thermal protection in most cases.

Whenever the output is shorted to ground, or, generally speaking, an over current is sinked by the load, the output devices is driven in linear mode, sourcing the lsc current (typically 3.2A) for a time interval (ton) defined by means of the external CON capacitor connected between the ONDELAY pin and GND. Whether the short circuit crease within the ton interval the DIAG2 output status is not affected, acting as a Programmable Diagnostic Delay.

This function allow the device to drive a capacitive load or a filament lamp (that exhibits a very low resistance during the initial heading phase) without the intervention of the diagnostic. If the short circuit lasts for the whole t_{ON} interval, the output DMOS is switched OFF and the DIAG2 goes low, for a time interval t_{OFF} lasting 64 times t_{ON} .

At the end of the t_{OFF} interval if the short circuit condition is still present, the output DMOS is turned ON (and the DIAG2 goes high - see *Figure 7*) for another t_{ON} interval and the sequence starts again, or, whether not, the normal condition operation is resumed.

The t_{ON} interval can be set to lasts between 64ms and 2.56ms for a C_{ON} capacitor value ranging between 50pF and 2nF to have:

$$t_{ON} (\mu s) = 1.28 C_{ON} (pF)$$

If the ON-DELAY pin is grounded the non dissipative short circuit protection is disabled, and the Isc current is delivered until the Overtemperature Protection shuts the device off. The behaviour of the DIAG2 output is, in this situation, showed in the Diagnostic Truth *Table 7*.

3.5 Overtemperature protection (OVT)

If the chip temperature exceeds Qlim (measured in a central position in the chip) the chip deactivates itself.

The following actions are taken:

all the output stage is switched off;

the signal DIAG2 is activated (active low).

Normal operation is resumed as soon as (typically after some seconds) the chip temperature monitored goes back below Θ_{lim} - Θ_{H} .

The different thresholds with hysteretic behavior assure that no intermittent conditions can be generated.

3.6 Undervoltage protection (UV)

The supply voltage is expected to range from 9.5V to 35V, even if its reference value is considered to be 24V.

In this range the device operates correctly. Below 9.5V the overall system has to be considered not reliable.

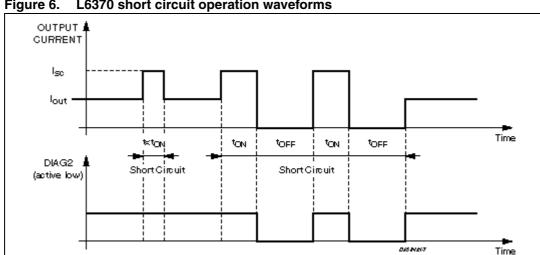
Protection will thus shut off the output whenever the supply voltage falls below the mask fixed by the $V_{sth1}(9V\ typ.)$ and V_{sth2} (8.5V typ.).

Circuit description L6370

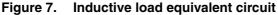
> The hysteresis (see Figure 4) ensures a non intermittent behavior at low supply voltage with a superimposed ripple. The Under Voltage status is signalled via the DIAG1 and DIAG2 outputs (see the Diagnostic Truth Table 7) .

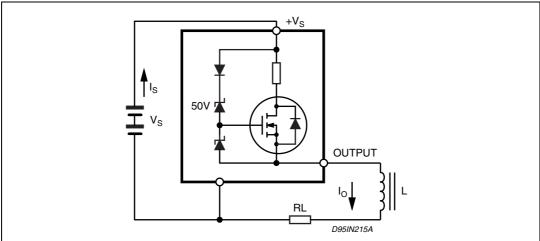
3.7 **Demagnetization of inductive loads**

An internal zener diode, limiting the voltage across the Power MOS to between 50 and 60V (V_{cl}), provides safe and fast demagnetization of inductive loads without external clamping devices. The maximum energy that can be absorbed from an inductive load is specified as 1J (at $T_i = 85^{\circ}C$) (see *Figure 4*).



L6370 short circuit operation waveforms Figure 6.





4 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in ECOPACK® packages. These packages have a Lead-free second level interconnect . The category of second level interconnect is marked on the package and on the inner box label, in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD97. The maximum ratings related to soldering conditions are also marked on the inner box label. ECOPACK is an ST trademark. ECOPACK specifications are available at: www.st.com

PowerSO-20 mechanical data & package dimensions 4.1

PowerSO-20 mechanical data & package dimensions

DIM.		mm			inch	
DIIVI.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
Α			3.6			0.142
a1	0.1		0.3	0.004		0.012
a2			3.3			0.130
a3	0		0.1	0.000		0.004
b	0.4		0.53	0.016		0.021
С	0.23		0.32	0.009		0.013
D (1)	15.8		16	0.622		0.630
D1 (2)	9.4		9.8	0.370		0.386
Е	13.9		14.5	0.547		0.570
е		1.27			0.050	
e3		11.43			0.450	
E1 (1)	10.9		11.1	0.429		0.437
E2			2.9			0.114
E3	5.8		6.2	0.228		0.244
G	0		0.1	0.000		0.004
Н	15.5		15.9	0.610		0.626
h			1.1			0.043
L	8.0		1.1	0.031		0.043
N	8°(typ.)					
S	8°(max.)					
Т		10			0.394	

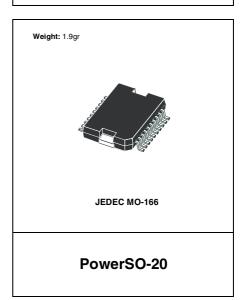
- (1) "D and E1" do not include mold flash or protusions.

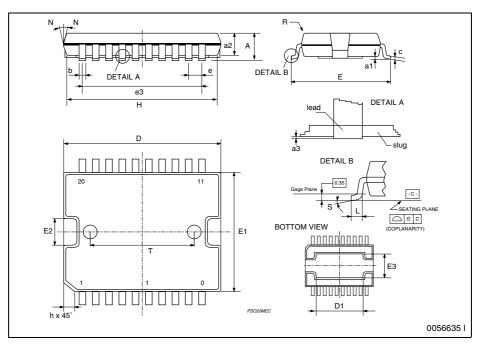
 Mold flash or protusions shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006")

 Critical dimensions: "E", "G" and "a3".

 (2) For subcontractors, the limit is the one quoted in jedec MO-166

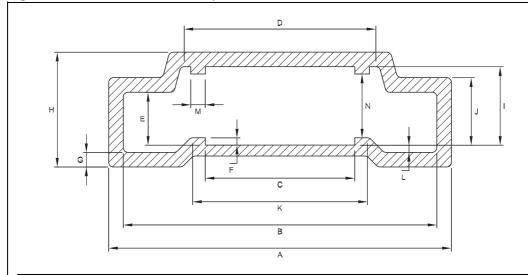
OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA





4.2 PowerSO-20 packing information

Figure 9. PowerSO-20 tube shipment information



	TUBE MECHANICAL DATA	
	mm.	inch
A	18.80	0.740
В	17.2 ±0.2	0.677 ±0.008
С	8.20 ±0.2	0.323 ±0.008
D	10.90 ±0.2	0.429 ±0.008
E	2.90 ±0.2	0.114 ±0.008
F	0.40	0.016
G	0.80	0.031
Н	6.30	0.248
	4.30 ±0.2	0.165 ±0.008
J	3.7 ±0.2	0.146 ±0.008
К	9.4	0.370
L	0.40	0.016
M	0.80	0.031
N	3.50 ±0.2	0.138 ±0.008

BASE QUANTITY	31 pcs.
BULK QUANTITY	310 pcs.

0000000000 TAPE MECHANICAL DATA inch mm. D 1.50 +0.1/0 0.059 +0.004/0 Ε 0.069 ±0.004 1.75 ±0.1 Ро 4.00 ±0.1 0.157 ±0.004 T max. 0.40 0.016 0.059 D1 min. 1.50 11.5 ±0.05 0.453 ±0.002 F K max. 6.50 0.256 P2 2.00 ±0.1 0.079 ±0.004 R 50 1.968 W 24.00 ±0.30 0.945 ±0.012 P1 24.00 0.945 Ao, Bo, Ko 0.05 min to 1.0 max. 0.002 min to 0.039 max. BASE QUANTITY 600 pcs. **BULK QUANTITY** 600 pcs.

Figure 10. PowerSO-20 tape shipment specification

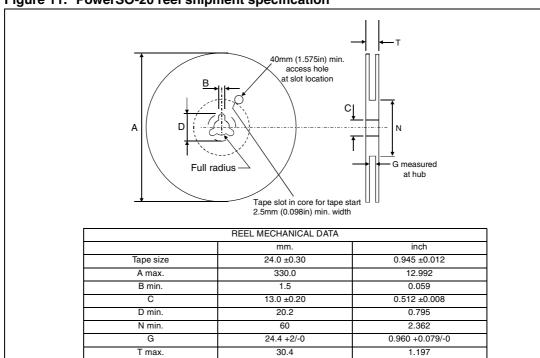
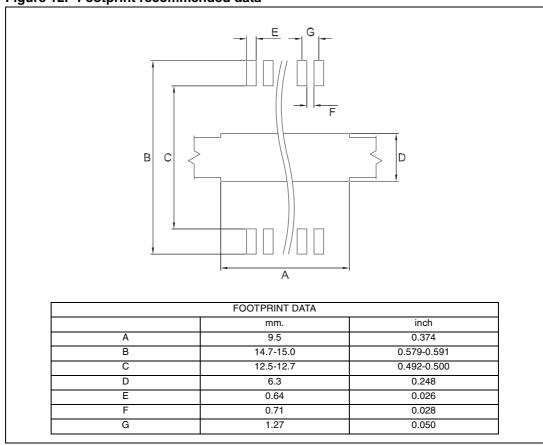


Figure 11. PowerSO-20 reel shipment specification

Figure 12. Footprint recommended data



Revision history L6370

5 Revision history

Table 8. Revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
10-Aug-2003	3	Initial release.
12-Dec-2005	4	Applied new Look & Feel Style Sheet. Added L6370D013TR part number. Updated Package and Packing section.
26-Apr-2006	5	Document has been reformatted
19-Feb-2007	6	Typo in Figure 2 on page 3.
19-Jun-2007	7	Truth table updated, deleted Multiwatt mechanical information

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