54VCXH162373

## LOW VOLTAGE CMOS 16-BIT D-TYPE LATCH (3-STATE) WITH 3.6V TOLERANT INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

- 3.6V TOLERANT INPUTS AND OUTPUTS
- HIGH SPEED :
$\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PD}}=3.3 \mathrm{~ns}$ (MAX.) at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0$ to 3.6 V
$\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PD}}=4.5 \mathrm{~ns}$ (MAX.) at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3$ to 2.7 V
- POWER DOWN PROTECTION ON INPUTS AND OUTPUTS
- SYMMETRICAL OUTPUT IMPEDANCE:
$\left|\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}\right|=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}=12 \mathrm{~mA}(\mathrm{MIN})$ at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$
$\left|\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}\right|=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}=8 \mathrm{~mA}(\mathrm{MIN})$ at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$
- $26 \Omega$ SERIE RESISTOR IN OUTPUTS
- OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE:
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}(\mathrm{OPR})=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V
- PIN AND FUNCTION COMPATIBLE WITH 54 SERIES H162373
- BUS HOLD PROVIDED ON DATA INPUTS
- LATCH-UP PERFORMANCE EXCEEDS 300mA (JESD 17)
- ESD PERFORMANCE:

HBM $>2000 \mathrm{~V}$ (MIL STD 883 method 3015); MM > 200V

- 100 Krad mil. 1019.6 (RHA QUAL) CONDITION A
- NO SEL, NO SEU UNDER $72 \mathrm{Mev} / \mathrm{cm}^{2} / \mathrm{mg}$ LET HEAVY IONS IRRADIATION
- PRODUCT UNDER QML-V QUALIFICATION


## DESCRIPTION

The 54VCXH162373 is a low voltage CMOS 16 BIT D-TYPE LATCH with 3 STATE OUTPUTS NON INVERTING fabricated with sub-micron silicon gate and five-layer metal wiring $\mathrm{C}^{2} \mathrm{MOS}$ technology. It is ideal for low power and very high speed 2.3 to 3.6 V applications; it can be interfaced to 3.6 V signal environment for both inputs and outputs.
These 16 bit D-TYPE latches are bite controlled by two latch enable inputs ( $n L E$ ) and two output enable inputs ( $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ ).
While the nLE input is held at a high level, the nQ outputs will follow the data input precisely.
When the nLE is taken low, the nQ outputs will be in a normal logic state (high or low logic level) and while high level the outputs will be in a high impedance state. Bus hold on data inputs is provided in order to eliminate the need for external pull-up or pull-down resistor. The device circuits is including $26 \Omega$ series resistance in the outputs.


These resistors permit to reduce line noise in high speed applications.
All inputs and outputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge, giving them 2KV ESD immunity and transient excess voltage.

PIN CONNECTION


Rev. 1

Table 1: Ordering Codes

| PACKAGE | SOLDER DIPPING | FLYING MODEL |  | ENGINEERING <br> MODEL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | QML-V | QML-Q |  |
| FPC-48 | GOLD | RHRXH162373K01V | RHRXH162373K01Q | RHRXH162373K1 |
|  |  | RHRXH162373K2 (*) |  |  |
| FPC-48 | SOLDER | RHRXH162373K02V | RHRXH162373K02Q |  |

(*) EM with 48 hours Burn-In
Figure 1: Input And Output Equivalent Circuit


Table 2: Pin Description

| PIN N${ }^{\circ}$ | SYMBOL | NAME AND FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | $1 \overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ | 3 State Output Enable <br> Input (Active LOW) |
| $2,3,5,6,8,9$, <br> 11,12 | 1Q0 to 1Q7 | 3-State Outputs |
| $13,14,16,17$, <br> $19,20,22,23$ | 2 Q 0 to 2Q7 | 3-State Outputs |
| 24 | $2 \overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ | 3 State Output Enable <br> Input (Active LOW) |
| 25 | 2 LE | Latch Enable Input |
| $36,35,33,32$, <br> $30,29,27,26$ | $2 \mathrm{D0}$ to 2D7 | Data Inputs |
| $47,46,44,43$, <br> $41,40,38,37$ | $1 \mathrm{D0}$ to 1D7 | Data Inputs |
| 48 | 1 LE | Latch Enable Input |
| $4,10,15,21$, <br> $28,34,39,45$ | GND | Ground (0V) |
| $7,18,31,42$ | VCC | Positive Supply Voltage |

Table 3: Truth Table

| INPUTS |  |  | OUTPUT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\overline{\mathbf{O E}}$ | $\mathbf{L E}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{Q}$ |
| H | X | X | Z |
| L | L | X | NO CHANGE * |
| L | H | L | L |
| L | H | H | H |

$X$ : Don't Care
Z: High Impedance

* : Q outputs are latched at the time when the LE input is taken low logic level.

Figure 2: IEC Logic Symbols


LC13571
Figure 3: Logic Diagram


This logic diagram has not to be used to estimate propagation delays

Table 4: Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply Voltage | -0.5 to +4.6 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}$ | DC Input Voltage | -0.5 to +4.6 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | DC Output Voltage (OFF State) | -0.5 to +4.6 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | DC Output Voltage (High or Low State) (note 1) | -0.5 to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5$ | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IK}}$ | DC Input Diode Current | -50 | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OK}}$ | DC Output Diode Current (note 2) | -50 | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | DC Output Current | $\pm 50$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{GND}}$ | DC $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or Ground Current per Supply Pin | $\pm 100$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | Power Dissipation | 400 | mW |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\text {stg }}$ | Storage Temperature | -65 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | Lead Temperature (10 sec) | 300 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied

1) $I_{0}$ absolute maximum rating must be observed
2) $V_{O}<G N D, V_{O}>V_{C C}$

Table 5: Recommended Operating Conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Supply Voltage | 2.3 to 3.6 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}$ | Input Voltage | -0.3 to 3.6 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | Output Voltage (OFF State) | 0 to 3.6 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | Output Voltage (High or Low State) | 0 to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH},} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | High or Low Level Output Current $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0\right.$ to 3.6 V$)$ | $\pm 12$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH},} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | High or Low Level Output Current $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3\right.$ to 2.7 V$)$ | $\pm 8$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{Op}}$ | Operating Temperature | -55 to 125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{dt} / \mathrm{dv}$ | Input Rise and Fall Time (note 1$)$ | 0 to 10 | $\mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{V}$ |

1) $V_{I N}$ from 0.8 V to 2 V at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$

Table 6: DC Specifications (2.7V $<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \leq 3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Condition |  | Value |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & v_{c c} \\ & \text { (V) } \end{aligned}$ |  | -55 to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | High Level Input Voltage | 2.7 to 3.6 |  | 2.0 |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | Low Level Input Voltage |  |  |  | 0.8 |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | High Level Output Voltage | 2.7 to 3.6 | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-0.2$ |  | v |
|  |  | 2.7 | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-6 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.2 |  |  |
|  |  | 3.0 | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-8 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.4 |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{0}=-12 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.2 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | Low Level Output Voltage | 2.7 to 3.6 | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 0.2 | V |
|  |  | 2.7 | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=6 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 0.4 |  |
|  |  | 3.0 | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=8 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 0.55 |  |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=12 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 0.8 |  |
| 1 | Input Leakage Current | 2.7 to 3.6 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ or GND |  | $\pm 5$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{(\text {(HOLD })}$ | Input Hold Current | 3.0 | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ | 75 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=2 \mathrm{~V}$ | -75 |  |  |
|  |  | 3.6 | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=0$ to 3.6 V |  | $\pm 500$ |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {off }}$ | Power Off Leakage Current | 0 | $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0$ to 3.6 V |  | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{l}_{\text {OZ }}$ | High Impedance Output Leakage Current | 2.7 to 3.6 | $\begin{aligned} & V_{1}=V_{1 H} \text { or } V_{1 L} \\ & V_{O}=0 \text { to } 3.6 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\pm 10$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$ | Quiescent Supply Current | 2.7 to 3.6 | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND |  | 20 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ to 3.6 V |  | $\pm 20$ |  |
| $\Delta_{\text {l }}$ | ICC incr. per Input | 2.7 to 3.6 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}-0.6 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 750 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

Table 7: DC Specifications ( $2.3 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \leq 2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Condition |  | Value |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & v_{c c} \\ & \text { (V) } \end{aligned}$ |  | -55 to $125{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | High Level Input Voltage | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | 1.6 |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | Low Level Input Voltage |  |  |  | 0.7 |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | High Level Output Voltage | 2.3 to 2.7 | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-0.2$ |  | V |
|  |  | 2.3 | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-4 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.0 |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-6 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 1.8 |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{0}=-8 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 1.7 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | Low Level Output Voltage | 2.3 to 2.7 | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 0.2 | V |
|  |  | 2.3 | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=6 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 0.4 |  |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=8 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 0.6 |  |
| 1 | Input Leakage Current | 2.3 to 2.7 | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=0$ to 3.6 V |  | $\pm 5$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{(\text {(HOLD })}$ | Input Hold Current | 2.3 | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=0.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | 45 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=1.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | -45 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {off }}$ | Power Off Leakage Current | 0 | $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0$ to 3.6 V |  | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OZ}}$ | High Impedance Output Leakage Current | 2.3 to 2.7 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{1 \mathrm{H}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{1 \mathrm{~L}} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \text { to } 3.6 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\pm 10$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $I_{\text {cc }}$ | Quiescent Supply Current | 2.3 to 2.7 | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND |  | 20 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ to 3.6 V |  | $\pm 20$ |  |

Table 8: Dynamic Switching Characteristics $\left(T_{a}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$, Input $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}=\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}=2.0 \mathrm{~ns}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=30 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=500 \Omega$ )

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Condition |  | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}} \\ & \text { (V) } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OLP }}$ | Dynamic Low Voltage Quiet Output (note 1, 3) | 2.5 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \end{gathered}$ |  | 0.25 |  | V |
|  |  | 3.3 |  |  | 0.35 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OLV }}$ | Dynamic Low Voltage Quiet Output (note 1, 3) | 2.5 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | -0.25 |  | V |
|  |  | 3.3 | $\mathrm{V}_{1 \mathrm{H}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ |  | -0.35 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OHV }}$ | Dynamic High Voltage Quiet Output (note 2, 3) | 2.5 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IH}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \end{gathered}$ |  | 2.05 |  | V |
|  |  | 3.3 |  |  | 2.65 |  |  |

1) Number of outputs defined as " $n$ ". Measured with " $n-1$ " outputs switching from HIGH to LOW or LOW to HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the LOW state.
2) Number of outputs defined as " $n$ ". Measured with " $n-1$ " outputs switching from HIGH to LOW or LOW to HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the HIGH state.
3) Parameters guaranteed by design.

Table 4: AC Electrical Characteristics $\left(C_{L}=30 p F, R_{L}=500 \Omega\right.$, Input $\left.t_{r}=t_{f}=2.0 n s\right)$

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Condition |  |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}} \\ & \text { (V) } \end{aligned}$ |  | -55 to $125{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Max. |  |
| ${ }_{\text {tPLH }} \mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }}$ | Propagation Delay Time Dn to Qn | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | 1.0 | 5.2 | ns |
|  |  | 3.0 to 3.6 |  | 0.8 | 4.0 |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH }} \mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }}$ | Propagation Delay Time LE to Qn | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | 1.0 | 5.7 | ns |
|  |  | 3.0 to 3.6 |  | 0.8 | 4.2 |  |
| $t_{\text {PzL }} \mathrm{t}_{\text {PzH }}$ | Output Enable Time | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | 1.0 | 6.2 | ns |
|  |  | 3.0 to 3.6 |  | 0.8 | 4.7 |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PLZ }} \mathrm{t}_{\text {PHZ }}$ | Output Disable Time | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | 1.0 | 5.1 | ns |
|  |  | 3.0 to 3.6 |  | 0.8 | 4.8 |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | Setup TIme, HIGH or LOW level Dn to LE | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | 1.0 |  | ns |
|  |  | 3.0 to 3.6 |  | 1.0 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{th}_{\text {h }}$ | Hold Time High or LOW level Dn to LE | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | 1.5 |  | ns |
|  |  | 3.0 to 3.6 |  | 1.5 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {w }}$ | LE Pulse Width, HIGH | 2.3 to 2.7 |  | 1.5 |  | ns |
|  |  | 3.0 to 3.6 |  | 1.5 |  |  |
| tosth toshl | Output To Output Skew Time (note1, 2) | 2.3 to 2.7 |  |  | 0.5 | ns |
|  |  | 3.0 to 3.6 |  |  | 0.5 |  |

1) Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two outputs of the same device switching in the same direction, either HIGH or LOW ( $\left.\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{OSLH}}=\left|\mathrm{t}_{\text {PLHm }}-\mathrm{t}_{\text {PLHn }}\right|, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{OSHL}}=\left|\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHLm }}-\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHLn }}\right|\right)$
2) Parameter guaranteed by design

Table 9: Capacitive Characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Condition |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Value } \\ & \hline \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}} \\ & \text { (V) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ | Input Capacitance | 2.5 or 3.3 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}=0 \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }} \text { }}$ |  | 6 |  | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {OUT }}$ | Output Capacitance | 2.5 or 3.3 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}=0 \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { }}$ |  | 7 |  | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {PD }}$ | Power Dissipation Capacitance (note 1) | 2.5 or 3.3 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IN}}=10 \mathrm{MHz} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=0 \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \end{gathered}$ |  | 20 |  | pF |

1) $C_{P D}$ is defined as the value of the IC's internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load. (Refer to Test Circuit). Average operating current can be obtained by the following equation. $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}(\mathrm{opr})}=\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{PD}} \times \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IN}}+\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}} / 16$ (per circuit)

Figure 5: Test Circuit


| TEST | SWITCH |
| :--- | :---: |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH }}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PHL}}$ | Open |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PZL}}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PLZ}}\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0\right.$ to 3.6 V$)$ | 6 V |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PZL}}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PLZ}}\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3\right.$ to 2.7 V$)$ | $2 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PZH}}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PHZ}}$ | GND |

$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=30 \mathrm{pF}$ or equivalent (includes jig and probe capacitance)
$R_{L}=R 1=500 \Omega$ or equivalent
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{T}}=\mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{OUT}}$ of pulse generator (typically $50 \Omega$ )

## Table 10: Waveform Symbol Values

| Symbol | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{3 . 0}$ to3.6V | $\mathbf{2 . 3}$ to 2.7V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | 2.7 V | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{M}}$ | 1.5 V | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}} / 2$ |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{X}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}+0.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OL}}+0.15 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{Y}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}-0.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OH}}-0.15 \mathrm{~V}$ |

Figure 6: WAveform - LE TO Qn Propagation Delays, Le Minimum Pulse Width, Dn To Le Setup And Hold Times ( $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz} ; 50 \%$ duty cycle)


Figure 7: Waveform 2: Output Enable And Disable Time ( $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz} ; 50 \%$ duty cycle)


Figure 8: Waveform - Propagation Delay Time ( $f=1 \mathrm{MHz} ; 50 \%$ duty cycle)


FPC-48 (MIL-STD-1835) MECHANICAL DATA

| DIM. | mm. |  |  | inch |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN. | TYP | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| A | 2.18 |  | 2.72 | 0.086 |  | 0.107 |
| b |  | 0.254 |  |  | 0.010 |  |
| c |  | 0.15 |  |  | 0.006 |  |
| D |  | 15.75 |  |  | 0.380 |  |
| E |  | 6.65 |  |  | 0.250 |  |
| e |  | 0.635 |  |  | 0.05 |  |
| L |  | 8.38 |  |  |  |  |
| S1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Table 11: Revision History

| Date | Revision | Description of Changes |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 09-Jul-2004 | 1 | First Release |

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