- T<sup>2</sup>L input and outputs
- Output wavetrain can be synchronized with random events
- 20-pin DIP package (.290 high)
- Available in frequencies from 2Mhz to 30Mhz
- Output frequencies controlled to within ±2%
- 10 T<sup>2</sup>L fanout capacity

# design notes

The "DIP Series" Pixel Clock Generator Modules developed by Engineered Components Company have been designed for use in digital video systems to produce a T<sup>2</sup>L square wave output (O1) which is resynchronized by random input pulses. This synchronization requires a negative input pulse and is normally obtained from the horizontal scan of this system; it is, in effect, the horizontal sync pulse. The ability of this unit to resync on random pulses eliminates the requirement for an even multiple relationship between the Pixel clock frequency and the horizontal scan rate. Synchronization is obtained by lengthening output half cycles, as required. No shortened half cycles are allowed, thus precluding the possibility of some ICs being triggered while others are not, which could easily happen if both lengthening and shortening were used. This method does, however, require two cycles of the output before synchronization can be assured. The first assured synchronized edge will be a falling edge which occurs two (2) periods after sync. The following rising edge is the first assured synchronized/valid rising edge. In addition to the square wave output, the Pixel Clock Generator Module provides a negative output pulse  $(O_2)$  which goes low approximately 7.5ns after the sync input and returns to a high before the first valid falling edge of the square wave output  $(O_1)$ . This pulse is intended for use as a counter or system reset. The PCGM also provides a third output  $(O_3)$  which goes high approximately 10ns after sync in and does not return low until after the first valid rising edge of the square wave output  $(O_1)$ . If this output is used to enable the counters, the first rising edge is "O" instead of "1" and the counters will change to "1" on the second rising edge out making memory address "O" usable. Output  $\overline{O_3}$  is a complement of  $O_3$ .

These Pixel Clock Generator Modules are of hybrid construction utilizing the proven technologies of active integrated circuitry and of passive networks utilizing capacitive, inductive and resisitve elements. The ICs utilized in these modules are burned in to level B of MIL-STD-883 to ensure a high MTBF. The MTBF on these modules, when calculated per MIL-HDBK-217 for a 50°C ground fixed environment, is in excess of 1 million hours.

The TTLPCGM is offered in thirty-seven (37) different frequencies from 2 Mhz to 30 Mhz. Output frequencies are controlled to within  $\pm 2\%$  and have a temperature coefficient of less than -500ppm/°C over the operating temperature range of 0 to +70°C.

These "DIP Series" modules are packaged in a 20-pin DIP housing, molded of flame-proof Diallyl Phthalate per MIL-M-14, Type SDG-F, and are fully encapsulated in epoxy resin. Leads

engineered components company

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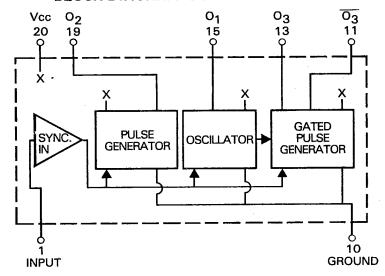
# ENGINEERED COMPONENTS CO 73 DE

### **DESIGN NOTES (continued)**

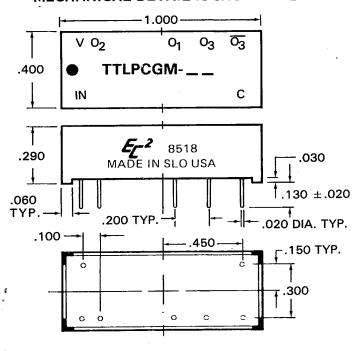
meet the solderability requirements of MIL-STD-202, Method 208. Corner standoffs on the housing provide positive standoff from the printed circuit board to permit solder-fillet formation and flush cleaning of solder-flux residues for improved reliability.

Marking consists of manufacturer's name, logo (EC<sup>2</sup>), part number, terminal identification and date code of manufacture. All marking is applied by silk screen process using white epoxy paint in accordance with MIL-STD-130, to meet the permanency of identification required by MIL-STD-202, Method 215.

#### BLOCK DIAGRAM IS SHOWN BELOW-



## MECHANICAL DETAIL IS SHOWN BELOW



#### **TEST CONDITIONS**

- 1. All measurements are made at 25 °C.
- 2. Vcc supply voltage is maintained at 5.0V DC.
- 3. All units are tested using a Schottky toggle-type gate driving the input and one Schottky T<sup>2</sup>L load at the output.

# OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS

\*V<sub>cc</sub> supply voltage: . . . . . . . . . 4.75 to 5.25V DC

V<sub>cc</sub> supply current:

Constant "O" in . . . . . . . . . . . . 120ma typical

Constant "1" in . . . . . . . . . . 100ma typical

Logic 1 input:

Voltage . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2V min.; 5.5V max.

Current . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.4V = 150ua max.

5.5V = 3ma max.

Logic O input:

Current . . . . . . . . . . . . . . – 6ma max.

Logic 1 Voltage out: . . . . . . . . . . 2.4V min.

Operating temperature range: . . . . . 0 to 70°C.

Storage temperature: . . . . . . . . -55 to +125 °C.

\*Output frequency will increase or decrease less than 1% for a respective increase or decrease of 5% in supply voltage.

#### PART NUMBER TABLE

Part Number	Output Frequency	Part Number	Output Frequency
TTLPCGM-2	2.0 Mhz	TTLPCGM-13	13.0 Mhz
TTLPCGM-2.5	2.5 Mhz	TTLPCGM-14	14.0 Mhz
TTLPCGM-3	3.0 Mhz	TTLPCGM-15	15.0 Mhz
TTLPCGM-3.5	3.5 Mhz	TTLPCGM-16	16.0 Mhz
TTLPCGM-4	4.0 Mhz	TTLPCGM-17	17.0 Mhz
TTLPCGM-4.5	4.5 Mhz	TTLPCGM-18	18.0 Mhż
TTLPCGM-5	5.0 Mhz	TTLPCGM-19	19.0 Mhz
TTLPCGM-5.5	5.5 Mhz	TTLPCGM-20	20.0 Mhz
TTLPCGM-6	6.0 Mhz	TTLPCGM-21	21.0 Mhz
TTLPCGM-6.5	6.5 Mhz	TTLPCGM-22	22.0 Mhz
TTLPCGM-7	7.0 Mhz	TTLPCGM-23	23.0 Mhz
TTLPCGM-7.5	7.5 Mhz	TTLPCGM-24	24.0 Mhz
TTLPCGM-8	8.0 Mhz	TTLPCGM-25	25.0 Mhz
TTLPCGM-8.5	8.5 Mhz	TTLPCGM-26	26.0 Mhz
TTLPCGM-9	9.0 Mhz	TTLPCGM-27	27.0 Mhz
TTLPCGM-9.5	9.5 Mhz	TTLPCGM-28	28.0 Mhz
TTLPCGM-10	10.0 Mhz	TTLPCGM-29	29.0 Mhz
TTLPCGM-11	11.0 Mhz	TTLPCGM-30	30.0 Mhz
TTLPCGM-12	12.0 Mhz		

Special modules can be readily manufactured to improve accuracies and/or provide customer specified random frequencies for specific applications.

Catalog No. C/080185