## BUH51

## SWITCHMODE ${ }^{\text {M }}$ NPN Silicon Planar Power Transistor

The BUH51 has an application specific state-of-art die designed for use in 50 W Halogen electronic transformers.

This power transistor is specifically designed to sustain the large inrush current during either the startup conditions or under a short circuit across the load.

- Improved Efficiency Due to the Low Base Drive Requirements:

High and Flat DC Current Gain h $\mathrm{he}_{\mathrm{F}}$
Fast Switching

- Epoxy Meets UL 94, V-0 @ 0.125 in
- ESD Ratings:

Machine Model, C
Human Body Model, 3B

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Rating | Symbol | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CEO }}$ | 500 | Vdc |
| Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CBO }}$ | 800 | Vdc |
| Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CES }}$ | 800 | Vdc |
| Emitter-Base Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {EBO }}$ | 10 | Vdc |
| Collector Current - Continuous <br> - Peak (Note 1) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}} \\ \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CM}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.0 \\ & 8.0 \end{aligned}$ | Adc |
| Base Current - Continuous <br> - Peak (Note 1) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}} \\ \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{BM}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.0 \\ & 4.0 \end{aligned}$ | Adc |
| ${ }^{*}$ Total Device Dissipation @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ *Derate above $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 50 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | Watt W $/{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating and Storage Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}, \mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | $\begin{gathered} -65 \text { to } \\ 150 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case | $\mathrm{R}_{\theta \mathrm{JC}}$ | 2.5 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient | $\mathrm{R}_{\theta \mathrm{JA}}$ | 100 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering <br> Purposes: $1 / 8 "$ from case for 5 seconds | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | 260 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Maximum ratings are those values beyond which device damage can occur. Maximum ratings applied to the device are individual stress limit values (not normal operating conditions) and are not valid simultaneously. If these limits are exceeded, device functional operation is not implied, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. Pulse Test: Pulse Width $=5 \mathrm{~ms}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 10 \%$.


## ON Semiconductor ${ }^{\text {T}}$

http://onsemi.com

POWER TRANSISTOR
3.0 AMPERE 800 VOLTS 50 WATTS


## MARKING DIAGRAM



Y = Year
WW = Work Week

ORDERING INFORMATION

| Device | Package | Shipping |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BUH51 | TO-225 | 500 Units/Box |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ unless otherwise noted)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

OFF CHARACTERISTICS

| Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage$\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=100 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~L}=25 \mathrm{mH}\right)$ |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CEO(sus) }}$ | 500 | 550 | - | Vdc |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage } \\ & \text { (ICBO }=1.0 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CBO }}$ | 800 | 950 | - | Vdc |
| Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage$\left(\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{EBO}}=1.0 \mathrm{~mA}\right)$ |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {EbO }}$ | 10 | 12.5 | - | Vdc |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Collector Cutoff Current } \\ & \qquad\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CE}}=\text { Rated } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CEO}}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}}=0\right. \end{aligned}$ |  | $I_{\text {ceo }}$ | - | - | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{Adc}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Collector Cutoff Current } \\ & \quad\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CE}}=\text { Rated } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CES}}, \mathrm{~V}_{E B}=0\right) \end{aligned}$ | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $I_{\text {CES }}$ | - | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 100 \\ 1000 \end{gathered}$ | $\mu \mathrm{Adc}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Collector Base Current } \\ & \quad\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CB}}=\text { Rated } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CBO}}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{EB}}=0\right. \end{aligned}$ | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {cbo }}$ | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ 1000 \end{gathered}$ | $\mu \mathrm{Adc}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Emitter-Cutoff Current } \\ & \left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{EB}}=9.0 \mathrm{Vdc}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=0\right) \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {ebo }}$ | - | - | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{Adc}$ |

ON CHARACTERISTICS

| Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=1.0 \mathrm{Adc}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}}=0.2 \mathrm{Adc}$ ) | $\begin{aligned} & @ T_{C}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & @ \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{BE} \text { (sat) }}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 0.92 \\ 0.8 \end{gathered}$ | 1.1 - | Vdc |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage $\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=1.0 \mathrm{Adc}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}}=0.2 \mathrm{Adc}\right)$ | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CE} \text { (sat) }}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0.3 \\ 0.32 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \\ & 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | Vdc |
| DC Current Gain ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=1.0 \mathrm{Adc}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CE}}=1.0 \mathrm{Vdc}$ )$\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=2.0 \mathrm{Adc}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CE}}=5.0 \mathrm{Vdc}\right)$ | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $h_{\text {FE }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8.0 \\ & 6.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 8.0 \end{aligned}$ | - | - |
|  | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 5.0 4.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 7.5 \\ & 6.2 \end{aligned}$ | - | - |
| $\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=0.8 \mathrm{Adc}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CE}}=5.0 \mathrm{Vdc}\right)$ | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 8.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ | - | - |
| $\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=10 \mathrm{mAdc}, \mathrm{V}_{\text {CE }}=5.0 \mathrm{Vdc}\right)$ | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 14 18 | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 25 \end{aligned}$ | - | - |

## DYNAMIC SATURATION VOLTAGE

| Dynamic Saturation Voltage: <br> Determined $3.0 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ after rising $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{B} 1}$ reaches $90 \%$ of final $l_{\mathrm{B} 1}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=1.0 \mathrm{Adc}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B} 1}=0.2 \mathrm{Adc} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=300 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CE(dsat) }}$ | - | 1.7 | - | V |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | - | 6.0 | - | V |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=2.0 \mathrm{Adc}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B} 1}=0.4 \mathrm{Adc} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=300 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | $@ \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | - | 5.1 | - | V |
|  |  | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | - | 15 | - | V |

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

| Current Gain Bandwidth <br> $\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=1.0\right.$ Adc, $\left.\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CE}}=10 \mathrm{Vdc}, \mathrm{f}=1.0 \mathrm{MHz}\right)$ | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{T}}$ | - | 23 | - | MHz |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output Capacitance <br> $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CB}}=10 \mathrm{Vdc}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{E}}=0, \mathrm{f}=1.0 \mathrm{MHz}\right)$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{ob}}$ | - | 34 | 100 | pF |
| Input Capacitance <br> $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{EB}}=8.0 \mathrm{Vdc}, \mathrm{f}=1.0 \mathrm{MHz}\right)$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{ib}}$ | - | 200 | 500 | pF |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ unless otherwise noted)

| Characteristic |  |  | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS: Resistive Load (D.C. $\leq 10 \%$, Pulse Width $=40 \mu$ S) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-on Time | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=1.0 \mathrm{Adc}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B} 1}=0.2 \mathrm{Adc} \\ \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B} 2}=0.2 \mathrm{Adc} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=300 \mathrm{Vdc} \end{gathered}$ | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {on }}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 110 \\ & 125 \end{aligned}$ | $150$ | ns |
| Turn-off Time |  | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {off }}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 4.1 \end{aligned}$ | $4.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| Turn-on Time | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=2.0 \mathrm{Adc}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B} 1}=0.4 \mathrm{Adc} \\ \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B} 2}=0.4 \mathrm{Adc} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=300 \mathrm{Vdc} \end{gathered}$ | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {on }}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 700 \\ 1250 \end{gathered}$ | $1000$ | ns |
| Turn-off Time |  | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {off }}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.75 \\ 2.1 \end{gathered}$ | $2.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS: Inductive Load (V ${ }_{\text {clamp }}=300 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~L}=200 \mu \mathrm{H}$ )

| Fall Time | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=1.0 \mathrm{Adc} \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B} 1}=0.2 \mathrm{Adc} \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B} 2}=0.2 \mathrm{Adc} \end{aligned}$ | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{fi}}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 320 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 300 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | ns |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Storage Time |  | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{si}}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 3.4 \\ & 4.0 \end{aligned}$ | $3.75$ | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| Crossover Time |  | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{c}}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 350 \\ & 640 \end{aligned}$ | 500 - | ns |
| Fall Time | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=2.0 \mathrm{Adc} \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B} 1}=0.4 \mathrm{Adc} \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B} 2}=0.4 \mathrm{Adc} \end{aligned}$ | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{fi}}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 140 \\ & 300 \end{aligned}$ | $200$ | ns |
| Storage Time |  | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{si}}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 2.3 \\ & 2.8 \end{aligned}$ | $2.75$ | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| Crossover Time |  | @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{c}}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 400 \\ & 725 \end{aligned}$ | 600 | ns |

## TYPICAL STATIC CHARACTERISTICS



Figure 1. DC Current Gain @ 1.0 V


Figure 2. DC Current Gain @ 3.0 V

## BUH51

TYPICAL STATIC CHARACTERISTICS


Figure 3. DC Current Gain @ 5.0 V


Figure 5. Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage


Figure 7. Base-Emitter Saturation Region


Figure 4. Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage


Figure 6. Base-Emitter Saturation Region


Figure 8. Collector Saturation Region

TYPICAL STATIC CHARACTERISTICS


Figure 9. Capacitance


Figure 10. Resistive Breakdown

TYPICAL SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS


Figure 11. Resistive Switching, $t_{\text {on }}$


Figure 13. Inductive Storage Time, $\mathbf{t}_{\text {si }}$


Figure 12. Resistive Switch Time, $\mathrm{t}_{\text {off }}$


Figure 13 Bis. Inductive Storage Time, $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{s i}}$

## BUH51

TYPICAL SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS


Figure 14. Inductive Storage Time,
$\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{c}} \& \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{fi}} @ \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}}=5$


Figure 16. Inductive Storage Time


Figure 15. Inductive Storage Time,
$t_{c} \& t_{f i} @ I_{C} / I_{B}=10$


Figure 17. Inductive Fall Time


Figure 18. Inductive Crossover Time

## BUH51

TYPICAL SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS


Figure 19. Dynamic Saturation Voltage Measurements


Figure 20. Inductive Switching Measurements

Table 1. Inductive Load Switching Drive Circuit


TYPICAL THERMAL RESPONSE


Figure 21. Forward Bias Power Derating

There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CE}}$ limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation; i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate. The data of Figure 22 is based on $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}(\mathrm{pk})}$ is variable depending on power level. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to $10 \%$ but must be derated when $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}>25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Second breakdown limitations do not derate the same as thermal limitations. Allowable current at the voltages shown on

Figure 22 may be found at any case temperature by using the appropriate curve on Figure 21.
$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}(\mathrm{pk})}$ may be calculated from the data in Figure 24. At any case temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown. For inductive loads, high voltage and current must be sustained simultaneously during turn-off with the base to emitter junction reverse biased. The safe level is specified as a reverse biased safe operating area (Figure 23). This rating is verified under clamped conditions so that the device is never subjected to an avalanche mode.


Figure 22. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area


Figure 23. Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area

## BUH51

## TYPICAL THERMAL RESPONSE



Figure 24. Typical Thermal Response ( $\mathrm{Z}_{\theta \mathrm{Jc}}(\mathrm{t})$ ) for BUH51

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

TO-225
CASE 77-09
ISSUE Z

notes:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. $077-01$ THRU -08 OBSOLETE, NEW STANDARD 077-09.

|  | INCHES |  | MILLIMETERS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DIM | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| A | 0.425 | 0.435 | 10.80 | 11.04 |
| B | 0.295 | 0.305 | 7.50 | 7.74 |
| C | 0.095 | 0.105 | 2.42 | 2.66 |
| D | 0.020 | 0.026 | 0.51 | 0.66 |
| F | 0.115 | 0.130 | 2.93 | 3.30 |
| G | 0.094 BSC |  | 2.39 BSC |  |
| H | 0.050 | 0.095 | 1.27 | 2.41 |
| J | 0.015 | 0.025 | 0.39 |  |
| K | 0.575 | 0.655 | 14.61 | 16.63 |
| M | $5^{\circ}$ TYP |  | $5^{\circ}$ TYP |  |
| Q | 0.148 | 0.158 | 3.76 | 4.01 |
| R | 0.045 | 0.065 | 1.15 | 1.65 |
| S | 0.025 | 0.035 | 0.64 | 0.88 |
| U | 0.145 | 0.155 | 3.69 | 3.93 |
| V | 0.040 | --- | 1.02 | --- |

STYLE 3 :
PIN 1. BASE
2. COLLECTOR
3. EMITTER

SWITCHMODE is a trademark of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC (SCILLC).
ON Semiconductor and are registered trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC (SCILLC). SCILLC reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. SCILLC makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does SCILLC assume any liability to any products herein. SCILLC makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does SCILLC assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages.
"Typical" parameters which may be provided in SCILLC data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. SCILLC does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. SCILLC products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the SCILLC product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use SCILLC products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold SCILLC and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that SCILLC was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. SCILLC is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. This literature is subject to all applicable copyright laws and is not for resale in any manner.

## PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION

## LITERATURE FULFILLMENT

Literature Distribution Center for ON Semiconductor
P.O. Box 61312, Phoenix, Arizona 85082-1312 USA

Phone: 480-829-7710 or 800-344-3860 Toll Free USA/Canada Fax: 480-829-7709 or 800-344-3867 Toll Free USA/Canada Email: orderlit@onsemi.com
N. American Technical Support: 800-282-9855 Toll Free USA/Canada

Japan: ON Semiconductor, Japan Customer Focus Center 2-9-1 Kamimeguro, Meguro-ku, Tokyo, Japan 153-0051 Phone: 81-3-5773-3850

ON Semiconductor Website: http://onsemi.com Order Literature: http://www.onsemi.com/litorder

For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative.

