

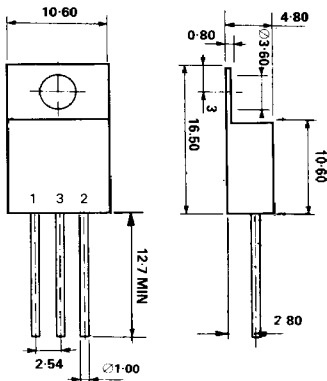
NEW PRODUCT

LM 7900-220M SERIES

NEGATIVE VOLTAGE REGULATOR TO 220 METAL

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



FEATURES

- HERMETIC TO 220 METAL PACKAGE
- HIGH RELIABILITY
- ISOLATED OPTION
- MILITARY OPTION
- SCREENING OPTIONS
- OUTPUT CURRENT UP TO 1.5A
- OUTPUT VOLTAGES OF -5, -12, -15, -24V
- THERMAL OVERLOAD PROTECTION
- SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION
- OUTPUT TRANSISTOR SOA PROTECTION

PIN 1 - Ground PIN 2 - Output PIN 3 - Input

TO 220M. Metal case. Input connected to case. Marking SML LM79XX
TO 220-ISO. Metal case. All leads isolated from case. Marking SML LM79XX-ISO

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_{CASE} = 25° unless otherwise stated)

V _i	DC input voltage (for V _o = -5 to -15V) (for V _o = -24V)	-35V -40V
I _o	Output current	Internally limited
P _D	Power dissipation	Internally limited
T _j	Junction temperature	150°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-65 to 150°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{CASE} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated)

OUTPUT VOLTAGE		-5	-12	-15	-24	
INPUT VOLTAGE (unless otherwise specified)		-10	-19	-23	-33	Unit
Parameter	Test conditions	Min. Typ. Max.	Min. Typ. Max.	Min. Typ. Max.	Min. Typ. Max.	
V_o Output voltage	$T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-4.8 -5 -5.2	-11.5 -12 -12.5	-14.4 -15 -15.6	-23 -24 -25	V
	$I_o = 5\text{mA to } 1\text{A}$ $P_o \leq 15\text{W}$	-4.75 -5 -5.25 ($V_i = -8\text{ to } -20\text{V}$)	-11.4 -12 -12.6 ($V_i = -15.5\text{ to } -27\text{V}$)	-14.3 -15 -15.7 ($V_i = -18.5\text{ to } -30\text{V}$)	-22.8 -24 -25.2 ($V_i = -27\text{ to } -38\text{V}$)	
ΔV_o Line regulation	$T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	100 ($V_i = -7\text{ to } -25\text{V}$)	240 ($V_i = -14.5\text{ to } -30\text{V}$)	300 ($V_i = -17.5\text{ to } -30\text{V}$)	480 ($V_i = -27\text{ to } -38\text{V}$)	mV
		50 ($V_i = -8\text{ to } -12\text{V}$)	120 ($V_i = -16\text{ to } -22\text{V}$)	150 ($V_i = -20\text{ to } -26\text{V}$)	240 ($V_i = -30\text{ to } -36\text{V}$)	
ΔV_o Load regulation	$T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $I_o = 5\text{mA to } 1.5\text{A}$	100	240	300	480	mV
	$T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $I_o = 250\text{ to } 750\text{mA}$	50	120	150	240	
I_d Quiescent current	$T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	2	3	3	3	mA
ΔI_d Quiescent current change	$I_o = 5\text{mA to } 1\text{A}$	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	mA
		1.3 ($V_i = -8\text{ to } -25\text{V}$)	1 ($V_i = -15\text{ to } -30\text{V}$)	1 ($V_i = -18.5\text{ to } -30\text{V}$)	1 ($V_i = -27\text{ to } -38\text{V}$)	
$\frac{\Delta V_o}{\Delta T}$ Output voltage drift	$I_o = 5\text{mA}$	-0.4	-0.8	-0.9	-1	mV/°C
e_N Output noise voltage	$B = 10\text{Hz to } 100\text{KHz}$ $T = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	100	200	250	400	μV
SVR Supply voltage rejection	$f = 100\text{Hz}$ $\Delta V_i = 10\text{V}$	54 60	54 60	54 60	54 60	dB
V_d Dropout voltage	$T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $I_o = 1\text{A}$ $\Delta V_o = 100\text{mV}$	2	1.1	1.1	1.1	V
I_{sc} Short circuit current	$V_i = 35\text{V}$ $T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	2.1	1.5	1.3	1.1	mA
I_{scp} Short circuit peak current	$T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.2	A

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated)

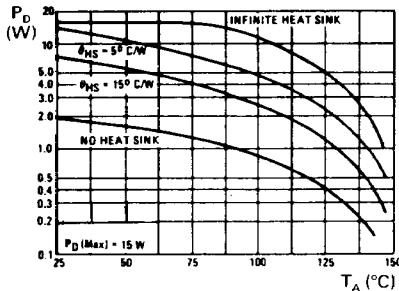


Fig. 1 Worst case Power Dissipation versus Ambient Temperature

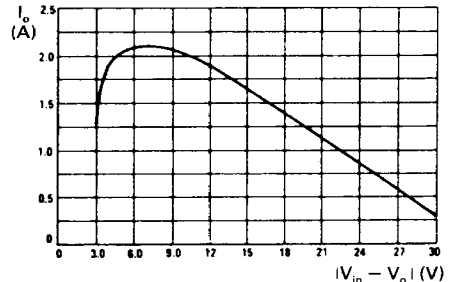


Fig. 2 Peak output current as a function of input-output differential voltage

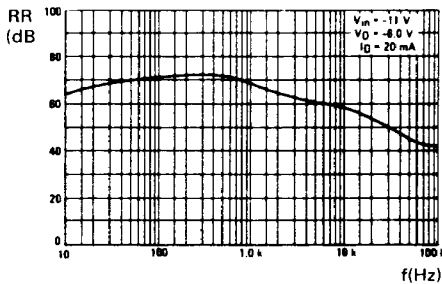


Fig. 3 Ripple rejection as a function of frequency

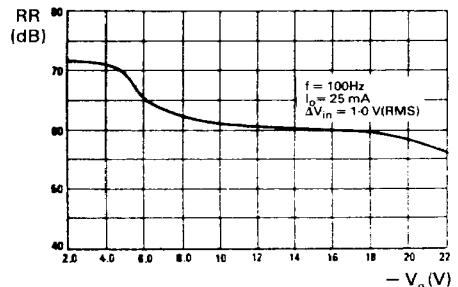


Fig. 4 Ripple rejection as a function of output voltages

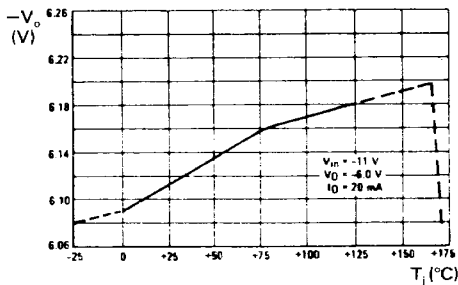


Fig. 5 Output voltage as a function of junction temperature

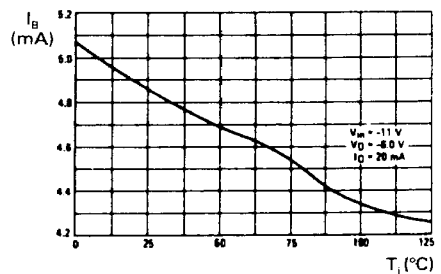
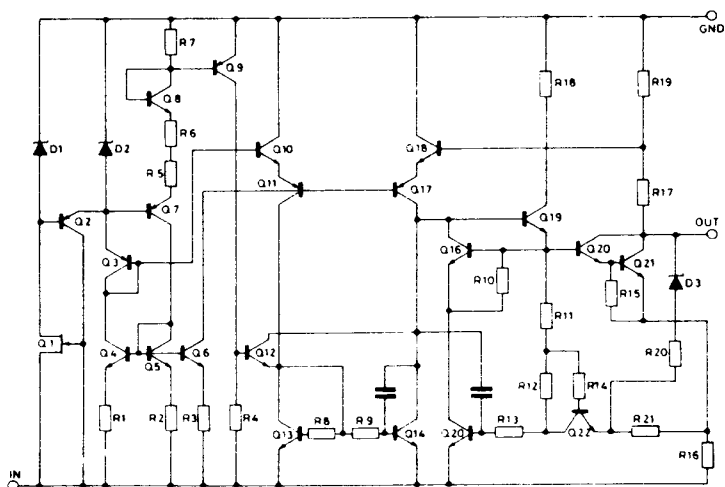
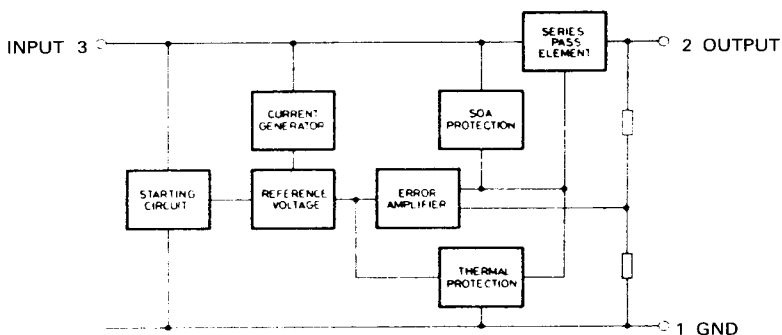


Fig. 6 Quiescent current as a function of temperature



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



BLOCK DIAGRAM

THERMAL DATA

$R_{THj-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	Max. 3°C/W
R_{THj-a}	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	Max. 50°C/W