

RC003-Series Power Modules: 16 Vdc to 32 Vdc Inputs; 3 W



Features

- Small size: 1.75 in. x 0.43 in. x 0.81 in.
- Low output noise
- Constant frequency
- High efficiency: 77% to 83% typical
- UL recognized

Options

- Right angle leads

Applications

- Distributed power architectures
- Telecommunications

The RC003-Series Power Modules use advanced, surface-mount technology and deliver high-quality, compact, dc-dc conversion at an economical price.

Description

The RC003A, B, C, BK, and CL Power Modules are dc-dc converters that operate over an input-voltage range of 16 Vdc to 32 Vdc and provide precisely regulated 5 V, 12 V, 15 V, ± 12 V, and ± 15 V outputs respectively. The outputs are isolated from the inputs, allowing versatile polarity configurations and grounding connections. The modules have maximum power ratings of 3 W at a typical full-load efficiency of 77% to 83%.

The RC003-Series is available with standard straight terminals or with a 90° bend in the terminals for lower profile mounting. This right angle lead form option is shown in the Outline Diagram and the part numbers are listed in the Ordering Information section at the end of this data sheet.

The modules are PC board mountable and encapsulated in nonconductive cases. The modules are rated to full load at 50 °C case temperature with no external filtering.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses in excess of the Absolute Maximum Ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operations sections of the data sheet. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods can adversely affect device reliability.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Voltage Continuous	V_i	—	50	V
I/O Isolation Voltage	—	—	500	V
Operating Case Temperature	T_c	-10	50	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-30	80	°C

Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions.

Table 1. Input Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage	V_i	16	24	32	Vdc
Maximum Input Current ($V_i = 0$ V to 32 V; $I_o = I_{o, max.}$)	$I_{i, max}$	—	—	0.18	A
Inrush Transient	i^2t	—	—	TBD	A ² s
Input Reflected-ripple Current, Peak-to-peak (5 Hz to 20 MHz, 12 μ H source impedance; $T_c = 25$ °C)	—	—	TBD	—	mA p-p
Input Ripple Rejection (120 Hz)	—	—	TBD	—	dB

Fusing Considerations

CAUTION: This power module is not internally fused. An input line fuse must always be used.

This encapsulated power module can be used in a wide variety of applications, ranging from simple stand-alone operation to an integrated part of a sophisticated power architecture. To preserve maximum flexibility, internal fusing is not included; however, to achieve maximum safety and system protection, always use an input line fuse. The *Underwriters Laboratories Conditions of Acceptability* requires a normal-blow, dc fuse with a maximum rating of 1 A in series with the input. Based on the information provided in this data sheet on inrush energy and maximum dc input current, the same type of fuse with a lower rating can be used. Refer to the fuse manufacturer's data for further information.

Electrical Specifications (continued)

Table 2. Output Specifications

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output Voltage (Over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions until end of life.)	RC003A	V_o	4.75	—	5.25	Vdc
	RC003B	V_o	11.40	—	12.60	Vdc
	RC003C	V_o	14.25	—	15.75	Vdc
	RC003BK	V_1	11.40	—	12.60	Vdc
		V_2	-11.40	—	-12.60	Vdc
		V_1	14.25	—	15.75	Vdc
		V_2	-14.25	—	-15.75	Vdc
Output Voltage Set Point ($V_i = 24$ V; $I_o = I_{o, \max}$; $T_c = 25$ °C)	RC003A	$V_{o, \text{set}}$	4.80	5.0	5.20	Vdc
	RC003B	$V_{o, \text{set}}$	11.45	12.0	12.36	Vdc
	RC003C	$V_{o, \text{set}}$	14.30	15.0	15.45	Vdc
	RC003BK	$V_{1, \text{set}}$	11.45	12.0	12.55	Vdc
		$V_{2, \text{set}}$	-11.45	-12.0	-12.55	Vdc
	RC003CL	$V_{1, \text{set}}$	14.30	15.00	15.50	Vdc
		$V_{2, \text{set}}$	-14.30	-15.00	-15.50	Vdc
Output Regulation: Line ($V_i = 16$ V to 32 V) Load ($I_o = I_{o, \min}$ to $I_{o, \max}$) Temperature ($T_c = -10$ °C to +50 °C)	all	—	—	0.01	0.1	%
	all	—	—	0.05	0.1	%
	RC003A	—	—	15	50	mV
	RC003B, C	—	—	50	150	mV
Output Ripple and Noise (Peak-to-peak; 5 Hz to 20 MHz)	RC003A	—	—	—	100	mV p-p
	RC003B	—	—	—	120	mV p-p
	RC003C	—	—	—	150	mV p-p
	RC003BK	—	—	—	120	mV p-p
	RC003CL	—	—	—	150	mV p-p
Output Current (At $I_o < I_{o, \min}$, the modules may exceed output ripple specifications.)	RC003A	I_o	30	—	600	mA
	RC003B	I_o	10	—	250	mA
	RC003C	I_o	10	—	200	mA
	RC003BK	I_{o1}	6	—	125	mA
		I_{o2}	6	—	125	mA
	RC003CL	I_{o1}	5	—	100	mA
		I_{o2}	5	—	100	mA
Output Current-limit Inception ($V_o = 90\%$ of $V_{o, \text{nom}}$)	RC003A	—	—	1000	—	mA
	RC003B	—	—	460	—	mA
	RC003C	—	—	360	—	mA
	RC003BK	—	—	220	—	mA
	RC003CL	—	—	180	—	mA
Output Short-circuit Current ($V_o = 250$ mV)	RC003A	—	—	100	—	mA
	RC003B	—	—	100	—	mA
	RC003C	—	—	100	—	mA
	RC003BK	—	—	75	—	mA
	RC003CL	—	—	75	—	mA
Efficiency ($V_i = 24$ V; $I_o = I_{o, \max}$; $T_c = 25$ °C)	RC003A	η	68	80	—	%
	RC003B	η	70	83	—	%
	RC003C	η	70	83	—	%
	RC003BK	η	66	77	—	%
	RC003CL	η	66	77	—	%

Electrical Specifications (continued)

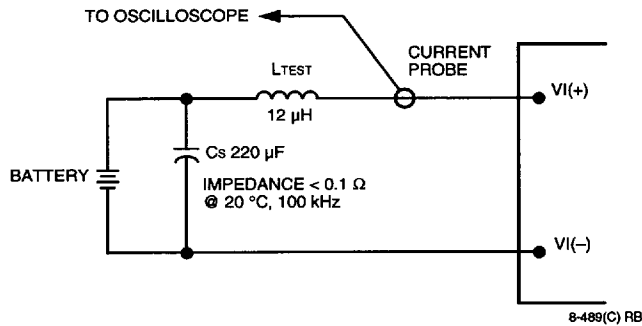
Table 3. Isolation Specifications

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Isolation Capacitance	—	50	—	pF
Isolation Resistance	100	—	—	MΩ

General Specifications

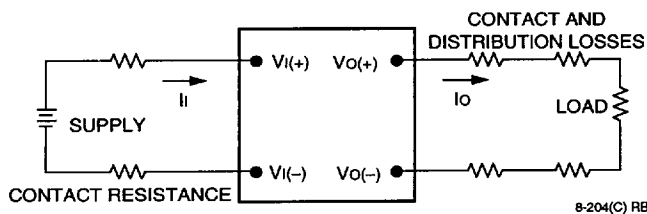
Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Calculated MTBF ($I_o = 80\%$ of $I_{o, max}$; $T_c = 40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)	TBD			hours
Weight	—	—	TBD	oz.(g)

Test Configurations



Note: Input reflected-ripple current is measured with a simulated source impedance of 12 µH. Capacitor Cs offsets possible battery impedance. Current is measured at the input of the module.

Figure 1. Input Reflected-Ripple Test Setup



Note: All measurements are taken at the module terminals. When socketing, place Kelvin connections at module terminals to avoid measurement errors due to socket contact resistance.

$$\eta = \left(\frac{[V_O(+)-V_O(-)] I_O}{[V_I(+)-V_I(-)] I_I} \right) \times 100$$

Figure 2. Output Voltage and Efficiency Measurement Test Setup

Design Considerations

Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module.

Feature Descriptions

Current Limit

To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current-limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting for an unlimited duration. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit shifts from voltage control to current control. If the output voltage is pulled very low during a severe fault, the current-limit circuit exhibits foldback characteristics (output-current decreases). The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

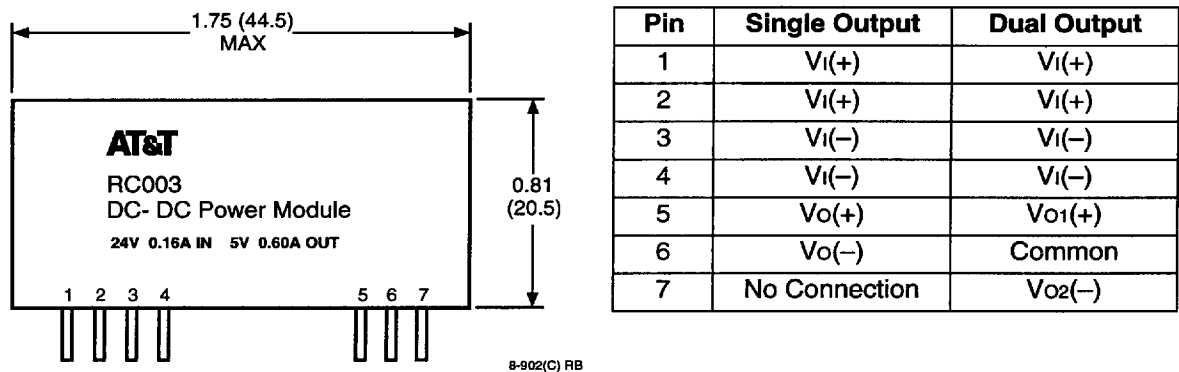
Outline Diagram

Dimensions are in inches and (millimeters).

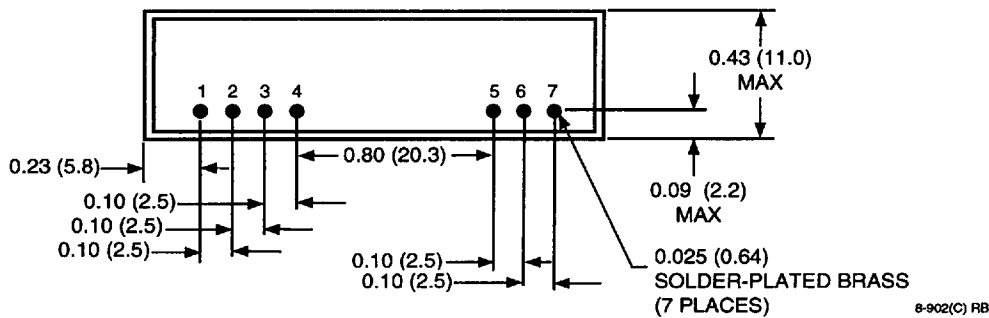
Copper paths must not be routed beneath the power module standoffs.

Tolerances: x.xx ± 0.02 in. (0.5 mm), x.xxx ± 0.010 in. (0.25 mm)

Front View



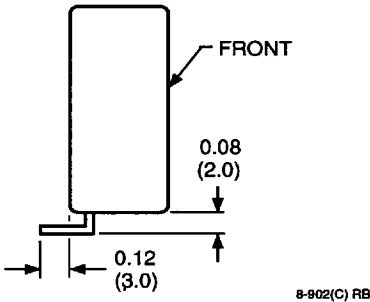
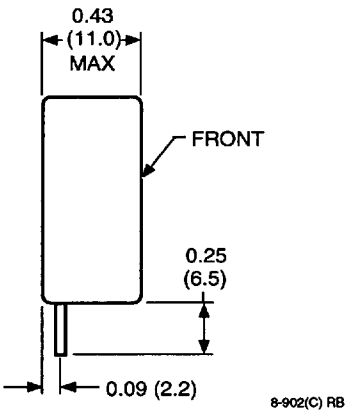
Bottom View



Edge View

Straight Lead

Right Angle Lead



Ordering Information

For assistance in ordering options, please contact your AT&T Account Manager or Application Engineer.

Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Lead Option	Output Power	Device Code	Comcode
24 V	5 V	Straight	3 W	RC003A	106762164
24 V	12 V	Straight	3 W	RC003B	106965023
24 V	15 V	Straight	3 W	RC003C	106762172
24 V	+12 V, -12 V	Straight	3 W	RC003BK	106965031
24 V	+15 V, -15 V	Straight	3 W	RC003CL	106965049
24 V	5 V	Right Angle	3 W	RC003A3	107040602
24 V	12 V	Right Angle	3 W	RC003B3	107040610
24 V	15 V	Right Angle	3 W	RC003C3	107040636
24 V	+12 V, -12 V	Right Angle	3 W	RC003BK3	107040628
24 V	+15 V, -15 V	Right Angle	3 W	RC003CL3	107040644