TOSHIBA MOS DIGITAL INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON GATE CMOS

524.288-WORD BY 18-BIT SYNCHRONOUS NO-TURNAROUND STATIC RAM

DESCRIPTION

The TC55VD818FFI is a synchronous static random access memory (SRAM) organized as 524,288 words by 18 bits. NtRAMTM(no-turnaround SRAM) offers high bandwidth by eliminating dead cycles during the transition from a read to a write and vice versa. All inputs except Output Enable \overline{OE} and the Snooze pin ZZ are synchronized with the rising edge of the CLK input. A Read operation is initiated by the ADV Address Advanced Input signal; the input from the address pins and all control pins except the \overline{OE} and ZZ pins are loaded into the internal registers on the rising edge of CLK in the cycle in which ADV is asserted. The output data is available two clock cycles later. Write operations are internally self-timed and are initiated by the rising edge of CLK in the cycle in which ADV is asserted. The input from the address pins and all control pins except the \overline{OE} and ZZ pins are loaded into the internal registers on the rising edge of CLK in the cycle in which ADV is asserted. Input data is loaded in the third cycle after the cycle in which ADV is asserted. Byte Write Enables ($\overline{BW1}$ to $\overline{BW2}$) allow from one to two Byte Write operations to be performed. A 2-bit burst address counter and control logic are integrated into this SRAM. The TC55VD818FFI uses a single power supply (3.3 V) or dual power supplies (3.3 V for core and 2.5 V for output buffer) and is available in a 100-pin low-profile plastic QFP (LQFP). The TC55VD818FFI guarantees -40° to 85°C operating temperature so it is suitable for use in wide operating temperature system.

FEATURES

- Organized as 524,288 words by 18 bits
- Fast cycle time of 7.0 ns minimum (143 MHz maximum)
- Fast access time of 4.0 ns maximum (from clock edge to data output)
- No-turnaround operation with pipeline data output
- 2-bit burst address counter (support for interleaved or linear burst sequences)
- Synchronous self-timed Write
- Byte Write control
- Snooze mode pin (ZZ) for power down
- LVTTL-compatible interface
- Single power supply (3.3 V) or Dual power supplies (3.3 V for core and 2.5 V for output buffer)
- Available in 100-pin LQFP package (LQFP100-P-1420-0.65K; pitch:0.65 mm, height:1.6 mm, weight:0.56 grams (typical))

PIN ASSIGNMENT (TOP VIEW)

95 93 91 89 87 85 83 81 97 79 NC 78 NC П 77 VDDQ 76 VSSQ 75III NC 71 Vssc 70 W VDDQ 691777 1/06 I/O13 III 68III I/O5 VDD 15 VDD 16 VDD 16 Ves 17 67⊞ Vss 65 VDD 64 ZZ 63 I/O4 Vss 117 I/O14 118 62 I/O3 61 VDDQ i/O15 🞞 VDDQ Ⅲ20 Vssq = 21 I/O16 = 22 I/O17 = 23 I/O18 = 24 60Ⅲ Vssc 59LLL 1/O2 58 1/O1 57 NC NC = 25 56 Ⅲ NC Vssq = 26 VDDQ = 27 NC = 28 55 Vssc 54 VDDQ 53Ⅲ NC NC 29 3 NC 30 31 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 33 35 37 39 41 43 45 47 49 8888888888888888888

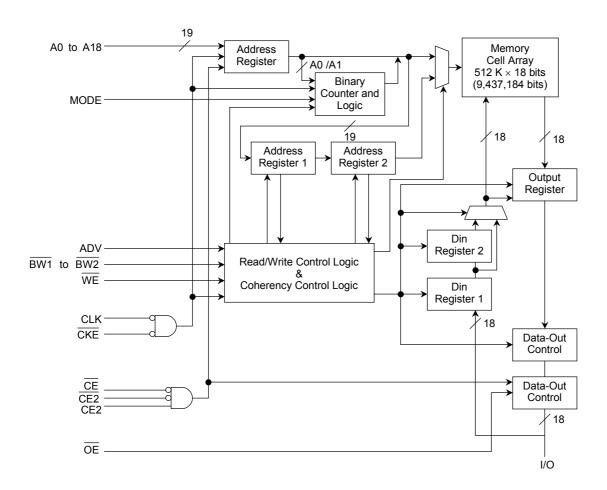
PIN NAMES

CLK	Clock Input
A0 to A18	Address Inputs
CE, CE2, CE2	Chip Enable Inputs
ŌĒ	Output Enable Input
WE	Write Enable input
BW1 to BW2	Byte Write Enable
ADV	Address Advance Input
CKE	Clock Enable
ZZ	Snooze Input
I/O1 to I/O18	Data Inputs/Outputs
MODE	Mode select Input
NC	No Connection
NU	Not Usable
V_{DD}	Power Supply for Core
V_{DDQ}	Power Supply for Output Buffer
V _{SS}	Ground for Core
V_{SSQ}	Ground for Output Buffer

Note: NtRAMTM and No-Turnaround Random Access Memory are trademarks of Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd..



BLOCK DIAGRAM





PIN DESCRIPTIONS

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
89	CLK	Input (NA)	Clock Input All synchronous input signals are registered on the rising edge of CLK. When the chip is enabled, address inputs and control pins except for OE and ZZ must meet the specified setup and hold times with respect to the CLK rising edge.
37, 36, 35, 34, 33, 32, 100, 99, 82, 81, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 83, 80	A0 to A18	Input (synchronous)	Address Inputs These address inputs are registered on the rising edge of CLK. When the chip is enabled, address inputs must meet the specified setup and hold times with respect to the CLK rising edge.
98	CE	Input (synchronous)	Chip Enable Input This active-Low signal controls the chip status (enabled or disabled). It is sampled only when a new external address is loaded.
92	CE2	Input (synchronous)	Chip Enable Input This active-Low signal controls the chip status (enabled or disabled). It is sampled only when a new external address is loaded.
97	CE2	Input (synchronous)	Chip Enable Input This active-High signal controls the chip status (enabled or disabled). It is sampled only when a new external address is loaded.
86	ŌĒ	Input (asynchronous)	Output Enable Input This active-Low signal controls all 18 bits of the I/O output buffer.
88	WE	Input (synchronous)	Write Enable Input This active-Low input controls Read/Write operations.
93, 94	BW1 to BW2	Input (synchronous)	Byte Write Enable These active-Low inputs control Byte Write operations when a Write cycle is active. A Byte Write pin controls I/O pins as follows. BW1: I/O1 to I/O9 BW2: I/O10 to I/O18
85	ADV	Input (synchronous)	Address Advance Input This is used to load the internal registers with the input from the address and control signals when it is Low on the rising edge of CLK. When it is High, the internal burst address counter is incremented. The external address inputs are ignored when this signal is High.
87	CKE	Input (synchronous)	Clock Enable When High, CLK input is ignored and outputs retain the same state.
64	ZZ	Input (asynchronous)	Snooze Input This active-High signal is used to place the device into Sleep Mode (Low-Power Standby Mode). When Low, the device remains in the Active state. When High, the device goes into the Sleep state and memory data is retained. After this signal has been de-asserted, the device will wake up when a read or write operation is initiated by ADV.

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
58, 59, 62, 63, 68, 69, 72, 73, 74, 8, 9, 12, 13, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24	I/O1 to I/O18	I/O (synchronous)	Data Input/Output
31	MODE	Input (synchronous)	Mode Select Input This signal selects the burst sequence. When High, the burst sequence is interleaved. When Low, it is linear.
1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 25, 28, 29, 30, 39, 42, 43, 51, 52, 53, 56, 57, 75, 78, 79, 84, 95, 96	NC	NC	Not Connected
38	NU	Input (asynchronous)	Not Usable
14, 15, 16, 41, 65, 66, 91	VDD	Supply	Power Supply for Core
4, 11, 20, 27, 54, 61, 70, 77	VDDQ	Supply	Power Supply for Output Buffers
17, 40, 67, 90	VSS	Ground	Ground for Core
5, 10, 21, 26, 55, 60, 71, 76	VSSQ	Ground	Ground for Output Buffers



OPERATING MODE

(1) Synchronous Input Truth Table

OPERATION	WE	ADV	CE	BW	Addr. Used	CKE	ZZ	I/O (2 cycles later)
Read (begin burst)	Н	L	Select	Х	External	L	L	Output
Read (continue burst)	Х	Н	Х	Х	Internal	L	L	Output
Write (begin burst)	L	L	Select	L	External	L	L	Input
Write (continue burst)	Х	Н	Х	L	Internal	L	L	Input
NOP/Write Abort (begin burst)	L	L	Select	Н	Х	L	L	Hi-Z
Write Abort (continue burst)	Х	Н	Х	Н	Internal	L	L	Hi-Z
Deselected	Х	L	Deselect	Х	Х	L	L	Hi-Z
Deselect Continue (Note 2)	Х	Н	Х	Х	Х	L	L	Hi-Z
Ignore Clock Edge (Note 3)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Н	L	Previous value
Snooze	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Н	Hi-Z

Notes: 1. H means logical High and L means logical Low. X means Don't care.

- 2. A Deselect Continue cycle can only be entered if a Deselect cycle is executed before it.
- 3. When the Ignore Clock Edge command is asserted during a Read operation, the output data for the previous cycle still appear on the I/O pins. When the command is asserted during a Write operation, the I/O pins remain at Hi-Z and the Write operation is not executed.
- 4. All synchronous Inputs must exhibit adequate setup and hold times either side of the rising edge of the CLK pin.
- 5. ZZ input is asynchronous, but is included is this table.

(2) Write Enable Truth Table

OPERATION	WE	BW1	BW2	I/O1 to I/O9	I/O10 to I/O18
Read	Н	Х	X Output		Output
	L	L	L	Input	Input
Write	L	L	Н	Input	Hi-Z
vviite	L	Н	L	Hi-Z	Input
	L	Н	Н	Hi-Z	Hi-Z

Notes: 1. H means logical High and L means logical Low. X means Don't care.

The status for I/O pins described in this column appears two clock cycles after the cycle in which the Read or Write command is asserted.

(3) Asynchronous Inputs Truth Table

OPERATION	ŌĒ	ZZ	I/O
Read	L	L	Dout
Neau	Н	L	Hi-Z
Write	X	L	Din, Hi-Z
Stop clock (Note 2)	Н	L	Hi-Z
Stop clock (Note 2)	L	L	Low-Z
Snooze (Note 3)	X	Н	Hi-Z

Notes: 1. H means logical High and L means logical Low. X means Don't care.

- 2. The Stop CLK Mode achieves Low-Power Standby by stopping the input clock.
- 3. The Snooze Mode achieves Low-Power Standby by asserting the ZZ pin.
- 4. The cycle immediately prior to a Snooze brought about by the ZZ pin must be a Read Mode or Deselect Mode cycle.
- 5. Memory data is retained during Snooze Mode cycles.



(4) Burst Sequence

MODE PIN	BURST OPERATION
L	Linear burst order
H or NC	Interleaved burst order

a) Linear Burst Sequence (MODE input = V_{SS})

Bit Order : A_{18} ----- A_1 A_0

1st Address (external)	2nd Address (internal)	3rd Address (internal)	4th Address (internal)
XX XX00	XX XX01	XX XX10	XX XX11
XX XX01	XX XX10	XX XX11	XX XX00
XX XX10	XX XX11	XX XX00	XX XX01
XX XX11	XX XX00	XX XX01	XX XX10

b) Interleaved Burst Sequence (MODE input = V_{DD} or NC)

Bit Order : A_{18} ----- A_1 A_0

1st Address (external)	2nd Address (internal)	3rd Address (internal)	4th Address (internal)
XX XX00	XX XX01	XX XX10	XX XX11
XX XX01	XX XX00	XX XX11	XX XX10
XX XX10	XX XX11	XX XX00	XX XX01
XX XX11	XX XX10	XX XX01	XX XX00

DEVICE OPERATION

(1) Read Operation

CYCLE	ADDRESS	WE	BW	ADV	CE	ŌĒ	CKE	I/O	OPERATION
n	A0	Н	Х	L	L	Х	L	Х	Address & control valid
n + 1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	L	Х	
n + 2	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	L	Х	Q0	Read out A0

Notes: 1. H means logical High and L means logical Low. X means Don't care. Q is data output.

(2) Burst Read Operation

CYCLE	ADDRESS	WE	BW	ADV	CE	ŌĒ	CKE	I/O	OPERATION
n	A0	Н	Х	L	L	Х	L	Х	Address & control valid
n + 1	Х	Χ	Χ	Н	Χ	Х	L	Х	
n + 2	Х	Х	Х	Н	Х	L	L	Q0	Read out A0
n + 3	Х	X	X	Н	X	L	L	Q0 + 1	Read out A0 + 1
n + 4	Х	X	X	Н	X	L	L	Q0 + 2	Read out A0 + 2
n + 5	A1	Н	Х	L	L	L	L	Q0 + 3	Read out A0 + 3
n + 6	Х	Х	Х	Н	Х	L	L	Q0	Read out A0
n + 7	Х	X	X	Н	X	L	L	Q1	Read out A1
n + 8	A2	Н	X	L	L	L	L	Q1 + 1	Read out A1 + 1
n + 9	A3	Н	Х	L	L	L	L	Q1 + 2	Read out A1 + 2
n + 10	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	L	L	Q2	Read out A2

Notes: 1. H means logical High and L means logical Low. X means Don't care. Q is data output.



(3) Write Operation

CYCLE	ADDRESS	WE	BW	ADV	CE	ŌE	CKE	I/O	OPERATION
n	A0	L	L	L	L	Х	L	Χ	Address & control valid
n + 1	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	L	X	
n + 2	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	L	D0	Write to A0

Notes: 1. H means logical High and L means logical Low. X means Don't care. D is data input.

(4) Burst Write Operation

CYCLE	ADDRESS	WE	BW	ADV	CE	ŌĒ	CKE	I/O	OPERATION
n	A0	L	L	L	L	Х	L	Х	Address & control valid
n + 1	Х	Х	L	Н	Χ	Х	L	Х	
n + 2	Х	Х	L	Н	Х	Х	L	D0	Write A0
n + 3	Х	Х	L	Н	Х	Х	L	D0 + 1	Write A0 + 1
n + 4	Х	X	L	Н	X	X	L	D0 + 2	Write A0 + 2
n + 5	A1	L	L	L	L	Х	L	D0 + 3	Write A0 + 3
n + 6	Х	Χ	L	Н	Х	Χ	L	D0	Write A0
n + 7	Х	X	L	Н	X	X	L	D1	Write A1
n + 8	A2	L	L	L	L	X	L	D1 + 1	Write A1 + 1
n + 9	A3	L	L	L	L	Х	L	D1 + 2	Write A1 + 2
n + 10	Х	Х	L	Х	Х	Х	L	D2	Write A2

Notes: 1. H means logical High and L means logical Low. X means Don't care. D is data input.

(5) Read Operation with Clock Enable

CYCLE	ADDRESS	WE	BW	ADV	CE	ŌĒ	CKE	I/O	OPERATION
n	A0	Н	Х	L	L	Χ	L	Х	Address & control valid
n + 1	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Н	Х	Ignore cycle
n + 2	A1	Н	Х	L	L	Х	L	Х	Address & control valid
n + 3	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	L	Н	Q0	Ignore clock, Q0 is on bus
n + 4	Х	X	Х	X	Х	L	Н	Q0	Ignore clock, Q0 is on bus
n + 5	A2	Н	Х	L	L	L	L	Q0	Read out A0
n + 6	A3	Н	Х	L	L	L	L	Q1	Read out A1
n + 7	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	L	L	Q2	Read out A2

Notes: 1. H means logical High and L means logical Low. X means Don't care. Q is data output.



(6) Write Operation with Clock Enable

CYCLE	ADDRESS	WE	BW	ADV	CE	ŌE	CKE	I/O	OPERATION
n	A0	L	L	L	L	Х	L	Χ	Address & control valid
n + 1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Н	Х	Ignore clock
n + 2	A1	L	L	L	L	Х	L	Χ	Address & control valid
n + 3	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Н	Х	Ignore clock
n + 4	Х	X	X	Х	X	Х	Н	Χ	Ignore clock
n + 5	A2	L	L	L	L	Х	L	D0	Address & control valid
n + 6	A3	L	L	L	L	Х	L	D1	Write A1
n + 7	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	L	D2	Write A2

Notes: 1. H means logical High and L means logical Low. X means Don't care. D is data input.

(7) Read Operation with Chip Enable

CYCLE	ADDRESS	WE	BW	ADV	CE	ŌE	CKE	I/O	OPERATION
n	A0	Н	Х	L	L	Χ	L	Х	Address & control valid
n + 1	Х	Χ	Χ	L	Н	Х	L	Х	Deselect
n + 2	A1	Н	X	L	L	L	L	Q0	Read A0
n + 3	Х	Х	Х	L	Н	Х	L	Z	Deselect
n + 4	Х	Х	Х	L	Н	L	L	Q1	Read A1
n + 5	A2	Н	Х	L	L	Х	L	Z	Deselect
n + 6	Х	Х	Х	L	Н	Х	L	Z	Deselect
n + 7	Х	Х	Х	L	Н	L	L	Q2	Read A2

Notes: 1. H means logical High and L means logical Low. X means Don't care. Q is data output. Z means Hi-Z.

(8) Write Operation with Chip Enable

CYCLE	ADDRESS	WE	BW	ADV	CE	ŌĒ	CKE	I/O	OPERATION
n	A0	L	L	L	L	Χ	L	Х	Address & control valid
n + 1	Х	X	Х	L	Н	Х	L	Х	Deselect
n + 2	A1	L	L	L	L	Х	L	D0	Write A0
n + 3	Х	X	Х	L	Н	Х	L	Z	Deselect
n + 4	Х	Х	Х	L	Н	Х	L	D1	Write A1
n + 5	A2	L	L	L	L	Х	L	Z	Deselect
n + 6	Х	Х	Х	L	Н	Х	L	Z	Deselect
n + 7	Х	Х	Х	L	Н	Х	L	D2	Write A2

Notes: 1. H means logical High and L means logical Low. X means Don't care. D is data input. Z means Hi-Z.



MAXIMUM RATINGS

SYMBOL	RATING	VALUE	UNIT
V_{DD}	Power Supply Voltage	-0.5 to 4.6	V
V_{DDQ}	Output Buffer Power Supply Voltage	-0.5 to V _{DD} + 0.5 (≤ 4.6 V max)	V
V _{IN}	Input Terminal Voltage	-0.5* to 4.6	V
V _{I/O}	Input/Output Terminal Voltage	-0.5* to V _{DDQ} + 0.5** (≤ 4.6 V max)	V
P _D	Power Dissipation	1.5	W
T _{solder}	Soldering Temperature (10s)	260	°C
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature	-65 to 150	°C
T _{opr}	Operating Temperature	-40 to 85	°C

^{*:} -1.0 V with a pulse width of 20% of t_{KC} min (3 ns max)

DC RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Ta = -40° to 85°C)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
V_{DD}	Power Supply Voltage	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V_{DDQ}	Output Buffer Power Supply Voltage	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.0	_	V _{DD} + 0.3**	V
V _{IH1}	Input High Voltage for MODE pin	V _{DD} – 0.3	V_{DD}	V _{DD} + 0.3	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	-0.3*	_	0.8	V
V _{IL1}	Input Low Voltage for MODE and NU pins	-0.3	0.0	0.3	V

^{*:} -0.7 V with a pulse width of 20% of t_{KC} min (3 ns max)

Note: The NU pin must be low or not connected.

You must not apply a voltage of more than 0.8 V to the NU.

^{**:} V_{DDQ} + 1.0 V with a pulse width of 20% of t_{KC} min (3 ns max)

^{**:} V_{DDQ} + 0.7 V with a pulse width of 20% of t_{KC} min (3 ns max)



$\underline{DC\ CHARACTERISTICS}$ (Ta = -40° to $85^{\circ}C,\ V_{DD} = V_{DDQ} = 3.3\ V \pm 5\ \%)$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
I _{IL}	Input Leakage Current	V _{IN} = 0 to V _{DD}		-1	_	1	μА
I _{NU}	Input Current (NU pin)	V _{IN} = 0 to 0.3 V		-1	_	1	μА
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current	Device Deselected or Output Deselect V _{OUT} = 0 to V _{DDQ}	ed,	-1	_	1	μА
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$		2.4		_	V
VOH	Output High Voltage	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$		V _{DDQ} - 0.2		_	V
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$	$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$			0.4	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
VOL	Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 100 μA	_	_	0.2	V	
Innov	Operating Current	I _{OUT} = 0 mA,	143 MHz	_		400	mA
I _{DDO1}	Operating Current All Inputs = $V_{DD} - 0$ Clock $\geq t_{KC}$ Minimu	Clock ≥ t _{KC} Minimum	133 MHz		_	380	IIIA
	Operating Current	Device Deselected IOUT = 0 mA,	143 MHz	_	_	170	A
I _{DDO2}	(idle)	$\label{eq:local_potential} \begin{aligned} & \text{All Inputs} = \text{V}_{DD} - 0.2 \text{ V} / 0.2 \text{ V} \\ & \text{Clock} \geq t_{KC} \text{ Minimum} \end{aligned}$	133 MHz	_	_	160	mA
I _{DDS1}	Standby Current (TTL level)	Clock = V _{SS} All Inputs = V _{IH} or V _{IL}		_	_	60	mA
I _{DDS2}	Standby Current (MOS level)	Clock = V _{SS} All Inputs = V _{DD} - 0.2 V or 0.2 V		_	_	10	mA
I _{DDS3}	Standby Current (Snooze Mode)	$\begin{split} ZZ &\geq V_{DD} - 0.2 \text{ V} \\ \text{All Inputs} &= V_{DD} - 0.2 \text{ V or } 0.2 \text{ V} \\ \text{Clock} &\geq t_{KC} \text{ Minimum} \end{split}$		_	_	10	mA
I _{DDS4}	Standby Current (CKE Mode)	$\begin{tabular}{l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l $		_	_	10	mA

Note: Operating Current (I_{DDO1}) is specified with 50% Read cycles and 50% Write cycles.

CAPACITANCE (Ta = 25°C, f = 1 .0 MHz)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MAX	UNIT
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	V _{IN} = GND	5	pF
C _{I/O}	Input/Output Capacitance	V _{I/O} = GND	7	pF
C _{NU}	Input Capacitance of NU	V _{IN} = GND	10	pF

Note: This parameter is periodically sampled and is not 100% tested.



<u>AC CHARACTERISTICS</u> (Ta = -40° to 85° C, $V_{DD} = V_{DDQ} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 5 \%$)

			TC55VI	D818FFI		
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	-1	43	-1	133	UNIT
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	1
t _{KC}	CLK Cycle Time	7.0	_	7.5	_	
t _{KH}	CLK High Pulse Width	2	_	2.3	_	
t _{KL}	CLK Low Pulse Width	2	_	2.3	_	
t _{KQV}	CLK High to Output Valid	_	4	_	4.2	
t _{KQX}	CLK High to Output Invalid	1.5	_	1.5	_	
t _{KQLZ}	CLK High to Output Low-Z	2.0	_	2.0	_	
t _{KQHZ}	CLK High to Output High-Z	1.5	3.5	1.5	3.5	
t_{GQV}	OE Low to Output Valid	_	4	_	4.2	
t _{GQLZ}	OE Low to Output Low-Z	1.5	_	1.5	_	
t _{GQHZ}	OE High to Output High-Z	1.5	4	1.5	4.2	
t _{AS}	Address Setup Time from CLK	2	_	2	_	
t _{DS}	Data Setup Time from CLK	1.5	_	1.7	_	
t _{WS}	WE Setup Time from CLK	2	_	2	_	
t _{CES}	CE Setup Time from CLK	2	_	2	_	ns
t _{ADVS}	ADV Setup Time from CLK	2	_	2	_	115
t _{BWS}	BW Setup Time from CLK	2	_	2	_	
t _{CKES}	CKE Setup Time from CLK	2	_	2	_	
t _{AH}	Address Hold Time from CLK	0.5	_	0.5	_	
t _{DH}	Data Hold Time from CLK	0.5	_	0.5	_	
t _{WH}	WE Hold Time from CLK	0.5	_	0.5	_	
t _{CEH}	CE Hold Time from CLK	0.5	_	0.5	_	
t _{ADVH}	ADV Hold Time from CLK	0.5	_	0.5	_	
t _{BWH}	BW Hold Time from CLK	0.5	_	0.5	_	
t _{CKEH}	CKE Hold Time from CLK	0.5	_	0.5	_	
t _{ZZ}	ZZ High to Input Ignored	0	2t _{KC}	0	2t _{KC}	
t _{ZZR}	ZZ Low to Input Sampled	0	2t _{KC}	0	2t _{KC}	
tzzHZ	ZZ High to Output High-Z	0	2t _{KC}	0	2t _{KC}	
t _{ZZLZ}	ZZ Low to Output Low-Z	0		0		

AC TEST CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION
Input Pulse Level	3.0 V/ 0.0 V
Input Pulse Rise and Fall Time	1 V/ns (20%/80%)
Input Timing Measurement Reference Level	1.5 V
Output Timing Measurement Reference Level	1.5 V
Output Load	As shown in Fig.1 and Fig.2

Fig.1:AC test load

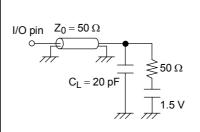
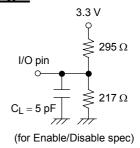


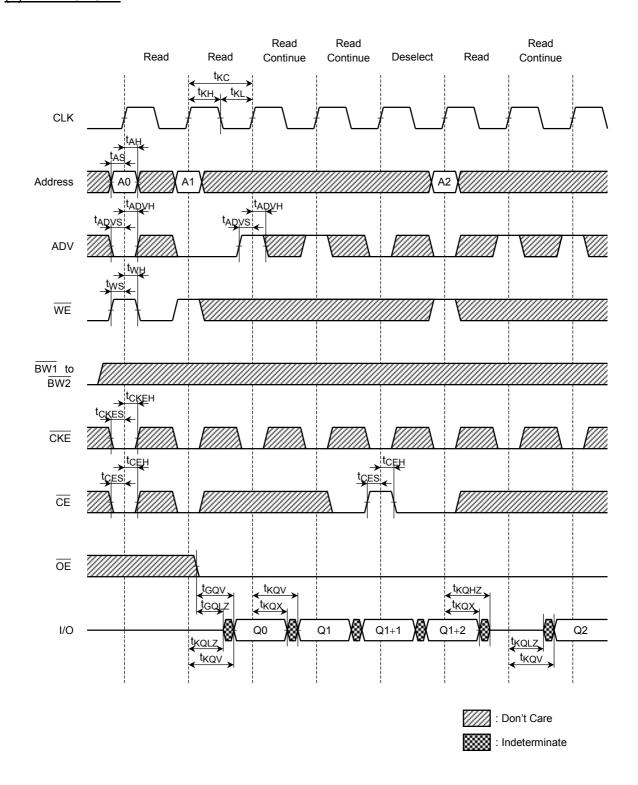
Fig.2:AC test load





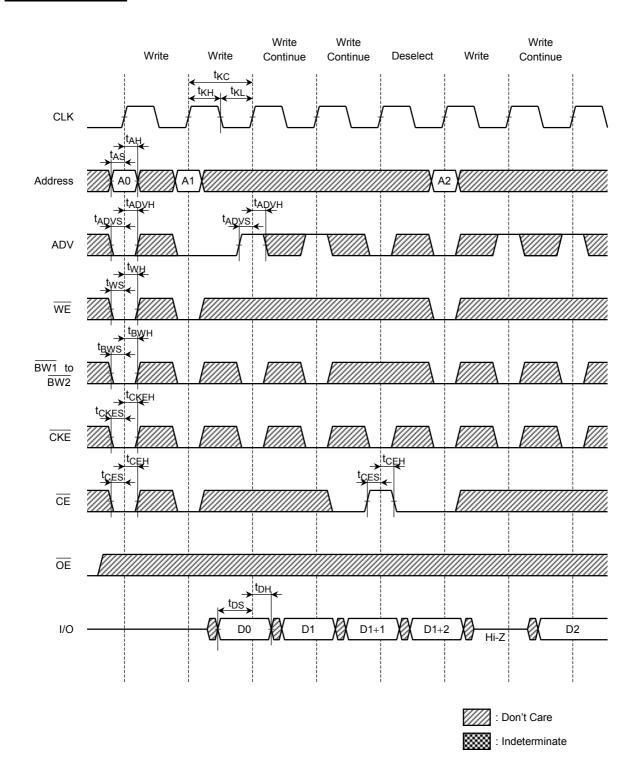
TIMING DIAGRAMS

(1) READ CYCLE



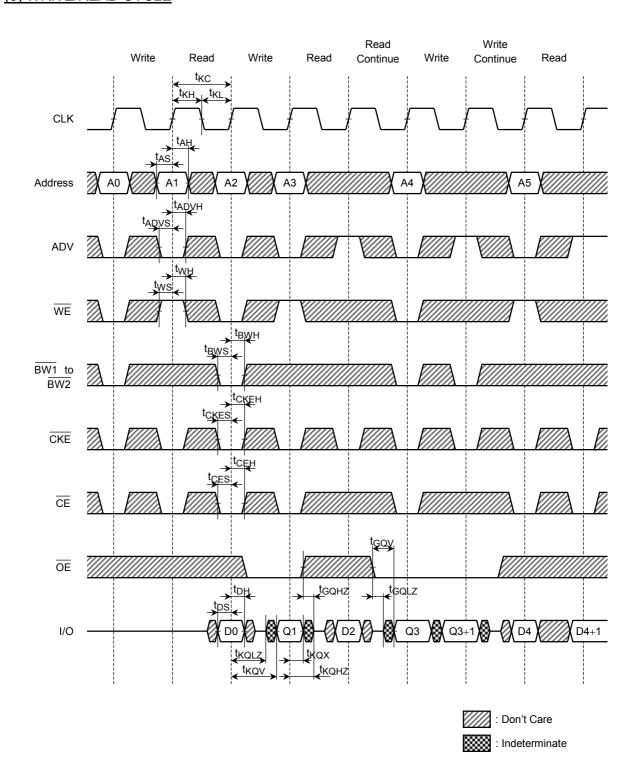


(2) WRITE CYCLE



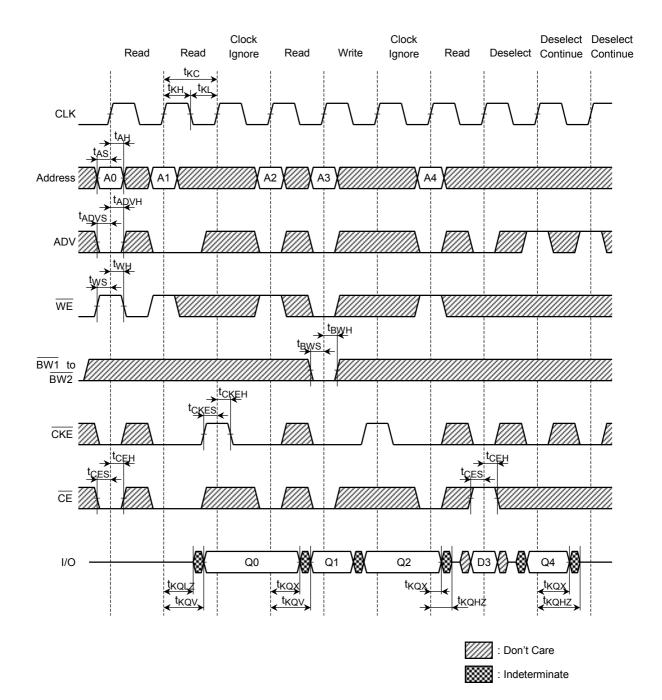


(3) WRITE/READ CYCLE



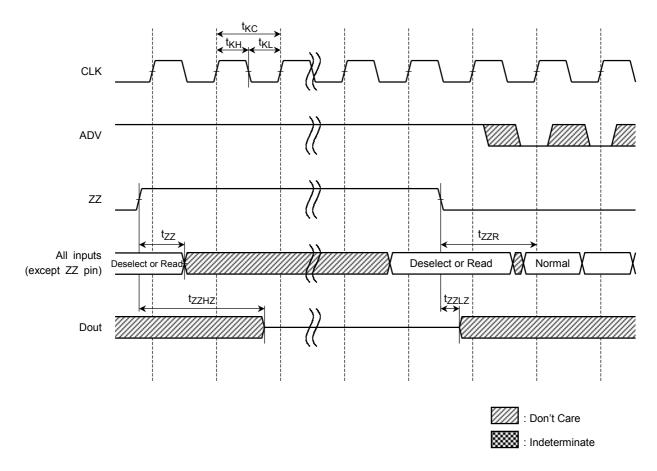


(4) CLOCK IGNORE/DESELECT CYCLE





(5) SNOOZE CYCLE

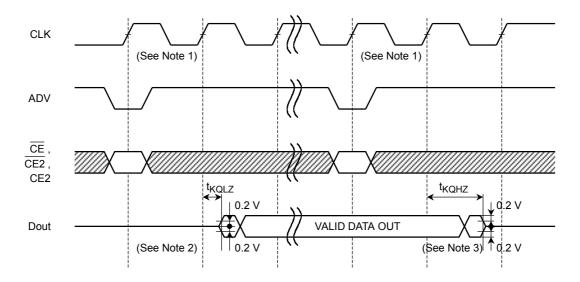


Notes: 1. The 2 cycles immediately prior to a Snooze brought about by the ZZ pin must be Read or Deselect cycles.

2. Memory data is retained during Snooze cycles.

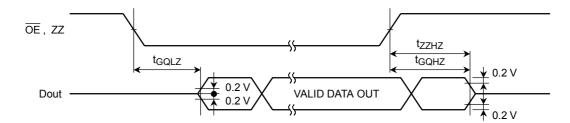
- Notes: 1. Do not apply opposite data polarity to the I/O pins when they are in the output state.
 - 2. Output enable and output disable times are specified as follows using the output load shown in Fig.1.

(A) tkqlz, tkqhz



- Notes: 1. Input states are defined in the Synchronous Input Truth Table.
 - If the device was previously deselected, when the device is selected, the output remains in a high impedance state in the present clock cycle regardless of OE because of the output enable delay register. Valid data appears in the second clock cycle when OE is low.
 - 3. When the device is deselected, the output goes into a high impedance state in the next clock cycle regardless of $\overline{\text{OE}}$.

(B) t_{GQLZ}, t_{GQHZ}, t_{ZZHZ}





V_{DDQ} = 2.5 V Interface specification

DC RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Ta = -40° to 85°C)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
V _{DD}	Power Supply Voltage	3.135	3.3	3.465	٧
V_{DDQ}	Output Buffer Power Supply Voltage	2.375	2.5	2.9	V
V	Input High Voltage for Address and Control pins	1.7	_	V _{DD} + 0.3**	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage for I/O pins	1.7	_	V _{DDQ} + 0.3***	V
V _{IH1}	Input High Voltage for MODE pin	V _{DD} – 0.3	V _{DD}	V _{DD} + 0.3	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	-0.3*	_	0.7	V
V _{IL1}	Input Low Voltage for MODE and NU pins	-0.3	0.0	0.3	V

^{*:} -0.7 V with a pulse width of 20% of t_{KC} min (3 ns max)

Note: The NU pin must be low or not connected.

You must not apply a voltage of more than 0.8 V to the NU.

DC CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = -40° to 85°C, $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 5 \text{ %}$, $V_{DDQ} = 2.375 \text{ V}$ to 2.9 V)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
I _{IL}	Input Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 0$ to V_{DD}	-1	_	1	μΑ	
I _{NU}	Input Current (NU pin)	V _{IN} = 0 to 0.3 V	-1	_	1	μА	
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current	Device Deselected or Output Deselected V _{OUT} = 0 to V _{DDQ}	-1	_	1	μΑ	
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	$I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$		1.7			· V
		$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$		V _{DDQ} – 0.2	_	_	
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 2 mA		_		0.7	V
		I _{OL} = 100 μA		_		0.2	
Innov	Operating Current	$\begin{split} &I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA,} \\ &\text{All Inputs} = V_{DD} - 0.2 \text{ V/0.2 V} \\ &\text{Clock} \geq t_{KC} \text{ Minimum} \end{split}$	143 MHz	_		400	- mA
I _{DDO1}			133 MHz	_	_	380	
	Operating Current (idle)	Device Deselected $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA, All Inputs = $V_{DD} - 0.2$ V/0.2 V Clock $\geq t_{KC}$ Minimum	143 MHz	_	_	170	A
I _{DDO2}			133 MHz	_	_	160	mA
I _{DDS2}	Standby Current (MOS level)	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Clock} = \text{V}_{SS} \\ &\text{All Inputs} = \text{V}_{DD} - \text{0.2 V or 0.2 V} \end{aligned}$		_	_	10	mA
I _{DDS3}	Standby Current (Snooze Mode)	$\begin{split} ZZ \ge V_{DD} - 0.2 \ V \\ \text{All Inputs} = V_{DD} - 0.2 \ V \ \text{or} \ 0.2 \ V \\ \text{Clock} \ge t_{KC} \ \text{Minimum} \end{split}$		_	_	10	mA
I _{DDS4}	Standby Current (CKE Mode)	$\label{eq:cke} \begin{array}{ll} \overline{\text{CKE}} & \geq \text{V}_{IH} \\ \text{All Inputs} = \text{V}_{DD} - 0.2 \text{ V or } 0.2 \text{ V} \\ \text{Clock} \geq \text{t}_{KC} \text{ Minimum} \end{array}$		_	_	10	mA

Note: Operating Current (I_{DDO1}) is specified with 50% Read cycles and 50% Write cycles.

^{**:} V_{DD} + 0.7 V with a pulse width of 20% of t_{KC} min (3 ns max)

^{***:} V_{DDQ} + 0.7 V with a pulse width of 20% of t_{KC} min (3 ns max)

TOSHIBA

<u>AC CHARACTERISTICS</u> (Ta = -40° to 85° C, $V_{DD} = 3.3~V \pm 5~\%$, $V_{DDQ} = 2.375~V$ to 2.9 V)

		TC55VD818FFI				
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	-143		-133		UNIT
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX]
t _{KC}	CLK Cycle Time	7.0	_	7.5	_	
t _{KH}	CLK High Pulse Width	2	_	2.3	_	
t _{KL}	CLK Low Pulse Width	2	_	2.3	_	
t _{KQV}	CLK High to Output Valid	_	4	_	4.2	
t _{KQX}	CLK High to Output Invalid	1.5	_	1.5	_	
t _{KQLZ}	CLK High to Output Low-Z	2.0	_	2.0	_	
t _{KQHZ}	CLK High to Output High-Z	1.5	3.5	1.5	3.5	
t_{GQV}	OE Low to Output Valid	_	4	_	4.2	
t _{GQLZ}	OE Low to Output Low-Z	1.5	_	1.5	_	
t _{GQHZ}	OE High to Output High-Z	1.5	4	1.5	4.2	
t _{AS}	Address Setup Time from CLK	2	_	2	_	
t _{DS}	Data Setup Time from CLK	1.5	_	1.7	_	
t _{WS}	WE Setup Time from CLK	2	_	2	_	
t _{CES}	CE Setup Time from CLK	2	_	2	_	ns
t _{ADVS}	ADV Setup Time from CLK	2	_	2	_	115
t _{BWS}	BW Setup Time from CLK	2	_	2	_	
t _{CKES}	CKE Setup Time from CLK	2	_	2	_	
t _{AH}	Address Hold Time from CLK	0.5	_	0.5	_	
t _{DH}	Data Hold Time from CLK	0.5	_	0.5	_	
t _{WH}	WE Hold Time from CLK	0.5	_	0.5	_	
t _{CEH}	CE Hold Time from CLK	0.5	_	0.5	_	
t _{ADVH}	ADV Hold Time from CLK	0.5	_	0.5	_	
t _{BWH}	BW Hold Time from CLK	0.5	_	0.5	_	
t _{CKEH}	CKE Hold Time from CLK	0.5	_	0.5	_	
t _{ZZ}	ZZ High to Input Ignored	0	2t _{KC}	0	2t _{KC}	
t _{ZZR}	ZZ Low to Input Sampled	0	2t _{KC}	0	2t _{KC}	
tzzHZ	ZZ High to Output High-Z	0	2t _{KC}	0	2t _{KC}	
t _{ZZLZ}	ZZ Low to Output Low-Z	0		0		

AC TEST CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION			
Input Pulse Level	2.3 V/ 0.0 V			
Input Pulse Rise and Fall Time	1 V/ns (20%/80%)			
Input Timing Measurement Reference Level	1.15 V			
Output Timing Measurement Reference Level	1.15 V			
Output Load	As shown in Fig.1 and Fig.2			

Fig.1:AC test load

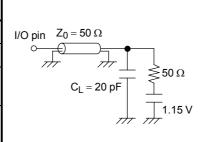
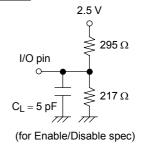
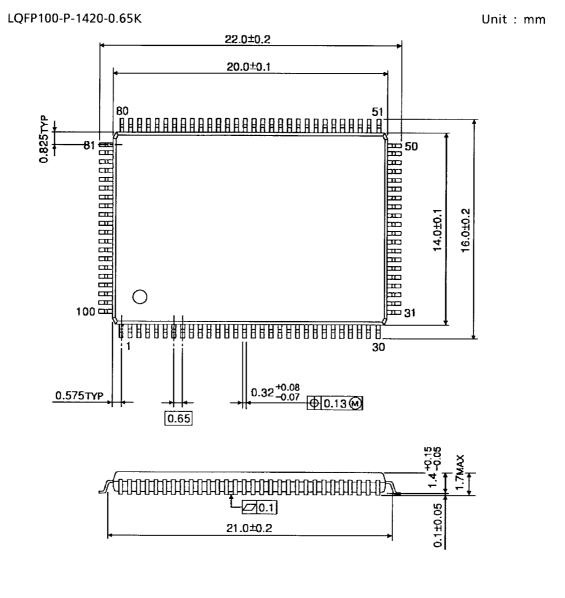
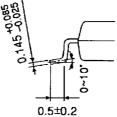


Fig.2:AC test load



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS





Weight: 0.56 g (typ)

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000707EBA

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