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## Interfacing the X9241 XDCPs to 8051 Microcontrollers

*by Applications Staff, June 2000*

The X9241 has a variety of different instructions that provide flexibility to the designer. Additionally, the nonvolatile nature of the device allows for stored wiper positions that can be retrieved after power cycles. The following code implements all of the available X9241 instructions using a standard bi-directional bus protocol. Although the routines occupy less than 300 bytes of program memory, designers who won't need to implement all of the X9241 instructions can shorten the code by removing any unnecessary routines. However, this will necessitate the reassembly of the code.

For those instructions which program the nonvolatile data registers (XFR\_WCR, GXFR\_WCR, and WRITE\_DR), acknowledge polling has been implemented to determine an early completion of the internal write cycle. Although this is automatically handled by the routines, a word or two regarding the procedure is in order. After issuing a start condition, the master sends a slave address and receives an acknowledge. It then issues an instruction byte to the X9241 and again receives an acknowledge. If necessary, it now transmits the data byte and receives a final acknowledge. The master must then initiate a stop condition which will cause the X9241 to begin an internal write cycle. The X9241 pins go high impedance until this internal cycle is complete. The master can now begin acknowledge polling by successively sending start conditions

followed by “dummy” instructions. When the X9241 finally answers with an acknowledge, the internal write cycle has been completed and the master must initiate a stop condition. After the next start condition, the X9241 is ready to receive further instructions.

In the code listing, an assumption was made that the code would execute upon a reset of the microcontroller. The code was also loaded into low memory, however this can be changed with an ORG assembler directive. A simple MAIN program to exercise these routines is included on the next page. In this listing, the commands cause an X9241 (at A3A2A1A0 = 0000) to be accessed and the WCR of XDCP #2 to be rewritten with the value 43 (for wiper tap position #43). Then a 15 pulse decrement of the wiper tap is initiated, causing the selected WCR to be reduced to the value 28 (for wiper tap position #28). The issuing of other commands follows the same general procedure.

In Figure 1, a representative hardware connection between the X9241 and an 8051 family microcontroller is shown. The pull-up resistors on the SDA and SCL lines are determined by the total capacitance of all of the devices connected to the bus, which is about 18pF in this case, however these may not be necessary since I/O port pins on 8051 family devices have internal pull-ups.

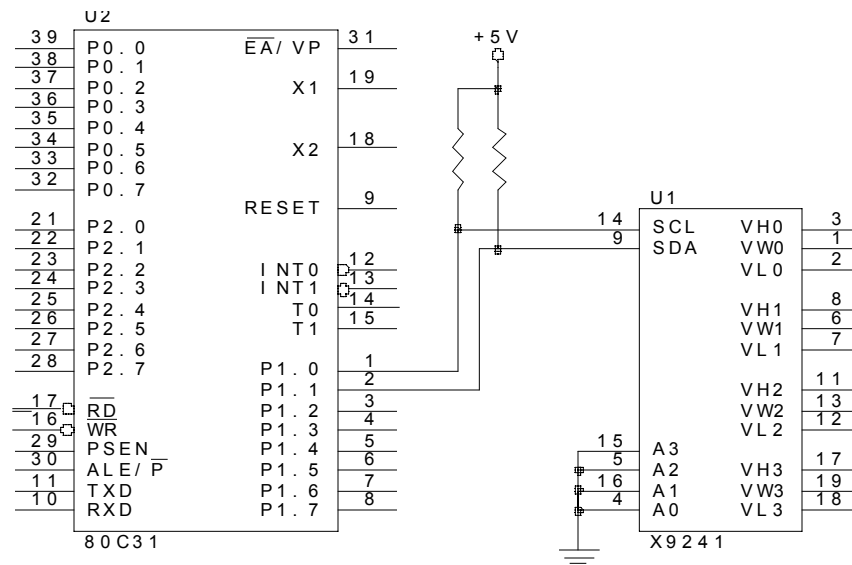


Figure 1. Typical connection between an 80C31 and an X9241 (with A3A2A1A0 = 0000)

## Code Listing 1: Sample MAIN Code Listing for Using the Following Interface Routines

```

MAIN:      mov  ADDR_BYTE,#01010000b      ;* LOAD SLAVE ADDRESS BYTE
           mov  ID,#00001000b           ;* LOAD ID BYTE (EEPOT #2)
           mov  COMMAND,#4              ;* WRITE TO WCR
           mov  DATA_BYTE,#00101011b   ;* SET D5D4D3D2D1D0 = 101011
           call INTERPRET
           mov  ID,#00001000b           ;* RELOAD ID BYTE (EEPOT #2)
           mov  PULSES,#00001111b      ;* DEC FOR 15 PULSES
           mov  COMMAND,#32             ;* INCREMENT/DECREMENT WIPER
           call INTERPRET
           .
           .
           .
  
```

## Code Listing 2: 80C31 Microcontroller Routines for Manipulating AN X9241

```

1  ;*****
2  ;*
3  ;* 80C31 MICROCONTROLLER ROUTINES FOR MANIPULATING AN X9241
4  ;*
5  ;*
6  ;* (C) XICOR INC. 1993
7  ;*
8  ;*****
9  SCL      bit    p1.0      ;* 80C31 PIN USED AS SCL
10 SDA      bit    p1.1      ;* 80C31 PIN USED AS SDA
11 TEMP     equ    r1        ;* SCRATCH REGISTER
12 COUNT    equ    r2        ;* LOOP COUNTING REGISTER
  
```



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```
REG      13      PULSES      equ    r3      ;* BITS -> DIR X##### (# = 1 or 0)
REG      14      COMMAND     equ    r4      ;* INSTRUCTION (I.E. 0,4,8,12,16,...)
REG      15      ID          equ    r5      ;* BITS -> 0 0 0 0 P1 P0 R1 R0
REG      16      ADDR_BYTE  equ    r6      ;* BITS -> 0 1 0 1 A3 A2 A1 A0
REG      17      DATA_BYTE equ    r7      ;* BITS -> CM DW D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0

18      ;*****
19      ;*
20      ;* INSERT A "JUMP TO MAIN" INSTRUCTION INTO 80C31 RESET
21      ;* VECTOR POSITION
22      ;*
23      ;*****

0000     24          org      0000h      ;* RESET VECTOR HANDLER
25          ;* AT THIS ADDRESS
0000 02 01 2C 26          jmp      MAIN

27      ;*****
28      ;*
29      ;* NAME: INTERPRET
30      ;* FUNCTION: DETERMINES WHICH X9241 INSTRUCTION IS ISSUED,
31      ;* THEN EXECUTES
32      ;* INPUTS: COMMAND
33      ;* OUTPUTS: NONE
34      ;* CALLS: READ_WCR, READ_DR, WRITE_WCR, WRITE_DR, XFR_DR,
35      ;* XFR_WCR, GXFR_DR, GXFR_WCR, INC_WIPER
36      ;* AFFECTED: DPTR,A
37      ;*
38      ;*****

0003 90 00 08 39 INTERPRET:  mov  dptr,#FIRST ;* JMP BASE ADDRESS
0006 EC        40          mov  a,COMMAND ;* JMP OFFSET
0007 73        41          jmp  @a+dptr ;* JUMP TO INSTRUCTION
42          ;* HANDLER
0008 12 00 2C 43 FIRST:    call  READ_WCR ;* COMMAND #0
000B 22        44          ret
000C 12 00 37 45          call  WRITE_WCR ;* COMMAND #4
000F 22        46          ret
0010 12 00 42 47          call  READ_DR ;* COMMAND #8
0013 22        48          ret
0014 12 00 4D 49          call  WRITE_DR ;* COMMAND #12
0017 22        50          ret
0018 12 00 58 51          call  XFR_DR ;* COMMAND #16
001B 22        52          ret
001C 12 00 63 53          call  XFR_WCR ;* COMMAND #20
001F 22        54          ret
0020 12 00 6E 55          call  GXFR_DR ;* COMMAND #24
0023 22        56          ret
0024 12 00 79 57          call  GXFR_WCR ;* COMMAND #28
0027 22        58          ret
0028 12 00 84 59          call  INC_WIPER ;* COMMAND #32
002B 22        60          ret

61      ;*****
62      ;*
```



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```
63 ;* THE FOLLOWING ROUTINES HANDLE EACH X9241 INSTRUCTIONS.
64 ;* THESE ARE CALLED BY THE INTERPRET ROUTINE AND ARE
65 ;* STRAIGHT FORWARD
66 ;*
67 ;* READ_WCR - READS A WCR AND RETURNS ITS' VALUE IN
68 ;* DATA_BYTE
69 ;* WRITE_WCR - WRITES THE VALUE IN DATA_BYTE TO A WCR
70 ;* READ_DR - READS A DATA REGISTER AND RETURNS ITS' VALUE
71 ;* IN DATA_BYTE
72 ;* WRITE_DR - WRITES THE VALUE IN DATA_BYTE TO A DATA
73 ;* REGISTER
74 ;* XFR_DR - TRANSFERS THE VALUE IN A DATA REGISTER TO ITS'
75 ;* WCR
76 ;* XFR_WCR - TRANSFERS THE VALUE IN A WCR TO ONE OF ITS'
77 ;* DATA REGISTERS
78 ;* GXFR_DR - GLOBAL TRANSFER OF LIKE DATA REGISTERS TO
79 ;* THEIR WCRS
80 ;* GXFR_WCR - GLOBAL TRANSFER OF WCRS TO THEIR LIKE DATA
81 ;* REGISTERS
82 ;* INC_WIPER - SINGLE STEP INCREMENT/DECREMENT OF WIPER
83 ;* POSITION FOR WCR
84 ;*
85 ;* FUNCTION: APPENDS BITS P1,P0,R1,R0 TO THE APPROPRIATE
86 ;* INSTRUCTION CODE & PASSES THE INSTRUCTION BYTE TO THE
87 ;* INSTRUCTION GENERATOR
88 ;* INPUTS: ID
89 ;* OUTPUTS: NONE
90 ;* CALLS: INSTR_GEN
91 ;* AFFECTED: ID,A,DPTR
92 ;*
93 ;*****
```

```
002C ED          94 READ_WCR:  mov  a,ID          ;* GET BITS P1 P0 X X
002D 44 90       95          orl  a,#090h       ;* APPEND TO READ_WCR
                                96          ;* INSTRUCTION CODE
002F FD          97          mov  ID,a           ;* SAVE THE RESULT
0030 90 00 B2    98          mov  dptr,#CASE1    ;* JMP BASE ADDRESS FOR THIS
                                100         ;* INSTRUCTION

0033 12 00 8F    101          call  INSTR_GEN
0036 22          102          ret
0037 ED          103 WRITE_WCR: mov  a,ID          ;* GET BITS P1 P0 X X
0038 44 A0       104          orl  a,#0A0h       ;* APPEND TO WRITE_WCR
                                105         ;* INSTRUCTION CODE
003A FD          106          mov  ID,a           ;* SAVE THE RESULT
003B 90 00 AB    107          mov  dptr,#CASE2    ;* JMP BASE ADDRESS FOR THIS
                                108         ;* INSTRUCTION

003E 12 00 8F    109          call  INSTR_GEN
0041 22          110          ret
0042 ED          111 READ_DR:  mov  a,ID          ;* GET BITS P1 P0 R1 R0
0043 44 B0       112          orl  a,#0B0h       ;* APPEND TO READ_DR
                                113         ;* INSTRUCTION CODE
0045 FD          114          mov  ID,a           ;* SAVE THE RESULT
0046 90 00 B2    115          mov  dptr,#CASE1    ;* JMP BASE ADDRESS FOR THIS
```



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```
116 ;* INSTRUCTION
0049 12 00 8F 117 call INSTR_GEN
004C 22 118 ret
004D ED 119 WRITE_DR: mov a,ID ;* GET BITS P1 P0 R1 R0
004E 44 C0 120 orl a,#0C0h ;* APPEND TO WRITE_DR
121 ;* INSTRUCTION CODE
0050 FD 122 mov ID, a ;* SAVE THE RESULT
0051 90 00 B8 123 mov dptr,#CASE3 ;* JMP BASE ADDRESS FOR THIS
124 ;* INSTRUCTION
0054 12 00 8F 125 call INSTR_GEN
0057 22 126 ret
127
0058 ED 128 XFR_DR: mov a,ID ;* GET BITS P1 P0 R1 R0
0059 44 D0 127 orl a,#0D0h ;* APPEND TO XFR_DR
128 ;* INSTRUCTION CODE
005B FD 129 mov ID, a ;* SAVE THE RESULT
005C 90 00 A8 129 mov dptr,#CASE4 ;* JMP BASE ADDRESS FOR THIS
130 ;* INSTRUCTION
005F 12 00 8F 131 call INSTR_GEN
0062 22 132 ret
0063 ED 133 XFR_WCR: mov a,ID ;* GET BITS P1 P0 R1 R0
0064 44 E0 134 orl a,#0E0h ;* APPEND TO XFR_WCR
135 ;* INSTRUCTION CODE
0066 FD 136 mov ID, a ;* SAVE THE RESULT
0067 90 00 C5 137 mov dptr,#CASE5 ;* JMP BASE ADDRESS FOR THIS
138 ;* INSTRUCTION
006A 12 00 8F 139 call INSTR_GEN
006D 22 140 ret
006E ED 141 GXFR_DR: mov a,ID ;* GET BITS X X R1 R0
006F 44 10 142 orl a,#010h ;* APPEND TO GXFR_DR
143 ;* INSTRUCTION CODE
0071 FD 144 mov ID, a ;* SAVE THE RESULT
0072 90 00 A8 145 mov dptr,#CASE4 ;* JMP BASE ADDRESS FOR THIS
146 ;* INSTRUCTION
0075 12 00 8F 147 call INSTR_GEN
0078 22 148 ret
0079 ED 149 GXFR_WCR: mov a,ID ;* GET BITS X X R1 R0
007A 44 80 150 orl a,#080h ;* APPEND TO GXFR_WCR
151 ;* INSTRUCTION CODE
007C FD 152 mov ID, a ;* SAVE THE RESULT
007D 90 00 C5 153 mov dptr,#CASE5 ;* JMP BASE ADDRESS FOR
154 ;* THIS INSTRUCTION
0080 12 00 8F 155 call INSTR_GEN
0083 22 156 ret
0084 ED 157 INC_WIPER: mov a,ID ;* GET BITS P1 P0 X X
0085 44 20 158 orl a,#020h ;* APPEND TO INC_WIPER
159 ;* INSTRUCTION CODE
0087 FD 160 mov ID,a ;* SAVE THE RESULT
0088 90 00 9C 161 mov dptr,#CASE6 ;* JMP BASE ADDRESS FOR
162 ;* THIS INSTRUCTION
008B 12 00 8F 163 call INSTR_GEN
008E 22 164 ret
165 ;*****
166 ;*
```



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167 ;* NAME: INSTR_GEN (INSTRUCTION GENERATOR)
168 ;* FUNCTION: ISSUES APPROPRIATE I2C PROTOCOL FOR EACH X9241
169 ;* INSTRUCTION
170 ;* INPUTS: ADDR_BYTE, ID, PULSES, DPTR, DATA_BYTE
171 ;* OUTPUTS: DATA_BYTE
172 ;* CALLS: START_COND, STOP_COND, SEND_BYTE, SEND_BIT,
173 ;* GET_BYTE, POLLING
174 ;* AFFECTED: DATA_BYTE, A, COUNT
175 ;*
176 ;*****

```

```

008F 12 01 04 177 INSTR_GEN: call START_COND ;* ISSUE AN I2C START
178 ;* CONDITION
0092 EE 179 mov a, ADDR_BYTE ;* SEND X9241 ADDRESS BYTE
0093 12 00 CF 180 call SEND_BYTE
0096 ED 181 mov a, ID ;* SEND X9241 INSTRUCTION
182 ;* BYTE
0097 12 00 CF 183 call SEND_BYTE
009A E4 184 clr a ;* JMP OFFSET (DON'T NEED
185 ;* AN OFFSET)
009B 73 186 jmp @ a +dptr ;* JUMP TO VARIOUS
187 ;* INSTRUCTION CASES
009C EB 188 CASE6: mov a, PULSES ;* A <- BITS DIR X D5 D4 D3
189 ;* D2 D1 D0
009D 54 3F 190 anl a, #00111111b ;* A <- BITS 0 0 D5 D4 D3
191 ;* D2 D1 D0
009F F9 192 mov COUNT, a ;* SAVE AS THE NUMBER OF
193 ;* PULSES
00A0 EB 194 mov a, PULSES
00A1 54 80 195 anl a, #10000000b ;* A <- BITS DIR 0 0 0 0 0
196 ;* 0 0
00A3 12 00 E1 197 WIPER_LOOP: call SEND_BIT ;* SEND THE BIT (A SINGLE
198 ;* PULSE)
00A6 D9 FB [00A3] 199 djnz COUNT, WIPER_LOOP ;* CONTINUE UNTIL ALL
200 ;* PULSES ARE SENT
00A8 02 00 CB 201 CASE4: jmp STOP_GEN ;* IF PROGRAM GETS HERE,
202 ;* THEN IT'S DONE
00AB EF 203 CASE2: mov a, DATA_BYTE ;* SEND X9241 DATA BYTE
00AC 12 00 CF 204 call SEND_BYTE
00AF 02 00 CB 205 jmp STOP_GEN
00B2 12 00 F6 206 CASE1: call GET_BYTE ;* RECEIVE X9241 DATA BYTE
00B5 02 00 CB 207 jmp STOP_GEN
00B8 EF 208 CASE3: mov a, DATA_BYTE ;* SEND X9241 DATA BYTE
00B9 12 00 CF 209 call SEND_BYTE
00BC 12 01 15 210 call STOP_COND ;* ISSUE A STOP CONDITION
00BF 12 01 24 211 call POLLING ;* BEGIN ACKNOWLEDGE POLLING
00C2 02 00 CB 212 jmp STOP_GEN
00C5 12 01 15 213 CASE5: call STOP_COND ;* ISSUE A STOP CONDITION
00C8 12 01 24 214 call POLLING ;* BEGIN ACKNOWLEDGE POLLING
00CB 12 01 15 215 STOP_GEN: call STOP_COND ;* I2C TRANSMISSION OVER!
00CE 22 216 ret

217 ;*****
218 ;*
219 ;* NAME: SEND_BYTE

```



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```
220 ;* FUNCTION: SENDS 8 BITS (FROM MSB TO LSB) TO SDA AND
221 ;* READS 1 BIT FROM SDA
222 ;* INPUTS: A
223 ;* OUTPUTS: NONE
224 ;* CALLS: SEND_BIT,GET_BIT
225 ;* AFFECTED: COUNT,TEMP,A
226 ;*
227 ;*****

00CF 79 08      228 SEND_BYTE:  mov  COUNT,#8      ;* SET LOOP FOR 8
                                   ;* REPETITIONS
00D1 F8         229                                   ;* STORE AS SHIFTED BYTE (NO
                                   ;* SHIFT)
00D2 E8         230                               ;* RETRIEVE LAST SAVED
                                   ;* SHIFTED BYTE
00D3 54 80      231 BIT_LOOP:   mov  a,TEMP        ;* MASK FOR MSB (MOST
                                   ;* SIGNIFICANT BIT)
00D5 12 00 E1   232                               ;* PLACE THIS BIT ON SDA
00D8 E8         233 NEXT_BIT:   mov  a,TEMP        ;* RETRIEVE LAST SAVED
                                   ;* SHIFTED BYTE
00D9 23         234                               ;* ROTATE ALL BITS 1
                                   ;* POSITION LEFT
00DA F8         241                               ;* STORE THIS UPDATED
                                   ;* SHIFTED BYTE
00DB D9 F5 [00D2] 243                               ;* WHEN DONE ALL 8 BITS,
00DD 12 00 EB   244                               ;* READ SDA LINE
00E0 22         245                               ;*
                                   ;*
00E1 C2 91      246                               ;*
00E3 60 02 [00E7] 247 ;*****
00E5 D2 91      248 ;*
00E7 12 00 EB   249 ;* NAME: SEND_BIT
00EA 22         250 ;* FUNCTION: PLACES A BIT ON SDA AND INITIATES A CLOCK
00ED 60 02 [00E7] 251 ;* PULSE ON SCL
00EF 12 00 EB   252 ;* INPUTS: A
00F1 60 02 [00E7] 253 ;* OUTPUTS: NONE
00F3 60 02 [00E7] 254 ;* CALLS: CLOCK
00F5 60 02 [00E7] 255 ;* AFFECTED: SDA
00F7 60 02 [00E7] 256 ;*
00F9 60 02 [00E7] 257 ;*****

00E1 C2 91      258 SEND_BIT:   clr  SDA          ;* PULL SDA LOW
00E3 60 02 [00E7] 259                jz  SENT_ZERO        ;* SHOULD SDA REALLY BE LOW?
00E5 D2 91      260                setb SDA            ;* IF NOT, PULL SDA HIGH
00E7 12 00 EB   261 SENT_ZERO: call CLOCK        ;* INITIATE A CLOCK PULSE
00EA 22         262                ret

263 ;*****
264 ;*
265 ;* NAME: CLOCK
266 ;* FUNCTION: ISSUES A LOW-HIGH-LOW CLOCK PULSE OF
267 ;* SUFFICIENT DURATION & READS SDA DURING THE HIGH PHASE,
268 ;* JUST IN CASE IT'S NEEDED
269 ;* INPUTS: NONE
270 ;* OUTPUTS: C
```



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```
271 ;* CALLS: NONE
272 ;* AFFECTED: SCL,C
273 ;*
274 ;*****

00EB 00          275 CLOCK:      nop                ;* LET SDA SET-UP
00EC D2 90       276          setb SCL          ;* PULL SCL HIGH AND HOLD
00EE 00          277          nop
00EF 00          278          nop
00F0 00          279          nop
00F1 A2 91       280          mov  c,SDA        ;* MOVE SDA BIT INTO CARRY FLAG
00F3 C2 90       281          clr  SCL        ;* PULL SCL LOW
00F5 22          282          ret

283 ;*****
284 ;*
285 ;* NAME: GET_BYTE
286 ;* FUNCTION: RECEIVES 8 BITS FROM SDA (MSB TO LSB) AND
287 ;* SENDS 1 BIT TO SDA
288 ;* INPUTS: NONE
289 ;* OUTPUTS: DATA_BYTE
290 ;* CALLS: CLOCK,SEND_BIT
291 ;* AFFECTED: COUNT,SDA,A,DATA_BYTE
292 ;*
293 ;*****

00F6 D2 91       294 GET_BYTE:  setb SDA        ;* RECEIVER SHOULDN'T DRIVE SDA
295                                     ;* LOW
00F8 79 08       296          mov  COUNT,#8    ;* SET LOOP COUNTER TO 8
297                                     ;* REPETITIONS
00FA 11 EB [00EB] 298 GET_LOOP:  call CLOCK      ;* CLOCK IN THE CURRENT BIT
00FC 33          299          rlc  a           ;* RECONSTRUCT BYTE USING LEFT
300                                     ;* SHIFTS
00FD D9 FB [00FA] 301          djnz COUNT,GET_LOOP
00FF FF          302          mov  DATA_BYTE,a ;* STORE RETRIEVED BYTE
303                                     ;* FOR USER
0100 E4          304          clr  a           ;* A <- LOW (SENDING A 0)
0101 11 E1 [00E1] 305          call END_BIT     ;* SEND AN ACKNOWLEDGE
0103 22          306          ret

307 ;*****
308 ;*
309 ;* NAME: START_COND (START CONDITION)
310 ;* FUNCTION: ISSUES AN I2C BUS START CONDITION
311 ;* INPUTS: NONE
312 ;* OUTPUTS: NONE
313 ;* CALLS: NONE
314 ;* AFFECTED: SDA,SCL
315 ;*
316 ;*****

0104 D2 91       317 START_COND: setb SDA      ;* PULL SDA HIGH AND ALLOW SET-UP
0106 D2 90       318          setb SCL      ;* PULL SCL HIGH AND HOLD
0108 00          319          nop
0109 00          320          nop
```





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```
010A 00      321          nop
010B 00      322          nop
010C C2 91   323          clr  SDA          ;* PULL SDA LOW (SCL=HIGH) AND HOLD
010E 00      324          nop
010F 00      325          nop
0110 00      326          nop
0111 00      327          nop
0112 C2 90   328          clr  SCL          ;* COMPLETE CLOCK PULSE
0114 22      329          ret

330          ;*****
331          ;*
332          ;* NAME: STOP_COND (STOP CONDITION)
333          ;* FUNCTION: ISSUES AN I2C BUS STOP CONDITION
334          ;* INPUTS: NONE
335          ;* OUTPUTS: NONE
336          ;* CALLS: NONE
337          ;* AFFECTED: SDA,SCL
338          ;*
339          ;*****

0115 C2 91   340 STOP_COND:  clr  SDA          ;* PULL SDA LOW AND HOLD
0117 D2 90   341          setb SCL         ;* PULL SCL HIGH AND HOLD
0119 00      342          nop

011A 00      343          nop
011B 00      344          nop
011C 00      345          nop
011D D2 91   346          setb SDA         ;* PULL SDA HIGH (SCL=HIGH)
011F 22      347          ret

348          ;*****
349          ;*
350          ;* NAME: ACK_SEND (SEND ACKNOWLEDGE)
351          ;* FUNCTION: SENDS AN ACKNOWLEDGE BIT TO COMPLETE SDA LINE
352          ;* DATA READS
353          ;* INPUTS: NONE
354          ;* OUTPUTS: NONE
355          ;* CALLS: SEND_BIT
356          ;* AFFECTED: A
357          ;*
358          ;*****

0120 E4      359 ACK_SEND:  clr  a              ;* A <- LOW (SENDING A 0)
0121 11 E1 [00E1] 360          call SEND_BIT         ;* SEND THE BIT!
0123 22      361          ret

362          ;*****
363          ;*
364          ;* NAME: POLLING (ACKNOWLEDGE POLLING FOR XFR_WCR,
365          ;* WRITE_DR, GXFR_WCR)
366          ;* FUNCTION: SENDS DUMMY COMMANDS TO X9241 DURING AN
367          ;* INTERNAL WRITE CYCLE SO THAT THE END OF THE CYCLE IS
368          ;* MARKED BY AN ACKNOWLEDGE
369          ;* INPUTS: ADDR_BYTE
```



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```
370 ;* OUTPUTS: NONE
371 ;* CALLS: START_COND,SEND_BYTE
372 ;* AFFECTED: C
373 ;*
374 ;*****

0124 31 04 [0104] 375 POLLING:    call START_COND    ;* REESTABLISH I2C PROTOCOL
0126 EE          376          mov  a,ADDR_BYTE    ;* ATTEMPT TO SEND A DUMMY
                                377                                ;* COMMAND
0127 11 CF [00CF] 378 AGAIN:      call SEND_BYTE      ;* IF C=1, THEN THERE WAS NO
0129 40 F9 [0124] 379          jc    POLLING    ;* ACKNOWLEDGE
                                380
012B 22          381          ret

                                382 ;*****
                                383 ;*
                                384 ;* PUT MAIN PROGRAM HERE...
                                385 ;*
                                386 ;*****

012C          387 MAIN:
```

ASSEMBLY END, ERRORS:0, LAST CODE ADDRESS:012BH, TOTAL BYTES:299