## N-channel 24V-0.0052 - 60A - DPAK/IPAK STripFET ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ II Power MOSFET

## General features

| Type | $\mathbf{V}_{\text {DSS }}$ | $\mathbf{R}_{\text {DS(on }}$ | $\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{D}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STD90NH02L-1 | 24 V | $<0.006 \Omega$ | $60 \mathrm{~A}^{(1)}$ |
| STD90NH02L | 24 V | $<0.006 \Omega$ | $60 \mathrm{~A}^{(1)}$ |

1. Value limited by wire bonding

- $R_{D S(O N)}{ }^{*} Q_{g}$ industry's benchmark
- Conduction losses reduced

■ Switching losses reduced
■ Low threshold device

## Description

The device utilizes the latest advanced design rules of ST's proprietary STripFET ${ }^{T M}$ technology. This is suitable for the most demanding DC-DC converter application where high efficiency is to be achieved.

## Applications

- Switching application


Internal schematic diagram


SC08440

## Order codes

| Part number | Marking | Package | Packaging |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STD90NH02LT4 | D90NH02L | DPAK | Tape \& reel |
| STD90NH02L-1 | D90NH02L | IPAK | Tube |

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## 1 Electrical ratings

Table 1. Absolute maximum ratings

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {spike }}{ }^{(1)}$ | Drain-source voltage rating | 30 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DS}}$ | Drain-source voltage $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0\right)$ | 24 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DGR}}$ | Drain-gate voltage $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{GS}}=20 \mathrm{k} \Omega\right)$ | 24 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}$ | Gate-source voltage | $\pm 20$ | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{(2)}$ | Drain current (continuous) at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 60 | A |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{(2)}$ | Drain current (continuous) at <br> $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 60 | A |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DM}}{ }^{(3)}$ | Drain current (pulsed) | 240 | A |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{TOT}}$ | Total dissipation at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 95 | W |
|  | Derating factor | 0.63 | $\mathrm{~W} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{AS}}{ }^{(4)}$ | Single pulse avalanche energy | 600 | mJ |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{j}}$ | Operating junction temperature <br> storage temperature | -55 to 175 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ |  |  |  |

1. Guaranted when external $\mathrm{Rg}=4.7 \Omega$ and $\mathrm{Tf}<\mathrm{Tfmax}$
2. Value limited by wire bonding
3. Pulse width limited by safe operating area
4. Starting $\mathrm{Tj}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{Id}=30 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{Vdd}=15 \mathrm{~V}$

Table 2. Thermal data

| Rthj-case | Thermal resistance junction-case max | 1.58 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Rthj-amb | Thermal resistance junction-to ambient max | 100 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{J}$ | Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose | 275 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## 2 Electrical characteristics

( $\mathrm{T}_{\text {CASE }}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Table 3. On/off states

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{(\mathrm{BR}) \mathrm{DSS}}$ | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Drain-source } \\ \text { breakdown voltage }\end{array}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=25 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0$ | 24 |  |  | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DSS}}$ | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Zero gate voltage } \\ \text { drain current }\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0\right)\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{l}\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=20 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=20 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{c}1 \\ 10\end{array}$ | $\mu \mathrm{~A}$ |
| $\mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |$]$

Table 4. Dynamic

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{gfs}^{(1)}$ | Forward transconductance | $V_{D S}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=30 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 40 |  | S |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{iss}} \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{oss}} \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{rss}} \end{aligned}$ | Input capacitance <br> Output capacitance Reverse transfer capacitance | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 2850 \\ 800 \\ 120 \end{gathered}$ |  | pF <br> pF <br> pF |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{d}(\text { on })} \\ \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}} \\ \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{d}(\mathrm{ff})} \\ \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}} \end{gathered}$ | Turn-on delay time Rise time <br> Turn-off delay time Fall time | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=30 \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{G}}=4.7 \Omega \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=10 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { (see Figure 13) } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \\ & 75 \\ & 50 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | 24.3 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ns} \\ & \mathrm{~ns} \\ & \mathrm{~ns} \\ & \mathrm{~ns} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & Q_{g} \\ & Q_{g s} \\ & Q_{g d} \end{aligned}$ | Total gate charge <br> Gate-source charge <br> Gate-drain charge | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=60 \mathrm{~A}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{G}}=4.7 \Omega \\ & \text { (see Figure 14) } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 47.5 \\ 10 \\ 7 \end{gathered}$ | 64 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{nC} \\ & \mathrm{nC} \\ & \mathrm{nC} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{oss}}{ }^{(2)}$ | Output charge | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=16 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 18.8 |  | nC |
| $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{gls}}{ }^{(3)}$ | Third-quadrant gate charge | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}<0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=10 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 44 |  | nC |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{G}}$ | Gate input resistance | $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ Gate DC <br> Bias $=0$ Test Signal <br> Level $=20 \mathrm{mV}$ <br> Open Drain |  | 1 |  | $\Omega$ |

1. Pulsed: Pulse duration $=300 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, duty cycle $1.5 \%$.
2. $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{oss} .}=\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{oss}}{ }^{*} \Delta \mathrm{Vin}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{oss}}=\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{gd}}+\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{gd}}$. See Chapter 4: Appendix $A$
3. Gate charge for synchronous operation

Table 5. Source drain diode

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $I_{S D}$ <br> $I_{S D M}$ | Source-drain current <br> Source-drain current <br> (pulsed) |  |  |  | 60 | A |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{SD}}{ }^{(2)}$ | Forward on voltage | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SD}}=30 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0$ |  |  | 1.3 | V |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{rr}}$ | Reverse recovery time <br> $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{rr}}$ <br> Reverse recovery charge <br> Reverse recovery current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SD}}=60 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{di} / \mathrm{dt}=100 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}$, <br> $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=16 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{j}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> $(\mathrm{see}$ Figure 15) |  | 35 | 47 | ns |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{RRM}}$ |  |  | 35 | 47 | nC |  |
| 2 |  | A |  |  |  |  |

1. Pulse width limited by safe operating area.
2. Pulsed: Pulse duration $=300 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, duty cycle $1.5 \%$

### 2.1 Electrical characteristics (curves)

Figure 1. Safe operating area


Figure 3. Output characterisics


Figure 5. Transconductance

Figure 2. Thermal impedance


Figure 4. Transfer characteristics


Figure 7. Gate charge vs gate-source voltage Figure 8. Capacitance variations


Figure 9. Normalized gate threshold voltage vs temperature


Figure 11. Source-drain diode forward characteristics


## 3 Test circuit

Figure 13. Switching times test circuit for resistive load


Figure 15. Test circuit for inductive load switching and diode recovery times

Figure 14. Gate charge test circuit

Figure 16. Unclamped Inductive load test circuit


Figure 17. Unclamped inductive waveform

Figure 18. Switching time waveform


## 4 Appendix A

Figure 19. Buck converter: power losses estimation


The power losses associated with the FETs in a synchronous buck converter can be estimated using the equations shown in the table below. The formulas give a good approximation, for the sake of performance comparison, of how different pairs of devices affect the converter efficiency. However a very important parameter, the working temperature, is not considered. The real device behavior is really dependent on how the heat generated inside the devices is removed to allow for a safer working junction temperature.

- The low side (SW2) device requires:
- Very low $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(o n)}$ to reduce conduction losses
- Small Qgls to reduce the gate charge losses
- Small Coss to reduce losses due to output capacitance
- Small Qrr to reduce losses on SW1 during its turn-on
- The Cgd/Cgs ratio lower than Vth/Vgg ratio especially with low drain to source
- voltage to avoid the cross conduction phenomenon;
- The high side (SW1) device requires:
- Small Rg and Ls to allow higher gate current peak and to limit the voltage feedback on the gate
- Small Qg to have a faster commutation and to reduce gate charge losses
- Low $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(o n)}$ to reduce the conduction losses.

Table 6. Power losses calculation

|  | High side switching (SW1) | Low side switch (SW2) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pconduction | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{mn}) \mathrm{SW} 1} * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}^{2} * \delta$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}((\mathrm{n}) \mathrm{SW} 2} * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}^{2} *(1-\delta)$ |
| Pswitching | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{in}} *\left(\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{gsth}(\mathrm{SW} 1)}+\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{gd}(\mathrm{SW} 1)}\right) * \mathrm{f} * \frac{I_{L}}{I_{g}}$ | Zero Voltage Switching |

Table 6. Power losses calculation

|  |  | High side switching (SW1) | Low side switch (SW2) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pdiode | Recovery (1) | Not applicable | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{in}} * \mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{rr}(\mathrm{SW} 2)} * \mathrm{f}$ |
|  | Conductio n | Not applicable | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{SW} 2)} * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}} * \mathrm{t}_{\text {deadtime }} * \mathrm{f}$ |
| $\operatorname{Pgate}\left(\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{G}}\right)$ |  | $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{SW} 1)} * \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{gg}} * \mathrm{f}$ | $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{gls}(\mathrm{SW} 2)} * \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{gg}} * \mathrm{f}$ |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {Qoss }}$ |  | $\frac{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{in}} * \mathrm{Q}_{\text {oss }(\mathrm{SW} \mathrm{l})} * \mathrm{f}}{2}$ | $\frac{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{in}} * \mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{oss}(\mathrm{SW} 2)} * \mathrm{f}}{2}$ |

1. Dissipated by SW1 during turn-on

Table 7. Paramiters meaning

| Parameter | Meaning |
| :---: | :--- |
| d | Duty-cycle |
| $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{gsth}}$ | Post threshold gate charge |
| $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{gls}}$ | Third quadrant gate charge |
| Pconduction | On state losses |
| Pswitching | On-off transition losses |
| Pdiode | Conduction and reverse recovery diode losses |
| Pgate | Gate drive losses |
| PQoss | Output capacitance losses |

## 5 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in ECOPACK® packages. These packages have a Lead-free second level interconnect. The category of second level interconnect is marked on the package and on the inner box label, in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD97. The maximum ratings related to soldering conditions are also marked on the inner box label. ECOPACK is an ST trademark. ECOPACK specifications are available at: www.st.com

## DPAK MECHANICAL DATA

| DIM. | mm . |  |  | inch |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN. | TYP | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| A | 2.2 |  | 2.4 | 0.086 |  | 0.094 |
| A1 | 0.9 |  | 1.1 | 0.035 |  | 0.043 |
| A2 | 0.03 |  | 0.23 | 0.001 |  | 0.009 |
| B | 0.64 |  | 0.9 | 0.025 |  | 0.035 |
| b4 | 5.2 |  | 5.4 | 0.204 |  | 0.212 |
| C | 0.45 |  | 0.6 | 0.017 |  | 0.023 |
| C2 | 0.48 |  | 0.6 | 0.019 |  | 0.023 |
| D | 6 |  | 6.2 | 0.236 |  | 0.244 |
| D1 |  | 5.1 |  |  | 0.200 |  |
| E | 6.4 |  | 6.6 | 0.252 |  | 0.260 |
| E1 |  | 4.7 |  |  | 0.185 |  |
| e |  | 2.28 |  |  | 0.090 |  |
| e1 | 4.4 |  | 4.6 | 0.173 |  | 0.181 |
| H | 9.35 |  | 10.1 | 0.368 |  | 0.397 |
| L | 1 |  |  | 0.039 |  |  |
| (L1) |  | 2.8 |  |  | 0.110 |  |
| L2 |  | 0.8 |  |  | 0.031 |  |
| L4 | 0.6 |  | 1 | 0.023 |  | 0.039 |
| R |  | 0.2 |  |  | 0.008 |  |
| V2 | $0^{\circ}$ |  | $8^{\circ}$ | $0^{\circ}$ |  | $8^{\circ}$ |



## TO-251 (IPAK) MECHANICAL DATA

| DIM. | mm |  |  | inch |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| A | 2.2 |  | 2.4 | 0.086 |  | 0.094 |
| A1 | 0.9 |  | 1.1 | 0.035 |  | 0.043 |
| A3 | 0.7 |  | 1.3 | 0.027 |  | 0.051 |
| B | 0.64 |  | 0.9 | 0.025 |  | 0.031 |
| B2 | 5.2 |  | 5.4 | 0.204 |  | 0.212 |
| B3 |  |  | 0.85 |  |  | 0.033 |
| B5 |  |  |  |  | 0.012 |  |
| B6 |  |  | 0.35 |  |  | 0.037 |
| C | 0.45 |  | 0.6 | 0.017 |  | 0.023 |
| C2 | 0.48 |  | 6.2 | 0.236 |  | 0.023 |
| D | 6 |  | 6.6 | 0.252 |  | 0.244 |
| E | 6.4 |  | 4.6 | 0.173 |  | 0.181 |
| G | 4.4 |  | 16.3 | 0.626 |  | 0.641 |
| H | 15.9 |  | 9.4 | 0.354 |  | 0.370 |
| L | 9 |  | 1.2 | 0.031 |  | 0.047 |
| L1 | 0.8 |  | 1 |  | 0.031 | 0.039 |
| L2 |  | 0.8 |  |  |  |  |



## 6 Packing mechanical data

DPAK FOOTPRINT


TAPE AND REEL SHIPMENT


## 7 Revision history

Table 8. Revision history

| Date | Revision | Changes |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 097-Sep-2004 | 5 | Complete document |
| 03-Aug-2006 | 6 | New template, no content change |

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