

1K-BIT SPI SERIAL ELECTRICALLY ERASABLE PROM

May 2007

FEATURES

- Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) Compatible
 - Supports SPI Modes 0 (0,0) and 3 (1,1)
- Low-voltage Operation
 - $V_{cc} = 1.8V$ to $5.5V$
- Low power CMOS
 - Active current less than 3.0 mA ($2.5V$)
 - Standby current less than $1\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ ($2.5V$)
- Block Write Protection
 - Protect 1/4, 1/2, or Entire Array
- 8byte page write mode
 - Partial page writes allowed
- 10 MHz Clock Rate ($5V$)
- Self timed write cycles
 - $5\text{ ms max. @ }2.5V$
- High-reliability
 - Endurance: 1 million cycles per byte
 - Data retention: 100 years
- 8-pin PDIP, 8-pin SOIC, and 8-pin TSSOP packages are available
- Lead-free available

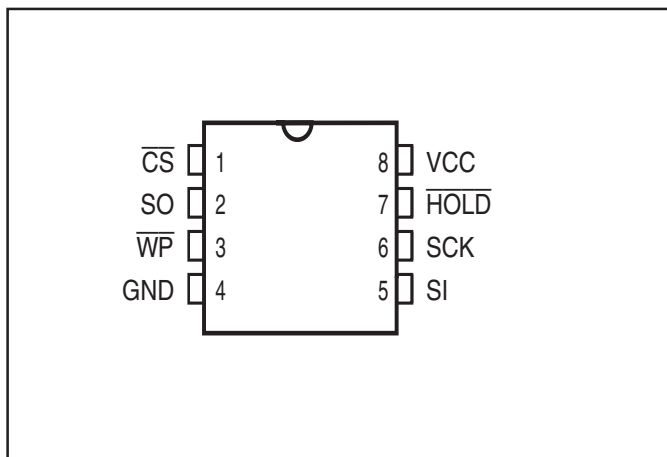
DESCRIPTION

The IS25C01 is an electrically erasable PROM device that uses the Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) for communications. The IS25C01 is 1Kbit (128×8). The IS25C01 EEPROM is offered in a wide operating voltage range of $1.8V$ to $5.5V$ to be compatible with most application voltages. ISSI designed the IS25C01 to be an efficient SPI EEPROM solution. The device is packaged in 8-pin PDIP, 8-pin SOIC, and 8-pin TSSOP.

The functional features of the IS25C01 allow it to be among the most versatile serial non-volatile memories available. Each device has a Chip-Select (\overline{CS}) pin, and a 3-wire interface of Serial Data In (SI), Serial Data Out (SO), and Serial Clock (SCK). While the 3-wire interface of the IS25C01 provides for high-speed access, a \overline{HOLD} pin allows the memories to ignore the interface in a suspended state; later the \overline{HOLD} pin re-activates communication without re-initializing the serial sequence. A Status Register facilitates a flexible write protection mechanism, and a device-ready bit (\overline{RDY}).

PIN CONFIGURATION

8-Pin DIP, TSSOP, and SOIC



PIN DESCRIPTIONS

$\overline{\text{CS}}$	Chip Select
SCK	Serial Data Clock
SI	Serial Data Input
SO	Serial Data Output
GND	Ground
V _{CC}	Power
$\overline{\text{WP}}$	Write Protect
$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$	Suspends Serial Input
NC	No Connect

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Serial Clock (SCK): This timing signal provides synchronization between the microcontroller and IS25C01. Op-Codes, byte addresses, and data are latched on SI with a rising edge of the SCK. Data on SO is refreshed on the falling edge of SCK for SPI modes (0,0) and (1,1).

Serial Data Input (SI): This is the input pin for all data that the IS25C01 is required to receive.

Serial Data Output (SO): This is the output pin for all data transmitted from the IS25C01.

Chip Select ($\overline{\text{CS}}$): The $\overline{\text{CS}}$ pin activates the device. Upon power-up, $\overline{\text{CS}}$ should follow V_{CC}. When the device is to be enabled for instruction input, the signal requires a High-to-Low transition. While $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is stable Low, the master and slave will communicate via SCK, SI, and SO signals. Upon completion of communication, $\overline{\text{CS}}$ must be driven High. At this moment, the slave device may start its internal write cycle. When $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is high, the device enters a power-saving standby mode, unless an internal write operation is underway. During this mode, the SO pin becomes high impedance.

Write Protect ($\overline{\text{WP}}$): The purpose of this input signal is to initiate Hardware Write Protection mode. This mode prevents the 128 byte array or the Status Register from being altered. To cause Hardware Write Protection, $\overline{\text{WP}}$ must be Low. $\overline{\text{WP}}$ may be hardwired to V_{CC} or GND.

HOLD ($\overline{\text{HOLD}}$): This input signal is used to suspend the device in the middle of a serial sequence and temporarily ignore further communication on the bus (SI, SO, SCK). Together with Chip Select, the $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ signal allows multiple slaves to share the bus. The $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ signal transitions must occur only when SCK is Low, and be held stable during SCK transitions. (See Figure 8 for Hold timing) To disable this feature, $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ may be hardwired to V_{CC}.

SERIAL INTERFACE DESCRIPTION

MASTER: The device that provides a clock signal.

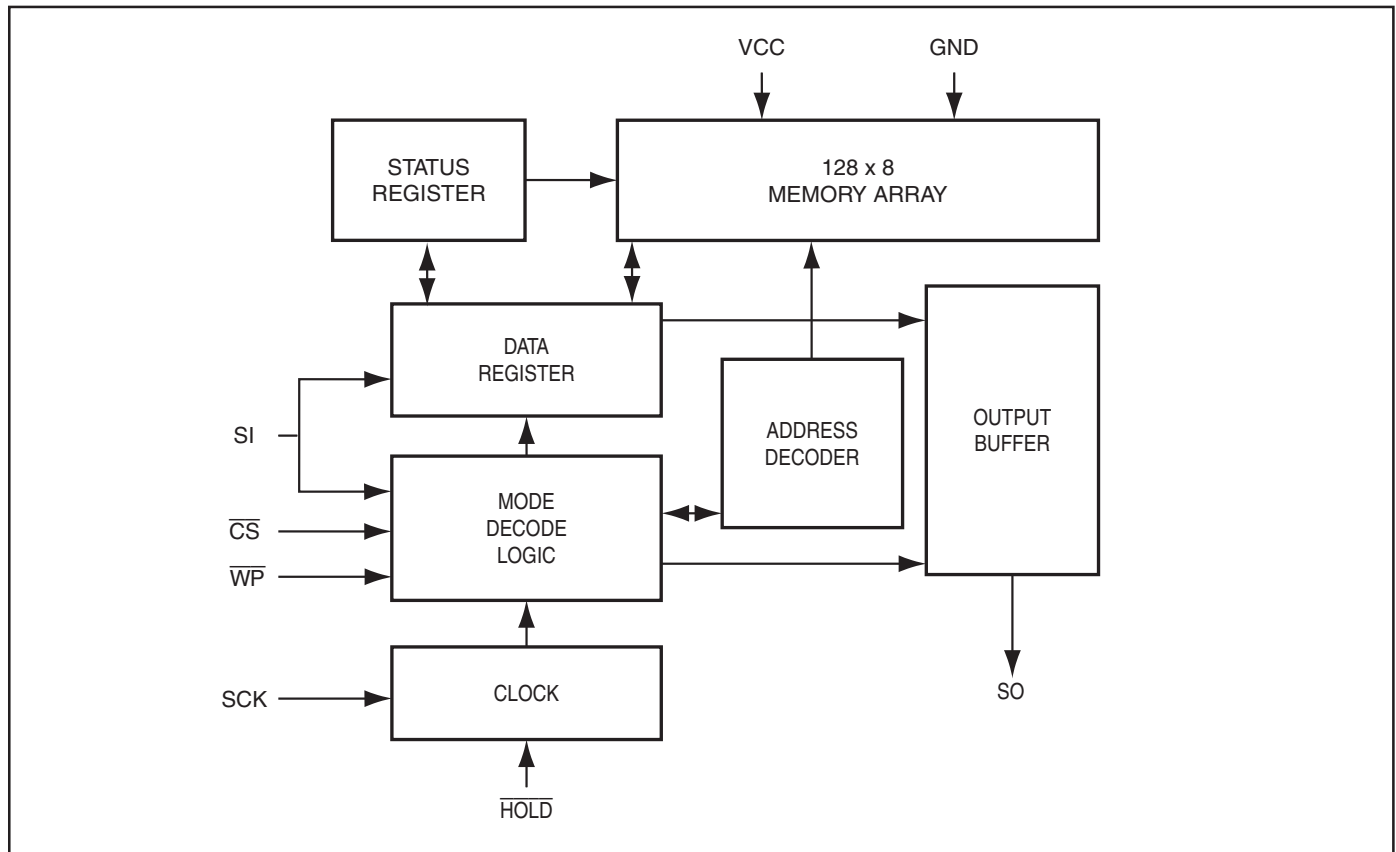
SLAVE: The IS25C01 is a slave because the clock signal is an input.

TRANSMITTER/RECEIVER: The IS25C01 has both data input (SI) and data output (SO).

MSB: The most significant bit. It is always the first bit transmitted or received.

OP-CODE: The first byte transmitted to the slave following CS transition to LOW. If the OP-CODE is a valid member of the IS25C01 instruction set (Table 3), then it is decoded appropriately. If the OP-CODE is not valid, and the SO pin remains in high impedance.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



STATUS REGISTER

The status register contains 8-bits for write protection control and write status. (See Table 1). It is the only region of memory other than the main array that is accessible by the user.

Table 1. Status Register Format

Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X	X	X	X	BP1	BP0	WEN	$\overline{\text{RDY}}$

Note: X = Don't care bit.

The Status Register is Read-Only if either: a) Hardware Write Protection is enabled or b) WEN is set to 1. If neither is true, it can be modified by a valid instruction.

Ready ($\overline{\text{RDY}}$), Bit 0: When $\overline{\text{RDY}} = 1$, it indicates that the device is busy with a write cycle. $\overline{\text{RDY}} = 0$ indicates that the device is ready for an instruction. If $\overline{\text{RDY}} = 1$, the only command that will be handled by the device is Read Status Register.

Write Enable (WEN), Bit 1: This bit represents the status of device write protection. If WEN = 0, the Status Register and the entire array is protected from modification, regardless of the setting of $\overline{\text{WP}}$ pin or block protection. The only way to set WEN to 1 is via the Write Enable command (WREN). WEN is reset to 0 upon power-up, successful completion of Write, WRDI, WRSR, or $\overline{\text{WP}}$ being Low.

Block Protect (BP1, BP0), Bits 2-3: Together, these bits represent one of four block protection configurations implemented for the memory array. (See Table 2 for details.)

BP0 and BP1 are non-volatile cells similar to regular array cells, and factory programmed to 0. The block of memory defined by these bits is always protected, regardless of the setting of $\overline{\text{WP}}$ or WEN.

Table 2. Block Protection

Level	Status Register Bits		Array Addresses Protected
	BP1	BP0	IS25C01
0	0	0	None
1(1/4)	0	1	60h -7Fh
2(1/2)	1	0	40h -7Fh
3(All)	1	1	00h -7Fh

Don't Care, Bits 4-7: Each of these bits can receive either 0 or 1, but values will not be retained. When these bits are read from the register, they are always 0.

DEVICE OPERATION

The operations of the IS25C01 is controlled by a set of instructions that are clocked-in serially SI pin. (See Table 3). To begin an instruction, the chip select (\overline{CS}) should be dropped Low. Subsequently, each Low-to-High transition of the clock (SK) will latch a stable value on the SI pin. After the 8-bit op-code, it may be appropriate to continue to input an address or data to SI, or to output data from SO. During data output, values appear on the falling edge of SK. All bits are transferred with MSB first. Upon the last bit of communication, but prior to any following Low-to-High transition of SK, \overline{CS} should be raised High to end the transaction. The device then would enter Standby Mode if no internal programming were underway.

Table 3. Instruction Set

Name	Op-code	Operation	Address	Data(SI)	Data (SO)
WREN	0000 X110	Set Write Enable Latch	-	-	-
WRDI	0000 X100	Reset Write Enable Latch	-	-	-
RDSR	0000 X101	Read Status Register	-	-	D7-D0,...
WRSR	0000 X001	Write Status Register	-	D7-D0	-
READ	0000 X011	Read Data from Array	A7-A0	-	D7-D0,...
WRITE	0000 X010	Write Data to Array	A7-A0	D7-D0,...	-

1. X = Don't care bit. For consistency, it is best to use "0".
2. $A_7 = X$.
3. If the bits clocked-in for an op-code are invalid, SO remains high impedance, and upon CS going High there is no affect. A valid op-code with an invalid number of bits clocked-in for address or data will cause an attempt to modify the array or Status Register to be ignored.

WRITE ENABLE (WREN)

When Vcc is initially applied, the device powers up with both status register and entire array in a write-disabled state. Upon completion of Write Disable (WRDI), Write Status Register (WRSR), or Write Data to Array (WRITE), the device resets the WEN bit in the Status Register to 0. Prior to any data modification, a WREN instruction is necessary to set WEN to 1. (See Figure 2 for timing).

WRITE DISABLE (WRDI)

The device can be completely protected from modification by resetting WEN to 0 through the WRDI instruction. (See Figure 3 for timing).

READ STATUS REGISTER (RDSR)

The Read Status instruction indicates the status of the Block Protection setting (see Table 2), the Write Enable state, and the \overline{RDY} status. RDSR is the only instruction accepted when a write cycle is underway. It is recommended that the status of \overline{RDY} be checked, especially prior to an attempted modification of data. The 8 bits of the Status Register can be repeatedly output on SO after the initial Op-code. (See Figure 4 for timing).

WRITE STATUS REGISTER (WRSR)

This instruction lets the user choose a Block Protection setting. The values of the other data bits incorporated into WRSR can be 0 or 1, and are not stored in the Status Register. WRSR will be ignored unless both the following are true: a) WEN = 1, due to a prior WREN instruction; and b) Hardware Write Protection is not enabled. (See Table 4 for details). Except for the $\overline{\text{RDY}}$ status, the values in the Status Register remain unchanged until the moment when the write cycle is complete and the register is updated. Once successfully completed, WEN is reset for complete chip write protection. (See Figure 5 for timing).

READ DATA (READ)

This instruction begins with the op-code and the 8-bit address, and causes the selected data byte to be shifted out on SO. Following this first data byte, additional sequential bytes are output. If the data byte in the highest address is output, the address rolls-over to the lowest address in the array, and the output could loop indefinitely. At any time, a rising $\overline{\text{CS}}$ signal completes the operation. (See Figure 6 for timing).

WRITE DATA (WRITE)

The WRITE instruction begins with the op-code, the 8-bit address of the first byte to be modified, and the first data byte. Additional data bytes may be written sequentially to the array after the first byte. Each WRITE instruction can affect the contents of a 8 byte page, but no more. The page begins at address XXXXX 000, and ends with XXXXX 111. If the last byte of the page is input, the address rolls over to the beginning of the same page. More than 8 data bytes can be input during the same instruction, but upon a completed write cycle, a page would only contain the last 8 bytes.

The region of the array defined within Block Protection cannot be modified as long as that block configuration is selected. The region of the array outside the Block Protection can only be modified if Write Enable (WEN) is set to 1. Therefore, it may be necessary that a WREN instruction occur prior to WRITE. In addition, if Hardware Write Protection is enabled, the memory array cannot be modified. Once Write is successfully completed, WEN is reset for complete chip write protection. (See Figure 7 for timing).

Table 4. Write Protection

$\overline{\text{WP}}$	Hardware Write Protection	WEN	Inside Block	Outside Block	Status Register
0	Enabled	X	Read-only	Read-only	Read-only
1	Not Enabled	0	Read-only	Read-only	Read-only
1	Not Enabled	1	Read-only	Unprotected	Unprotected

Note: X = Don't care bit.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _S	Supply Voltage	-0.5 to + 6.5	V
V _P	Voltage on Any Pin	-0.5 to V _{CC} + 0.5	V
T _{BIAS}	Temperature Under Bias	-55 to +125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C
I _{OUT}	Output Current	5	mA

Notes:

1. Stress greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

OPERATING RANGE (IS25C01-2)

Range	Ambient Temperature	V _{CC}
Industrial	-40°C to +85°C	1.8V to 5.5V

Note: ISSI offers Industrial grade for Commercial applications. (0°C to +70°C).

OPERATING RANGE (IS25C01-3)

Range	Ambient Temperature	V _{CC}
Automotive	-40°C to +125°C	2.5V to 5.5V

CAPACITANCE^(1,2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Max.	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	V _{IN} = 0V	6	pF
C _{OUT}	Output Capacitance	V _{OUT} = 0V	8	pF

Notes:

1. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters and not 100% tested.
2. Test conditions: T_A = 25°C, f = 1 MHz, V_{CC} = 5.0V.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial, $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Automotive.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
V _{OL1}	Output LOW Voltage	V _{CC} = 5V, I _{OL} = 2 mA	—	0.4	V
V _{OL2}	Output LOW Voltage	V _{CC} = 2.5V, I _{OL} = 1.5 mA	—	0.4	V
V _{OL3}	Output LOW Voltage	V _{CC} = 1.8V, I _{OL} = 0.15 mA	—	0.2	V
V _{OH1}	Output HIGH Voltage	V _{CC} = 5V, I _{OH} = -2 mA	0.8 x V _{CC}	—	V
V _{OH2}	Output HIGH Voltage	V _{CC} = 2.5V, I _{OH} = -0.4mA	0.8 x V _{CC}	—	V
V _{OH3}	Output HIGH Voltage	V _{CC} = 1.8V, I _{OH} = -0.1mA	0.8 x V _{CC}	—	V
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage		0.7xV _{CC}	V _{CC} + 1	V
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage		-0.3	0.3 x V _{CC}	V
I _{LI}	Input Leakage Current	V _{IN} = 0V TO V _{CC}	-2	2	μA
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current	V _{OUT} = 0V TO V _{CC} , $\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{V}_{\text{CC}}$	-2	2	μA

POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS

$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
I _{CC1}	V _{CC} Operating Current	Read/Write at 10 MHz (V _{CC} = 5V)	—	5.0	mA
I _{CC2}	V _{CC} Operating Current	Read/Write at 5 MHz (V _{CC} = 2.5V)	—	3.0	mA
I _{CC3}	V _{CC} Operating Current	Read/Write at 2 MHz (V _{CC} = 1.8V)	—	1.0	mA
I _{SB1}	Standby Current	V _{CC} = 5.0V, V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND $\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{V}_{\text{CC}}$	—	2	μA
I _{SB2}	Standby Current	V _{CC} = 2.5V, V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND $\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{V}_{\text{CC}}$	—	1	μA
I _{SB3}	Standby Current	V _{CC} = 1.8V, V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND $\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{V}_{\text{CC}}$	—	0.5	μA

POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS

$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Automotive.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
I _{CC1}	V _{CC} Operating Current	Read/Write at 5 MHz (V _{CC} = 5V)	—	4.0	mA
I _{CC2}	V _{CC} Operating Current	Read/Write at 5 MHz (V _{CC} = 2.5V)	—	3.0	mA
I _{SB1}	Standby Current	V _{CC} = 5.0V, V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND $\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{V}_{\text{CC}}$	—	5.0	μA
I _{SB2}	Standby Current	V _{CC} = 2.5V, V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND $\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{V}_{\text{CC}}$	—	2.0	μA

AC Characteristics
 $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for Industrial.

Symbol	Parameter	$1.8\text{V} \leq V_{CC} < 2.5\text{V}$		$2.5\text{V} \leq V_{CC} < 4.5\text{V}$		$4.5\text{V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.5\text{V}$		Units
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
f _{SCK}	SCK Clock Frequency	0	2	0	5	0	10	MHz
t _{RI}	Input Rise Time	—	2	—	2	—	2	μs
t _{FI}	Input Fall Time	—	2	—	2	—	2	μs
t _{WH}	SCK High Time	200	—	90	—	40	—	ns
t _{WL}	SCK Low Time	200	—	90	—	40	—	ns
t _{CS}	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ High Time	200	—	100	—	40	—	ns
t _{CSS}	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ Setup Time	200	—	90	—	15	—	ns
t _{CSH}	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ Hold Time	200	—	90	—	25	—	ns
t _{SU}	Data In Setup Time	40	—	20	—	15	—	ns
t _H	Data In Hold Time	50	—	30	—	15	—	ns
t _{HD}	$\overline{\text{Hold}}$ Setup Time	100	—	50	—	25	—	ns
t _{CD}	$\overline{\text{Hold}}$ Hold Time	100	—	50	—	25	—	ns
t _V	Output Valid	0	150	0	60	0	25	ns
t _{HO}	Output Hold Time	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
t _{LZ}	$\overline{\text{Hold}}$ to Output Low Z	0	100	0	50	0	25	ns
t _{HZ}	$\overline{\text{Hold}}$ to Output High Z	—	250	—	100	—	25	ns
t _{DIS}	Output Disable Time	—	250	—	100	—	25	ns
t _{WC}	Write Cycle Time	—	10	—	5	—	5	ms

 $C_L = 100\text{pF}$

AC Characteristics

T_A = -40°C to +125°C for Automotive.

Symbol	Parameter	2.5V ≤ V _{CC} < 4.5V		4.5V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5V		Units
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
f _{CK}	SCK Clock Frequency	0	5	0	10	MHz
t _{RI}	Input Rise Time	—	2	—	2	μs
t _{FI}	Input Fall Time	—	2	—	2	μs
t _{WH}	SCK High Time	90	—	40	—	ns
t _{WL}	SCK Low Time	90	—	40	—	ns
t _{CS}	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ High Time	100	—	40	—	ns
t _{CSS}	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ Setup Time	90	—	15	—	ns
t _{CSH}	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ Hold Time	90	—	25	—	ns
t _{SU}	Data In Setup Time	20	—	15	—	ns
t _H	Data In Hold Time	30	—	15	—	ns
t _{HD}	$\overline{\text{Hold}}$ Setup Time	50	—	25	—	ns
t _{CD}	$\overline{\text{Hold}}$ Hold Time	50	—	25	—	ns
t _V	Output Valid	0	60	0	25	ns
t _{HO}	Output Hold Time	0	—	0	—	ns
t _{LZ}	$\overline{\text{Hold}}$ to Output Low Z	0	50	0	25	ns
t _{HZ}	$\overline{\text{Hold}}$ to Output High Z	—	100	—	25	ns
t _{DIS}	Output Disable Time	—	100	—	25	ns
t _{WC}	Write Cycle Time	—	5	—	5	ms

C_L = 100pF

TIMING DIAGRAMS

Figure 1. Synchronous Data Timing

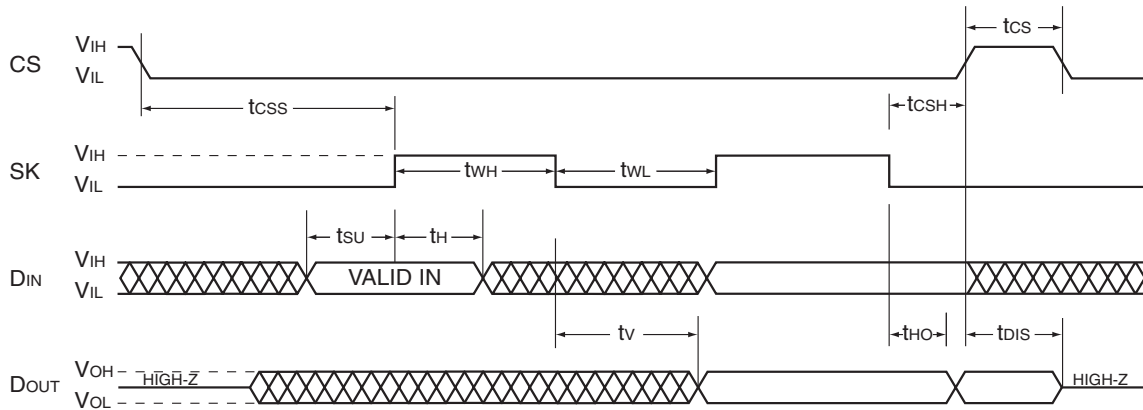


Figure 2. WREN Timing

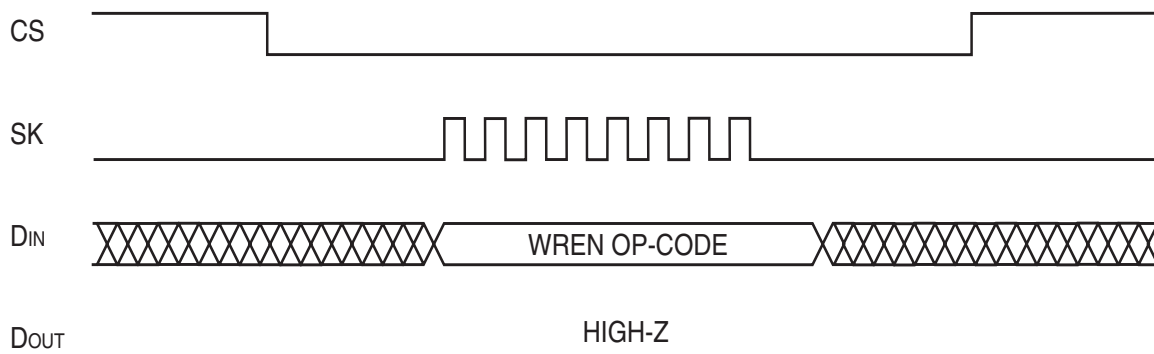


Figure 3. WRDI Timing

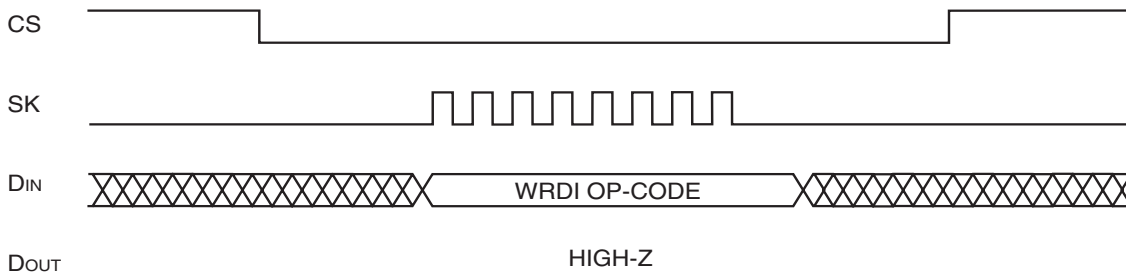


Figure 4. RDSR Timing

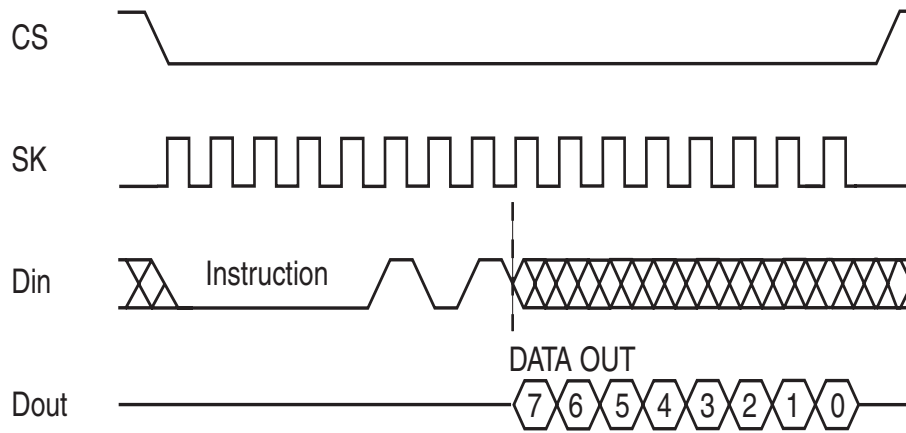


Figure 5. WRSR Timing

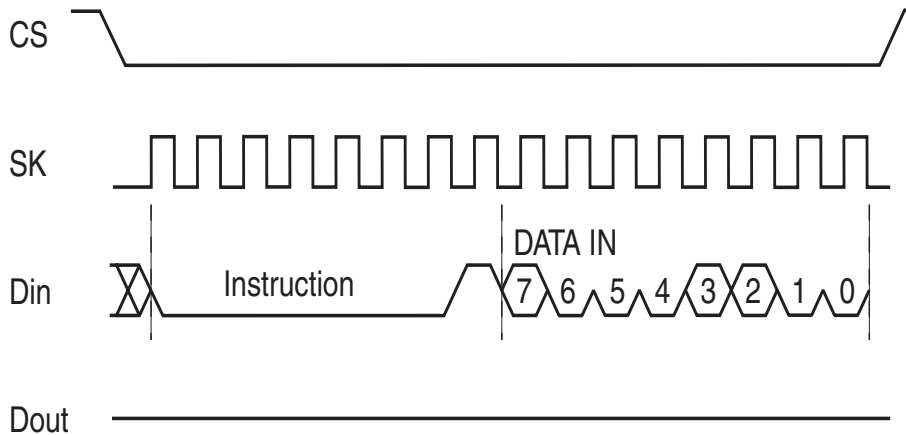


Figure 6. READ Timing

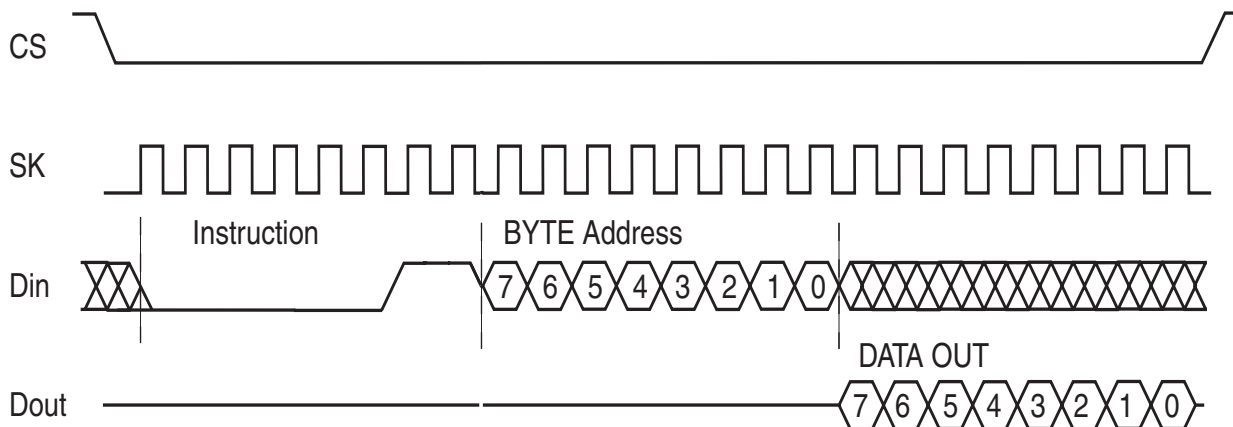


Figure 7. WRITE Timing

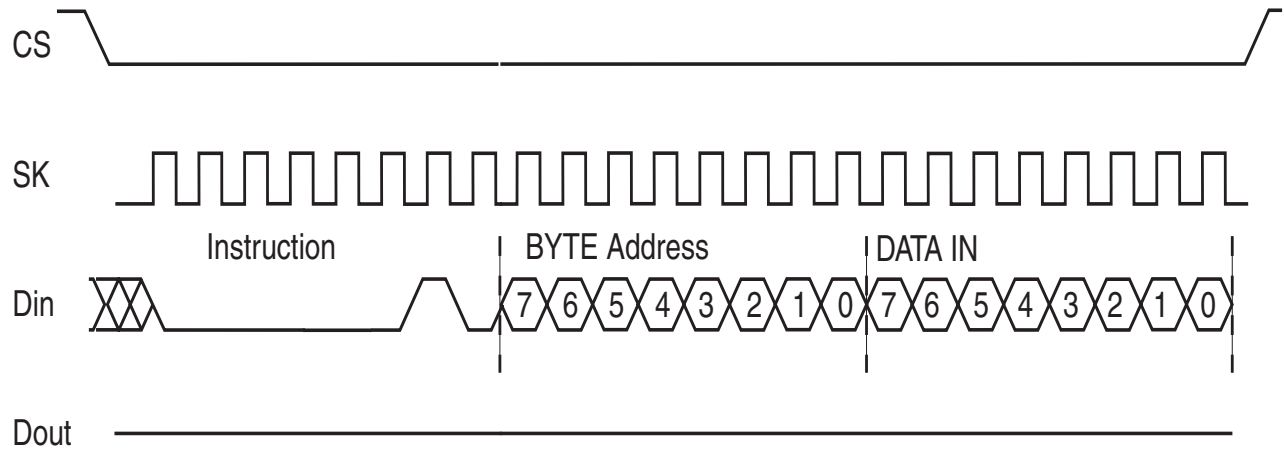
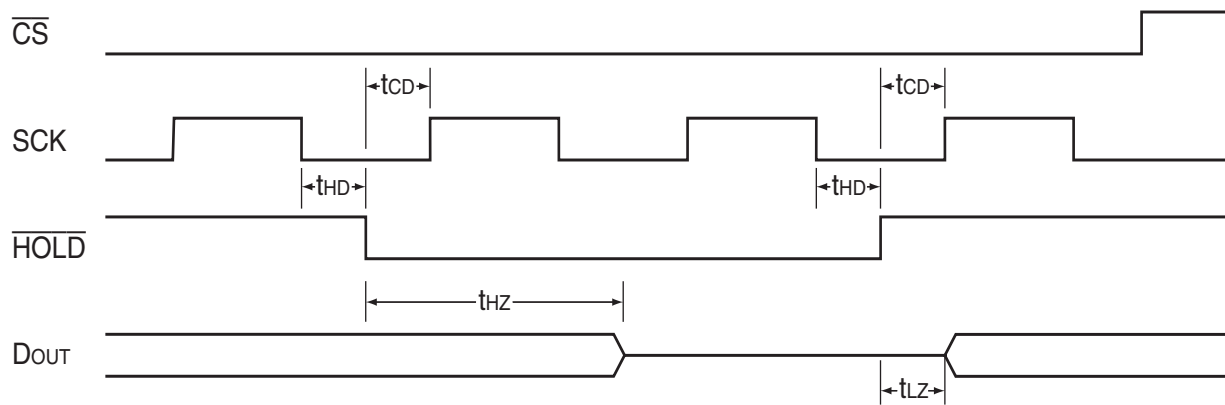


Figure 8. HOLD Timing



ORDERING INFORMATION

Industrial Range: -40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$

Range	Voltage Part Number	Package
1.8V to 5.5V	IS25C01-2PI	300-mil Plastic DIP
	IS25C01-2GI	Small Outline (JEDEC STD)
	IS25C01-2ZI	169-mil TSSOP

ORDERING INFORMATION

Industrial Range: -40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$, Lead-free

Range	Voltage Part Number	Package
1.8V to 5.5V	IS25C01-2PLI	300-mil Plastic DIP
	IS25C01-2GLI	Small Outline (JEDEC STD)
	IS25C01-2ZLI	169-mil TSSOP

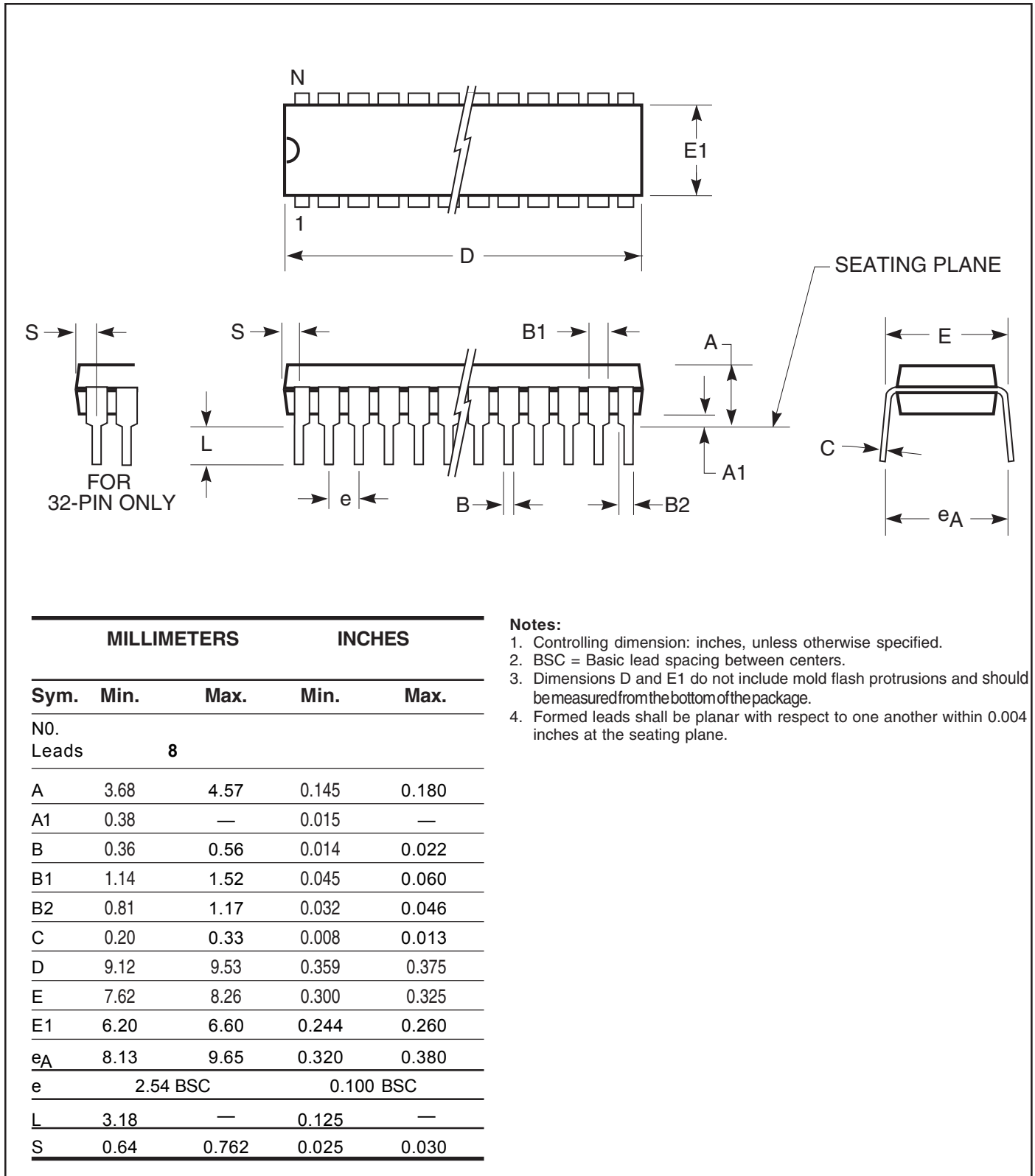
ORDERING INFORMATION

Automotive Range: -40°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$, Lead-free

Range	Voltage Part Number	Package
2.5V to 5.5V	IS25C01-3PLA3	300-mil Plastic DIP
	IS25C01-3GLA3	Small Outline (JEDEC STD)
	IS25C01-3ZLA3	169-mil TSSOP

PACKAGING INFORMATION

300-mil Plastic DIP
Package Code: N,P



	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
Sym.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
NO. Leads	8			
A	3.68	4.57	0.145	0.180
A1	0.38	—	0.015	—
B	0.36	0.56	0.014	0.022
B1	1.14	1.52	0.045	0.060
B2	0.81	1.17	0.032	0.046
C	0.20	0.33	0.008	0.013
D	9.12	9.53	0.359	0.375
E	7.62	8.26	0.300	0.325
E1	6.20	6.60	0.244	0.260
eA	8.13	9.65	0.320	0.380
e	2.54 BSC		0.100 BSC	
L	3.18	—	0.125	—
S	0.64	0.762	0.025	0.030

- Notes:**
1. Controlling dimension: inches, unless otherwise specified.
 2. BSC = Basic lead spacing between centers.
 3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash protrusions and should be measured from the bottom of the package.
 4. Formed leads shall be planar with respect to one another within 0.004 inches at the seating plane.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

300-mil Plastic DIP
Package Code: N,P

MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
Sym.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
NO. Leads		16		
A	3.68	4.57	0.145	0.180
A1	0.25	—	0.010	—
B	0.46 BSC		0.018 BSC	
B1	1.52 BSC		0.060 BSC	
B2	—	—	—	—
C	0.13	0.38	0.005	0.015
D	18.92	19.18	0.745	0.755
E	7.44	8.13	0.293	0.320
E1	6.22	6.48	0.245	0.255
e _A	8.13	9.65	0.320	0.380
e	2.54 BSC		0.100 BSC	
L	3.05	3.56	0.120	0.140
S	0.38	0.89	0.015	0.035

MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
Sym.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
NO. Leads		20		
A	3.68	4.57	0.145	0.180
A1	0.38	—	0.015	—
B	0.36	0.56	0.014	0.022
B1	1.14	1.78	0.045	0.070
B2	—	—	—	—
C	0.20	0.36	0.008	0.014
D	25.91	26.42	1.020	1.040
E	7.49	8.26	0.295	0.325
E1	6.01	7.11	0.240	0.280
e _A	—	10.92	—	0.430
e	2.54 BSC		0.100 BSC	
L	3.05	3.81	0.120	0.150
S	1.02	1.52	0.040	0.060

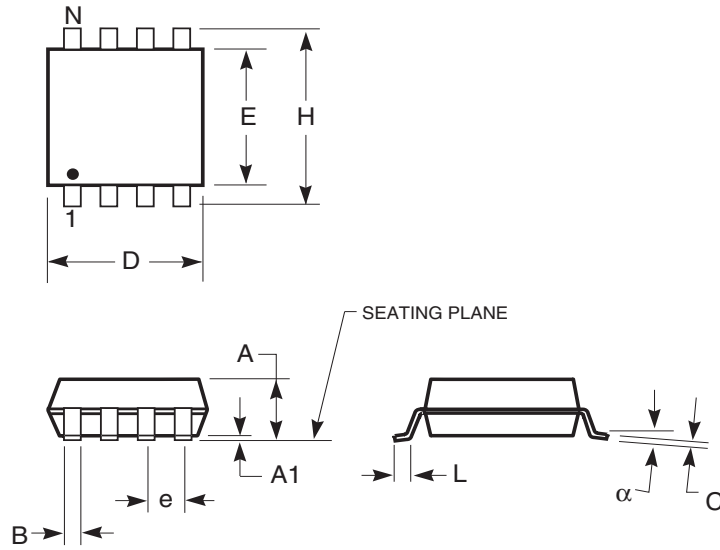
MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
Sym.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
NO. Leads		28		
A	3.68	4.57	0.145	0.180
A1	0.25	—	0.010	—
B	0.41	0.56	0.016	0.022
B1	1.27	1.78	0.050	0.070
B2	0.81	1.17	0.032	0.046
C	0.20	0.38	0.008	0.015
D	35.05	35.56	1.380	1.400
E	7.49	8.00	0.295	0.315
E1	6.99	7.49	0.275	0.295
e _A	7.87	10.16	0.310	0.400
e	2.54 BSC		0.100 BSC	
L	3.05	3.81	0.120	0.150
S	0.51	1.06	0.020	0.042

MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
Sym.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
NO. Leads		32		
A	3.56	4.57	0.140	0.180
A1	0.38	—	0.015	—
B	0.38	0.53	0.015	0.021
B1	1.02	1.78	0.040	0.070
B2	—	—	—	—
C	0.13	0.38	0.005	0.015
D	40.51	40.77	1.595	1.605
E	7.75	8.26	0.305	0.325
E1	7.24	7.22	0.285	0.292
e _A	8.38	9.40	0.33	0.370
e	2.54 BSC		0.100 BSC	
L	3.05	3.81	0.120	0.150
S	1.65	2.16	0.065	0.085

PACKAGING INFORMATION

150-mil Plastic SOP

Package Code: G, GR



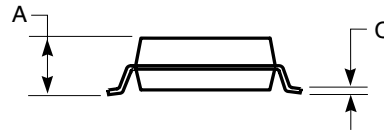
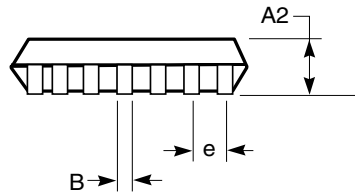
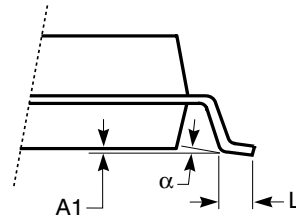
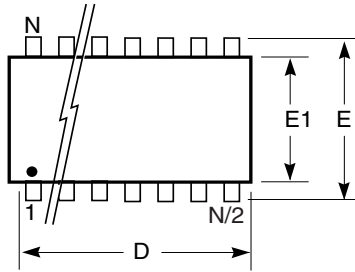
150-mil Plastic SOP (G, GR)				
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max
Ref. Std.	Inches		mm	
No. Leads	8		8	
A	—	0.068	—	1.73
A1	0.004	0.009	0.1	0.23
B	0.013	0.020	0.33	0.51
C	0.007	0.010	0.18	0.25
D	0.189	0.197	4.8	5
E	0.150	0.157	3.81	3.99
H	0.228	0.245	5.79	6.22
e	0.050 BSC		1.27 BSC	
L	0.020	0.035	0.51	0.89

Notes:

1. Controlling dimension: inches, unless otherwise specified.
2. BSC = Basic lead spacing between centers.
3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash protrusions and should be measured from the bottom of the package.
4. Formed leads shall be planar with respect to one another within 0.004 inches at the seating plane.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Thin Shrink Small Outline TSSOP
 Package Code: Z (8 pin, 14 pin)



TSSOP (Z)				
Ref. Std.	JEDEC MO-153			
No. Leads	8			
	Millimeters		Inches	
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	—	1.20	—	0.047
A1	0.05	0.15	0.002	0.006
A2	0.80	1.05	0.032	0.041
B	0.19	0.30	0.007	0.012
C	0.09	0.20	0.004	0.008
D	2.90	3.10	0.114	0.122
E1	4.30	4.50	0.169	0.177
E	6.40	BSC	0.252	BSC
e	0.65	BSC	0.026	BSC
L	0.45	0.75	0.018	0.030
α	—	8°	—	8°

TSSOP (Z)				
Ref. Std.	JEDEC MO-153			
No. Leads	14			
	Millimeters		Inches	
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	—	1.20	—	0.047
A1	0.05	0.15	0.002	0.006
A2	0.80	1.05	0.031	0.041
B	0.19	0.30	0.007	0.012
C	0.09	0.20	0.0035	0.008
D	4.90	5.10	0.193	0.201
E1	4.30	4.50	0.170	0.177
E	6.40	BSC	0.252	BSC
e	0.65	BSC	0.026	BSC
L	0.45	0.75	0.0177	0.0295
α	—	8°	—	8°

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