

Supertex inc. - OBSOLETE -

VP0120



P-Channel Enhancement-Mode Vertical DMOS FETs

Ordering Information

BV_{DSS} / BV_{DGS}	$R_{DS(ON)}$ (max)	$I_{D(ON)}$ (min)	Order Number / Package	
			TO-92	Die [†]
-200V	25Ω	-100mA	VP0120N3	VP0120ND

[†]MIL visual screening available

Features

- Free from secondary breakdown
- Low power drive requirement
- Ease of paralleling
- Low C_{iss} and fast switching speeds
- Excellent thermal stability
- Integral Source-Drain diode
- High input impedance and high gain
- Complementary N- and P-channel devices

Advanced DMOS Technology

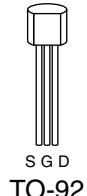
These enhancement-mode (normally-off) transistors utilize a vertical DMOS structure and Supertex's well-proven silicon-gate manufacturing process. This combination produces devices with the power handling capabilities of bipolar transistors and with the high input impedance and positive temperature coefficient inherent in MOS devices. Characteristic of all MOS structures, these devices are free from thermal runaway and thermally-induced secondary breakdown.

Supertex's vertical DMOS FETs are ideally suited to a wide range of switching and amplifying applications where high breakdown voltage, high input impedance, low input capacitance, and fast switching speeds are desired.

Applications

- Motor controls
- Converters
- Amplifiers
- Switches
- Power supply circuits
- Drivers (relays, hammers, solenoids, lamps, memories, displays, bipolar transistors, etc.)

Package Options



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Drain-to-Source Voltage	BV_{DSS}
Drain-to-Gate Voltage	BV_{DGS}
Gate-to-Source Voltage	$\pm 20V$
Operating and Storage Temperature	-55°C to +150°C
Soldering Temperature*	300°C

* Distance of 1.6 mm from case for 10 seconds.

Note: See Package Outline section for dimensions.

Thermal Characteristics

Package	I_D (continuous)*	I_D (pulsed)	Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	θ_{jc} $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	θ_{ja} $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	I_{DR}^*	I_{DRM}
TO-92	-0.1A	-0.35A	1.0W	125	170	-0.1A	-0.35A

* I_D (continuous) is limited by max rated T_j .

Electrical Characteristics (@ 25°C unless otherwise specified)

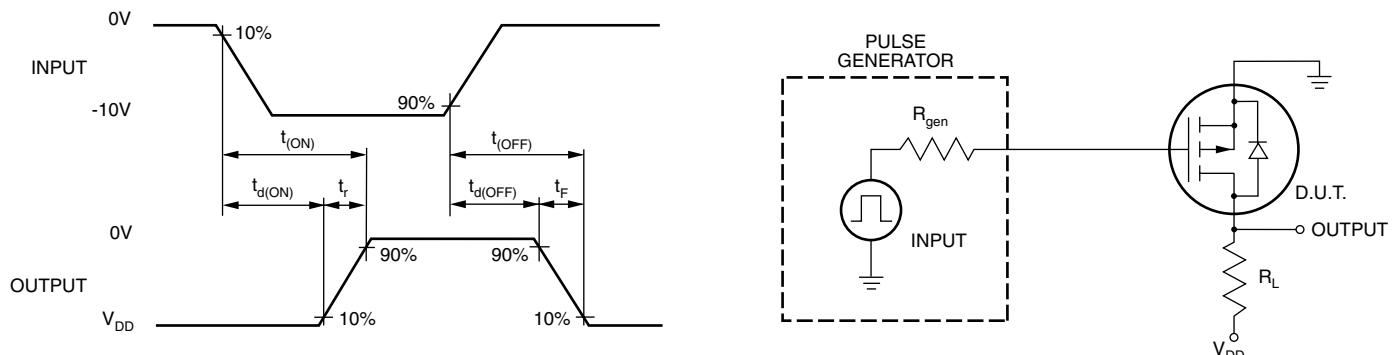
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Conditions
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	-200			V	$I_D = -1.0\text{mA}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	-1.5		-3.5	V	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}$, $I_D = -1.0\text{mA}$
$\Delta V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Change in $V_{GS(\text{th})}$ with Temperature		6.0		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$I_D = -1.0\text{mA}$, $V_{GS} = V_{DS}$
I_{GSS}	Gate Body Leakage			-100	nA	$V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{V}$, $V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current			-10	μA	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{DS} = \text{Max Rating}$
				-1	mA	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{DS} = 0.8$ Max Rating $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{D(\text{ON})}$	ON-State Drain Current	-100	-400		mA	$V_{GS} = -5\text{V}$, $V_{DS} = -25\text{V}$
		-350	-750			$V_{GS} = -10\text{V}$, $V_{DS} = -25\text{V}$
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-to-Source ON-State Resistance		25	40	Ω	$V_{GS} = -5\text{V}$, $I_D = -50\text{mA}$
			15	25		$V_{GS} = -10\text{V}$, $I_D = -100\text{mA}$
$\Delta R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Change in $R_{DS(\text{ON})}$ with Temperature		0.6		%/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GS} = -10\text{V}$, $I_D = -100\text{mA}$
G_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	50	70		$\text{m}\Omega$	$V_{DS} = -25\text{V}$, $I_D = -100\text{mA}$
C_{ISS}	Input Capacitance		50	60	pF	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{DS} = -25\text{V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$
C_{OSS}	Common Source Output Capacitance		10	30		
C_{RSS}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		5	10		
$t_{d(\text{ON})}$	Turn-ON Delay Time			4	10	ns
t_r	Rise Time			4	10	
$t_{d(\text{OFF})}$	Turn-OFF Delay Time			4	10	
t_f	Fall Time			4	11	
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop		-1.0		V	$I_{SD} = -0.5\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time		500		ns	$I_{SD} = -0.5\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$

Notes:

- All D.C. parameters 100% tested at 25°C unless otherwise stated. (Pulse test: 300 μs pulse, 2% duty cycle.)
- All A.C. parameters sample tested.

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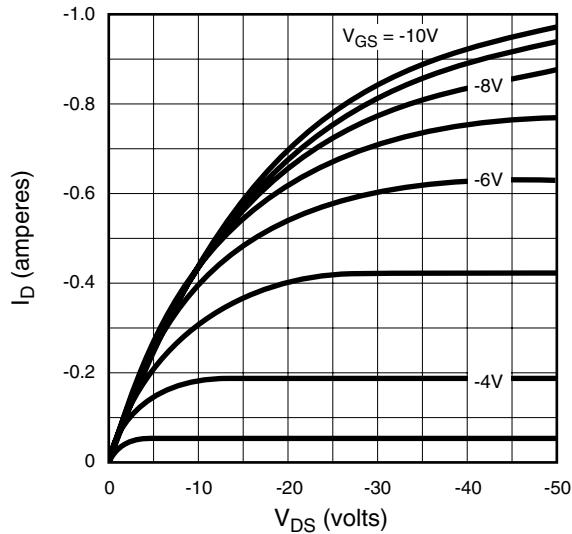
Switching Waveforms and Test Circuit



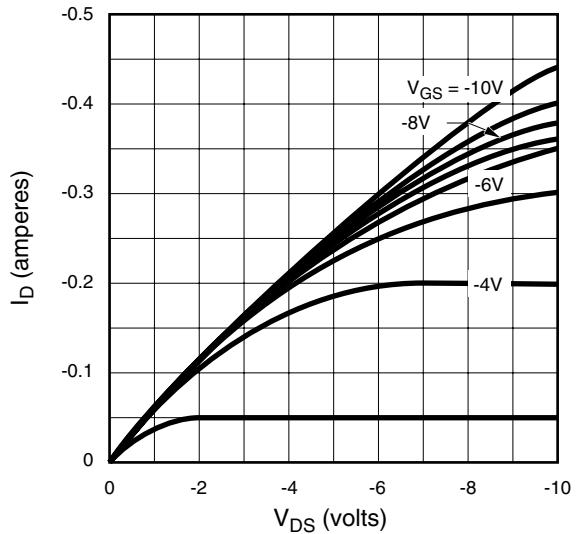
Typical Performance Curves

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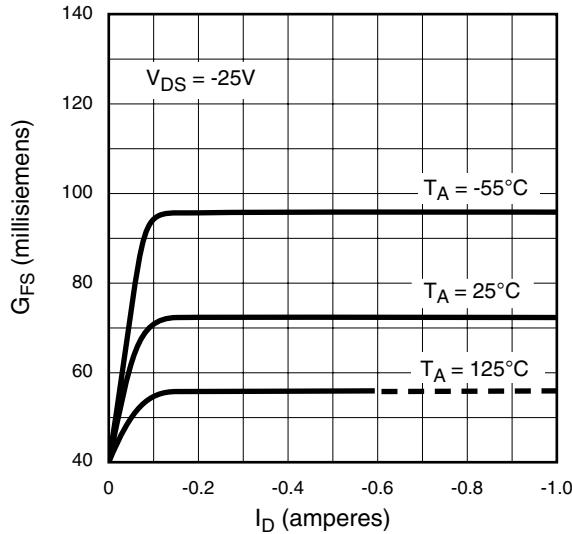
Output Characteristics



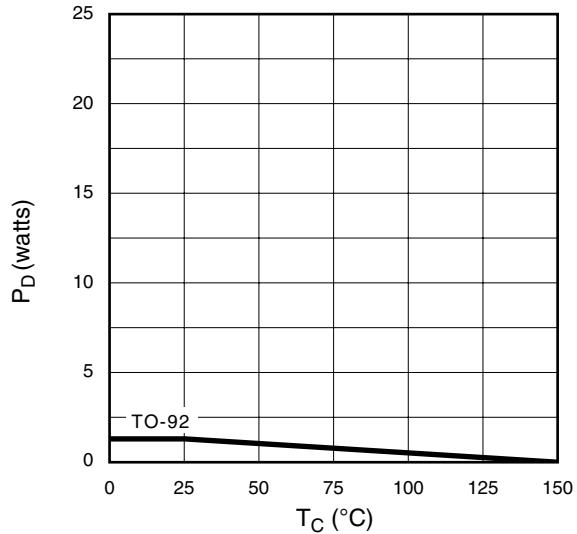
Saturation Characteristics



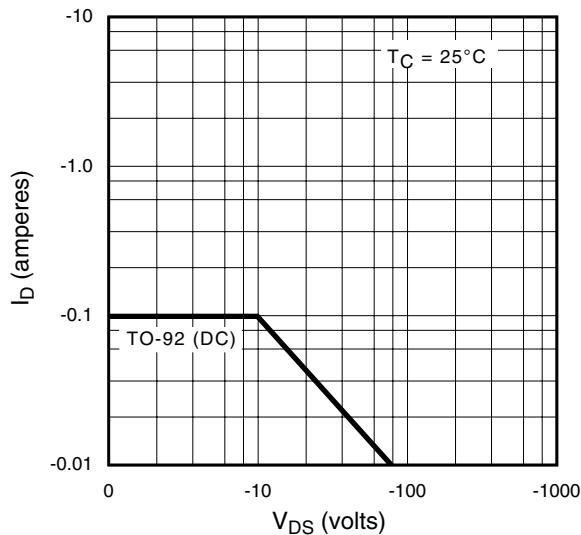
Transconductance vs. Drain Current



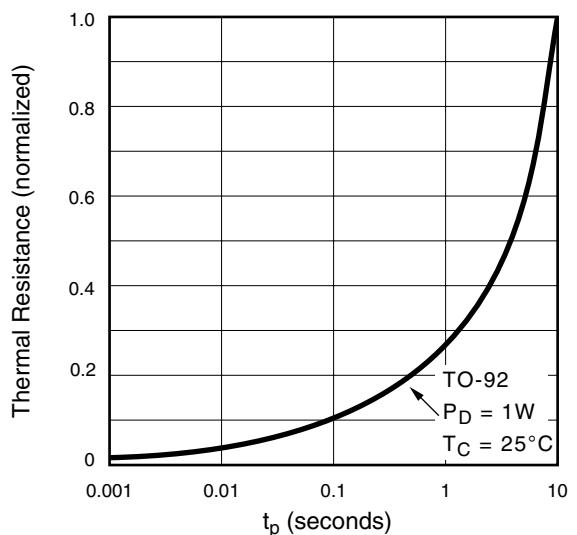
Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature



Maximum Rated Safe Operating Area



Thermal Response Characteristics



Typical Performance Curves

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