

Features

- ☐ Single chip solution with only a few external components
- ☐ Stand-alone fixed-frequency transceiver operation modes
- ☐ Programmable multi-channel transceiver operation modes
- ☐ Low current consumption in active mode and very low standby current
- ☐ PLL-stabilized RF VCO (LO) with internal varactor diode
- ☐ Lock detection in programmable channel applications
- ☐ 3wire bus serial control interface
- ☐ FSK/ASK modulation selection
- ☐ FSK for digital data and FM for analog signal reception
- ☐ RSSI allows signal strength indication and ASK detection
- ☐ Switchable LNA gain for improved dynamic range
- ☐ Automatic PA turn-on after PLL lock
- ☐ FM possible with external varactor
- ☐ ASK modulation achieved by on/off keying
- ☐ AFC option for extended input frequency acceptance range

Ordering Information

Part No.

EVB7120-433-FSK
EVB7120-433-ASK

EVB7120-868-FSK
EVB7120-868-ASK

EVB7120-315-FSK (on request) EVB7120-915-FSK (on request)
EVB7120-315-ASK (on request) EVB7120-915-ASK (on request)

Application Examples

- ☐ General bi-directional half duplex digital data transmission or analog signal transmission
- ☐ Low-power telemetry
- ☐ Alarm and security systems
- ☐ Keyless car and central locking
- ☐ Home automation
- ☐ Model control

Technical Data Overview

- ☐ Frequency range: 300 MHz to 930 MHz for programmable channel applications
- ☐ 315 MHz, 433 MHz, 868 MHz or 915 MHz fixed-frequency single-channel variants
- ☐ Power supply range: 2.2 V to 5.5 V
- ☐ Temperature range: -40 °C to +85 °C
- ☐ Standby current: 50 nA
- ☐ Operating current: 7.5 mA in receive mode at low gain
- ☐ Operating current 12 mA in transmit mode at -2 dBm output power
- ☐ Adjustable output power range from -15 dBm to +6 dBm
- ☐ Sensitivity: -103 dBm at FSK with 150 kHz IF filter BW
- ☐ Sensitivity: -105 dBm at ASK with 150 kHz IF filter BW
- ☐ Maximum data rate for FSK and ASK: 40 kbit/s NRZ
- ☐ Maximum input level: -10 dBm at FSK and -20 dBm at ASK
- ☐ Input frequency acceptance: ± 50 kHz (with AFC option)
- ☐ Frequency deviation range: ± 2.5 kHz to ± 80 kHz
- ☐ Maximum analog modulation frequency: 10 kHz
- ☐ 3 MHz to 12 MHz crystal reference

General Description

The TH7120 is a single chip FSK/FM/ASK transceiver IC. It is designed to operate in low-power multi-channel programmable or single-channel stand-alone, half-duplex data transmission systems. It can be used for ISM, SRD or similar applications operating in the frequency ranging of 300 MHz to 930 MHz.

The TH7120 transceiver IC consists of the following building blocks:

- Low-noise amplifier (LNA) for high-sensitivity RF signal reception with switchable gain
- Mixer (MIX) for RF-to-IF down-conversion
- IF amplifier (IFA) to amplify and limit the IF signal and for RSSI generation
- Phase-coincidence demodulator with external ceramic discriminator (FSK Demodulator)
- Operational amplifier, connected to demodulator output (OA1)
- Operational amplifier, integrator circuit at FSK-AFC mode (OA2)
- Control logic with 3wire bus serial control interface (SCI)
- Reference oscillator (RO) with external crystal
- Reference divider (R counter)
- Programmable divider (N/A counter)
- Phase-frequency detector (PFD)
- Charge pump (CP)
- Voltage control oscillator (VCO) with internal varactor
- Power amplifier (PA) with adjustable output power

The transceiver can be used either as a 3wire-bus-controlled programmable or as a stand-alone fixed-frequency device. After power up, the transceiver is set to fixed-frequency mode. In this mode, pins FS0/SDEN and FS1/LD must be connected to V_{EE} or V_{CC} in order to set the desired frequency of operation. The logic levels at pins FS0/SDEN and FS1/LD must not be changed after power up in order to remain in fixed-frequency mode.

After the first logic level change at pin FS0/SDEN, the transceiver enters into programmable mode while pin FS1/LD is now a PLL lock detector output. In this mode, the user can set any PLL frequency or mode of operation by the SCI.

For more detailed information, please refer to the latest TH7120 data sheet revision.

Block Diagram

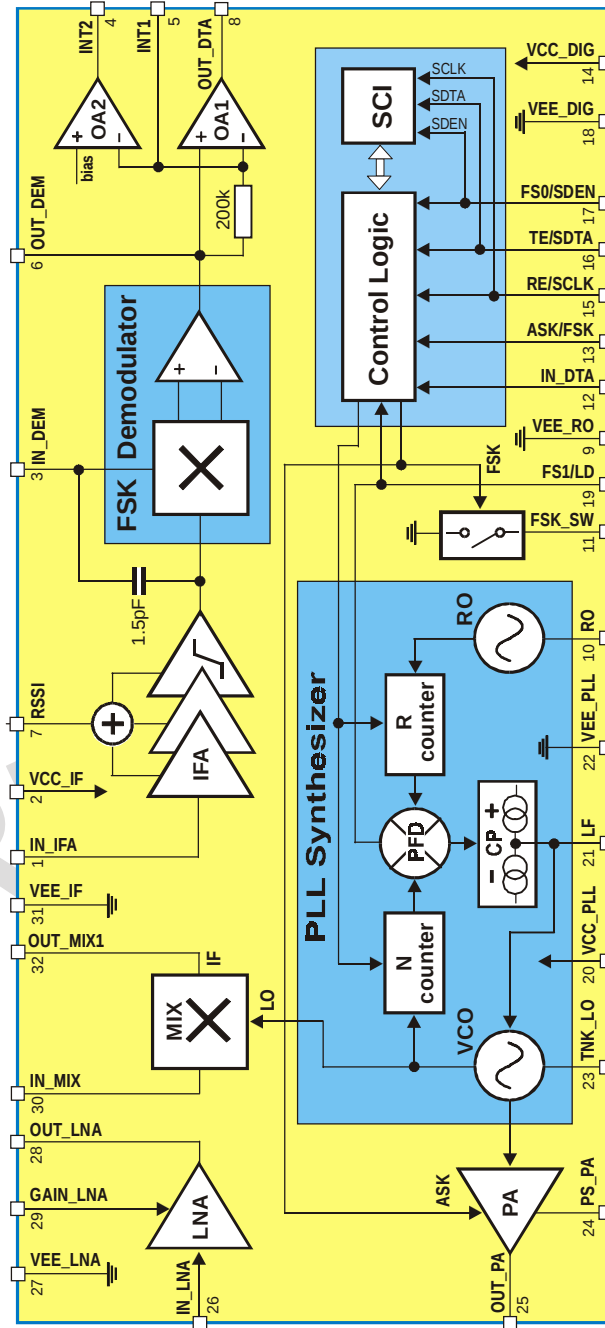


Figure 1: TH7120 block diagram

Stand-Alone Fixed-Frequency Operation

After power up the transceiver is set to fixed-frequency mode. In this mode, pins FS0/SDEN and FS1/LD must be connected to V_{EE} or V_{CC} to set the desired frequency of operation. The logic levels at pins FS0/SDEN and FS1/LD must not be changed after power up in order to remain in fixed-frequency mode. The default settings of the control word bits in stand-alone mode are described in the frequency selection table.

Frequency Selection

Channel frequency	433.92 MHz	868.3 MHz	315 MHz	915 MHz
FS0/SDEN	1	0	1	0
FS1/LD	0	0	1	1
Reference oscillator frequency	7.1505 MHz			
R counter ratio in RX mode	16	16	18	30
PFD frequency in RX mode	446.91 kHz	446.91 kHz	397.25 kHz	238.35 kHz
N/A counter ratio in RX mode	947	1919	766	3794
VCO frequency in RX mode	423.22 MHz	857.60 MHz	304.30 MHz	904.30 MHz
RX frequency	433.92 MHz	868.30 MHz	315.00 MHz	915.00 MHz
R counter ratio in TX mode	16	16	18	30
PFD frequency in TX mode	446.91 kHz	446.91 kHz	397.25 kHz	238.35 kHz
N/A counter ratio in TX mode	971	1943	793	3839
VCO frequency in TX mode	433.92 MHz	868.30 MHz	315.00 MHz	915.00 MHz
TX frequency	433.92 MHz	868.30 MHz	315.00 MHz	915.00 MHz
IF frequency in RX mode	10.7 MHz	10.7 MHz	10.7 MHz	10.7 MHz

In the fixed-frequency mode, the user can set the transceiver to Standby, Receive, Transmit or Idle (only PLL synthesizer active) mode via control pins RE/SCLK and TE/SDTA.

Operation mode	Standby	Receive	Transmit	Idle
RE/SCLK	0	1	0	1
TE/SDTA	0	0	1	1

In this mode, the modulation type selection can be done via pin ASK/FSK

Modulation type	ASK	FSK
ASK / FSK	0	1

Default Register Settings After Power-up

Bits	A-word symbols	Channel '00' 868.3 MHz	Channel '01' 433.92 MHz	Channel '10' 915.0 MHz	Channel '11' 315.0 MHz	B-word symbols	Channel '00' 868.3 MHz	Channel '01' 433.92 MHz	Channel '10' 915.0 MHz	Channel '11' 315.0 MHz
21	not used	0				not used	0			
20	DI MODE	0				not used	0			
19	MODUL	0				EnDelPLL	1			
18	HighCur	0				LNAHYST	1			
17	LOCK_MODE	0				EnAdj	0			
16	PA_AUTO	0				EnFM	0			
15	Pow1	1				Max2	1			
14	Pow0	1				Max1	1			
13	MIXG	1				Max0	1			
12	LNAG	1				Min2	0			
11	TE	0				Min1	1			
10	RE	0				Min0	1			
9	RR9	0	0	0	0	RT9	0	0	0	0
8	RR8	0	0	0	0	RT8	0	0	0	0
7	RR7	0	0	0	0	RT7	0	0	0	0
6	RR6	0	0	0	0	RT6	0	0	0	0
5	RR5	0	0	0	0	RT5	0	0	0	0
4	RR4	1	1	1	1	RT4	1	1	1	1
3	RR3	0	0	1	0	RT3	0	0	1	0
2	RR2	0	0	1	0	RT2	0	0	1	0
1	RR1	0	0	1	1	RT1	0	0	1	1
0	RR0	0	0	0	0	RT0	0	0	0	0

Bits	C-word symbols	Channel '00' 868.3 MHz	Channel '01' 433.92 MHz	Channel '10' 915.0 MHz	Channel '11' 315.0 MHz	B-word symbols	Channel '00' 868.3 MHz	Channel '01' 433.92 MHz	Channel '10' 915.0 MHz	Channel '11' 315.0 MHz
21	LNAGI_E	0				MODUL_CTR	0			
20	POLAR	0				LD_TM1	1			
19	High2	0	0	0	0	LD_TM0	0			
18	High1	1	1	1	1	ER_TM1	0			
17	UP	1	0	1	0	ER_TM0	0			
16	NR16	0	0	0	0	NT16	0	0	0	0
15	NR15	0	0	0	0	NT15	0	0	0	0
14	NR14	0	0	0	0	NT14	0	0	0	0
13	NR13	0	0	0	0	NT13	0	0	0	0
12	NR12	0	0	0	0	NT12	0	0	0	0
11	NR11	0	0	1	0	NT11	0	0	1	0
10	NR10	1	0	1	0	NT10	1	0	1	0
9	NR9	1	1	1	1	NT9	1	1	1	1
8	NR8	1	1	0	0	NT8	1	1	0	1
7	NR7	0	1	1	1	NT7	1	1	1	0
6	NR6	1	0	1	1	NT6	0	1	1	0
5	NR5	1	1	0	1	NT5	0	0	1	0
4	NR4	1	1	1	1	NT4	1	0	1	1
3	NR3	1	0	0	1	NT3	0	1	1	1
2	NR2	1	0	0	1	NT2	1	0	1	0
1	NR1	1	1	1	1	NT1	1	1	1	0
0	NR0	1	1	0	0	NT0	1	1	1	1

Programmable Channel Operation

Serial Control Interface Description

A 3-wire (SCLK, SDTA, SDEN) Serial Control Interface (SCI) is used to program the transceiver in multi-channel mode (see Fig. 2). At each rising edge of the SCLK signal, the logic value on the SDTA pin is written into a 24-bit shift register. The data stored in the shift register are loaded into one of the 4 appropriate latches on the rising edge of SDEN. The control words are 24 bits lengths: 2 address bits and 22 data bits. The first two bits (bit 23 and 22) are latch address bits. As additional leading bits are ignored, only the least significant 24 bits are serial-clocked into the shift register. The first incoming bit is the most significant bit (MSB). To program the transceiver in multi-channel application, four 24-bit words may be sent: A-word, B-word, C-word and D-word. If individual bits within a word have to be changed, then it is sufficient to program only the appropriate 24-bit word. The serial data input timing and the structure of the control words are illustrated in Fig. 2 and 3. Table REGISTER SETTINGS describes the function of each bit.

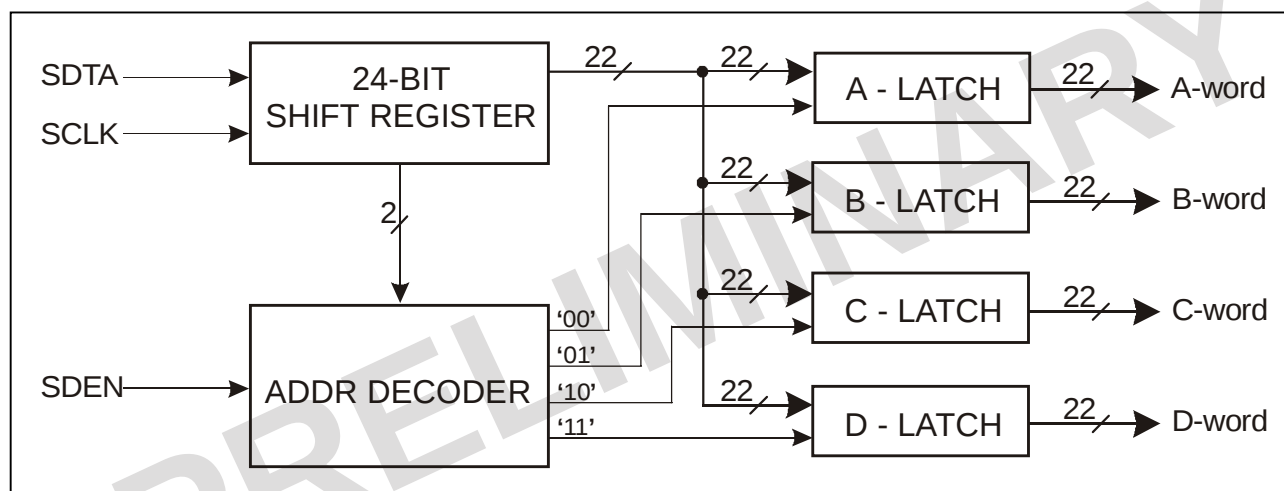


Figure 2: SCI block diagram

Due to the static CMOS design, the SCI consumes virtually no current and it can be programmed in active as well as in standby mode.

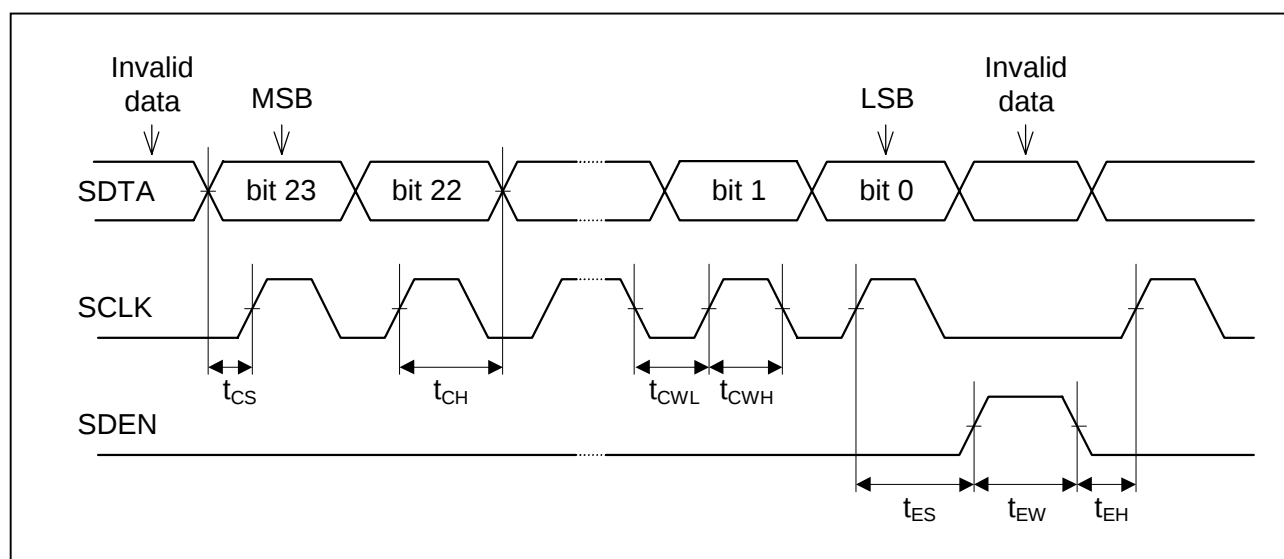


Figure 3: Serial data input timing

SCI Words

A-word

MSB																						LSB	
23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ADDR		not used	DI_MODE	MODUL	HighCur	LOCK_MODE	PA_AUTO	Pow1	Pow0	MIXG	LNAG	TE	RE	RR9	RR8	RR7	RR6	RR5	RR4	RR3	RR2	RR1	RR0

B-word

MSB																						LSB	
23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	1	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ADDR		not used	not used	EnDelPLL	LNAHYST	EnAdj	EnFm	Max2	Max1	Max0	Min2	Min1	Min0	RT9	RT8	RT7	RT6	RT5	RT4	RT3	RT2	RT1	RT0

C-word

MSB														LSB									
23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ADDR		LNAGI_E	POLAR	High2	High1	UP	NR16	NR15	NR14	NR13	NR12	NR11	NR10	NR9	NR8	NR7	NR6	NR5	NR4	NR3	NR2	NR1	NR0

D-word

MSB																			LSB				
23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ADDR		MODUL_CTR	LD_TM1	LD_TM0	ER_TM1	ER_TM0	NT16	NT15	NT14	NT13	NT12	NT11	NT10	NT9	NT8	NT7	NT6	NT5	NT4	NT3	NT2	NT1	NT0

Register Settings

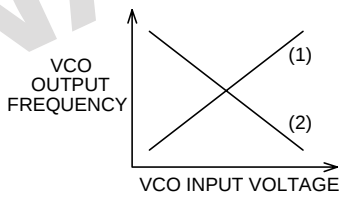
A-word

Symbol	Bits	No.	Description
Software button			
RR9:RR0	[9:0]	10	Reference divider ratio in RX mode
RR9:RR0			
TE:RE	[11:10]	2	Select active mode at programmable-channel application:
OPMODE			'00' Standby mode '11' Idle mode '10' Transmit mode '01' Receive mode
LNAG	[12]	1	Select LNA gain at internal gain control:
LNAGAIN			'0' low LNA gain '1' high LNA gain
MIXG	[13]	1	Select mixer conversion gain at programmable-channel application:
MIXGAIN			'0' low gain '1' high gain
Pow1:Pow0	[15:14]	2	Select output power at programmable-channel application:
TXPOWER			'00' $P_{\max}$ - 20 dBm '01' $P_{\max}$ - 12 dBm '10' $P_{\max}$ - 6 dBm '11' $P_{\max}$
PA_AUTO	[16]	1	Disable automatic PA turn-on after PLL lock:
PA_AUTO			'0' enabled '1' disabled
LOCK_MODE	[17]	1	Select PFD output analyse mode of lock detecting:
LOCK_MODE			'0' before lock only '1' before and after lock.
HighCur	[18]	1	Select Charge Pump output current:
CPCUR			'0' $\pm 260 \mu\text{A}$ '1' $\pm 1300 \mu\text{A}$
MODUL	[19]	1	Select modulation mode at internal modulation control:
ASK/FSK			'0' ASK '1' FSK
DI_MODE	[20]	1	Select mode for input data:
DI_MODE			'0' normal '0' for space at ASK or $f_{\min}$ at FSK, '1' for mark at ASK or $f_{\max}$ at FSK '1' inverse '1' for space at ASK or $f_{\min}$ at FSK, '0' for mark at ASK or $f_{\max}$ at FSK
not used	[21]	1	'X'

B-word

Symbol	Bits	No.	Description
Software button			
RT9:RT0	[9:0]	10	Reference divider ratio in TX mode
RT9:RT0			
Min2:Min0	[12:10]	3	Select minimum value of RO active current:
ROMIN			'000' 0 μ A
			'001' 50 μ A
			'010' 100 μ A
			'011' 150 μ A
			'100' 200 μ A
			'101' 250 μ A
			'110' 300 μ A
			'111' 350 μ A
Max2:Max0	[15:13]	3	Select maximum value of RO active current:
ROMAX			'000' 0 μ A (RO is off)
			'001' 50 μ A
			'010' 100 μ A
			'011' 150 μ A
			'100' 200 μ A
			'101' 250 μ A
			'110' 300 μ A
			'111' 350 μ A
EnFm	[16]	1	Test bit. Forced '0' for correct functioning.
EnAdj	[17]	1	Test bit. Forced '0' for correct functioning.
LNAHYST	[18]	1	Enable LNA hysteresis:
LNAHYST			'1' disabled
			'0' enabled
EnDelPLL	[19]	1	Enable delayed start of the PLL:
EnDelPLL			'1' disabled
			'0' enabled.
not used	[20]	1	'X'
not used	[21]	1	'X'

C-word

Symbol	Bits	No.	Description	
Software button				
NR16:NR0	[16:0]	17	Feedback divider ratio in RX mode	
NR16:NR0				
UP	[17]	1	Select frequency band:	
BAND			'0'	up to 500 MHz
			'1'	500 to 1000MHz
High2:High1	[19:18]	2	Select VCO active current:	
VCOCUR			'00'	low current (250 μ A)
			'01'	standard current (350 μ A)
			'10'	high1 current (450 μ A)
			'11'	high2 current (550 μ A)
POLAR	[20]	1	Select Phase Detector polarity:	
PFDPOL			'1'	positive (1)
			'0'	negative (2)
				
LNAGI_E	[21]	1	Select LNA gain control mode:	
LNACTRL			'0'	external LNA gain control
			'1'	internal LNA gain control

D-word

Symbol	Bits	No.	Description	
Software button				
NT16:NT0	[16:0]	17	Feedback divider ratio in TX mode	
NT16:NT0				
ER_TM1:ER_TM0	[18:17]	2	Select maximum enabled PFD output error for lock detecting (in reference frequency clocks):	
ER_TM1:ER_TM0			'00'	2 clocks
			'01'	4 clocks
			'10'	8 clocks
			'11'	16 clocks
LD_TM1:LD_TM0	[20:19]	2	Select minimum number of PFD reference frequency clocks before lock detecting:	
LD_TM1:LD_TM0			'00'	4 clocks
			'01'	16 clocks
			'10'	64 clocks
			'11'	256 clocks
MODUL_CTR	[21]	1	Select mode of modulation control:	
MODCTRL			'0'	external modulation control
			'1'	internal modulation control

FSK Application Circuit

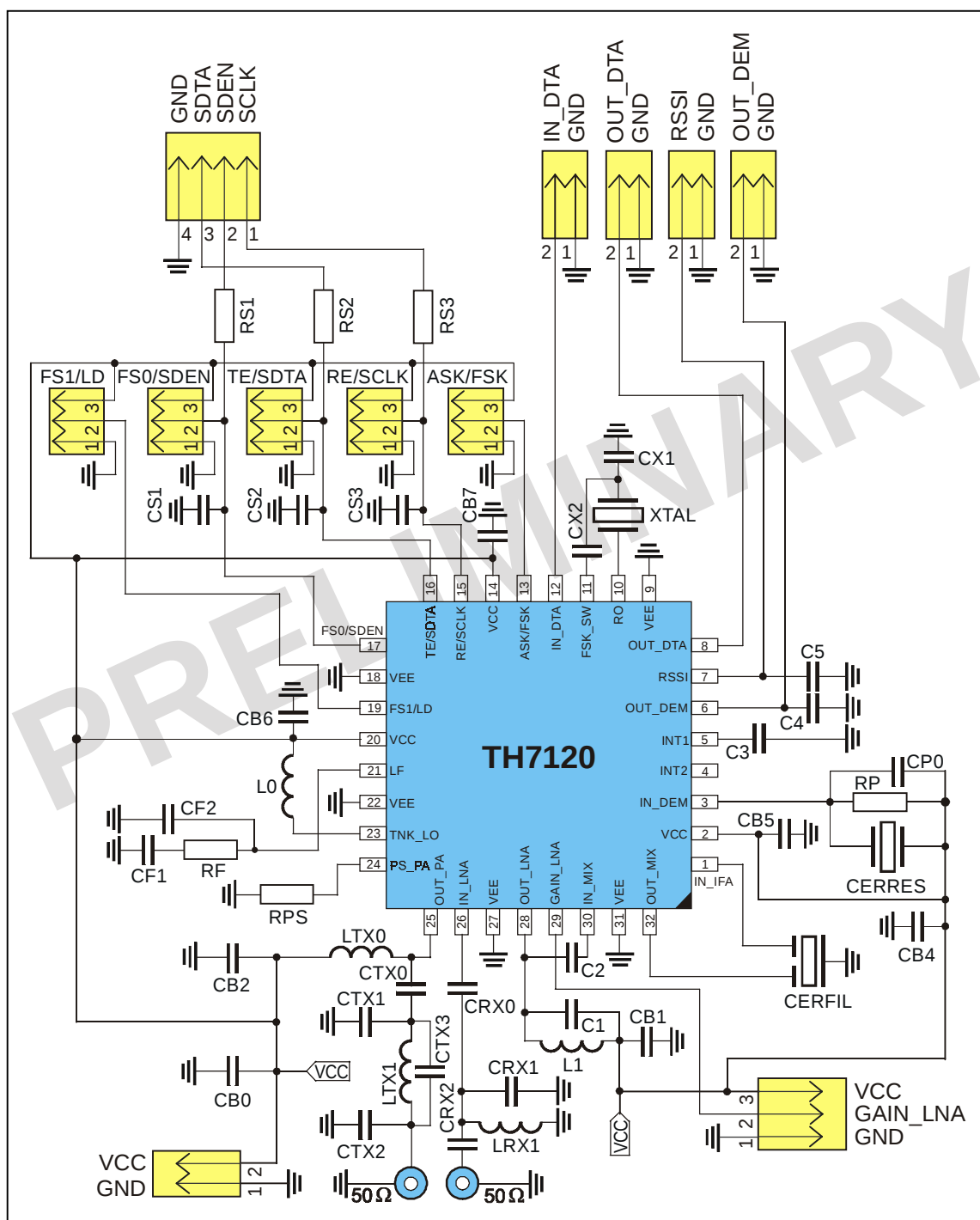


Figure 4: Circuit for FSK operation

Board Component Values for FSK

Part	Size	Value @ 433.92 MHz	Value @ 868.3 MHz	Tolerance	Description
C1	0603	5.6 pF	NIP	±5%	LNA output tank capacitor
C2	0603	1 pF	1.5 pF	±5%	MIX input matching capacitor
C3	0805	10 nF	10 nF	±10%	data slicer capacitor
C4	0805	330 pF	330 pF	±10%	demodulator output low-pass capacitor, depending on data rate
C5	0805	330 pF	330 pF	±10%	RSSI output low pass capacitor
CB0	0805	100 nF	100 nF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB1	0803	330 pF	330 pF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB2	0805	330 pF	330 pF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB4	0805	330 pF	330 pF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB5	0603	330 pF	330 pF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB6	0603	330 pF	47 pF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB7	0603	330 pF	330 pF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CF1	0805	330 pF	330 pF	±5%	loop filter capacitor
CF2	0805	150 pF	150 pF	±5%	loop filter capacitor
CX1	0805	18 pF	22 pF	±5%	RO capacitor for FSK ($\Delta f = \pm 20$ kHz)
CX2	0805	150 pF	27 pF	±5%	RO capacitor for FSK ($\Delta f = \pm 20$ kHz)
CP0	0805	12 - 12 pF	12 - 12 pF	±5%	CERRES tuning capacitor
CRX0	0603	100 pF	100 pF	±5%	RX coupling capacitor
CRX1	0805	NIP	NIP	±5%	RX impedance matching capacitor
CRX2	0805	8.2 pF	3.3 pF	±5%	RX impedance matching capacitor
CTX0	0603	3.3 pF	2.2 pF	±5%	TX coupling capacitor
CTX1	0805	1 pF	NIP	±5%	TX impedance matching capacitor
CTX2	0805	4.7 pF	4.7 pF	±5%	TX impedance matching capacitor
CTX3	0805	NIP	0.47 pF	±5%	TX impedance matching capacitor
CS1 to CS3	0805	22 pF	22 pF	±10%	protection capacitor
RP	0603	10 k Ω	10 k Ω	±5%	CERRES loading resistor
RF	0805	62 k Ω	56 k Ω	±5%	loop filter resistor
RPS	0805	33 k Ω	33 k Ω	±5%	power-select resistor only required at fixed-frequency operation
RS1 to RS3	0805	10 k Ω	10 k Ω	±10%	protection resistor
L0	0805	22 nH	2.7 nH	±5%	VCO tank inductor
L1	0603	15 nH	10 nH	±5%	LNA output tank inductor
LRX1	0805	18 nH	8.2 nH	±5%	RX impedance matching inductor
LTX0	0805	220 nH	82 nH	±5%	TX impedance matching inductor
LTX1	0805	56 nH	12 nH	±5%	TX impedance matching inductor
XTAL	HC49 SMD	7.1505 MHz	7.1505 MHz	±30ppm calibr. ±30ppm temp.	fundamental-mode crystal, $C_{load} = 10$ pF to 15pF, $C_{0, max} = 7$ pF, $R_{m, max} = 70$ Ω
CERFIL	Leaded type	SFE10.7MFP @ $B_{IF2} = 40$ kHz	SFE10.7MFP @ $B_{IF2} = 40$ kHz	TBD	ceramic filter from Murata (optional for narrow band applications)
	SMD type	SFECV10.7MJS-A @ $B_{IF2} = 150$ kHz	SFECV10.7MJS-A @ $B_{IF2} = 150$ kHz	±40 kHz	ceramic filter from Murata
CERRES	SMD type	CDACV10.7MG18-A	CDACV10.7MG18-A		ceramic resonator from Murata

NIP – not in place, may be used optionally

ASK Application Circuit

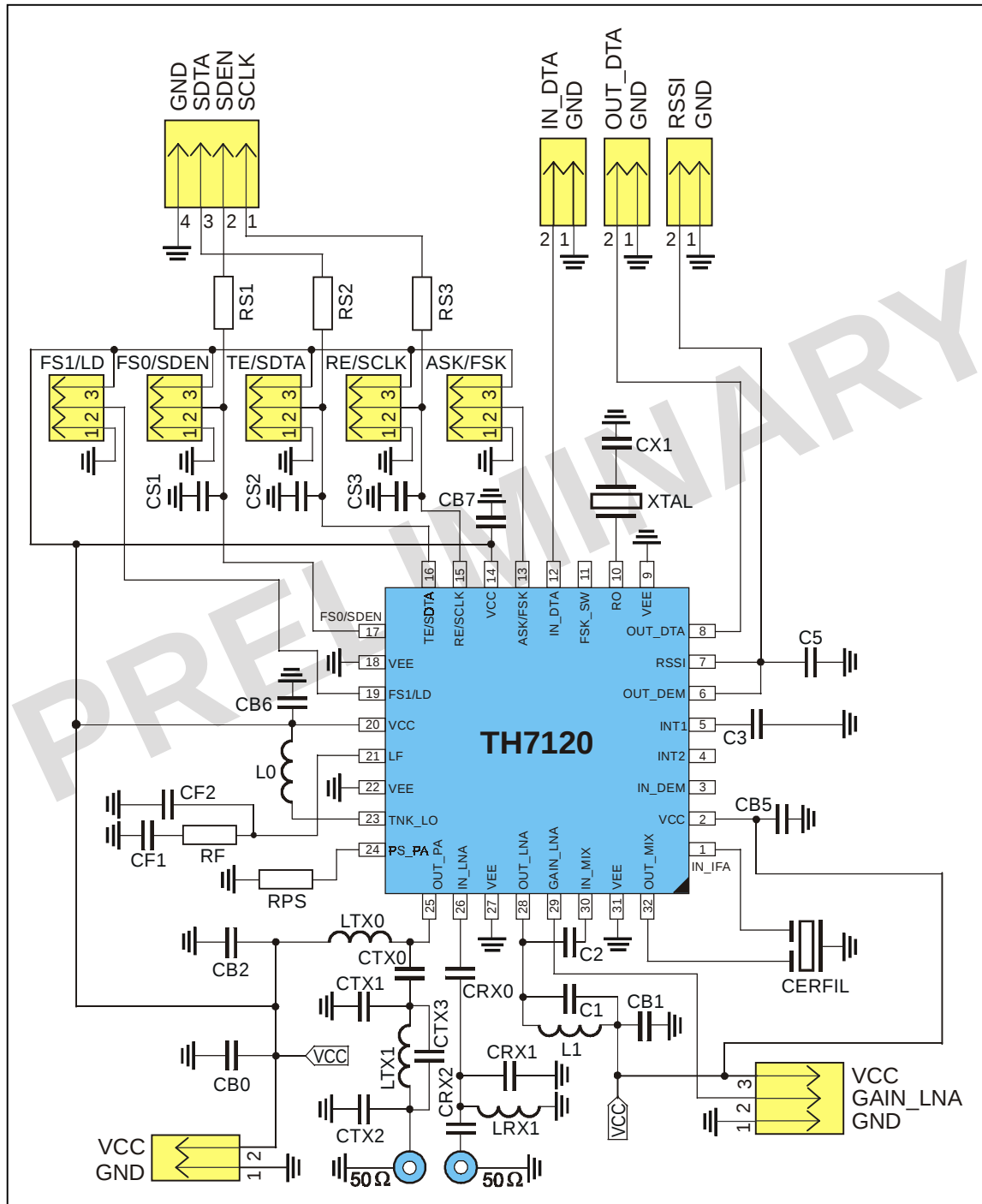
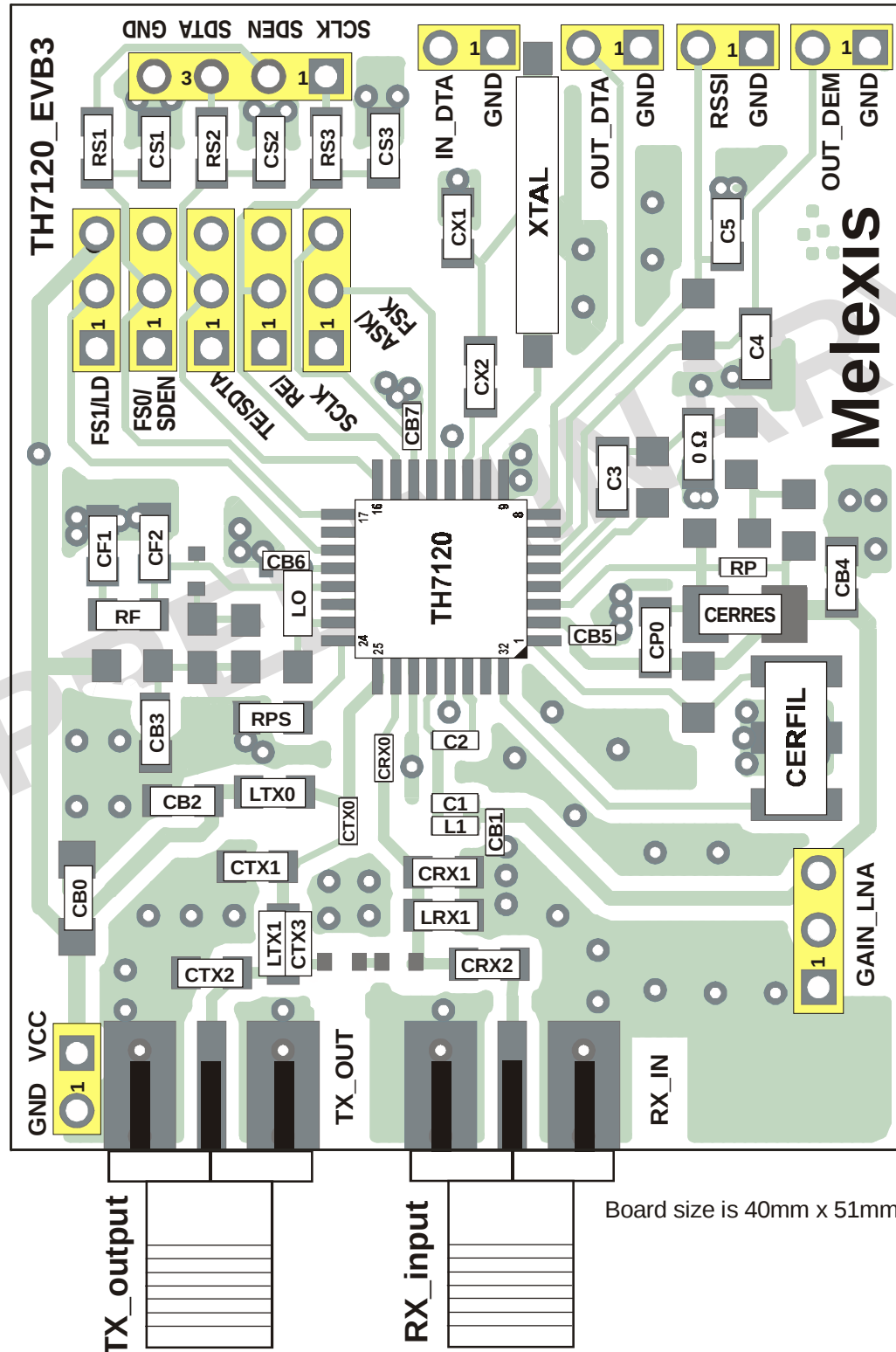


Figure 5: Circuit for ASK operation

PCB Top View for ASK Application

Board layout data in Gerber format is available



Board Component Values for ASK

Part	Size	Value @ 433.92 MHz	Value @ 868.3 MHz	Tolerance	Description
C1	0603	5.6 pF	NIP	±5%	LNA output tank capacitor
C2	0603	1 pF	1.5 pF	±5%	MIX input matching capacitor
C3	0805	10 nF	10 nF	±10%	data slicer capacitor
C5	0805	330 pF	330 pF	±10%	RSSI output low pass capacitor
CB0	0805	100 nF	100 nF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB1	0803	330 pF	330 pF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB2	0805	330 pF	330 pF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB5	0603	330 pF	330 pF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB6	0603	330 pF	47 pF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CB7	0603	330 pF	330 pF	±10%	blocking capacitor
CF1	0805	330 pF	330 pF	±5%	loop filter capacitor
CF2	0805	150 pF	150 pF	±5%	loop filter capacitor
CX1	0805	15 pF	15 pF	±5%	RO capacitor
CRX0	0603	100 pF	100 pF	±5%	RX coupling capacitor
CRX1	0805	NIP	NIP	±5%	RX impedance matching capacitor
CRX2	0805	8.2 pF	3.3 pF	±5%	RX impedance matching capacitor
CTX0	0603	3.3 pF	2.2 pF	±5%	TX coupling capacitor
CTX1	0805	1 pF	NIP	±5%	TX impedance matching capacitor
CTX2	0805	4.7 pF	4.7 pF	±5%	TX impedance matching capacitor
CTX3	0805	NIP	0.47 pF	±5%	TX impedance matching capacitor
CS1 to CS3	0805	22 pF	22 pF	±10%	protection rcapacitor
RF	0805	62 kΩ	56 kΩ	±5%	loop filter resistor
RPS	0805	33 kΩ	33 kΩ	±5%	power-select resistor only required at fixed-frequency operation
RS1 to RS3	0805	10 kΩ	10 kΩ	±10%	protection resistor
L0	0805	22 nH	2.7 nH	±5%	VCO tank inductor
L1	0603	15 nH	10 nH	±5%	LNA output tank inductor
LRX1	0805	18 nH	8.2 nH	±5%	RX impedance matching inductor
LTX0	0805	220 nH	82 nH	±5%	TX impedance matching inductor
LTX1	0805	56 nH	12 nH	±5%	TX impedance matching inductor
XTAL	HC49 SMD	7.1505 MHz	7.1505 MHz	±30ppm calibr. ±30ppm temp.	fundamental-mode crystal, C _{load} = 10 pF to 15pF, C _{0, max} = 7 pF, R _{m, max} = 70 Ω
CERFIL	Leaded type	SFE10.7MFP @ B _{IF2} = 40 kHz	SFE10.7MFP @ B _{IF2} = 40 kHz	TBD	ceramic filter from Murata (optional for narrow band applications)
	SMD type	SFECV10.7MJS-A @ B _{IF2} = 150 kHz	SFECV10.7MJS-A @ B _{IF2} = 150 kHz	±40 kHz	ceramic filter from Murata

NIP – not in place, may be used optionally

TX/RX Combining Network

Circuit Features

- ☐ Single TX/RX port
- ☐ No TX/RX switch required
- ☐ Direct connection to $\lambda/4$ antenna possible

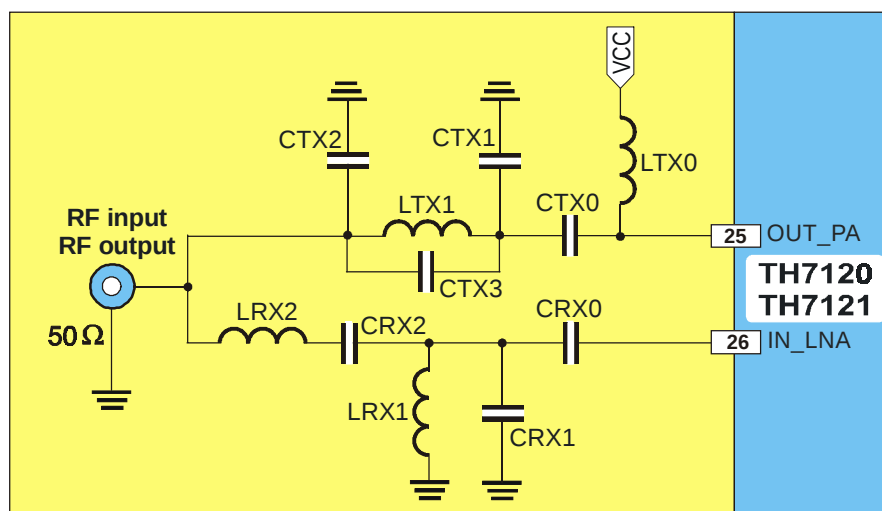


Figure 6: Combining network schematic

Board Component Values

Part	Size	Value @ 315.0 MHz	Value @ 433.92 MHz	Value @ 868.3 MHz	Value @ 915 MHz
CTX0	0603	10 pF	1 pF	2.2 pF	10 pF
CTX1	0805	10 pF	NIP	NIP	NIP
CTX2	0805	18 pF	15 pF	4.7 pF	TBD
CTX3	0805	TBD	NIP	0.68 pF	TBD
CRX0	0603	100 pF	100 pF	100 pF	100 pF
CRX1	0805	NIP	4.7 pF	2.2 pF	NIP
CRX2	0805	TBD	22 pF	3.3 pF	TBD
LTX0	0805	150 nH	150 nH	82 nH	TBD
LTX1	0805	TBD	56 nH	12 nH	TBD
LRX1	0805	27 nH	18 nH	8.2 nH	TBD
LRX2	0805	TBD	15 nH	10 nH	TBD

NIP – not in place, may be used optionally

Package Dimensions

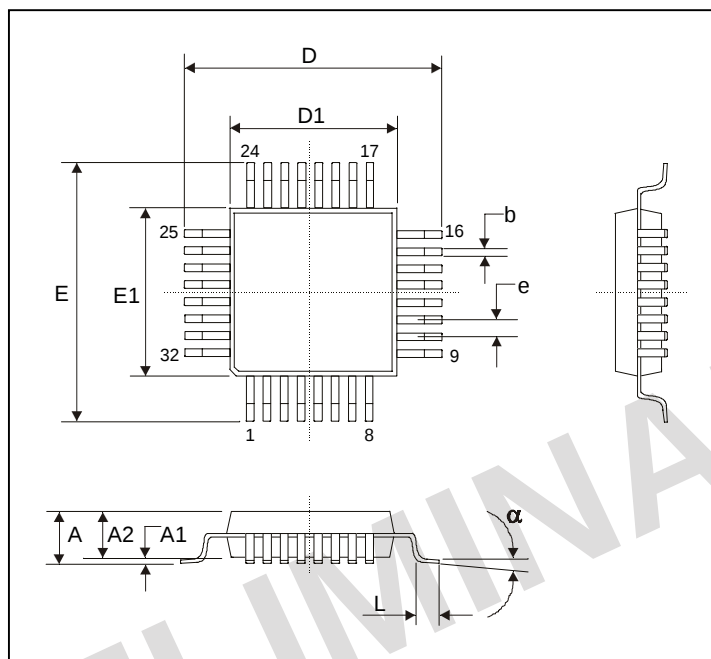


Fig. 7: LQFP32

All Dimension in mm, coplanarity < 0.1mm									
	E1, D1	A	A1	A2	e	b	L	E, D	α
min	7.00	1.60	0.05	1.35	0.8	0.30	0.45	9.00	0°
max			0.15	1.45		0.45	0.75		7°
All Dimension in inch, coplanarity < 0.004"									
min	0.276	0.630	0.002	0.053	0.031	0.012	0.018	0.354	0°
max			0.006	0.057		0.018	0.030		7°

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