3.0A Ultra Low Dropout Linear Regulator TJ3966

FEATURES

- Ultra Low Dropout Voltage
- Low Ground Pin Current
- Excellent Line and Load Regulation
- Guaranteed Output Current of 3.0A
- Available in SOP8-PP, TO-252, TO-263, and TO-220 Packages
- Fixed Output Voltages : 1.2V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V, and 5.0V
- SENSE Option Improves Load Regulation
- Over-Temperature/Over-Current Protection
- -40℃ to 125℃ Junction Temperature Range
- Moisture Sensitivity Level 3

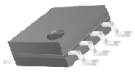
APPLICATION

- Battery Powered Equipments
- Motherboards and Graphic Cards
- Microprocessor Power Supplies
- Peripheral Cards
- High Efficiency Linear Regulators
- Battery Chargers

DESCRIPSION

The TJ3966 series of high performance ultra low-dropout linear regulators operates from 2.5V to 6V input supply and provides ultra low-dropout voltage, high output current with low ground current. Wide range of preset output voltage options are available. These ultra low dropout linear regulators respond fast to step changes in load which makes them suitable for low voltage micro-processor applications. The TJ3966 is developed on a CMOS process technology which allows low quiescent current operation independent of output load current. This CMOS process also allows the TJ3966 to operate under extremely low dropout conditions.

SOP8-PP PKG



TO-252 3L/ 5L PKG

TO-263 3L/ 5L PKG

TO-220 3L/ 5L PKG

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package
TJ3966DP-ADJ	SOP8-PP
TJ3966DP-X.X	
TJ3966GRS-ADJ	TO-252 3L/5L
TJ3966GRS-X.X	
TJ3966GR-ADJ	TO-263 3L/5L
TJ3966GR-X.X	
TJ3966T-ADJ	TO-220 3L/5L
TJ3966T-X.X	

X.X = Output Voltage = 1.2, 1.8, 2.5, 3.3, and 5.0

Absolute Maximum Ratings

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Supply Voltage (Survival)	V_{IN}	-0.3	7.0	V
Enable Input Voltage (Survival)	V_{EN} (1)	-0.3	7.0	V
Maximum Output Current	I_{MAX}	-	3.0	A
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 5 sec)	T_{SOL}		260	℃
Storage Temperature Range	T_{STG}	-65	150	℃
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T_{JOPR}	-40	125	℃

(1) It is recommended for V_{EN} not to exceed V_{IN} Voltage

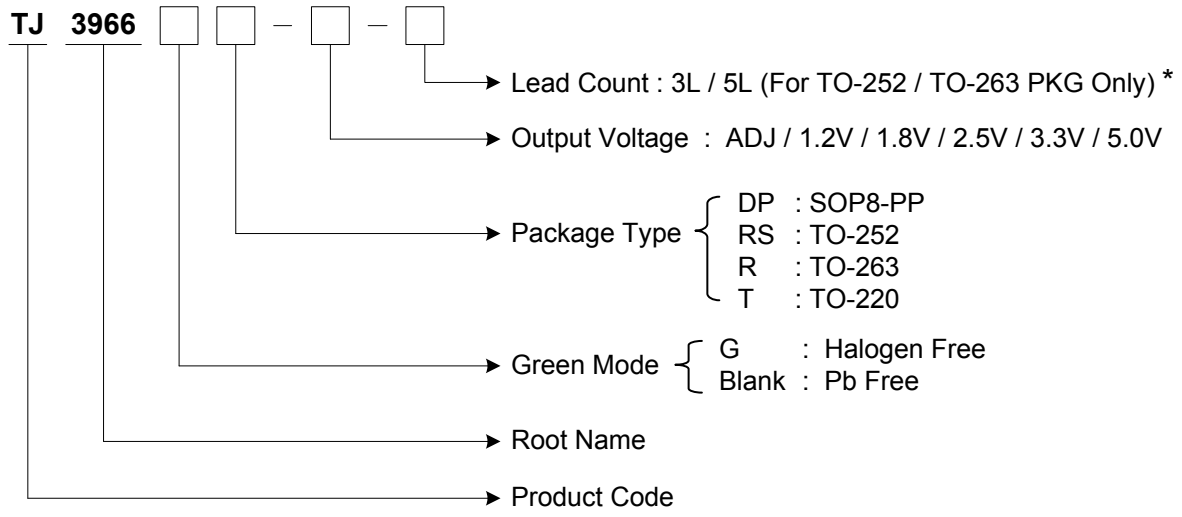
Ordering Information

V_{OUT}	Package	Order No.	Description	Supplied As	Status
ADJ	SOP8-PP	TJ3966DP-ADJ	3.0A, Adjustable, Enable	Reel	Active
	TO-252 5L	TJ3966RS-ADJ-5L	3.0A, Adjustable, Enable	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-252 5L	TJ3966GRS-ADJ-5L	3.0A, Adjustable, Enable	Reel	Active
	TO-263 5L	TJ3966R-ADJ-5L	3.0A, Adjustable, Enable	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-263 5L	TJ3966GR-ADJ-5L	3.0A, Adjustable, Enable	Reel	Active
	TO-220 5L	TJ3966T-ADJ-	3.0A, Adjustable, Enable	Tube	Active
1.2V	SOP8-PP	TJ3966DP-1.2	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Active
	TO-252 3L	TJ3966RS-1.2V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-252 3L	TJ3966GRS-1.2V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Active
	TO-252 5L	TJ3966RS-1.2V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-252 5L	TJ3966GRS-1.2V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Active
	TO-263 3L	TJ3966R-1.2V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-263 3L	TJ3966GR-1.2V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Active
	TO-263 5L	TJ3966R-1.2V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-263 5L	TJ3966GR-1.2V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Active
	TO-220 3L	TJ3966T-1.2V	3.0A	Tube	Active
	TO-220 5L	TJ3966T-1.2V	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Tube	Active
1.8V	SOP8-PP	TJ3966DP-1.8V	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Active
	TO-252 3L	TJ3966RS-1.8V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-252 3L	TJ3966GRS-1.8V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Active
	TO-252 5L	TJ3966RS-1.8V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-252 5L	TJ3966GRS-1.8V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Active
	TO-263 3L	TJ3966R-1.8V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-263 3L	TJ3966GR-1.8V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Active
	TO-263 5L	TJ3966R-1.8V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-263 5L	TJ3966GR-1.8V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Active
	TO-220 3L	TJ3966T-1.8V	3.0A	Tube	Active
	TO-220 5L	TJ3966T-1.8V	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Tube	Active
2.5V	SOP8-PP	TJ3966DP-2.5V	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Active
	TO-252 3L	TJ3966RS-2.5V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-252 3L	TJ3966GRS-2.5V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Active
	TO-252 5L	TJ3966RS-2.5V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-252 5L	TJ3966GRS-2.5V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Active
	TO-263 3L	TJ3966R-2.5V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-263 3L	TJ3966GR-2.5V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Active
	TO-263 5L	TJ3966R-2.5V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-263 5L	TJ3966GR-2.5V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Active
	TO-220 3L	TJ3966T-2.5V	3.0A	Tube	Active
	TO-220 5L	TJ3966T-2.5V	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Tube	Active

Ordering Information

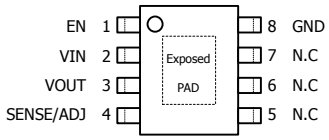
(Continued)

V_{OUT}	Package	Order No.	Description	Supplied As	Status
3.3V	SOP8-PP	TJ3966DP-3.3V	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Active
	TO-252 3L	TJ3966RS-3.3V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-252 3L	TJ3966GRS-3.3V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Active
	TO-252 5L	TJ3966RS-3.3V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-252 5L	TJ3966GRS-3.3V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Active
	TO-263 3L	TJ3966R-3.3V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-263 3L	TJ3966GR-3.3V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Active
	TO-263 5L	TJ3966R-3.3V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-263 5L	TJ3966GR-3.3V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Active
	TO-220 3L	TJ3966T-3.3V	3.0A	Tube	Active
	TO-220 5L	TJ3966T-3.3V	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Tube	Active
5.0V	SOP8-PP	TJ3966DP-5.0V	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Active
	TO-252 3L	TJ3966RS-5.0V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-252 3L	TJ3966GRS-5.0V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Active
	TO-252 5L	TJ3966RS-5.0V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-252 5L	TJ3966GRS-5.0V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Active
	TO-263 3L	TJ3966R-5.0V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-263 3L	TJ3966GR-5.0V-3L	3.0A	Reel	Active
	TO-263 5L	TJ3966R-5.0V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Obsolete
	TO-263 5L	TJ3966GR-5.0V-5L	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Reel	Active
	TO-220 3L	TJ3966T-5.0V	3.0A	Tube	Active
	TO-220 5L	TJ3966T-5.0V	3.0A, Enable, SENSE	Tube	Active

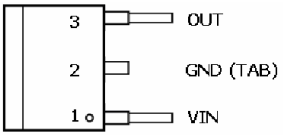


* It is written to distinguish the lead count of TO-252 / TO-263 PKG.

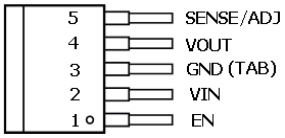
PIN CONFIGURATION



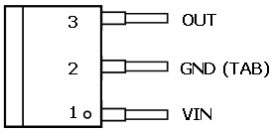
SOP8-PP (Exposed PAD)



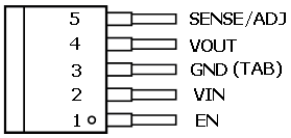
TO252-3L



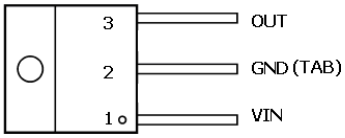
TO252-5L



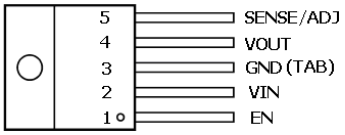
TO263-3L



TO263-5L



TO220-3L



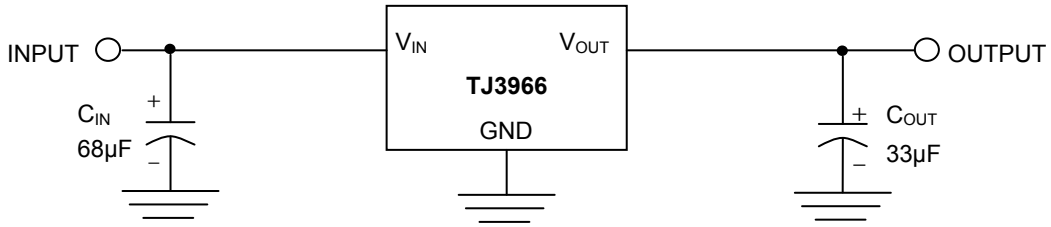
TO220-5L

PIN DESCRIPTION

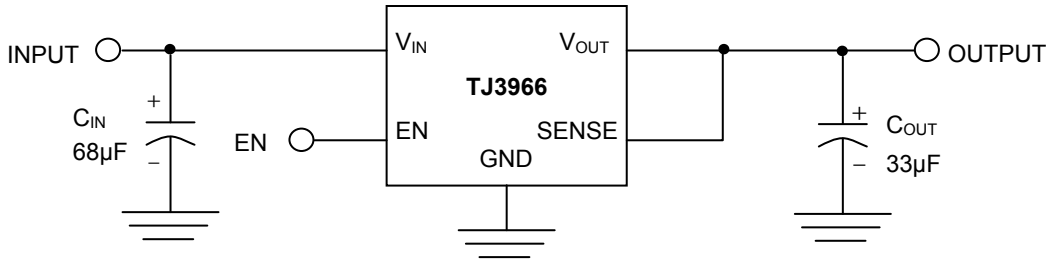
Pin No.	TO252 / TO263 / TO220 **3 LEAD**		TO252 / TO263 / TO220 **5 LEAD**		SOP8-PP **8 LEAD**	
	Name	Function	Name	Function	Name	Function
1	V_{IN}	Input Supply	EN	Chip Enable	EN	Chip Enable
2	GND	Ground	V_{IN}	Input Supply	V_{IN}	Input Supply
3	V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	GND	Ground	V_{OUT}	Output Voltage
4	-	-	V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	SENSE/ADJ	Remote Sense or Output Adjust
5	-	-	SENSE/ADJ	Remote Sense or Output Adjust	N.C	Not Connect
6	-	-	-	-	N.C	Not Connect
7	-	-	-	-	N.C	Not Connect
8	-	-	-	-	GND	Ground
-	-	-	-	-	Exposed Thermal PAD	Connect to Ground.

TYPICAL APPLICATION

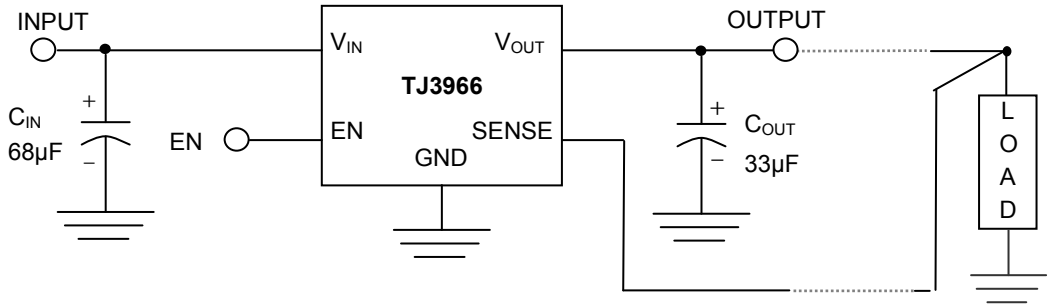
Typical 3 Pin Application



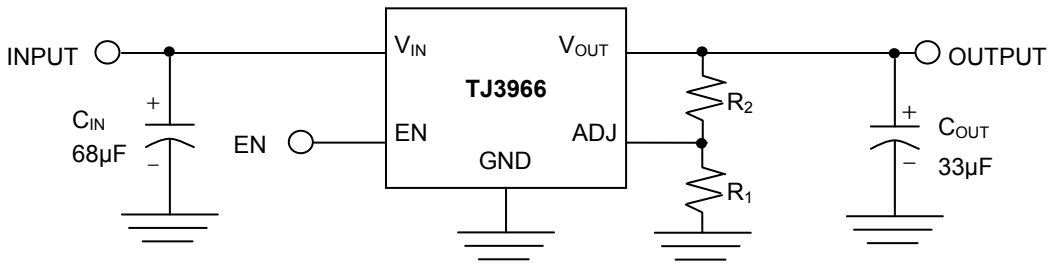
Typical 5 / 8 Pin Application



5 / 8 Pin Remote Load Sense Application



Typical Adjustable Version Application



* TJ3966 can deliver a continuous current of 3.0A over the full operating temperature. However, the output current is limited by the restriction of power dissipation which differs from packages. A heat sink may be required depending on the maximum power dissipation and maximum ambient temperature of application. With respect to the applied package, the maximum output current of 3.0A may be still undeliverable.

* When a Pull-Up resistor is connected between V_{EN} terminal and V_{EN} Signal (or V_{IN} line), the resistance of the Pull-Up resistor should be kept under 10kΩ.

* See Application Information

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(Note 1)

Limits in standard typeface are for TJ=25℃, and limits in **boldface type** apply over the **full operating temperature range**.
Unless otherwise specified: V_{IN}(Note 2) = $V_{O(NOM)}$ + 1 V, I_L = 10 mA, C_{IN} = 68 µF, C_{OUT} = 33 µF, V_{EN} = V_{IN} - 0.3 V

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Output Voltage Tolerance		V_O	10 mA < I_L < 3 A V_{OUT}+1 V < V_{IN} < 6 V	-2 **-3**	0	2 **3**	%
Adjustable Pin Voltage (ADJ version)		V_{ADJ}	10 mA < I_L < 3 A V_{OUT}+1.5 V < V_{IN} < 6 V	1.117 **1.110**	1.145	1.174 **1.188**	V
Line Regulation(Note 3)		ΔV_{LINE}	V_{OUT}+1 V < V_{IN} < 6 V	-	0.08	0.18 **0.22**	%/V
Load Regulation(Note 3, 4)		ΔV_{LOAD}	10 mA < I_L < 3 A	-	0.25	0.55 **0.6**	%
Dropout Voltage(Note 5)		V_{DROP}	I_L = 300 mA	-	50	65 **80**	mV
			I_L = 3 A	-	480	580 **680**	
Ground Pin Current(Note 6)		I_{GND1}	I_L = 300 mA	-	40	60 **75**	uA
			I_L = 3 A	-	40	60 **75**	
Ground Pin Current(Note 7)		I_{GND2}	V_{EN} < 0.2 V	-	40	60 **75**	uA
Output Peak Current		I_{PEAK}		4.5 **3.5**	4.5	-	A
Thermal Shutdown Temperature		T_{SD}		-	165	-	℃
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis		ΔT_{SD}		-	10	-	℃
Enable threshold	Logic Low	V_{IL}	Output = Low	-	0	$\frac{V_{IN}}{2}-0.5$	V
	Logic High	V_{IH}	Output = High	$\frac{V_{IN}}{2}+0.5$	V_{IN}	-	V
Enable Input Current		I_{EN}	V_{EN} = V_{IN}	-	0.05	2	uA

Note 1. Stresses listed as the absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are for stress ratings. Functional operating of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may remain possibly to affect device reliability.

Note 2. The minimum operating value for input voltage is equal to either ($V_{OUT,NOM}$ + V_{DROP}) or 2.5V, whichever is greater.

Note 3. Output voltage line regulation is defined as the change in output voltage from the nominal value due to change in the input line voltage. Output voltage load regulation is defined as the change in output voltage from the nominal value due to change in load current.

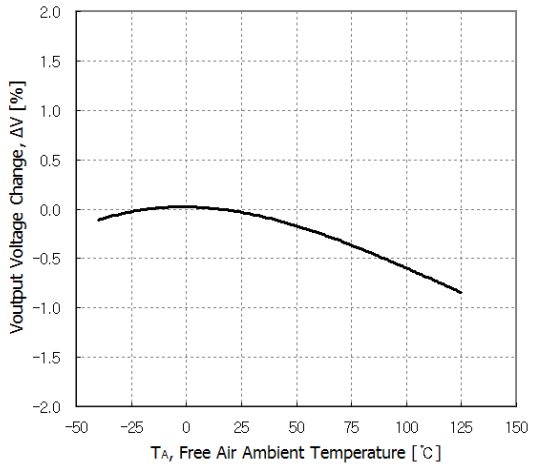
Note 4. Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature by using a 20ms current pulse. Devices are tested for load regulation in the load range from 10mA to 3.0A

Note 5. Dropout voltage is defined as the minimum input to output differential voltage at which the output drops 2% below the nominal value. Dropout voltage specification applies only to output voltages of 2.5V and above. For output voltages below 2.5V, the dropout voltage is nothing but the input to output differential, since the minimum input voltage is 2.5V

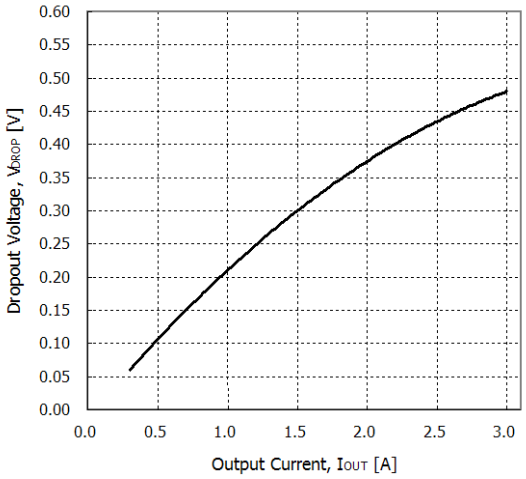
Note 6. Ground current, or quiescent current, is the difference between input and output currents. It's defined by I_{GND1} = I_{IN} - I_{OUT} under the given loading condition. The total current drawn from the supply is the sum of the load current plus the ground pin current.

Note 7. Ground current, or standby current, is the input current drawn by a regulator when the output voltage is disabled by an enable signal.

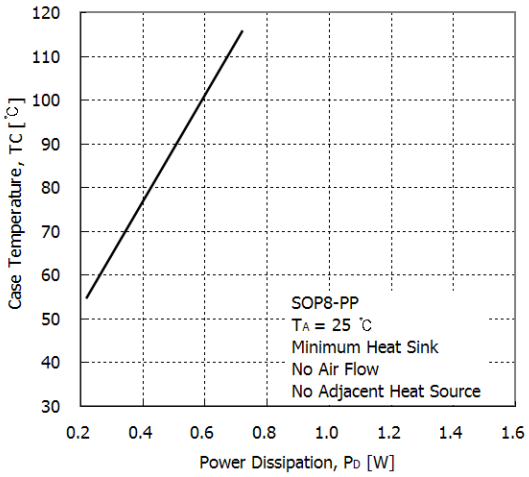
TYPICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS



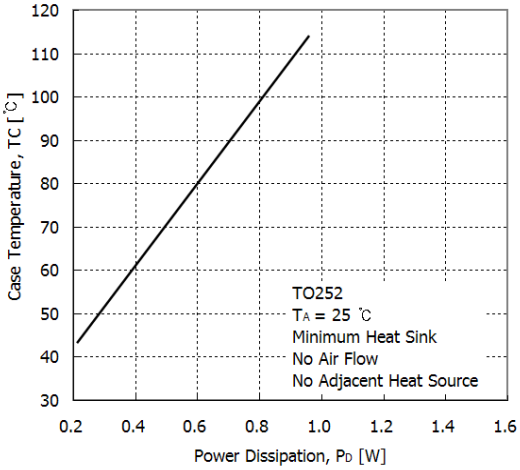
Ambient Temperature vs. Output Voltage Change



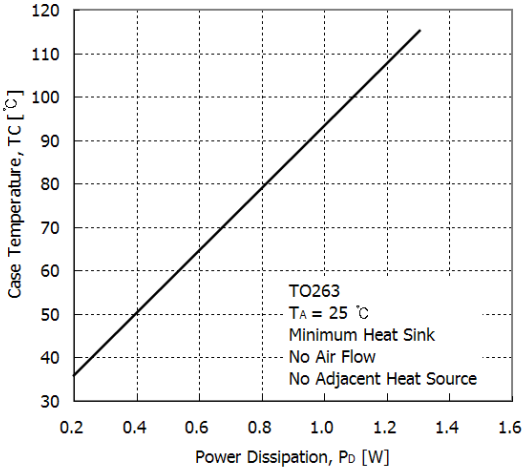
Output Current vs. Dropout Voltage



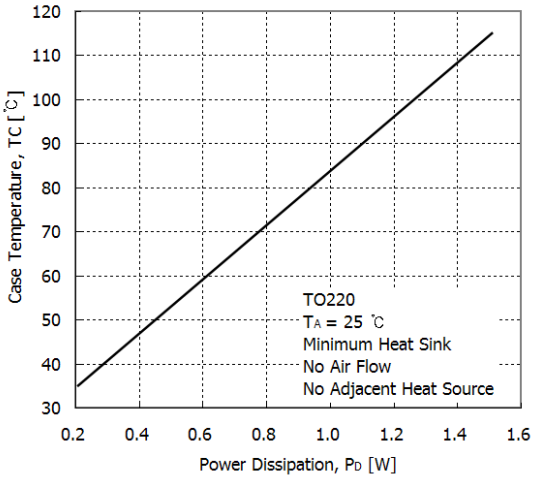
Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature, SOP8-PP



Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature, TO252



Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature, TO263



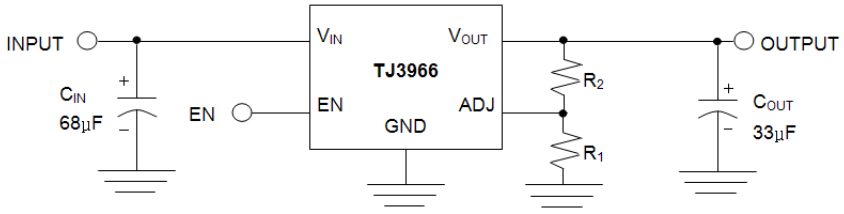
Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature, TO220

T.B.D.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Output Adjustment (Adjustable Version)

An adjustable output device has output voltage range of 1.145V to 5.0V. To obtain a desired output voltage, the following equation can be used with (R1+R2) resistor range of 1kΩ to 100kΩ

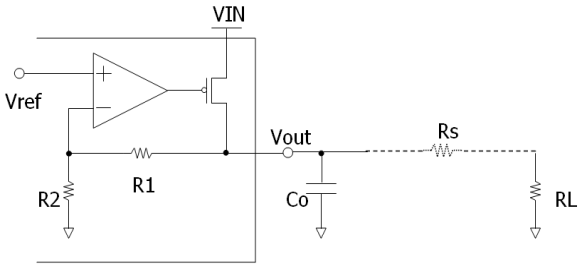


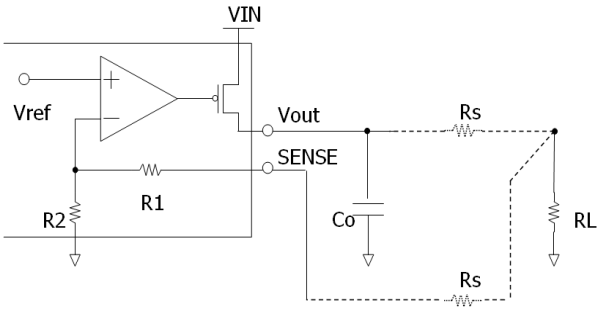
$$R2 = R1\left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{1.145} - 1\right)$$

To enhance output stability, a capacitor of 68pF to 100pF can be placed in series with V_{OUT} and ADJ.

SENSE Pin

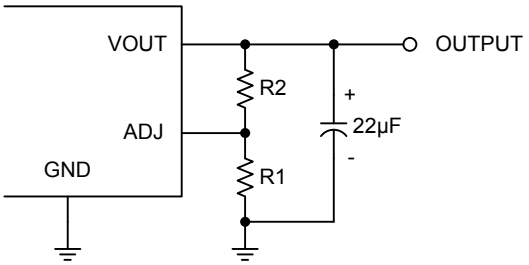
In applications where the regulator output is not very close to the load, the TJ3966 can provide better remote load regulation characteristics using the SENSE pin. TJ3966 regulates the voltage at the output pin. Hence, the voltage at the remote load will be lower than the voltage at the output pin as a value of the voltage drop across the trace series resistance. If the sense option pin is not required, the sense pin must be connected to the V_{OUT} pin. Connecting the sense pin to the remote load will provide regulation at the remote load because the TJ3966 regulates the voltage at the sense pin when the sense option pin is used.

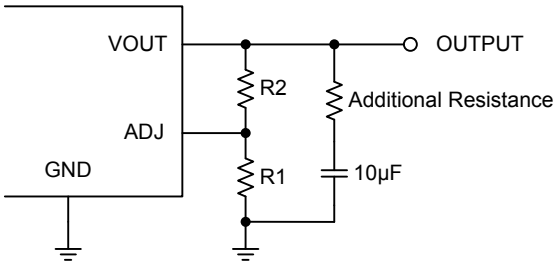




Output Capacitor

The TJ3966 requires a proper output capacitance to maintain stability and improve transient response over current. The ESR of the output capacitor within the limits of 0.5Ω to 10Ω is required. A minimum capacitance value of 22µF of tantalum or aluminum electrolytic capacitor is recommended. In a case of ceramic capacitor, a minimum capacitance value of 10µF is required and additional resistance of minimum 1Ω should be added with the output capacitor in series to maintain its minimum ESR. The resistance and capacitance have to be varied upon the load current.





Maximum Output Current Capability

The TJ3966 can deliver a continuous current of 3.0A over the full operating junction temperature range. However, the output current is limited by the restriction of power dissipation which differs from packages. A heat sink may be required depending on the maximum power dissipation and maximum ambient temperature of application. With respect to the applied package, the maximum output current of 3.0A may be still undeliverable due to the restriction of the power dissipation of TJ3966. Under all possible conditions, the junction temperature must be within the range specified under operating conditions.
The temperatures over the device are given by:

$T_C = T_A + P_D \times \theta_{CA}$ / $T_J = T_C + P_D \times \theta_{JC}$ / $T_J = T_A + P_D \times \theta_{JA}$

where T_J is the junction temperature, T_C is the case temperature, T_A is the ambient temperature, P_D is the total power dissipation of the device, θ_{CA} is the thermal resistance of case-to-ambient, θ_{JC} is the thermal resistance of junction-to-case, and θ_{JA} is the thermal resistance of junction to ambient.
The total power dissipation of the device is given by:

$$P_D = P_{IN} - P_{OUT} = (V_{IN} \times I_{IN}) - (V_{OUT} \times I_{OUT})$$
$$= (V_{IN} \times (I_{OUT} + I_{GND})) - (V_{OUT} \times I_{OUT}) = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT} + V_{IN} \times I_{GND}$$

where I_{GND} is the operating ground current of the device which is specified at the Electrical Characteristics. The maximum allowable temperature rise (T_{Rmax}) depends on the maximum ambient temperature (T_{Amax}) of the application, and the maximum allowable junction temperature (T_{Jmax}):

$$\mathbf{T_{Rmax} = T_{Jmax} - T_{Amax}}$$

The maximum allowable value for junction-to-ambient thermal resistance, θ_{JA}, can be calculated using the formula:

$$\mathbf{\theta_{JA} = T_{Rmax} / P_D = (T_{Jmax} - T_{Amax}) / P_D}$$

TJ3966 is available in SOP8-PP, TO225, TO263 and TO220 packages. The thermal resistance depends on amount of copper area or heat sink, and on air flow. If the maximum allowable value of θ_{JA} calculated above is over 175°C/W for SOP8-PP package, over 105 °C/W for TO252 package, over 80 °C/W for TO263 package, over 70 °C/W for TO220 package, no heat sink is needed since the package can dissipate enough heat to satisfy these requirements. If the value for allowable θ_{JA} falls near or below these limits, a heat sink or proper area of copper plane is required.
In summary, the absolute maximum ratings of thermal resistances are as follow:

Absolute Maximum Ratings of Thermal Resistance
No heat sink / No air flow / No adjacent heat source / T_A = 25°C

Characteristic	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Thermal Resistance Junction-To-Ambient / SOP8-PP	$\theta_{JA\text{-}SOP8\text{-}PP}$	175	°C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction-To-Ambient / TO252	$\theta_{JA\text{-}TO252}$	105	°C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction-To-Ambient / TO263	$\theta_{JA\text{-}TO263}$	80	°C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction-To-Ambient / TO220	$\theta_{JA\text{-}TO220}$	70	°C/W

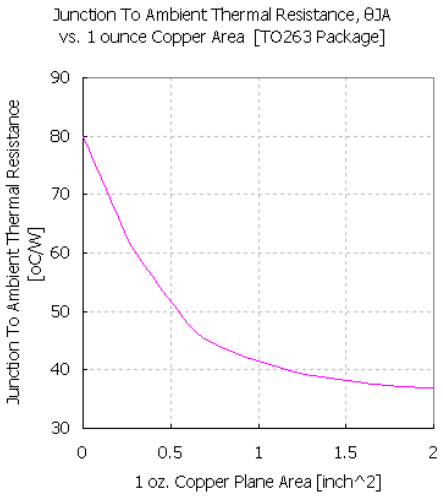
In case that there is no cooling solution and no heat sink / copper plane area for heat sink, the maximum allowable power dissipation of each package is as follow;

Characteristic	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Maximum Allowable Power Dissipation at T_A=25°C / SOP8-PP	$P_{DMax\ -SOP8-PP}$	0.571	W
Maximum Allowable Power Dissipation at T_A=25°C / TO252	$P_{DMax\ -TO252}$	0.952	W
Maximum Allowable Power Dissipation at T_A=25°C / TO263	$P_{DMax\ -TO263}$	1.250	W
Maximum Allowable Power Dissipation at T_A=25°C / TO220	$P_{DMax\ -TO220}$	1.429	W

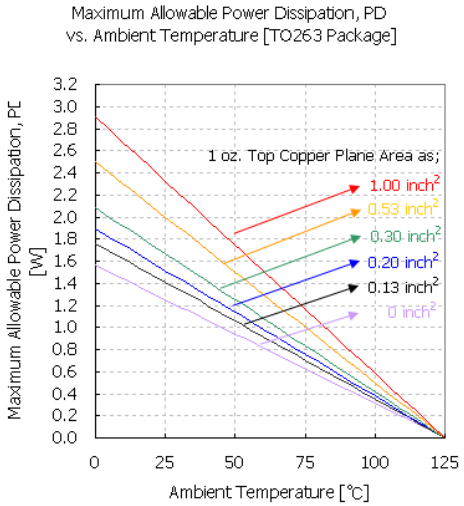
- Please note that above maximum allowable power dissipation is based on the minimum copper plane area which does not exceed the proper footprint of the package. And the ambient temperature is 25°C.

If proper cooling solution such as heat sink, copper plane area, air flow is applied, the maximum allowable power dissipation could be increased. However, if the ambient temperature is increased, the allowable power dissipation would be decreased.

For example, in case of TO263 package, $\theta_{JA\text{-}TO263}$ is 80 °C/W, however, as shown in below graph, θ_{JA} could be decreased with respect to the copper plane area. So, the specification of maximum power dissipation for an application is fixed, the proper copper plane area could be estimated by following graphs. As shown in graph, wider copper plane area leads lower θ_{JA}.



The maximum allowable power dissipation is also influenced by the ambient temperature. With the above θ_{JA}-Copper plane area relationship, the maximum allowable power dissipation could be evaluated with respect to the ambient temperature. As shown in graph, the higher copper plane area leads θ_{JA}. And the higher ambient temperature leads lower maximum allowable power dissipation.



All this relationship is based on the aforesaid equation ; $\theta_{JA} = T_{Rmax} / P_D = (T_{Jmax} - T_{Amax}) / P_D$

T.B.D.