Product Preview 2.5V/3.3V 1:24 Differential ECL/PECL Clock Driver with Clock Select and Output Enable

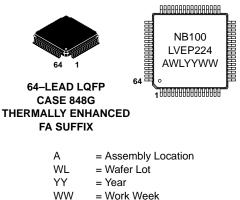
The NB100LVEP224 is a low skew 1–to–24 differential clock driver, designed with clock distribution in mind, accepting two clock sources into an input multiplexer. The part is designed for use in low voltage applications which require a large number of outputs to drive precisely aligned low skew signals to their destination. The two clock inputs are differential ECL/PECL and they are selected by the CLK_SEL pin. To avoid generation of a runt clock pulse when the device is enabled/disabled, the Output Enable (\overline{OE}) is synchronous ensuring the outputs will only be enabled/disabled when they are already in LOW state (See Figure 4).

The NB100LVEP224 guarantees low output-to-output skew. The optimal design, layout, and processing minimize skew within a device and from lot to lot.

The NB100LVEP224, as with most other ECL devices, can be operated from a positive V_{CC} supply in LVPECL mode. This allows the LVEP224 to be used for high performance clock distribution in +3.3 V or +2.5 V systems. Single–ended CLK input operation is limited to a V_{CC} \geq 3.0 V in LVPECL mode, or V_{EE} \leq -3.0 V in NECL mode. In a PECL environment, series or Thevenin line terminations are typically used as they require no additional power supplies. For more information on PECL terminations, designers should refer to Application Note AND8020/D.

- 15 ps Typical Output-to-Output Skew
- 85 ps Typical Device-to-Device Skew
- Maximum Frequency > 1 GHz
- 575 ps Typical Propagation Delay
- LVPECL Mode Operating Range: V_{CC} = 2.375 V to 3.8 V with V_{EE} = 0 V
- NECL Mode Operating Range: V_{CC} = 0 V with V_{EE} = -2.375 V to -3.8 V
- Internal Input Pulldown Resistors
- Q Output will Default Low with Inputs Open or at V_{EE}
- Thermally Enhanced 64–Lead LQFP



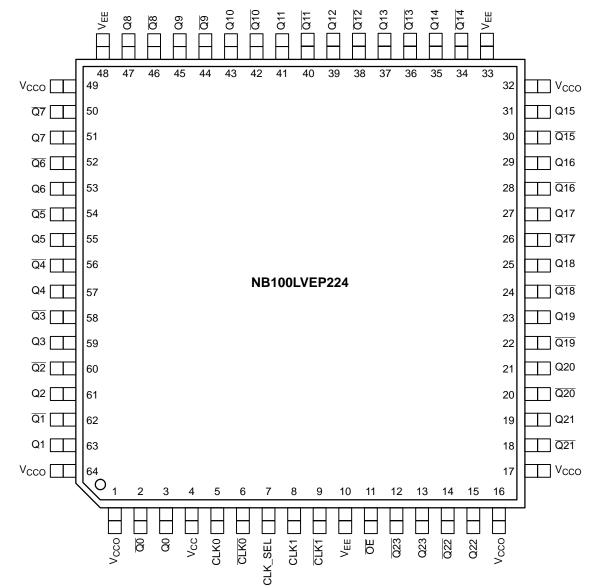


*For additional information, see Application Note AND8002/D

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping
NB100LVEP224FA	LQFP-64	160 Units/Tray
NB100LVEP224FAR2	LQFP–64	1500/Tape & Reel

This document contains information on a product under development. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to change or discontinue this product without notice.



All V_{CC} , V_{CCO} , and V_{EE} pins must be externally connected to appropriate Power Supply to guarantee proper operation. The thermally conductive exposed pad on package bottom (see package case drawing) must be attached to a heat–sinking conduit, capable of transferring 1.2 Watts. This exposed pad is electrically connected to V_{EE} internally.

Figure 1. 64–Lead LQFP Pinout (Top View)

PIN	DESCRIPTION
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PIN	FUNCTION
CLK0*, <u>CLK0</u> ** CLK1*, <u>CLK1</u> ** CLK_SEL* OE* Q0-Q23, <u>Q0-Q23</u> V _{CC} , V _{CCO} V _{EE} ***	ECL Differential Input Clock ECL Differential Input Clock ECL Input CLK Select ECL Output Enable ECL Differential Outputs Positive Supply Negative Supply

* Pins will default LOW when left open.

** Pins will default HIGH when left open.

***The thermally conductive exposed pad on the bottom of the package is electrically connected to V_{EE} internally.

FUNCTION TABLE

OE (1)	CLK_SEL	Q0–Q23	Q0–Q23
L	НГН	CLK0	CLK0
L		CLK1	CLK1
H		L	H
H		L	H

1. The $\overline{\text{OE}}$ (Output Enable) signal is synchronized with the falling edge of the LVPECL_CLK signal.

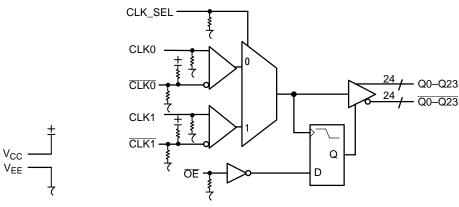


Figure 2. Logic Diagram

ATTRIBUTES

Characteristi	cs	Value					
Internal Input Pulldown Resistor		75 kΩ					
Internal Input Pullup Resistor		37.5 kΩ					
ESD Protection	Human Body Model Machine Model Charged Device Model	> 2 kV > 100 V > 2 kV					
Moisture Sensitivity (Note 1)		Level 3					
Flammability Rating Oxygen Index		UL 94 V–0 @ 0.125 in 28 to 34					
Transistor Count		654 Devices					
Meets or exceeds JEDEC Spec EIA/JE	Meets or exceeds JEDEC Spec EIA/JESD78 IC Latchup Test						

1. For additional information, refer to Application Note AND8003/D.

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition 1	Condition 2	Rating	Units
V _{CC}	PECL Mode Power Supply	V _{EE} = 0 V		6	V
V_{EE}	NECL Mode Power Supply	$V_{CC} = 0 V$		-6	V
VI	PECL Mode Input Voltage NECL Mode Input Voltage	V _{EE} = 0 V V _{CC} = 0 V	$\begin{array}{l} V_I \leq V_{CC} \\ V_I \geq V_{EE} \end{array}$	6 to 0 –6 to 0	V
T _A	Operating Temperature Range			0 to +85	°C
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature Range			-65 to +150	°C
θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Ambient) (See Application Information)	0 LFPM 500 LFPM	64 LQFP 64 LQFP	35.6 30	°C/W °C/W
θ_{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Case) (See Application Information)	0 LFPM 500 LFPM	64 LQFP 64 LQFP	3.2 6.4	°C/W °C/W
T _{sol}	Wave Solder	< 2 to 3 sec @ 248°C		265	°C

2. Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which device damage may occur.

LVPECL DC CHARACTERISTICS V_{CC} = 3.3 V; V_{EE} = 0 V (Note 3)

			–40°C			25°C			85°C		
Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _{EE}	Power Supply Current		170			170			170		mA
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 4)	2155	2280	2405	2155	2280	2405	2155	2280	2405	mV
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 4)	1355	1480	1695	1355	1480	1695	1355	1480	1695	mV
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage (Single–Ended) (Note 5)	2135		2420	2135		2420	2135		2420	mV
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage (Single–Ended) (Note 5)	1490		1675	1490		1675	1490		1675	mV
VIHCMR	Input HIGH Voltage Common Mode Range (Differential) (Note 6) (Figure 5)	1.2		3.3	1.2		3.3	1.2		3.3	V
I _{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150	μΑ
I _{IL}	Input LOW Current CLK	0.5 -150			0.5 -150			0.5 -150			μΑ

NOTE: 100LVEP circuits are designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table, after thermal equilibrium has been established. The circuit is in a test socket or mounted on a printed circuit board and transverse air flow greater than 500 lfpm is maintained.
 Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V_{CC}. V_{EE} can vary +0.925 V to -0.5 V.

4. All outputs loaded with 50 Ω to V_{CC} – 2.0 V. 5. Single ended input operation is limited V_{CC} \ge 3.0 V in LVPECL mode.

V_{IHCMR} min varies 1:1 with V_{EE}, V_{IHCMR} max varies 1:1 with V_{CC}. The V_{IHCMR} range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.

			–40°C		25°C						
Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _{EE}	Power Supply Current		170			170			170		mA
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 8)	-1145	-1020	-895	-1145	-1020	-895	-1145	-1020	-895	mV
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 8)	-1945	-1820	-1695	-1945	-1820	-1695	-1945	-1820	-1695	mV
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage (Single–Ended) (Note 9)	-1165		-880	-1165		-880	-1165		-880	mV
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage (Single–Ended) (Note 9)	-1810		-1625	-1810		-1625	-1810		-1625	mV
V _{IHCMR}	Input HIGH Voltage Common Mode Range (Differential) (Note 10) (Figure 5)	V _{EE}	+ 1.2	0.0	V _{EE} -	+ 1.2	0.0	V _{EE} ·	+ 1.2	0.0	V
I _{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150	μΑ
IIL	Input LOW Current CLK CLK	0.5 -150			0.5 -150			0.5 -150			μΑ

NOTE: 100LVEP circuits are designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table, after thermal equilibrium has been established. The circuit is in a test socket or mounted on a printed circuit board and transverse air flow greater than 500 lfpm is maintained.

7. Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V_{CC}.

8. All outputs loaded with 50 Ω to V_{CC} – 2.0 V. 9. Single ended input operation is limited V_{EE} ≤ –3.0 V in NECL mode.

10. VIHCMR min varies 1:1 with VEE, VIHCMR max varies 1:1 with VCC. The VIHCMR range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.

			0°C			25°C			85°C		
Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{Opp}		500 450 400	600 600 550		600 550 450	700 700 650		600 550 450	700 700 650		mV mV mV
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay (Differential) CLKx–Qx CLK_SELx–Qx		575 675			575 675			575 675		ps ps
t _{skew}	Within–Device Skew (Note 12) Device–to–Device Skew (Note 13)		15 85			15 85			15 85		ps ps
t _{JITTER}	Random Clock Jitter (Figure 3) (RMS)					< 1					ps
V _{PP}	Input Swing (Differential) (Note 15) (Figure 5)	150	800	1200	150	800	1200	150	800	1200	mV
t _S	OE Set Up Time (Note 14)	200			200			200			ps
t _H	OE Hold Time	200			200			200			ps
t _r /t _f	Output Rise/Fall Time (20%–80%)		160			160			160		ps

AC CHARACTERISTICS $V_{CC} = 2.375$ V to 3.8 V; $V_{EE} = 0$ V (Note 11)

11. Measured with PECL 750 mV source, 50% duty cycle clock source. All outputs loaded with 50 Ω to V_{CC} – 2 V.

12. Skew is measured between outputs under identical transitions and conditions on any one device.

13. Device-to-Device skew for identical transitions at identical V_{CC} levels.

14. OE Set Up Time is defined with respect to the falling edge of the clock. OE High-to-Low transition ensures outputs remain disabled during the next clock cycle. OE Low-to-High transition enables normal operation of the next input clock.
 15. V_{PP} is the differential input voltage swing required to maintain AC characteristics including t_{PD} and device-to-device skew.

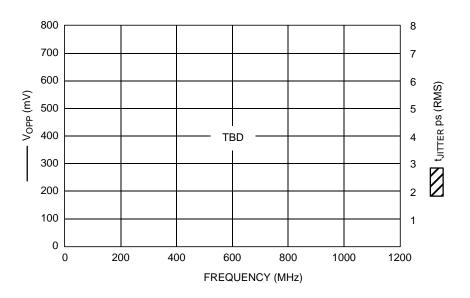


Figure 3. Output Frequency (F_{OUT}) versus Output Amplitude (V_{OPP}) and Random Clock Jitter (t_{JITTER})

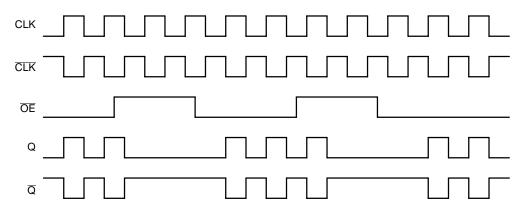


Figure 4. Output Enable (OE) Timing Diagram

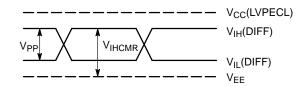


Figure 5. LVPECL Differential Input Levels

Resource Reference of Application Notes

- AN1405 ECL Clock Distribution Techniques
- AND8002 Marking and Date Codes
- AND8009 ECLinPS Plus Spice I/O Model Kit
- AND8020 Termination of ECL Logic Devices

16. For an updated list of Application Notes, please see our website at http://onsemi.com.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Using the thermally enhanced package of the NB100LVEP224

The NB100LVEP224 uses a thermally enhanced 64-lead LQFP package. The package is molded so that a portion of the leadframe is exposed at the surface of the package bottom side. This exposed metal pad will provide the low thermal impedance that supports the power consumption of the NB100LVEP224 high-speed bipolar integrated circuit and will ease the power management task for the system design. In multilayer board designs, a thermal land pattern on the printed circuit board and thermal vias are recommended to maximize both the removal of heat from the package and electrical performance of the NB100LVEP224. The size of the land pattern can be larger, smaller, or even take on a different shape than the exposed pad on the package. However, the solderable area should be at least the same size and shape as the exposed pad on the package. Direct soldering of the exposed pad to the thermal land will provide an efficient thermal conduit. The thermal vias will connect the exposed pad of the package to internal copper planes of the board. The number of vias, spacing, via diameters and land pattern design depend on the application and the amount of heat to be removed from the package.

Maximum thermal and electrical performance is achieved when an array of vias is incorporated in the land pattern.

The recommended thermal land design for NB100LVEP224 applications on multi-layer boards comprises a 4 X 4 thermal via array using a 1.2 mm pitch as shown in Figure 6 providing an efficient heat removal path.

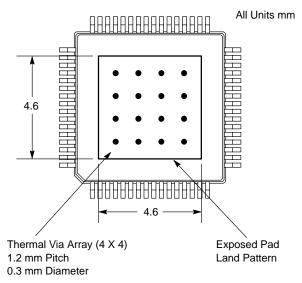


Figure 6. Recommended Thermal Land Pattern

The via diameter should be approximately 0.3 mm with 1 oz. copper via barrel plating. Solder wicking inside the via may result in voiding during the solder process and must be avoided. If the copper plating does not plug the vias, stencil print solder paste onto the printed circuit pad. This will supply enough solder paste to fill those vias and not starve the solder joints. The attachment process for the exposed pad package is equivalent to standard surface mount packages. Figure 7, "Recommended solder mask openings", shows a recommended solder mask opening with respect to a 4 X 4 thermal via array. Because a large solder mask opening may result in a poor rework release, the opening should be subdivided as shown in Figure 7. For the nominal package standoff of 0.1 mm, a stencil thickness of 5 to 8 mils should be considered.

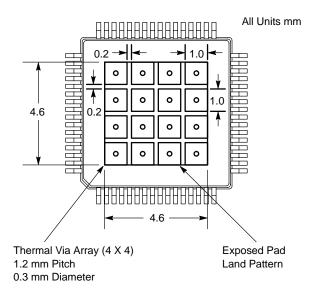


Figure 7. Recommended Solder Mask Openings

Proper thermal management is critical for reliable system operation. This is especially true for high–fanout and high output drive capability products.

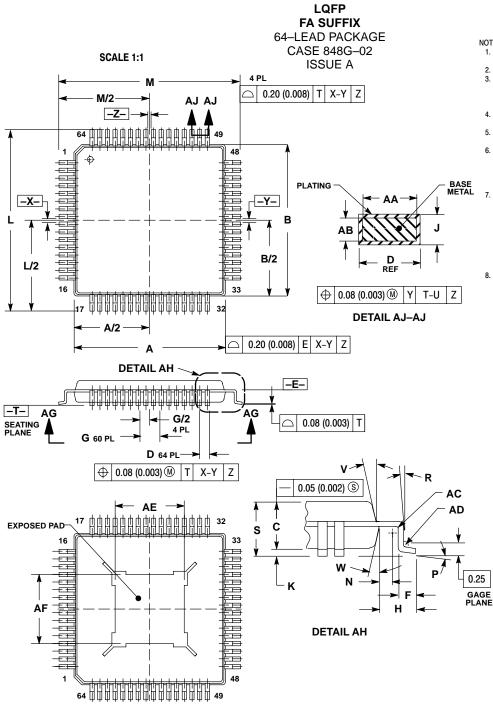
For thermal system analysis and junction temperature calculation the thermal resistance parameters of the package is provided:

LFPM	θJA °C/W	θJC °C/W
0	35.6	3.2
100	32.8	4.9
500	30.0	6.4

* Junction to ambient and Junction to board, four-conductor layer test board (2S2P) per JESD 51-8

These recommendations are to be used as a guideline, only. It is therefore recommended that users employ sufficient thermal modeling analysis to assist in applying the general recommendations to their particular application to assure adequate thermal performance. The exposed pad of the NB100LVEP224 package is electrically shorted to the substrate of the integrated circuit and V_{EE}. The thermal land should be electrically connected to V_{EE}.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



VIEW AG-AG

NOTES: DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

- Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MM.
 3. DATUM PLANE "E" IS LOCATED AT BOTTOM OF LEAD AND IS COINCIDENT WITH THE LEAD WHERE THE LEAD EXITS THE PLASTIC BODY AT THE BOTTOM OF THE PARTING PLANE.
 4. DATUM "X", "Y" AND "Z" TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE DATUM "E".
 5. DIMENSIONS M AND L TO BE DETERMINED AT
- DIMENSIONS M AND L TO BE DETERMINED AT SEATING PLANE DATUM "T". 5.
- DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION IS 0.25 (0.010) PER SIDE. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO INCLUDE MOLD MISMATCH AND ARE 6

DETERMINED AT DATUM PLAND "E". DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR 7. DIMENSION D'DOES NOT INCLODE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT CAUSE THE LEAD WIDTH TO EXCEED THE MAXIMUM D DIMENSION BY MORE THAN 0.08 (0.003). DAMBAR CANNOT BE LOCATED ON THE LOWER RADIUS OR THE FOOT, MINIMUM SPACE BETWEEN PROTRUSION AND ADJACENT LEAD OR PROTRUSION 0.07

(0.003). 8. EXACT SHAPE OF EACH CORNER IS OPTIONAL.

	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	10.00 BSC		0.394 BSC	
В	10.00 BSC		0.394 BSC	
C	1.35	1.45	0.053	0.057
D	0.17	0.27	0.007	0.011
F	0.45	0.75	0.018	0.030
G	0.50 BSC		0.020 BSC	
H	1.00 REF		0.039 BSC	
J	0.09	0.20	0.004	0.008
K	0.05	0.15	0.002	0.006
L	12.00 BSC		0.472 BSC	
М	12.00 BSC		0.472 BSC	
N	0.20		0.008	
Ρ	0 °	7 °	0 °	7 °
R	0 °		0 °	
S		1.60		0.063
V	11 °	13 °	11 °	13 °
W	11 °	13 °	11 °	13 °
AA	0.17	0.23	0.007	0.009
AB	0.09	0.16	0.004	0.006
AC	0.08		0.003	
AD	0.08		0.003	
AE	4.50	4.78	0.180	0.188
AF	4.50	4.78	0.180	0.188

<u>Notes</u>

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