

Features

- 144-Pin JEDEC Standard, 8-Byte Small Outline Dual-In-line Memory Module
- 16Mx64 Synchronous DRAM SO DIMM
- Low Power
- Performance:

		-10	Units
	CAS Latency	3	
f_{CK}	Clock Frequency	100	MHz
t _{CK}	Clock Cycle	10	ns
t _{AC}	Clock Access Time	9	ns

- Inputs and outputs are LVTTL (3.3V) compatible
- Single $3.3V \pm 0.3V$ Power Supply
- Single Pulsed RAS interface
- SDRAMs have 4 internal banks
- Module has 2 physical banks
- Fully Synchronous to positive Clock Edge

Description

IBM13T16644NPA is a 144-pin Synchronous DRAM Small Outline Dual In-line Memory Module (SO DIMM) which is organized as a 16Mx64 high-speed memory array and is configured as two 8Mx64 physical banks. The SO DIMM uses eight 8Mx16 SDRAMs in 400mil TSOP II packages. The SO DIMM achieves high speed data transfer rates of up to 100MHz by employing a prefetch/pipeline hybrid architecture that supports the JEDEC 1N rule while allowing very low burst power.

The SO DIMM is intended to comply with all JEDEC standards set for 144-pin SDRAM SO DIMMs.

All control, address, and data input/output circuits are synchronized with the positive edge of the externally supplied clock inputs.

All inputs are sampled at the positive edge of each externally supplied clock (CK0, CK1). Internal operating modes are defined by combinations of the

- Data Mask for Byte Read/Write control
 - Programmable Operation:
 - CAS Latency: 2, 3
 - Burst Type: Sequential or Interleave
 - Burst Length: 1, 2, 4, 8, Full-Page (Full-Page supports Sequential burst only)
 - Operation: Burst Read and Write or Multiple Burst Read with Single Write
- Auto Refresh (CBR) and Self Refresh
- Automatic and controlled Precharge Commands
- Suspend Mode and Power Down Mode
- 12/9/2 Addressing (Row/Column/Bank)
- 4096 refresh cycles distributed across 64ms
- Serial Presence Detect
- Card size: 2.66" x 1.15" x 0.149"
- · Gold contacts
- SDRAMs in TSOP Type II Package

RAS, \overline{CAS} , \overline{WE} , $\overline{S0}$, $\overline{S1}$, DQMB, and CKE0, CKE1 signals. A command decoder initiates the necessary timings for each operation. A 12-bit address bus accepts address information in a row/column multiplexing arrangement.

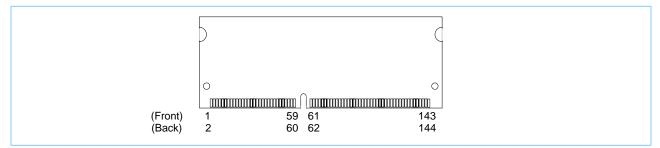
Prior to any access operation, the \overline{CAS} latency, burst type, burst length, and burst operation type must be programmed into the SO DIMM by address inputs A0-A9 during the Mode Register Set cycle.

The SO DIMM uses serial presence detects implemented via a serial EEPROM using the two pin IIC protocol. The first 128 bytes of serial PD data are used by the DIMM manufacturer. The last 128 bytes are available to the customer.

All IBM 144-pin SO DIMMs provide a high performance, flexible 8-byte interface in a 2.66" long space-saving footprint.



Card Outline



Pin Description

CK0, CK1	Clock Inputs	DQ0 - DQ63	Data Input/Output
CKE0, CKE1	Clock Enable	DQMB0 - DQMB7	Data Mask
RAS	Row Address Strobe	V _{DD}	Power (3.3V)
CAS	Column Address Strobe	V _{SS}	Ground
WE	Write Enable	NC	No Connect
<u></u>	Chip Selects	SCL	Serial Presence Detect Clock Input
A0 - A9, A11	Address Inputs	SDA	Serial Presence Detect Data Input/Output
A10/AP	Address Input/Auto-Precharge	SA0-2	Serial Presence Detect Address Inputs
BA0 - BA1	SDRAM Bank Address		

Pinout

Pin#	Front Side	Pin#	Back Side	Pin#	Front Side	Pin#	Back Side	Pin#	Front Side	Pin#	Back Side	Pin#	Front Side	Pin#	Back Side
1	V _{SS}	2	V _{SS}	37	DQ8	38	DQ40	71	S 1	72	NC	107	V _{SS}	108	V _{SS}
3	DQ0	4	DQ32	39	DQ9	40	DQ41	73	DU	74	CK1*	109	A9	110	BA1
5	DQ1	6	DQ33	41	DQ10	42	DQ42	75	V _{SS}	76	V _{SS}	111	A10/AP	112	A11
7	DQ2	8	DQ34	43	DQ11	44	DQ43	77	NC	78	NC	113	V _{DD}	114	V _{DD}
9	DQ3	10	DQ35	45	V _{DD}	46	V _{DD}	79	NC	80	NC	115	DQMB2	116	DQMB6
11	V _{DD}	12	V _{DD}	47	DQ12	48	DQ44	81	V _{DD}	82	V _{DD}	117	DQMB3	118	DQMB7
13	DQ4	14	DQ36	49	DQ13	50	DQ45	83	DQ16	84	DQ48	119	V _{SS}	120	V _{SS}
15	DQ5	16	DQ37	51	DQ14	52	DQ46	85	DQ17	86	DQ49	121	DQ24	122	DQ56
17	DQ6	18	DQ38	53	DQ15	54	DQ47	87	DQ18	88	DQ50	123	DQ25	124	DQ57
19	DQ7	20	DQ39	55	V _{SS}	56	V _{SS}	89	DQ19	90	DQ51	125	DQ26	126	DQ58
21	V _{SS}	22	V _{SS}	57	NC	58	NC	91	V _{SS}	92	V _{SS}	127	DQ27	128	DQ59
23	DQMB0	24	DQMB4	59	NC	60	NC	93	DQ20	94	DQ52	129	V _{DD}	130	V _{DD}
25	DQMB1	26	DQMB5		VOLTA	GE KEY	/	95	DQ21	96	DQ53	131	DQ28	132	DQ60
27	V _{DD}	28	V _{DD}	61	CK0	62	CKE0	97	DQ22	98	DQ54	133	DQ29	134	DQ61
29	A0	30	A3	63	V _{DD}	64	V _{DD}	99	DQ23	100	DQ55	135	DQ30	136	DQ62
31	A1	32	A4	65	RAS	66	CAS	101	V _{DD}	102	V _{DD}	137	DQ31	138	DQ63
33	A2	34	A5	67	WE	68	CKE1	103	A6	104	A7	139	V _{SS}	140	V _{SS}
35	V _{SS}	36	V _{SS}	69	<u></u> \$0	70	NC	105	A8	106	BA0	141	SDA	142	SCL
												143	V _{DD}	144	V _{DD}

Ordering Information

Part Number	Organization	Clock Cycle	Leads	Dimension	Power
IBM13T16644NPA-10T	16Mx64	10ns	Gold	2.66" x 1.15" x 0.149"	3.3V

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WE S0-CS WE CS WE DQMB4 CS WE CS WE DQMB0 -DQ32-DQ0 -DQ33-DQ1 -D0 D4 D2 D6 DQ34-DQ2 -DQ35-DQ3 -DQ36-DQ4 DQ37-DQ5 DQ38-DQ6 DQ39-DQ7 DQMB5_ DQMB1 -DQ40-DQ8 -DQ41-DQ9 -DQ42-DQ10-DQ43-DQ11-DQ44-DQ12-DQ45-DQ13-DQ46-DQ14-DQ47-DQ15-CS WE CS WE DQMB6 CS WE CS WE DQMB2-DQ48-DQ16-DQ49-DQ17-D1 D5 D3 D7 DQ50-DQ18-DQ51-DQ19-DQ52-DQ20-DQ53-DQ21-DQ54-DQ22-DQ55-DQ23-DQMB7_ DQMB3-DQ24-DQ56-DQ57-DQ25-DQ58-DQ26-DQ59-DQ27-DQ60-DQ28-DQ29-DQ61-DQ30-DQ62-DQ63-DQ31-* CLOCK WIRING CLOCK SDRAMs INPUT *CK0 4 SDRAMs *CK1 4 SDRAMs BA0 -----> BA0-BA1: SDRAMS D0 - D3 SERIAL PD RAS -RAS: SDRAMs D0 - D7 A0 - A11 — CAS -CAS: SDRAMs D0 - D7 ≁ SCL→ → SDA → D0 - D7 V_{DD} CKE0-→ CKE: SDRAMs D0 - D3 A0 A1 A2 → D0 - D7 CKE1 ------> CKE: SDRAMs D4 - D7 VSS

Block Diagram



Input/Output Functional Description

Symbol	Туре	Signal	Polarity	Function
CK0, CK1	Input	Pulse	Positive Edge	•
CKE0, CKE1	Input	Level	Active High	Activates the CK0 and CK1 signals when high and deactivates them when low. By deactivating the clocks, CKE0 low initiates the Power Down mode, Suspend mode, or the Self Refresh mode.
<u></u> \$0, \$1	Input	Pulse	Active Low	Enables the associated SDRAM command decoder when low and disables the command decoder when high. When the command decoder is disabled, new commands are ignored but previous operations continue.
$\overline{RAS}, \overline{CAS}$ \overline{WE}	Input	Pulse	Active Low	When sampled at the positive rising edge of the clock, \overline{RAS} , \overline{CAS} , and \overline{WE} define the operation to be executed by the SDRAM.
BA0, BA1	Input	Level	—	Selects which SDRAM bank is to be active.
A0 - A9, A11 A10/AP	Input	Level		During a Bank Activate command cycle, A0-A11 defines the row address (RA0-RA11), when sampled at the rising clock edge. During a Read or Write command cycle, A0-A8 defines the column address (CA0-CA8), when sampled at the rising clock edge. In addition to the column address, AP is used to invoke Auto-Precharge operation at the end of the burst read or write cycle. If AP is high, Auto-Precharge is selected and BA0 defines the bank to be precharged (low=bank A, high=bank B). If AP is low, Auto-Precharge is disabled. During a Precharge command cycle, AP is used in conjunction with BA0 to control which bank(s) to precharge. If AP is high, both bank A and bank B will be precharged regardless of the state of BA0. If AP is low, then BA0 is used to define which bank to precharge.
DQ0 - DQ63	Input Output	Level	—	Data Input/Output pins operate in the same manner as on conventional DRAMs.
DQMB0 - DQMB7	Input	Pulse	Active High	The Data Input/Output mask places the DQ buffers in a high impedance state when sam- pled high. In Read mode, DQM has a latency of two clock cycles and controls the output buffers like an output enable. In Write mode, DQM has a latency of zero and operates as a byte mask by allowing input data to be written if it is low, but blocks the write operation if DQM is high.
SDA	Input Output	Level		Serial Data. Bidirectional signal used to transfer data into and out of the Serial Presence Detect EEPROM. Since the SDA signal is Open Drain/Open Collector at the EEPROM, a pull-up resistor is required on the system board.
SCL	Input	Pulse	—	Serial Clock. Used to clock all Serial Presence Detect data into and out of the EEPROM. Since the SCL signal is inactive in the "high" state, a pull-up resistor is recommended on the system board.
V _{DD} , V _{SS}	Supply			Power and ground for the module.



IBM13T16644NPA 16M x 64 Two Bank SDRAM SO DIMM

Serial Presence Detect (Part 1 of 2)

Byte #	Description	SPD Entry Value	Serial PD Data Entry (Hexadecimal)	Note
0	Number of Serial PD Bytes Written during Production	128	80	
1	Total Number of Bytes in Serial PD device	256	08	
2	Fundamental Memory Type	SDRAM	04	
3	Number of Row Addresses on Assembly	12	0C	
4	Number of Column Addresses on Assembly	9	09	
5	Number of DIMM Banks	2	02	
6 - 7	Data Width of Assembly	x64	4000	
8	Voltage Interface Level of this Assembly	LVTTL	01	
9	SDRAM Device Cycle Time at CL=3	10.0ns	A0	
10	SDRAM Device Access Time from Clock at CL=3	7.0ns	70	
11	DIMM Configuration Type	Non-Parity	00	
12	Refresh Rate/Type	SR/1x(15.625us)	80	
13	Primary SDRAM Device Width	x16	10	
14	Error Checking SDRAM Device Width	N/A	00	
15	SDRAM Device Attributes: Min Clk Delay, Random Col Access	1 Clock	01	
16	SDRAM Device Attributes: Burst Lengths Supported	1, 2, 4, 8, Full Page	8F	
17	SDRAM Device Attributes: Number of Device Banks	4	04	
18	SDRAM Device Attributes: CAS Latencies Supported	2, 3	06	
19	SDRAM Device Attributes: CS Latency	0	01	
20	SDRAM Device Attributes: WE Latency	0	01	
21	SDRAM Module Attributes	Unbuffered	00	
22	SDRAM Device Attributes: General	Wr-1/Rd Burst, Precharge All, Auto-Precharge, $V_{DD} \pm 10\%$	0E	
23	Minimum Clock Cycle at CL=2	15.0ns	F0	
24	Maximum Data Access Time (t _{AC}) from Clock at CL=2	8.0ns	80	
25	Minimum Clock Cycle Time at CL=1	N/A	00	
26	Maximum Data Access Time (t _{AC}) from Clock at CL=1	N/A	00	
27	Minimum Row Precharge Time (t _{RP})	30ns	1E	

1. cc = Checksum Data byte, 00-FF (Hex)

2. "R" = Alphanumeric revision code, A-Z, 0-9

3. rr = ASCII coded revision code byte "R"

4. yy = Binary coded decimal year code, 00-99 (Decimal) '00-63 (Hex)

5. ww = Binary coded decimal week code, 01-52 (Decimal) '01-34 (Hex)

6. ss = Serial number data byte, 00-FF (Hex)





Serial Presence Detect (Part 2 of 2)

Byte #	Description	SPD Entry Value	Serial PD Data Entry (Hexadecimal)	Notes
28	Minimum Row Active to Row Active delay (t_{RRD})	20ns	14	
29	Minimum \overline{RAS} to \overline{CAS} delay (t _{RCD})	30ns	1E	
30	Minimum RAS Pulse width (t _{RAS})	60ns	3C	
31	Module Bank Density	64MB	10	
32	Address and Command Set-Up Time Before Clock	3.0ns	30	
33	Address and Command Hold Time After Clock	1.0ns	10	
34	Data Input Set-Up Time Before Clock	3.0ns	30	
35	Data Input Hold Time After Clock	1.0ns	10	
36 - 61	Reserved	Undefined	00	
62	SPD Revision	2	02	
63	Checksum for bytes 0 - 62	Checksum Data	сс	1
64 - 71	Manufacturers' JEDEC ID Code	IBM	A4000000000000000	
70		Toronto, Canada	91	
72	Module Manufacturing Location	Vimercate, Italy	53	
73 - 90	Module Part Number	ASCII '13T16644NP"R"-10T'	31335431363634344E5 0 rr2D313054202020	2, 3
91 - 92	Module Revision Code	"R" plus ASCII blank	rr20	
93 - 94	Module Manufacturing Date	Year/Week Code	yyww	4, 5
95 - 98	Module Serial Number	Serial Number	SSSSSSS	6
99 - 125	Reserved	Undefined	00	
126	Module Supports this Clock Frequency	66MHz	66	
127	Attributes for Clock Frequency defined in byte 126	CL 2, 3 Concurrent AP	07	
128 - 255	Available for Customer Use	Undefined	00	

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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter		Rating	Units	Notes
V _{DD}	Power Supply Volta	Power Supply Voltage			
Maria	Input Voltage	SDRAM Devices	-0.3 to +4.6		
V _{IN}		Serial PD Device	-0.3 to +6.5	V	1
V _{OUT}		SDRAM Devices	-0.3 to +4.6		
^v OUT	Output Voltage	Serial PD Device	-0.3 to +6.5		
T _{OPR}	Operating Temperature		0 to +70	°C	1
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature		-55 to +125	°C	1
PD	Power Dissipation	16Mx64	1.51	W	1, 2
Ι _{ΟυΤ}	Short Circuit Output Current		50	mA	1

1. Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

2. Power is calculated using I_{DD1} @ 3.6Volt.

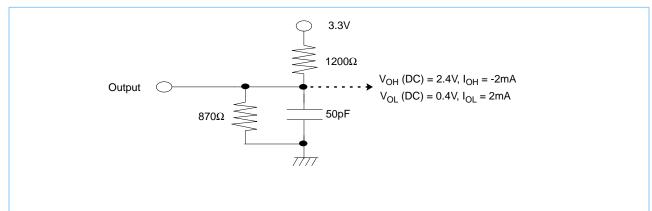
Recommended DC Operating Conditions $(T_A = 0 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}\text{C})$

Questial	Parameter		Rating	l Inite	Neter				
Symbol		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes			
V _{DD}	Supply Voltage	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	1			
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.0	_	V _{DD} + 0.3	V	1			
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	-0.3	—	0.8	V	1			
1. All voltage	1. All voltages referenced to V _{SS} .								

Capacitance (T_A= 25°C, f=1MHz, V_{DD}= $3.3V \pm 0.3V$)

Symbol	Parameter	Max Capacitance	Units
C _{I1}	Input Capacitance (A0 - A9, A10/AP, BA0, RAS, CAS, WE)	58	pF
C _{I2}	Input Capacitance (CKE, CKE1)	28	pF
C _{I3}	Input Capacitance (S0, S1)	28	pF
C _{I4}	Input Capacitance (CK0, CK1)	32	pF
C _{I5}	Input Capacitance (DQMB0 - DQMB7)	14	pF
C _{I6}	Input Capacitance (SCL)	13	pF
С	Input/Output Capacitance (DQ0 - DQ63)	17	pF
C _{IO2}	Input/Output Capacitance (SDA)	15	pF

DC Output Load Circuit



Output Characteristics (T_A= 0 to +70°C, V_{DD}= $3.3V \pm 0.3V$)

Symbol	Descenter		16N	1x64	11	Num
Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Max.	Units	Notes
	$I_{I(L)} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Input Leakage Current, any input} \\ (0.0V \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{DD}), \mbox{ All Other Pins Not Under Test = 0V} \end{array}$	RAS, CAS, WE, CKE0, CK0, A0-A9, A10/AP, A11, BA0, BA1	-8	+8		
		S 0	-8	+8		
I _{I(L)}		<u></u> \$1	-4	+4	μA	
		DQMB0-7	-2	+2		
		SCL	-2	+2		
I _{O(L)}	Output Leakage Current $(D_{OUT} \text{ is disabled, } 0.0V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{DD})$	DQ0 - 63, SDA	-2	+2	μA	
V _{OH}	Output Level (LVTTL) Output "H" Level Voltage (I _{OUT} = -2.0mA)		2.4	_		1
V _{OL}	Output Level (LVTTL) Output "L" Level Voltage (I _{OUT} = +2.0mA)		_	0.4	V	1
1. See	DC output load circuit.					



Operating, Standby and Refresh Currents ($T_A = 0$ to +70°C, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	16Mx64	Units	Notes
Operating Current t _{RC} = t _{RC} (min), t _{CK} = min Active-Precharge command cycling without Burst operation	I _{DD1}	1 bank operation	420	mA	1, 3, 4
	I _{DD2P}	$\begin{split} \label{eq:cke} CKE &\leq V_{IL}(max), t_{CK} = min, \\ \overline{S}0, \overline{S}1 &= V_{IH}(min) \end{split}$	8.0	mA	2
Precharge Standby Current in Power Down Mode	I _{DD2Ps}	$\begin{split} \text{CKE} &\leq \text{V}_{\text{IL}}(\text{max}), \text{t}_{\text{CK}} = \text{Infinity}, \\ \overline{\text{S0}}, \overline{\text{S1}} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}(\text{min}) \end{split}$	8.0	mA	2
	I _{DD2N}	$\begin{split} \text{CKE} &\geq \text{V}_{\text{IH}}(\text{min}), \text{t}_{\text{CK}} = \text{min}, \\ \overline{\text{S0}}, \overline{\text{S1}} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}(\text{min}) \end{split}$	280	mA	2, 5
Precharge Standby Current in Non-Power Down Mode	I _{DD2NS}	$\begin{split} \text{CKE} &\geq \text{V}_{\text{IH}}(\text{min}), \text{t}_{\text{CK}} = \text{Infinity}, \\ \overline{\text{S0}}, \overline{\text{S1}} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}(\text{min}) \end{split}$	80	mA	2
	I _{DD3N}	$\begin{split} \text{CKE} &\geq \text{V}_{\text{IH}}(\text{min}), \text{t}_{\text{CK}} = \text{min}, \\ \overline{\text{S0}}, \overline{\text{S1}} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}(\text{min}) \end{split}$	320	mA	2, 5
No Operating Current (Active state: four-bank)	I _{DD3P}	$\label{eq:cke} \begin{split} & CKE \leq V_{IL}(max), t_{CK} = min, \\ & \overline{S0}, \overline{S1} = V_{IH}(min) \; (Power Down Mode) \end{split}$	80	mA	2
Burst Operating Current	I _{DD4}	t _{CK} = min, Read/Write command cycling	520	mA	1, 4, 5
Auto (CBR) Refresh Current	I _{DD5}	t _{CK} = min, CBR command cycling	740	mA	1, 6
Self Refresh Current	I _{DD6}	CKE0 ≤ 0.2V	6400	μΑ	1, 6
Serial PD Device Standby Current	I _{SB5}	V _{IN} = GND or V _{DD}	30	μA	7
Serial PD Device Active Power Supply Current	I _{CCA}	SCL Clock Frequency = 100KHz	1	mA	8

1. The specified values are for one SO DIMM bank in the specified mode and the other SO DIMM bank in Active Standby (I_{CC3N}).

 These parameters depend on the cycle rate and are measured with the cycle determined by the minimum value of t_{CK} and t_{RC}. Input signals are changed once during t_{CK}(min).

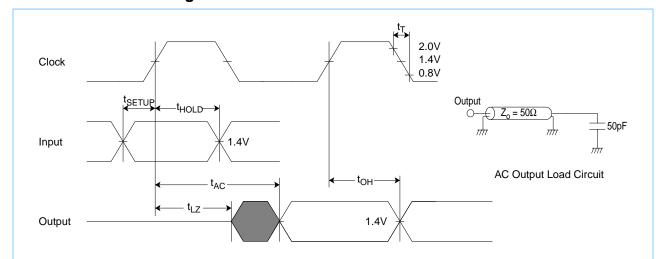
 Input signals are changed up to three times during t_{RC}(min). This assumes the 14 Row Address mode with four-bank operation using rows A0-A11 and BA0-BA1.

- 4. The specified values are obtained with the outputs open.
- 5. Input signals are changed once during three clock cycles.
- 6. 64ms refresh time (15.6μs, 4K refresh).
- 7. V_{DD} = 3.3V.
- Input pulse levels V_{DD} x 0.1 to V_{DD} x 0.9; input rise and fall times 10ns; input and output timing levels V_{DD} x 0.5; output load 1 TTL gate and CL=100pf.



AC Characteristics (T_A = 0 to +70°C, V_{DD} = 3.3V ± 0.3V)

- 1. An initial pause of 100μs is required after power up, then a Precharge All Banks command must be given, followed by a minimum of two Auto (CBR) Refresh cycles before the Mode Register Set operation can begin.
- 2. AC timing tests have $V_{IL} = 0.8V$ and $V_{IH} = 2.0V$ with the timing referenced to the 1.40V crossover point.
- 3. The Transition time is measured between V_{IH} and V_{IL} (or between V_{IL} and V_{IH}).
- 4. AC measurements assume $t_T=1ns$.
- 5. In addition to meeting the transition rate specification, the clock and CKEn must transit between V_{IH} and V_{IL} (or between V_{IL} and V_{IH}) in a monotonic manner.



AC Characteristics Diagrams

Clock and Clock Enable Parameters

Cumbal	Deventedar		-10	l lucito	Natas	
Symbol	Parameter	Min. Max.	Max.	Units	Notes	
t _{CK3}	Clock Cycle Time, \overline{CAS} Latency = 3	10	1000	ns		
t _{CK2}	Clock Cycle Time, \overline{CAS} Latency = 2	15	1000	ns	1	
t _{AC3}	Clock Access Time, CAS Latency = 3	_	9	ns	2	
t _{AC2}	Clock Access Time, CAS Latency = 2	_	9	ns	2	
t _{скн}	Clock High Pulse Width	3	_	ns	3	
t _{CKL}	Clock Low Pulse Width	3	—	ns	3	
t _{CES}	Clock Enable Set-Up Time	2	—	ns		
t _{CEH}	Clock Enable Hold Time	1	_	ns		
t _{SB}	Power Down Mode Entry Time	0	10	ns		
t _T	Transition Time (Rise and Fall)	0.5	10	ns		

1. For 66MHz clock, \overline{CAS} Latency = 2.

2. Access time is measured at 1.4V. See AC Characteristics Diagrams.

 t_{CKH} is the pulse width of CK measured from the positive edge to the negative edge referenced to V_{IH}(min). t_{CKL} is the pulse width of CK measured from the negative edge to the positive edge referenced to V_{IL}(max).

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Common Parameters

Symbol	Demension	-1	0	l la ita	Notes
	Parameter	Min.	Units	Notes	
t _{CS}	Command Set-Up Time	3	—	ns	
t _{CH}	Command Hold Time	1	—	ns	
t _{AS}	Address and Bank Select Set-Up Time	3	—	ns	
t _{AH}	Address and Bank Select Hold Time	1	—	ns	
t _{RCD}	RAS to CAS Delay	30	—	ns	1
t _{RC}	Bank Cycle Time	90	—	ns	1
t _{RAS}	Active Command Period	60	100000	ns	1
t _{RP}	Precharge Time	30	—	ns	1
t _{RRD}	Bank to Bank Delay Time	20	_	ns	1
t _{CCD}	CAS to CAS Delay Time	1	_	CLK	

1. These parameters account for the number of clock cycles and depend on the operating frequency of the clock, as follows: the number of clock cycles = specified value of timing/clock period (fractions counted as whole numbers).

Mode Register Set Cycle

Symbol	Parameter		-10		Notes
Symbol	Falameter	Min. Max.	Units	Notes	
t _{RSC}	Mode Register Set Cycle Time	2	—	CLK	1

1. These parameters account for the number of clock cycles and depend on the operating frequency of the clock, as follows: the number of clock cycles = specified value of timing/clock period (fractions counted as whole numbers).



Read Cycle

Symbol	Parameter	-1	-10	Units	Notes	
	Parameter	Min. Max.	Units	Notes		
t _{OH}	Data Out Hold Time	3	—	ns		
t _{LZ}	Data Out to Low Impedance Time	0	—	ns		
t _{HZ3}	Data Out to High Impedance Time	3	7	ns	1	
t _{HZ2}	Data Out to High Impedance Time	3	8	ns	1	
t _{DQZ}	DQM Data Out Disable Latency	2		CLK		
1. Ref	1. Referenced to the time at which the output achieves the open circuit condition, not to output voltage levels.					

Refresh Cycle

Symbol	Parameter	-1	0	Units	Notes	
	Parameter	Min. Max. Units N — 64 ms		notes		
t _{REF}	Refresh Period	—	64	ms	1	
t _{SREX}	Self Refresh Exit Time	10		ns		
1. 409	1. 4096 auto refresh cycles.					

Write Cycle

Symbol	Parameter	-10	Units	
	Parameter	Min.	Max. Ur	Units
t _{DS}	Data In Set-Up Time	3	—	ns
t _{DH}	Data In Hold Time	1	—	ns
t _{DPL}	Data Input to Precharge	10	—	ns
t _{DQW}	DQM Write Mask Latency	0	—	CLK



IBM13T16644NPA 16M x 64 Two Bank SDRAM SO DIMM

Clock Frequency and Latency

Symbol	Parameter	-1	0	Units
f _{CK}	Clock Frequency	100	66	MHz
t _{CK}	Clock Cycle Time	10	15	ns
t _{AA}	CAS Latency	3	2	CLK
t _{RP}	Precharge Time	3	2	CLK
t _{RCD}	RAS to CAS Delay	3	2	CLK
t _{RC}	Bank Cycle Time	9	6	CLK
t _{RAS}	Minimum Bank Active Time	6	4	CLK
t _{DPL}	Data In to Precharge	1	1	CLK
t _{DAL}	Data In to Active/Refresh	4	3	CLK
t _{RRD}	Bank to Bank Delay Time	2	2	CLK
t _{CCD}	CAS to CAS Delay Time	1	1	CLK
t _{WL}	Write Latency	0	0	CLK
t _{DQW}	DQM Write Mask Latency	0	0	CLK
t _{DQZ}	DQM Data Disable Latency	2	2	CLK
t _{CSL}	Clock Suspend Latency	1	1	CLK

Presence Detect Read and Write Cycle

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
f _{SCL}	SCL Clock Frequency		100	kHz	
ΤI	Noise Suppression Time Constant at SCL, SDA Inputs		100	ns	
t _{AA}	SCL Low to SDA Data Out Valid	0.3	3.5	μs	
t _{BUF}	Time the Bus Must Be Free before a New Transmission Can Start	4.7		μs	
t _{HD:STA}	Start Condition Hold Time	4.0		μs	
t _{LOW}	Clock Low Period	4.7		μs	
t _{HIGH}	Clock High Period	4.0		μs	
t _{SU:STA}	Start Condition Set-Up Time (for a Repeated Start Condition)	4.7		μs	
t _{HD:DAT}	Data in Hold Time	0		μs	
t _{SU:DAT}	Data in Set-Up Time	250		ns	
t _r	SDA and SCL Rise Time		1	μs	
t _f	SDA and SCL Fall Time		300	ns	
t _{SU:STO}	Stop Condition Set-Up Time	4.7		μs	
t _{DH}	Data Out Hold Time	300		ns	
t _{WR}	Write Cycle Time		15	ms	1

 The Write cycle time (t_{WR}) is the time from a valid stop condition of a write sequence to the end of the internal Erase/Program cycle. During the Write cycle, the bus interface circuits are disabled, SDA is allowed to remain high per the bus-level pull-up resistor, and the device does not respond to its slave address.



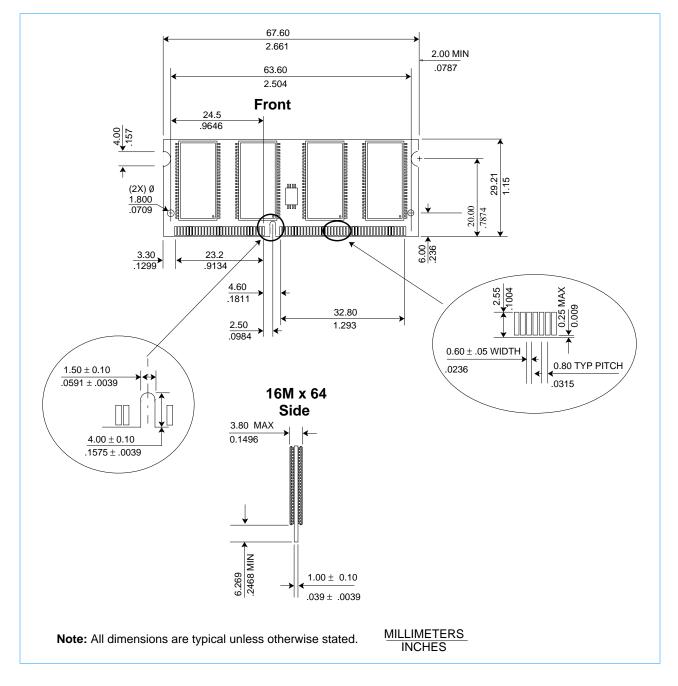
Functional Description and Timing Diagrams

Refer to the IBM 128Mb Synchronous DRAM data sheet, document 33L8019, for the functional description and timing diagrams for SDRAM operation.

Refer to the IBM Application Notes: *Serial Presence Detect on Memory DIMMs* and *SDRAM Presence Detect Definitions* for the Serial Presence Detect functional description and timings.

All AC timing information refers to the timings at the SDRAM devices.

Layout Drawing



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Revision Log

Rev	Contents of Modification
11/99	Initial Release



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