

July 1998

## EIA/ITU PABX SLIC with 40mA Loop Feed

### Features

- Pin for Pin Replacement for the HC-5504
- Capable of 5V or 12V (V<sub>B</sub>+) Operation
- · Monolithic Integrated Device
- DI High Voltage Process
- Compatible With Worldwide PBX Performance Requirements
- Controlled Supply of Battery Feed Current for Short Loops (41mA)
- · Internal Ring Relay Driver
- Allows Interfacing With Negative Superimposed **Ringing Systems**
- Low Power Consumption During Standby
- Switch Hook Ground Key and Ring Trip Detection **Functions**
- Selective Denial of Power to Subscriber Loops

## **Applications**

- · Solid State Line Interface Circuit for Analog and **Digital PBX Systems**
- · Direct Inward Dial (DID) Trunks
- · Voice Messaging PBXs
- Related Literature
  - AN549, The HC-5502S/4X Telephone Subscriber Line Interface Circuits (SLIC)
  - AN571, Using Ring Sync with HC-5502A and HC-5504 SLICs

## Description

The Harris SLIC incorporates many of the BORSHT functions on a single IC chip. This includes DC battery feed, a ring relay driver, supervisory and hybrid functions. This device is designed to maintain transmission performance in the presence of externally induced longitudinal currents. Using the unique Harris dielectric isolation process, the SLIC can operate directly with a wide range of station battery voltages.

The SLIC also provides selective denial of power. If the PBX system becomes overloaded during an emergency, the SLIC will provide system protection by denying power to selected subscriber loops.

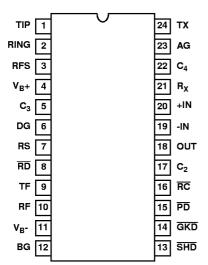
The Harris SLIC is ideally suited for the design of new digital PBX systems by eliminating bulky hybrid transformers.

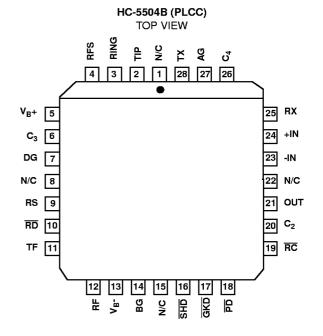
## Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	TEMP. RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE	PKG. NO.
HC1-5504B-5	0 to 75	24 Ld CERDIP	F24.6
HC1-5504B-9	-40 to 85	24 Ld CERDIP	F24.6
HC3-5504B-5	0 to 75	24 Ld PDIP	E24.6
HC3-5504B-9	-40 to 85	24 Ld PDIP	E24.6
HC4P5504B-5	0 to 75	28 Ld PLCC	N28.45
HC4P5504B-9	-40 to 85	28 Ld PLCC	N28.45
HC9P5504B-5	0 to 75	24 Ld SOIC	M24.3
HC9P5504B-9	-40 to 85	24 Ld SOIC	M24.3

## **Pinouts**

#### HC-5504B (PDIP, CERDIP, SOIC) TOP VIEW





#### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Maximum Continuous Supply Voltages	
(V <sub>B</sub> -)	
(V <sub>B</sub> +)	-0.5V to 15V
(V <sub>B</sub> + - V <sub>B</sub> -)	75V
Relay Drive Voltage (V <sub>RD</sub> )	-0.5V to 15V

## **Operating Conditions**

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Low Level Logic Input Voltage
Loop Resistance (R <sub>L</sub> )200 to 1200Ω

#### **Thermal Information**

Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 2)	$\theta_{JA}$ (°C/W)
CERDIP Package	52
PDIP Package	65
PLCC Package	65
SOIC Package	75
Maximum Junction Temperature (Hermetic Packages).	175°C
Maximum Junction Temperature (Plastic Packages)	150°C
Maximum Storage Temperature Range65	5°C to 150°C
Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 10s)	300°C
(PLCC and SOIC - Lead Tips Only)	

#### **Die Characteristics**

Transistor Count
Diode Count
Die Dimensions
Substrate Potential Connected
Process Bipolar-DI

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

#### NOTES:

- 1. Absolute maximum ratings are limiting values, applied individually, beyond which the serviceability of the circuit may be impaired. Functional operability under any of these conditions is not necessarily implied.
- 2.  $\theta_{\text{JA}}$  is measured with the component mounted on an evaluation PC board in free air.

## Electrical Specifications Unless Otherwise Specified, V<sub>B</sub>-= -48V, V<sub>B</sub>+= 12V and 5V, AG = BG = DG = 0V, Typical Parameters T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C. Min-Max Parameters are Over Operating Temperature Range

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
On Hook Power Dissipation	$I_{LONG} = 0$ (Note 3), $V_{B+} = 12V$	-	170	235	mW
Off Hook Power Dissipation	$R_L = 600\Omega$ , $I_{LONG} = 0$ (Note 3), $V_B + = 12V$	-	425	550	mW
Off Hook I <sub>B</sub> +	$R_L = 600\Omega$ , $I_{LONG} = 0$ (Note 3), $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$	$_{L} = 600\Omega, I_{LONG} = 0 \text{ (Note 3)}, T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$		6.0	mA
Off Hook I <sub>B</sub> +	$R_L = 600\Omega$ , $I_{LONG} = 0$ (Note 3), $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-	-	5.3	mA
Off Hook I <sub>B</sub> -	$R_L = 600\Omega$ , $I_{LONG} = 0$ (Note 3)	-	35	41	mA
Off Hook Loop Current	R <sub>L</sub> = 1200Ω, I <sub>LONG</sub> = 0 (Note 3)	-	21	-	mA
Off Hook Loop Current	$R_L = 1200\Omega$ , $V_{B^-} = -42V$ , $I_{LONG} = 0$ (Note 3) $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	17.5	-	-	mA
Off Hook Loop Current	Loop Current $R_L = 200Ω$ , $I_{LONG} = 0$ (Note 3)		41	48	mA
Fault Currents TIP to Ground		-	14	-	mA
RING to Ground		-	55	-	mA
TIP to RING		-	41	-	mA
TIP and RING to Ground		-	55	-	mA
Ring Relay Drive V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 62mA	-	0.2	0.5	٧
Ring Relay Driver Off Leakage	$V_{RD} = 12V, \overline{RC} = 1 = HIGH, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-	-	100	μА
Ring Trip Detection Period	$R_L = 600\Omega$	-	2	3	Ring Cycles
Switch Hook Detection Threshold	SHD = V <sub>OL</sub>	10	-	-	mA
	SHD = V <sub>OH</sub>	-	-	5	mA

Electrical Specifications Unless Otherwise Specified,  $V_{B^-} = -48V$ ,  $V_{B^+} = 12V$  and 5V, AG = BG = DG = 0V, Typical Parameters  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ . Min-Max Parameters are Over Operating Temperature Range (Continued)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Ground Key Detection Threshold	GKD = V <sub>OL</sub>	20	-	-	mA
	GKD = V <sub>OH</sub>	-	-	10	mA
Loop Current During Power Denial	$R_L = 200\Omega$	-	±2	-	mA
Dial Pulse Distortion		0	-	5	ms
Receive Input Impedance	(Note 3)	-	110	-	kΩ
Transmit Output Impedance	(Note 3)	-	10	20	Ω
2-Wire Return Loss SR <sub>L</sub> LO	Referenced to 600Ω + 2.16μF (Note 3)	-	15.5	-	dB
ER <sub>L</sub>	$\neg$	-	24	-	dB
SR <sub>L</sub> HI	$\neg$	-	31	-	dB
ongitudinal Balance 1V <sub>RMS</sub> 200Hz - 3400Hz (Note 3) IEEE Method 0°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 75°C		58	65	-	dB
2-Wire On Hook		60	63	-	dB
4-Wire Off Hook	$\neg$	50	58	-	dB
Low Frequency Longitudinal Balance	R.E.A. Method (Note 3), $R_L = 600\Omega$	-	-	23	dBrnC
0°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 75°C		-	-	-67	dBm0p
Insertion Loss 2-Wire to 4-Wire, 4 Wire to 2-Wire	at 1kHz, 0dBm Input Level, Referenced $600\Omega$	-	±0.05	±0.2	dB
Frequency Response	200Hz - 3400Hz Referenced to Absolute Loss at 1kHz and 0dBm Signal Level (Note 3)	-	±0.02	±0.05	dB
Idle Channel Noise 2-Wire to 4-Wire, 4 Wire to 2-Wire	(Note 3)	-	1	5	dBrnC
		-	-89	-85	dBm0p
Absolute Delay 2-Wire to 4-Wire, 4 Wire to 2-Wire	(Note 3)	-	-	2	ms
Trans Hybrid Loss	Balance Network Set Up for 600Ω Termination at 1kHz	36	40	-	dB
Overload Level	$V_{B}$ + = +5 $V$	1.5	-	-	V <sub>PEAK</sub>
2-Wire to 4-Wire, 4 Wire to 2-Wire	V <sub>B</sub> + = 12V	1.75	-	-	$V_{PEAK}$
Level Linearity 2-Wire to 4-Wire, 4 Wire to 2-Wire	At 1kHz Referenced to 0dBm Level (Note 3) +3 to -40dBm	-	-	±0.05	dB
	-40 to -50dBm	1	-	±0.1	dB
	-50 to -55dBm	ı	-	±0.3	dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio V <sub>B</sub> + to 2-Wire	(Note 3) 30 - 60Hz, R <sub>L</sub> = 600Ω	15	-	-	dB
V <sub>B</sub> + to Transmit		15	-	-	dB
V <sub>B</sub> - to 2-Wire		15	-	-	dB
V <sub>B</sub> - to Transmit		15	-	-	dB

Electrical Specifications Unless Otherwise Specified,  $V_{B^-} = -48V$ ,  $V_{B^+} = 12V$  and 5V, AG = BG = DG = 0V, Typical Parameters  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ . Min-Max Parameters are Over Operating Temperature Range (Continued)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V <sub>B</sub> + to 2-Wire	200 - 16kHz, $R_L$ = 600 $Ω$	30	-	-	dB
V <sub>B</sub> + to Transmit		30	-	-	dB
V <sub>B</sub> - to 2-Wire		30	-	-	dB
V <sub>B</sub> - to Transmit		30	-	-	dB
Logic Input Current (RS, RC, PD)	0V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 5V	-	-	±100	μА
Logic Inputs Logic '0' V <sub>IL</sub>		-	-	0.8	٧
Logic '1' V <sub>IH</sub>		2.0	-	5.5	٧
Logic Outputs Logic '0' V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>LOAD</sub> 800μA, V <sub>B</sub> + = 12V, 5V	-	0.1	0.5	٧
Logic '1' V <sub>OH</sub>	$I_{LOAD}$ 80 $\mu$ A, $V_{B}$ + = 12 $V$	2.7	5.0	5.5	٧
	$I_{LOAD}$ 40 $\mu$ A, $V_{B}$ + = 5 $V$	2.7	·	5.0	٧

## **Uncommitted Op Amp Specifications**

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Offset Voltage		-	±5	-	mV
Input Offset Current		-	±10	-	nA
Input Bias Current		-	20	-	nA
Differential Input Resistance	(Note 3)	-	1	-	MΩ
Output Voltage Swing	R <sub>L</sub> = 10K, V <sub>B</sub> + = 12V	-	±5	-	V <sub>PEAK</sub>
	R <sub>L</sub> = 10K, V <sub>B</sub> + = 5V	-	±3	-	V <sub>PEAK</sub>
Output Resistance	A <sub>VCL</sub> = 1 (Note 3)	-	10	-	Ω
Small Signal GBW	(Note 3)	-	1	-	MHz

#### NOTES:

These parameters are controlled by design or process parameters and are not directly tested. These parameters are characterized upon initial design release, upon design changes which would affect these characteristics, and at intervals to assure product quality and specification compliance.

<sup>4.</sup> I<sub>LONG</sub> = Longitudinal Current

## Pin Descriptions

28 PIN PLCC	24 PIN DIP/SOIC	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
2	1	TIP	An analog input connected to the TIP (more positive) side of the subscriber loop through a 150 $\Omega$ feed resistor and a ring relay contact. Functions with the Ring terminal to receive voice signals from the telephone and for loop monitoring purposes.
3	2	RING	An analog input connected to the RING (more negative) side of the subscriber loop through a 1500 feed resistor and a ring relay contact. Functions with the Tip terminal to receive voice signals from the telephone and for loop monitoring purposes.
4	3	RFS	Senses ring side of loop for ground key and ring trip detection. During ringing, the ring signal is inserted into the line at this node and RF is isolated from RFS via a relay.
5	4	V <sub>B</sub> +	Positive Voltage Source - Most positive supply. V <sub>B</sub> + is typically 12V or 5V.
6	5	C <sub>3</sub>	Capacitor #3 - An external capacitor to be connected between this terminal and analog ground Required for proper operation of the loop current limiting function, and for filtering $V_B$ Typical value is $0.3\mu F$ , 30V.
7	6	DG (Note 5)	Digital Ground - To be connected to zero potential and serves as a reference for all digital inputs and outputs on the SLIC microcircuit.
9	7	RS	Ring Synchronization Input - A TTL-compatible clock input. The clock should be arranged such that a positive pulse transition occurs on the zero crossing of the ring voltage source, as it appears at the RFS terminal. For Tip side injected systems, the RS pulse should occur on the negative going zero crossing and for Ring injected systems, on the positive going zero crossing. This ensures that the ring relay activates and deactivates when the instantaneous ring voltage is near zero. If synchronization is not required, the pin should be tied to 5V.
10	8	RD	Relay Driver - A low active open collector logic output. When enabled, the external ring relay is energized.
11	9	TF	Tip Feed - A low impedance analog output connected to the TIP terminal through a 150 $\Omega$ feed resistor Functions with the RF terminal to provide loop current, feed voice signals to the telephone set, and sink longitudinal current.
12	10	RF	Ring Feed - A low impedance analog output connected to the RING terminal through a 150 $\Omega$ feed resistor. Functions with the TF terminal to provide loop current, feed voice signals to the telephone set, and sink longitudinal current.
13	11	V <sub>B</sub> -	Negative Voltage Source - Most negative supply. $V_{B^-}$ is typically -48V with an operational range o -42V to -58V. Frequently referred to as "battery".
14	12	BG (Note 5)	Battery Ground - To be connected to zero potential. All loop current and some quiescent current flows into this ground terminal.
16	13	SHD	Switch Hook Detection - A low active LS TTL - compatible logic output. This output is enabled for loop currents exceeding 10mA and disabled for loop currents less than 5mA.
17	14	GKD	Ground Key Detection - A low active LS TTL - compatible logic output. This output is enabled if the DC current into the ring lead exceeds the DC current out of the tip lead by more than 20mA, and disabled if this current difference is less than 10mA.
18	15	PD	Power Denial - A low active TTL - Compatible logic input. When enabled, the switch hook detect (SHD and ground key detect (GKD) are not necessarily valid, and the relay driver (RD) output is disabled.
19	16	RC	Ring Command - A low active TTL - Compatible logic input. When enabled, the relay driver $(\overline{RD})$ output goes low on the next high level of the ring sync (RS) input, as long as the SLIC is not in the power denial state $(\overline{PD}) = 0$ or the subscriber is not already off- hook $(\overline{SHD}) = 0$ .
20	17	C <sub>2</sub>	Capacitor #2 - An external capacitor to be connected between this terminal and digital ground Prevents false ground key indications from occurring during ring trip detection. Typical value is 0.15μF 10V. This capacitor is not used if ground key function is not required and (Pin 17) may be left open oconnected to digital ground.
21	18	OUT	The analog output of the spare operational amplifier. The output voltage swing is typically ±5V.

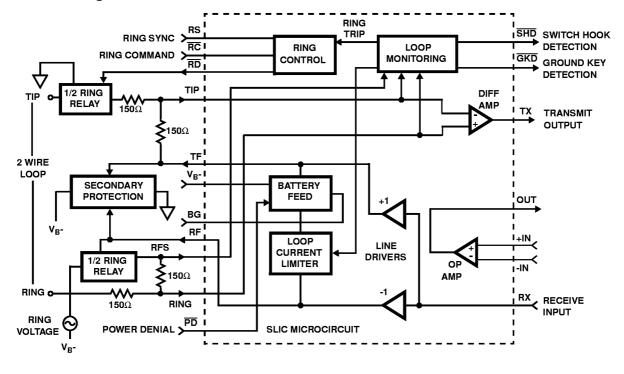
## Pin Descriptions (Continued)

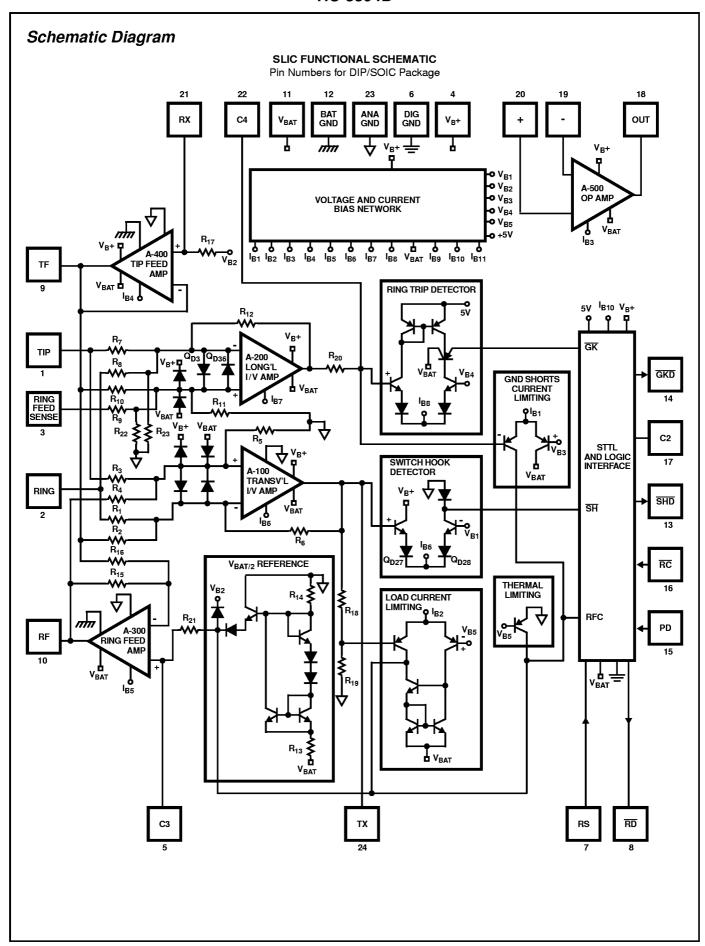
28 PIN PLCC	24 PIN DIP/SOIC	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
23	19	-IN	The inverting analog input of the spare operational amplifier.
24	20	+IN	The non-inverting analog input of the spare operational amplifier.
25	21	RX	Receive Input, 4-Wire Side - A high impedance analog input which is internally biased. Capacitive coupling to this input is required. AC signals appearing at this input differentially drive the Tip feed and Ring feed terminals, which in turn drive tip and ring through $300\Omega$ of feed resistance on each side of the line.
26	22	C <sub>4</sub>	Capacitor #4 - An external capacitor to be connected between this terminal and analog ground. This capacitor prevents false ground key indication and false ring trip detection from occurring when longitudinal currents are induced onto the subscriber loop from near by power lines and other noise sources. This capacitor is also required for the proper operation of ring trip detection. Typical value is $0.5\mu F$ , to $1.0\mu F$ , 20V. This capacitor should be nonpolarized.
27	23	AG (Note 5)	Analog Ground - To be connected to zero potential and serves as a reference for the transmit output (TX) and receive input (RX) terminals.
28	24	ТХ	Transmit Output, 4-Wire Side - A low impedance analog output which represents the differential voltage across Tip and Ring. Transhybrid balancing must be performed (using the SLIC microcircuit's spare op amp) beyond this output to completely implement two to four wire conversion. This output is unbalanced and referenced to analog ground. Since the DC level of this output varies with loop current, capacitive coupling to the next stage is essential.
1, 8, 15, 22		NC	No internal connection.

#### NOTE:

5. All grounds (AG, BG, and DG) must be applied before V<sub>B</sub>+ or V<sub>B</sub>-. Failure to do so may result in premature failure of the part. If a user wishes to run separate grounds off a line card, the AG must be applied first.

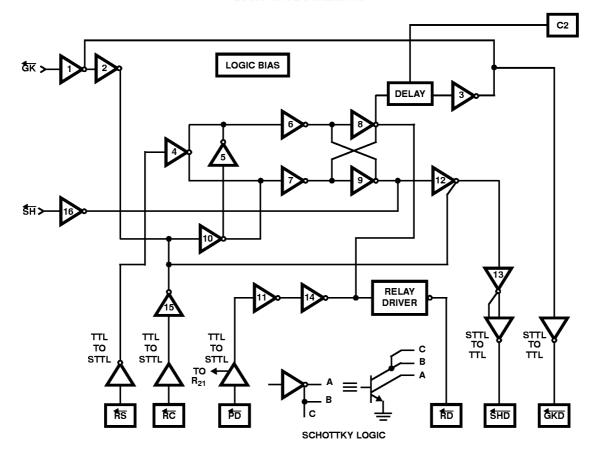
## Functional Diagram





## Schematic Diagram (Continued)

#### LOGIC GATE SCHEMATIC



## Overvoltage Protection and Longitudinal Current Protection

The SLIC device, in conjunction with an external protection bridge, will withstand high voltage lightning surges and power line crosses.

High voltage surge conditions are as specified in Table 1.

The SLIC will withstand longitudinal currents up to a maximum or  $30\text{mA}_{RMS},\ 15\text{mA}_{RMS}$  per leg, without any performance degradation.

#### TABLE 1.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PERFORMANCE (MAX)	UNITS
Longitudinal	10μs Rise/	±1000 (Plastic)	V <sub>PEAK</sub>
Surge	1000μs Fall	±500 (Ceramic)	$V_{PEAK}$
Metallic Surge	10μs Rise/	±1000 (Plastic)	V <sub>PEAK</sub>
	1000μs Fall	±500 (Ceramic)	V <sub>PEAK</sub>
T/GND	10μs Rise/	±1000 (Plastic)	$V_{PEAK}$
R/GND	1000μs Fall	±500 (Ceramic)	V <sub>PEAK</sub>
50/60Hz Current			
T/GND	11 Cycles	700 (Plastic)	V <sub>RMS</sub>
R/GND	Limited to 10A <sub>RMS</sub>	350 (Ceramic)	V <sub>RMS</sub>

## Applications Diagram

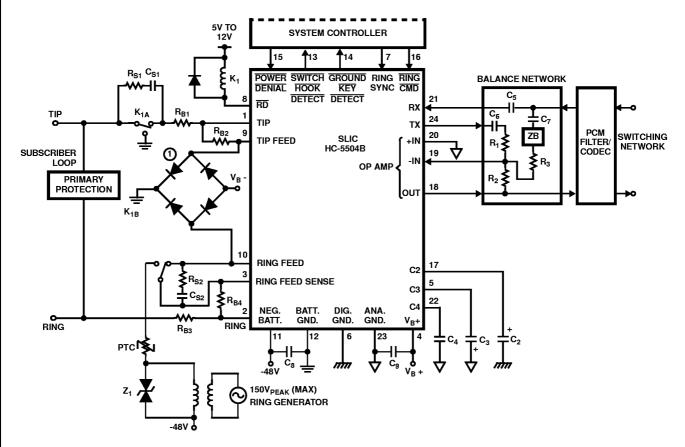


FIGURE 1. TYPICAL LINE CIRCUIT APPLICATION WITH THE MONOLITHIC SLIC

#### **Typical Component Values**

 $C_2 = 0.15 \mu F$ , 10V

 $C_3 = 0.3 \mu F, 30 V$ 

 $C_4 = 0.5\mu\text{F}$  to 1.0 $\mu\text{F}$ , 10%, 20V (Should be nonpolarized)

 $C_5 = 0.5 \mu F$ , 20V

 $C_6 = C_7 = 0.5 \mu F$  (10% Match Required) (Note 7)

 $C_8 = 0.01 \mu F$ , 100V

 $C_9 = 0.01 \mu F$ , 20V, ±20%

 $R_1$  =  $R_2$  =  $R_3$  = 100k $\Omega$  (0.1% Match Required, 1% absolute value) ZB = 0 for 600  $\Omega$  Terminations (Note 7).

 $R_{B1}$  =  $R_{B2}$  =  $R_{B3}$  =  $R_{B4}$  = 150 $\Omega$  (0.1% Match Required, 1% absolute value).

 $R_{S1} = R_{S2} = 1k\Omega$ , typically.

 $C_{S1}$  =  $C_{S2}$  =  $0.1 \mu F\!_{,}$  200V typically, depending on  $V_{RING}$  and line length.

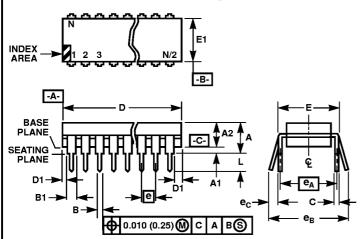
 $Z_1 = 150V$  to 200V transient protection.

PTC used as ring generator ballast.

#### NOTES:

- 6. Secondary protection diode bridge recommended is a 2A, 200V type.
- 7. To obtain the specified transhybrid loss it is necessary for the three legs of the balance network, C<sub>6</sub>-R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> and C<sub>7</sub>-ZB-R<sub>3</sub>, to match in impedance to within 0.3%. Thus, if C<sub>6</sub> and C<sub>7</sub> are 1μF each, a 20% match is adequate. It should be noted that the transmit output to C<sub>6</sub> sees a -22V step when the loop is closed. Too large a value for C<sub>6</sub> may produce an excessively long transient at the op amp output to the PCM Filter/CODEC.
  - A  $0.5\mu F$  and  $100k\Omega$  gives a time constant of 50ms. The uncommitted op amp output is internally clamped to stay within  $\pm 5.5V$  and also has current limiting protection.
- 8. All grounds (AG, BG, and DG) must be applied before V<sub>B</sub>+ or V<sub>B</sub>-. Failure to do so may result in premature failure of the part. If a user wishes to run separate grounds off a line card, the AG must be applied first.
- 9. Application shows Ring Injected Ringing, Balanced or Tip injected configuration may be used.
- 10. Pin numbers given for DIP/SOIC package.

## Dual-In-Line Plastic Packages (PDIP)



#### NOTES:

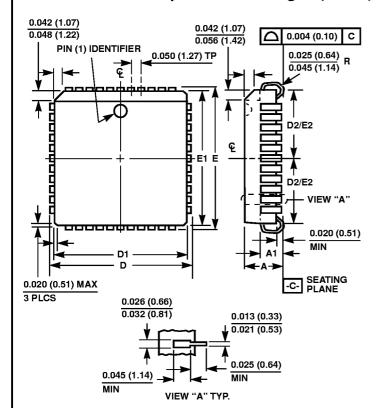
- Controlling Dimensions: INCH. In case of conflict between English and Metric dimensions, the inch dimensions control.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication No. 95.
- Dimensions A, A1 and L are measured with the package seated in JEDEC seating plane gauge GS-3.
- D, D1, and E1 dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions.
   Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch (0.25mm).
- 6. E and  $\begin{bmatrix} e_A \end{bmatrix}$  are measured with the leads constrained to be perpendicular to datum  $\begin{bmatrix} -C_- \end{bmatrix}$ .
- 7.  $e_B$  and  $e_C$  are measured at the lead tips with the leads unconstrained.  $e_C$  must be zero or greater.
- B1 maximum dimensions do not include dambar protrusions. Dambar protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch (0.25mm).
- 9. N is the maximum number of terminal positions.
- Corner leads (1, N, N/2 and N/2 + 1) for E8.3, E16.3, E18.3, E28.3, E42.6 will have a B1 dimension of 0.030 - 0.045 inch (0.76 - 1.14mm).

E24.6 (JEDEC MS-011-AA ISSUE B)
24 LEAD DUAL-IN-LINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
Α	-	0.250	-	6.35	4
A1	0.015	-	0.39	-	4
A2	0.125	0.195	3.18	4.95	-
В	0.014	0.022	0.356	0.558	-
B1	0.030	0.070	0.77	1.77	8
С	0.008	0.015	0.204	0.381	-
D	1.150	1.290	29.3	32.7	5
D1	0.005	-	0.13	-	5
Е	0.600	0.625	15.24	15.87	6
E1	0.485	0.580	12.32	14.73	5
е	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC		-
e <sub>A</sub>	0.600 BSC		15.24 BSC		6
e <sub>B</sub>	-	0.700	-	17.78	7
L	0.115	0.200	2.93	5.08	4
N	24		24		9

Rev. 0 12/93

## Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier Packages (PLCC)



N28.45 (JEDEC MS-018AB ISSUE A)
28 LEAD PLASTIC LEADED CHIP CARRIER PACKAGE

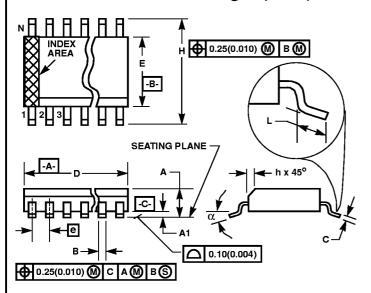
	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
Α	0.165	0.180	4.20	4.57	-
A1	0.090	0.120	2.29	3.04	-
D	0.485	0.495	12.32	12.57	-
D1	0.450	0.456	11.43	11.58	3
D2	0.191	0.219	4.86	5.56	4, 5
E	0.485	0.495	12.32	12.57	-
E1	0.450	0.456	11.43	11.58	3
E2	0.191	0.219	4.86	5.56	4, 5
N	28		28		6

Rev. 2 11/97

#### NOTES:

- Controlling dimension: INCH. Converted millimeter dimensions are not necessarily exact.
- 2. Dimensions and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusions. Allowable
  mold protrusion is 0.010 inch (0.25mm) per side. Dimensions D1
  and E1 include mold mismatch and are measured at the extreme
  material condition at the body parting line.
- 4. To be measured at seating plane -C- contact point.
- 5. Centerline to be determined where center leads exit plastic body.
- 6. "N" is the number of terminal positions.

## Small Outline Plastic Packages (SOIC)



#### NOTES

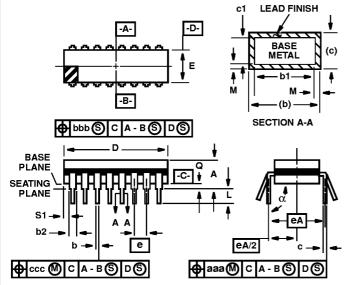
- Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication Number 95.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs.
   Mold flash, protrusion and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
- Dimension "E" does not include interlead flash or protrusions. Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm (0.010 inch) per side.
- 5. The chamfer on the body is optional. If it is not present, a visual index feature must be located within the crosshatched area.
- 6. "L" is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
- 7. "N" is the number of terminal positions.
- 8. Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
- The lead width "B", as measured 0.36mm (0.014 inch) or greater above the seating plane, shall not exceed a maximum value of 0.61mm (0.024 inch)
- Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

M24.3 (JEDEC MS-013-AD ISSUE C)
24 LEAD WIDE BODY SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
Α	0.0926	0.1043	2.35	2.65	-
A1	0.0040	0.0118	0.10	0.30	-
В	0.013	0.020	0.33	0.51	9
С	0.0091	0.0125	0.23	0.32	-
D	0.5985	0.6141	15.20	15.60	3
Е	0.2914	0.2992	7.40	7.60	4
е	0.05 BSC		1.27 BSC		-
Н	0.394	0.419	10.00	10.65	-
h	0.010	0.029	0.25	0.75	5
L	0.016	0.050	0.40	1.27	6
N	24		24		7
α	0°	8°	0°	8°	-

Rev. 0 12/93

## Ceramic Dual-In-Line Frit Seal Packages (CERDIP)



#### NOTES:

- Index area: A notch or a pin one identification mark shall be located adjacent to pin one and shall be located within the shaded area shown. The manufacturer's identification shall not be used as a pin one identification mark.
- The maximum limits of lead dimensions b and c or M shall be measured at the centroid of the finished lead surfaces, when solder dip or tin plate lead finish is applied.
- Dimensions b1 and c1 apply to lead base metal only. Dimension M applies to lead plating and finish thickness.
- Corner leads (1, N, N/2, and N/2+1) may be configured with a partial lead paddle. For this configuration dimension b3 replaces dimension b2.
- This dimension allows for off-center lid, meniscus, and glass overrun.
- Dimension Q shall be measured from the seating plane to the base plane.
- 7. Measure dimension S1 at all four corners.
- 8. N is the maximum number of terminal positions.
- 9. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M 1982.
- 10. Controlling dimension: INCH.

F24.6 MIL-STD-1835 GDIP1-T24 (D-3, CONFIGURATION A) 24 LEAD CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE FRIT SEAL PACKAGE

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
Α	-	0.225	-	5.72	-
b	0.014	0.026	0.36	0.66	2
b1	0.014	0.023	0.36	0.58	3
b2	0.045	0.065	1.14	1.65	-
b3	0.023	0.045	0.58	1.14	4
С	0.008	0.018	0.20	0.46	2
c1	0.008	0.015	0.20	0.38	3
D	-	1.290	-	32.77	5
Е	0.500	0.610	12.70	15.49	5
е	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC		-
eA	0.600 BSC		15.24 BSC		-
eA/2	0.300 BSC		7.62 BSC		-
L	0.120	0.200	3.05	5.08	-
Q	0.015	0.075	0.38	1.91	6
S1	0.005	-	0.13	-	7
α	90°	105°	90°	105°	-
aaa	-	0.015	-	0.38	-
bbb	-	0.030	-	0.76	-
ccc	-	0.010	-	0.25	-
М	-	0.0015	-	0.038	2, 3
N	24		24		8

Rev. 0 4/94