



**SANYO Semiconductors**

# **DATA SHEET**

An ON Semiconductor Company

## **LC88F58B0A — CMOS LSI FROM 128K byte, RAM 6K byte on-chip 16-bit 1-chip Microcontroller**

### **Overview**

The SANYO LC88F58B0A is a 16-bit microcomputer that, centered around an Xstromy16 CPU, integrates on a single chip a number of hardware features such as 128K-byte flash ROM (onboard programmable), 6K-byte RAM, six 16-bit timers, a base timer serving as a time-of-day clock, two synchronous SIO interfaces with automatic transmission capability, a single master I<sup>2</sup>C/synchronous SIO interface, two asynchronous SIO (UART) interfaces, a 11-channel 12-bit resolution AD converter, a motor drive signal generator circuit, two multifrequency 12-bit PWM modules, a watchdog timer, a system clock frequency divider, a 40-source (24 modules) 16-vector interrupt feature, and on-chip debugger feature.

### **Features**

#### ■Xstromy16 CPU

- 4G-byte address space
- General-purpose registers: 16 bits × 16 registers

#### ■Flash ROM

- Capable of onboard programming with a wide range of voltage levels (3.0 to 5.5V).
- Block-erasable in 128 or 1K byte units.
- Data written in 2-byte units.
- 131072 × 8 bits

#### ■RAM

- 6144 × 8 bits

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## ■Minimum Instruction Cycle Time (tCYC)

- 83.3 ns (12MHz) VDD = 4.5 to 5.5V
- 100 ns (10MHz) VDD = 3.0 to 5.5V
- 500 ns (2MHz) VDD = 2.2 to 5.5V

## ■Ports

- Normal withstand voltage I/O ports

Ports whose I/O direction can be designated in 1 bit units : 52 (P0n, P1n, P2n, P30 to P33, P4n, P6n, P70 to P72,  
PA0 to PA3, PC2)

- Oscillation/normal withstand voltage I/O ports : 2 (PC0, PC1)
- Oscillation dedicated ports : 2 (CF1, CF2)
- Reset pins : 1 (RESB)
- TEST pins : 1 (TEST)
- Power pins : 6 (VSS1 to 3, VDD1 to 3)

## ■Timers

- Timer 0: 16-bit timer that supports PWM/toggle outputs

- 1) 5-bit prescaler
- 2) 8-bit PWM × 2, 8-bit timer + 8-bit PWM mode selectable
- 3) Clock source selectable from system clock, OSC0, OSC1, and internal RC oscillator

- Timer 1: 16-bit timer with capture registers

- 1) 5-bit prescaler
- 2) May be divided into 2 channels of 8-bit timer
- 3) Clock source selectable from system clock, OSC0, OSC1, and internal RC oscillator

- Timer 2: 16-bit timer with capture registers

- 1) 4-bit prescaler
- 2) May be divided into 2 channels of 8-bit timer
- 3) Clock source selectable from system clock, OSC0, OSC1, and external events

- Timer 3: 16-bit timer that supports PWM/toggle outputs

- 1) 8-bit prescaler
- 2) 8-bit timer × 2ch or 8-bit timer + 8-bit PWM mode selectable
- 3) Clock source selectable from system clock, OSC0, OSC1, and external events

- Timer 4: 16-bit timer that supports toggle outputs

- 1) Clock source selectable from system clock and prescaler 0

- Timer 5: 16-bit timer that supports toggle outputs

- 1) Clock source selectable from system clock and prescaler 0

- Base timer

- 1) Clock may be selected from OSC0 (32.768kHz crystal oscillator) and frequency-divided output of system clock.
- 2) Interrupts can be generated in 7 timing schemes.

## ■Serial Interfaces

- SIO0: 8-bit synchronous SIO
  - 1) LSB first/MSB first mode selectable
  - 2) Supports data communication with a data length of 8 bits or less (1 to 8 bits specifiable)
  - 3) Built-in 8-bit baudrate generator (4 tCYC to 512 tCYC transfer clocks)
  - 4) Continuous/automatic data transmission (9- to 32768-bit units specifiable)
  - 5) Interval function (intervals specifiable in 0 to 64 tSCK units)
  - 6) Wakeup function
- SIO1: 8-bit synchronous SIO
  - 1) LSB first/MSB first mode selectable
  - 2) Supports data communication with a data length of 8 bits or less (1 to 8 bits specifiable)
  - 3) Built-in 8-bit baudrate generator (4 tCYC to 512 tCYC transfer clocks)
  - 4) Continuous/automatic data transmission (9- to 32768-bit units specifiable)
  - 5) Interval function (intervals specifiable in 0 to 64 tSCK units)
  - 6) Wakeup function
- SMIIC0: Single master I<sup>2</sup>C/8-bit synchronous SIO
  - Mode 0: Single-master mode communication
  - Mode 1: Synchronous 8-bit serial I/O (MSB first)
- UART0
  - 1) Data length : 8 bits (LSB first)
  - 2) Start bits : 1 bit
  - 3) Stop bits : 1 bit
  - 4) Parity bits : None/even parity/odd parity
  - 5) Transfer rate : 4/8 cycle
  - 6) Baudrate source clock: P07 input signal used as a 1 cycle signal (TOPWMH can be used as a clock source)
  - 7) Full duplex communication

Note: The “cycle” refers to one period of the baudrate clock source.
- UART2
  - 1) Data length : 8 bits (LSB first)
  - 2) Start bits : 1 bit
  - 3) Stop bits : 1/2 bit
  - 4) Parity bits : None/even parity/odd parity
  - 5) Transfer rate : 8 to 4096 cycle
  - 6) Baudrate source clock : System clock/OSC0/OSC1
  - 7) Wakeup function
  - 8) Full duplex communication

Note: The “cycle” refers to one period of the baudrate clock source.

## ■AD Converter

- 1) 12/8 bits resolution selectable
- 2) Analog input: 11 channels
- 3) Comparator mode
- 4) Automatic reference voltage generation

## ■PWM

- PWM0: Multifrequency 12-bit PWM × 2 channels (PWM0A and PWM0B)
  - 1) 2-channel pairs controlled independently of one another
  - 2) Clock source selectable from system clock or OSC1
  - 3) 8-bit prescaler: TPWMR0=(prescaler value + 1) × clock period
  - 4) 8-bit fundamental wave PWM generator circuit + 4-bit additional pulse generator circuit
  - 5) Fundamental wave PWM mode
    - Fundamental wave period : 16 TPWMR0 to 256 TPWMR0
    - High pulse width : 0 to (Fundamental wave period - TPWMR0)
  - 6) Fundamental wave + additional pulse mode
    - Fundamental wave period : 16 TPWMR0 to 256 TPWMR0
    - Overall period : Fundamental wave period × 16
    - High pulse width : 0 to (Fundamental wave period - TPWMR0)

## ■ Watchdog Timer

- 1) Driven by the base timer + internal watchdog timer dedicated counter
- 2) Interrupt or reset mode selectable

## ■ Motor Drive Signal Generator Circuit

### ■ Interrupts (peripheral function)

- 40 sources (24 modules), 16 vector addresses
  - 1) Provides three levels (low (L), high (H), and highest (X)) of multiplex interrupt control. Any interrupt requests of the level equal to or lower than the current interrupt are not accepted.
  - 2) When interrupt requests to two or more vector addresses occur at the same time, the interrupt of the highest level takes precedence over the other interrupts. For interrupts of the same level, the interrupt into the smallest vector address takes precedence.

No.	Vector Address	Interrupt Module
1	08000H	Watchdog timer (1)
2	08004H	Base timer (2)
3	08008H	Timer 0 (2)
4	0800CH	INT0 (1)
5	08010H	
6	08014H	INT1 (1)
7	08018H	INT2 (1)/timer 1 (2)/UART2 (4)
8	0801CH	INT3 (1)/timer 2 (4)/SMIIC0 (1)
9	08020H	INT4 (1)/timer 3 (2)
10	08024H	INT5 (1)/timer 4 (1)/SIO1 (2)
11	08028H	USMO (3)
12	0802CH	PWM0 (1)
13	08030H	ADC (1)/timer 5 (1)
14	08034H	INT6 (1)
15	08038H	INT7 (1)/SIO0 (2)
16	0803CH	Port 0 (3)

- 3 priority levels selectable.
- Of interrupts of the same level, the one with the smallest vector address takes precedence.
- A number enclosed in parentheses denotes the number of sources.

## ■ Subroutine Stack: 6K-byte RAM area

- Subroutine calls that automatically save PSW, interrupt vector calls: 6 bytes
- Subroutine calls that do not automatically save PSW: 4 bytes

## ■ Multiplication/Division Instructions

- 16 bits × 16 bits (18 tCYC execution time)
- 16 bits ÷ 16 bits (18 to 19 tCYC execution time)
- 32 bits ÷ 16 bits (18 to 19 tCYC execution time)

## ■ Oscillator Circuits

- RC oscillator circuit (internal): For system clock
- OSC1 (CF oscillator circuit): For system clock, built-in Rf circuit
- OSC0 (crystal oscillator circuit): For low-speed system clock
- SLRC oscillator circuit (internal): For system clock (exception processing time)

## ■ System Clock Divider Function

- Can run on low current.
- 1/1 to 1/128 of the system clock frequency can be set.

## ■Standby Function

- HALT mode: Halts instruction execution while allowing the peripheral circuits to continue operation.
  - 1) Oscillation is not stopped automatically.
  - 2) Released by a system reset or occurrence of an interrupt.
- HOLD mode: Suspends instruction execution and the operation of the peripheral circuits.
  - 1) OSC1, RC and OSC0 oscillators automatically stop.
  - 2) There are three ways of releasing the HOLD mode.
    - (1) Setting the reset pin to the low level
    - (2) Setting at least one of the INT0, INT1, INT2, INT4, INT5, INT6, and INT7 pins to the specified level
    - (3) Having an interrupt source established at port 0
    - (4) Having an interrupt established at SIO0 or SIO1
    - (5) Having an interrupt established at UART2
- HOLDX mode: Suspends instruction execution and the operation of the peripheral circuits except those which run on OSC0.
  - 1) OSC1 and RC oscillations automatically stop.
  - 2) OSC0 maintains the state that is established when the HOLDX mode is entered.
  - 3) There are four ways of releasing the HOLDX mode.
    - (1) Setting the reset pin to the low level
    - (2) Setting at least one of the INT0, INT1, INT2, INT4, INT5, INT6, and INT7 pins to the specified level
    - (3) Having an interrupt source established at port 0
    - (4) Having an interrupt source established at the base timer circuit
    - (5) Having an interrupt established at SIO0 or SIO1
    - (6) Having an interrupt established at UART2

## ■On-chip Debugger Function

- Supports software debugging with the IC mounted on the target board.
- Supports source line debugging and tracing functions, and breakpoint setting.
- Single-wire communication

## ■Package Form

- SQFP64 (10×10): Lead-free and halogen-free type

## ■Development Tools

- On-chip debugger: EOCUIF1 + LC88F58B0A

## ■Programming Board

Package	Programming Board
SQFP64 (10 × 10)	W88F58SQ

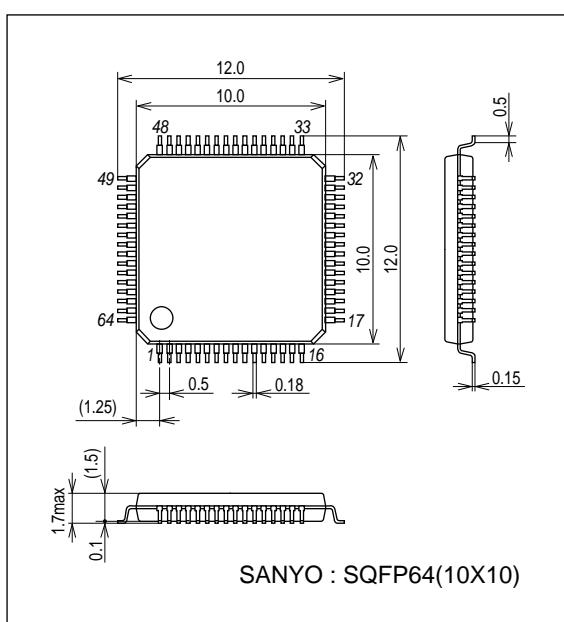
## ■Flash Programming

Manufacturer	Model Name	Supported Version	Device
Flash Support Group (Single)	AF9708/09/09B/09C	Revison : After Rev.03.04	LC88F58B0A
Flash Support Group (Gang)	AF9723/23B	Revison : After Rev.02.29	LC88F58B0A
	AF9833	Revison : After Rev.01.90	
SANYO	SKK/SKK Type-B	Revison : After Rev.01.13	LC88F58B0A

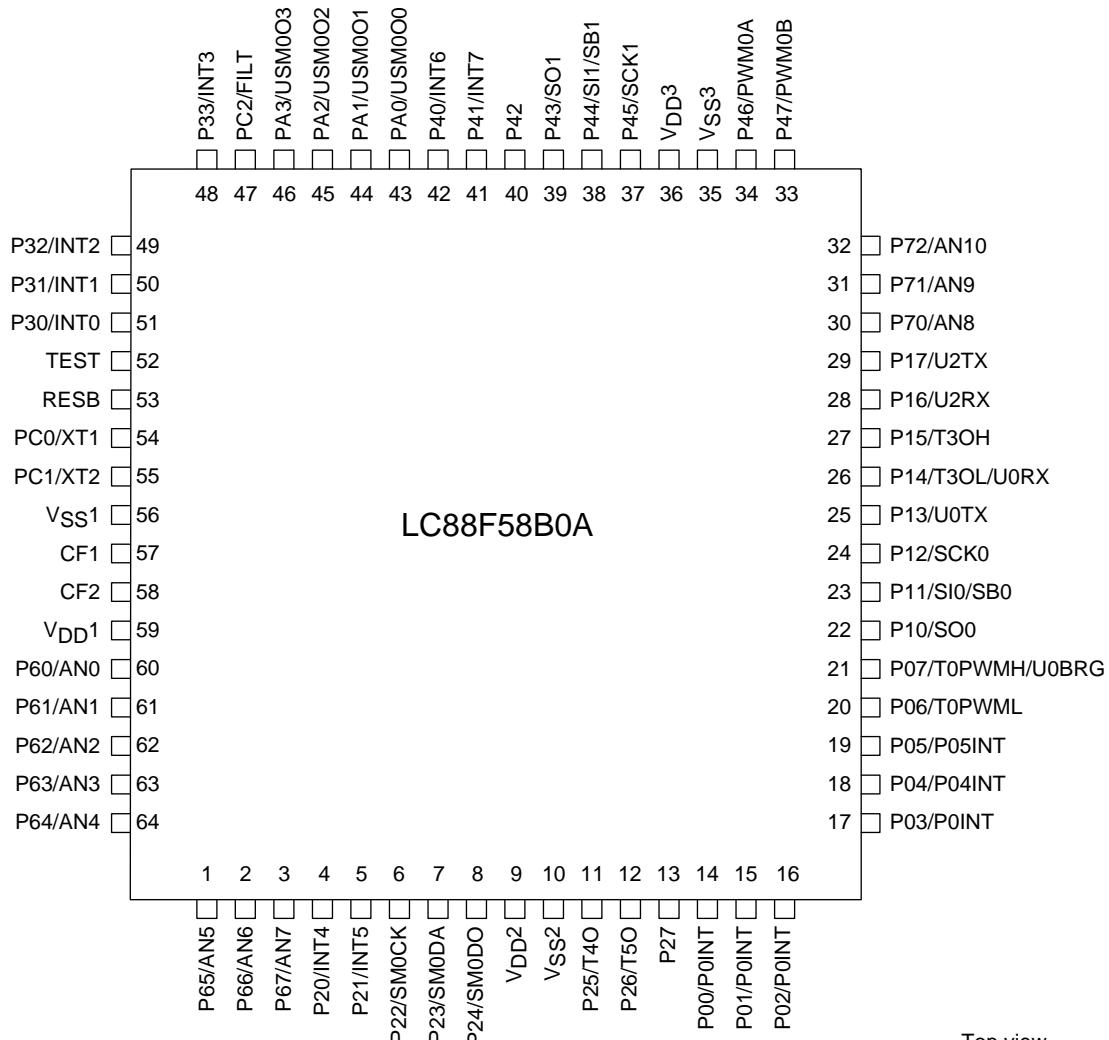
## Package Dimensions

unit : mm (typ)

3190A



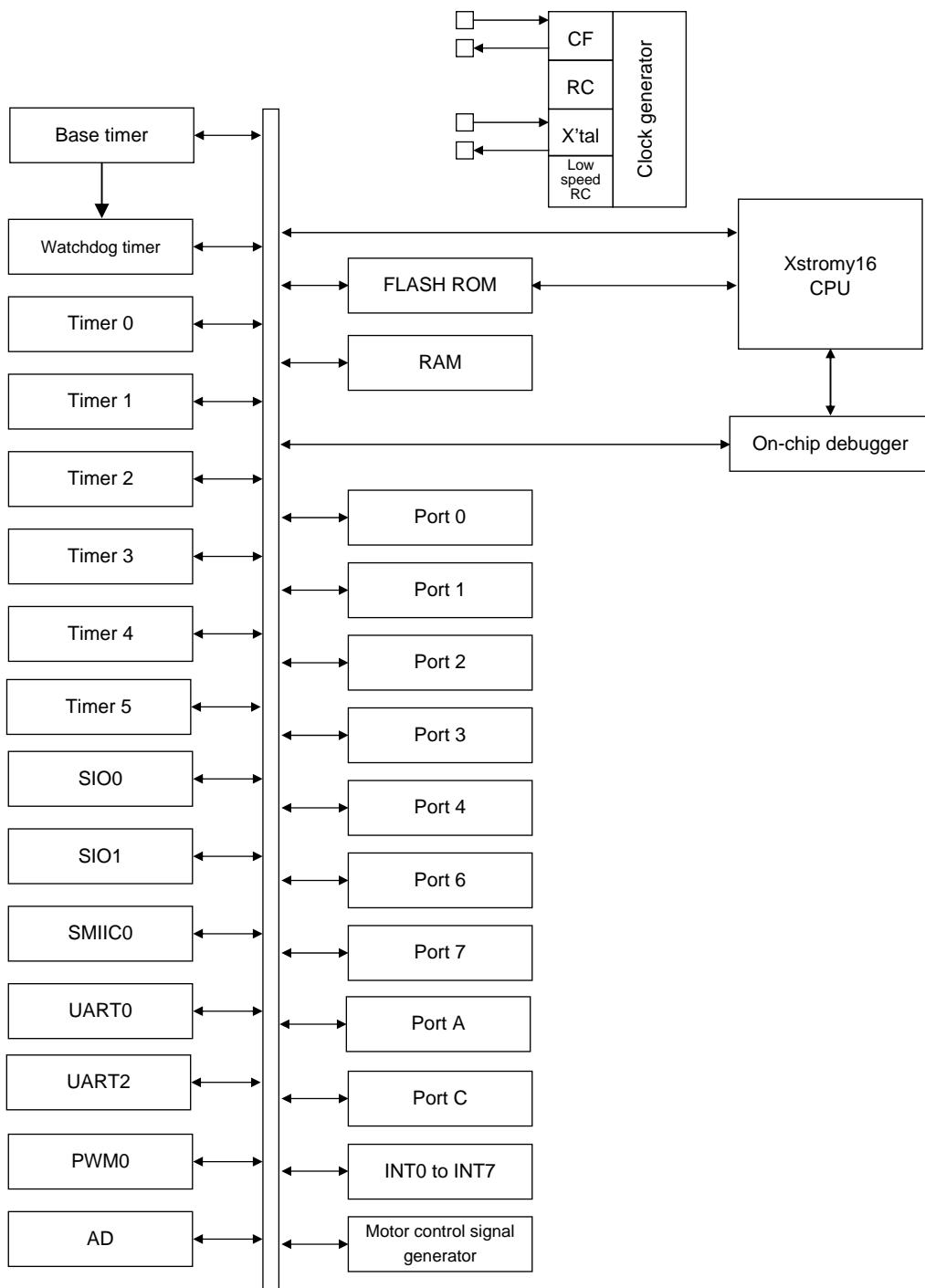
## Pin Assignment



## Top view

SANYO: SQFP64 (10×10) (Lead-free and halogen-free type)

## System Block Diagram



# LC88F58B0A

## Pin Description

Pin Name	I/O	Description
V <sub>SS1</sub> , V <sub>SS2</sub> , V <sub>SS3</sub>	-	- Power sources
V <sub>DD1</sub> , V <sub>DD2</sub> , V <sub>DD3</sub>	-	+ Power sources
Port 0	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units</li> <li>• HOLD release input (P00 to P03, P04, P05)</li> <li>• Port 0 interrupt input (P00 to P03, P04, P05)</li> <li>• Pin functions</li> <li>P06: Timer 0L output</li> <li>P07: Timer 0L output/UART0 clock input</li> </ul>
P00 to P07		
Port 1	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units</li> <li>• Pin functions</li> <li>P10: SIO0 data output</li> <li>P11: SIO0 data input/pulse input/output</li> <li>P12: SIO0 clock input/output</li> <li>P13: UART0 transmit</li> <li>P14: Timer 3L output/UART0 receive</li> <li>P15: Timer 3H output</li> <li>P16: UART2 receive</li> <li>P17: UART2 transmit</li> </ul>
P10 to P17		
Port 2	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units</li> <li>• Pin functions</li> <li>P20: INT4 input/HOLD release input/timer 3 event input/timer 2L capture input/timer 2H capture input</li> <li>P21: INT5 input/HOLD release input/timer 3 event input/timer 2L capture input/timer 2H capture input</li> <li>P22: SMIIC0 clock input/output</li> <li>P23: SMIIC0 bus input/output/data input</li> <li>P24: SMIIC0 data output (used in 3-wire SIO mode)</li> <li>P25: Timer 4 output</li> <li>P26: Timer 5 output</li> <li>Interrupt acknowledge type</li> <li>INT4, INT5: H level, L level, H edge, L edge, both edges</li> </ul>
P20 to P27		
Port 3	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units</li> <li>• Pin functions</li> <li>P30: INT0 input/HOLD release/timer 2L capture input</li> <li>P31: INT1 input/HOLD release/timer 2H capture input</li> <li>P32: INT2 input/HOLD release/timer 2 event input/timer 2L capture input</li> <li>P33: INT3 input/HOLD release/timer 2 event input/timer 2H capture input</li> <li>Interrupt acknowledge type</li> <li>INT0 to INT3: H level, L level, H edge, L edge, both edges</li> </ul>
P30 to P33		

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# LC88F58B0A

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Pin Name	I/O	Description
Port 4	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units</li> <li>• Pin functions</li> </ul> P40: INT6 input/HOLD release input P41: INT7 input/HOLD release input P43: SIO1 data output P44: SIO1 data input/bus input/output P45: SIO1 clock input/output P46: PWM00 output P47: PWM01 output Interrupt acknowledge type INT6, INT7: H level, L level, H edge, L edge, both edges
Port 6	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units</li> <li>• Pin functions</li> </ul> AN0 (P60) to AN7 (P67): AD converter input port
Port 7	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units</li> <li>• Pin functions</li> </ul> AN8 (P70) to AN10 (P72): AD converter input port
Port A	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4-bit I/O port</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1 bit units</li> <li>• Multiplexed pin functions</li> </ul> PA0: USM0 output 0 PA1: USM0 output 1 PA2: USM0 output 2 PA3: USM0 output 3
Port C	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3-bit I/O port (on output: Nch-open drain (PC0 to PC1), CMOS (PC2))</li> <li>• I/O specifiable in 1-bit units</li> <li>• Pin functions</li> </ul> PC0: 32.768kHz crystal oscillator input PC1: 32.768kHz crystal oscillator output PC2: FILT
TEST	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TEST pin</li> <li>• Used to communicate with on-chip debugger.</li> <li>• Connects an external 100kΩ pull-down resistor.</li> </ul>
RESB	I	Reset pin
CF1	I	Ceramic oscillator input pin
CF2	O	Ceramic oscillator output pin

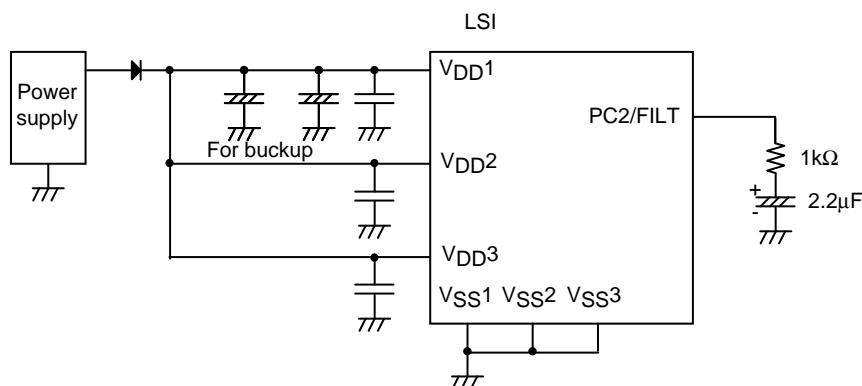
## Port Output Types

The table below lists the types of port outputs and the presence/absence of a pull-up resistor.  
Data can be read into any input port even if it is in the output mode.

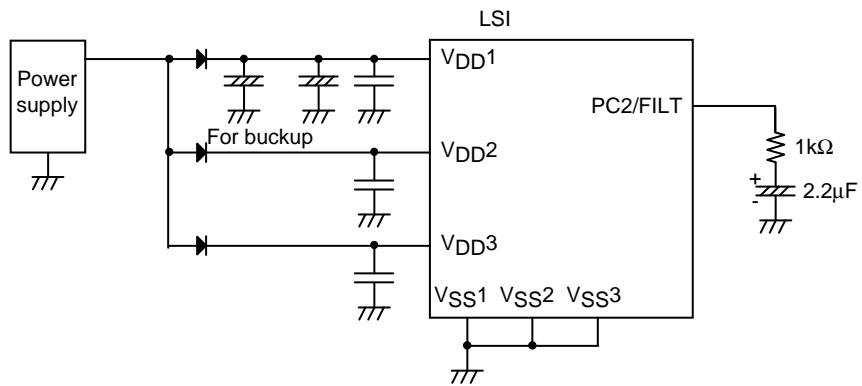
Port Name	Option Selected in Units of	Option Type No.	Output Type	Pull-up Resistor
P00 to P07	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
P10 to P17		2	N-channel open drain	
P20 to P27				
P30 to P33				
P40 to P47				
P60 to P67				
P70 to P72				
PA0 to PA3				
PC2	-	-	CMOS	
PC0	-	-	N-channel open drain (32.768kHz crystal oscillator input)	None
PC1	-	-	N-channel open drain (32.768kHz crystal oscillator output)	None

\* Make the following connection to minimize the noise input to the VDD1 pin and prolong the backup time.  
Be sure to electrically short the VSS1, VSS2 and VSS3 pins.

Example 1: When data is being backed up in the HOLD mode, the H level signals to the output ports are fed by the backup capacitors.



Example 2: When data is being backed up in the HOLD mode, the H level output at any ports is not sustained and is unpredictable.



# LC88F58B0A

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** at  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = 0\text{V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Applicable Pin /Remarks	Conditions	Specification				unit
				$V_{DD}[\text{V}]$	min	typ	max	
Maximum supply voltage	$V_{DD}$ max	$V_{DD1}, V_{DD2}, V_{DD3}$	$V_{DD1}=V_{DD2}=V_{DD3}$		-0.3		+6.5	V
Input voltage	$V_I(1)$	CF1, RESB			-0.3		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	
Input/output voltage	$V_{IO}(1)$	Ports 0, 1, 2 Ports 3, 4 Ports 6, 7 Ports A, C			-0.3		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	
High level output current	Peak output current	IOPH(1)  IOPH(2)  IOPH(3)	Ports 0, 1, 2 P70 to P72 P40 to P45 PA0 to PA3  P46, P47  Port 6 P30 to P33 PC2	CMOS output selected  Per applicable pin  Per applicable pin  Per applicable pin		-10		mA
	Average output current (Note 1-1)	IOMH(1)  IOMH(2)  IOMH(3)	Ports 0, 1, 2 P70 to P72 P36 to P37 P40 to P45 PA0 to PA3  P46, P47  Port 6 P30 to P33 PC2	CMOS output selected  Per applicable pin  Per applicable pin		-7.5		
	Total output current	$\Sigma IOAH(1)$  $\Sigma IOAH(2)$  $\Sigma IOAH(3)$  $\Sigma IOAH(4)$  $\Sigma IOAH(5)$  $\Sigma IOAH(6)$  $\Sigma IOAH(7)$  $\Sigma IOAH(8)$  $\Sigma IOAH(9)$	P30 to P33, PC2  Port 6  Port 6 P30 to P33 PC2  Ports 0, 1 P25 to P27  P20 to P24  Ports 0, 1, 2  P40 to P45 PA0 to PA3  P46 to P47 P70 to P72  Port 4 P70 to P72 PA0 to PA3	Total of currents at applicable pins  Total of currents at applicable pins		-15  -15  -20  -25  -25  -45  -25  -45		

Note 1-1: Average output current refers to the average of output currents measured for a period of 100ms.

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# LC88F58B0A

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Parameter	Symbol	Applicable Pin /Remarks	Conditions	VDD[V]	Specification			unit
					min	typ	max	
Low level output current	Peak output current	IOPL(1) Ports 0, 1, 4 P70 to P72 PA0 to PA3 P20, P21, P24 to P27	Per applicable pin				20	mA
	IOPL(2)	P22, P23	Per applicable pin				25	
	IOPL(3)	P30 to P33 Port 6 PC0 to PC2	Per applicable pin				10	
	Average output current (Note 1-1)	IOML(1) Ports 0, 1, 4 P70 to P72 PA0 to PA3 P20, P21, P24 to P27	Per applicable pin				15	
	IOML(2)	P22, P23	Per applicable pin				20	
	IOML(3)	P30 to P33 Port 6 PC0 to PC2	Per applicable pin				7.5	
	Total output current	$\Sigma$ IOAL(1) P30 to P34 PC0 to PC2	Total of currents at applicable pins				15	
	$\Sigma$ IOAL(2)	Port 6	Total of currents at applicable pins				15	
	$\Sigma$ IOAL(3)	Port 6 P30 to P33 PC0 to PC2	Total of currents at applicable pins				20	
Allowable power dissipation	$\Sigma$ IOAL(4)	Ports 0, 1 P25 to P27	Total of currents at applicable pins				45	mW
	$\Sigma$ IOAL(5)	P20 to P24	Total of currents at applicable pins				45	
	$\Sigma$ IOAL(6)	Ports 0, 1, 2	Total of currents at applicable pins				80	
Operating ambient temperature	$\Sigma$ IOAL(7)	P40 to P45 PA0 to PA3	Total of currents at applicable pins				45	°C
	$\Sigma$ IOAL(8)	P46 to P47 P70 to P72	Total of currents at applicable pins				45	
	$\Sigma$ IOAL(9)	Port 4 P70 to P72 PA0 to PA3	Total of currents at applicable pins				80	
Storage ambient temperature	Tstg	SQFP64 (10x10)	Ta=-40 to +85°C				200	mW

Note 1-1: Average output current refers to the average of output currents measured for a period of 100ms.

# LC88F58B0A

## Allowable Operating Conditions at $T_a = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = 0\text{V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Applicable Pin /Remarks	Conditions	Specification			
				$V_{DD}[\text{V}]$	min	typ	max
Operating supply voltage (Note 2-1)	$V_{DD}(1)$	$V_{DD1}=V_{DD2}=V_{DD3}$	0.081μs≤tCYC≤66μs		4.5		5.5
			0.098μs≤tCYC≤66μs		3.0		5.5
			0.490μs≤tCYC≤66μs		2.2		5.5
Memory sustaining supply voltage	$V_{HD}$	$V_{DD1}=V_{DD2}=V_{DD3}$	RAM and register contents sustained in HOLD mode		2.0		5.5
High level input voltage	$V_{IH}(1)$	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 Port A		2.2 to 5.5	$0.3V_{DD} + 0.7$		$V_{DD}$
	$V_{IH}(2)$	Ports 6, 7, PC2		2.2 to 5.5	$0.3V_{DD} + 0.7$		$V_{DD}$
	$V_{IH}(3)$	CF1, RESB PC0, PC1		2.2 to 5.5	$0.75V_{DD}$		$V_{DD}$
	$V_{IH}(4)$	P22, P23 I <sup>2</sup> C side		2.2 to 5.5	$0.7V_{DD}$		$V_{DD}$
Low level input voltage	$V_{IL}(1)$	When ports 1, 2, 3, 4 and port A, $\text{PnFSAn}=0$		4.0 to 5.5	$V_{SS}$		$0.1V_{DD} + 0.4$
	$V_{IL}(2)$	Ports 0, 6, 7, PC2		2.2 to 4.0	$V_{SS}$		$0.2V_{DD}$
	$V_{IL}(3)$	When ports 1, 2, 3, 4 and port A, $\text{PnFSAn}=1$		4.0 to 5.5	$V_{SS}$		$0.15V_{DD} + 0.4$
	$V_{IL}(4)$			2.2 to 4.0	$V_{SS}$		$0.2V_{DD}$
	$V_{IL}(5)$	CF1, RESB PC0, PC1		2.2 to 5.5	$V_{SS}$		$0.25V_{DD}$
	$V_{IL}(6)$	P22, P23 I <sup>2</sup> C side		2.2 to 5.5	$V_{SS}$		$0.3V_{DD}$
Instruction cycle time (Note 2-2)	tCYC			4.5 to 5.5	0.081		66
				3.0 to 5.5	0.098		66
				2.2 to 5.5	0.490		66
							μs
External system clock frequency	FEXCF(1)	CF1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CF2 pin open</li> <li>System clock frequency division ratio=1/1</li> <li>External system clock DUTY50±5%</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5	0.1		12
				3.0 to 5.5	0.1		10
				2.2 to 5.5	0.1		2
							MHz
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CF2 pin open</li> <li>System clock frequency division ratio=1/2</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5	0.2		24
				3.0 to 5.5	0.2		20
				2.2 to 5.5	0.2		4
Oscillation frequency range (Note 2-3)	FmCF(1)	CF1, CF2	12MHz ceramic oscillator mode See Fig. 1.	4.5 to 5.5		12	
	FmCF(2)	CF1, CF2	10MHz ceramic oscillator mode See Fig. 1.	3.0 to 5.5		10	
	FmCF(3)	CF1, CF2	4MHz ceramic oscillator mode See Fig. 1.	2.2 to 5.5		4	
	FmRC		Internal RC oscillation	2.2 to 5.5	0.5	1.0	2.0
	FmSLRC		Internal low-speed RC oscillation	2.2 to 5.5	18	30	45
	FsX'tal	XT1, XT2	32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode See Fig. 2.	2.2 to 5.5		32.768	
							kHz

Note 2-1:  $V_{DD} \geq 3.0\text{V}$  must be maintained when making onboard programming into flash ROM.

Note 2-2: Relationship between tCYC and oscillation frequency is  $1/\text{FmCF}$  when frequency division ratio is 1/1 and  $2/\text{FmCF}$  when the ratio is 1/2.

Note 2-3: See Tables 1 and 2 for oscillator constant values.

# LC88F58B0A

**Electrical Characteristics** at  $T_a = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = 0\text{V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Applicable Pin /Remarks	Conditions	Specification				$\mu\text{A}$
				$V_{DD}[\text{V}]$	min	typ	max	
High level input current	$I_{IH}(1)$	Ports 0, 1, 2 Ports 3, 4 Ports 6, 7 Ports A, C RESB	Output disabled Pull-up resistor off $V_{IN}=V_{DD}$ (Including output Tr. off leakage current)	2.2 to 5.5			1	$\mu\text{A}$
	$I_{IH}(2)$	CF1	$V_{IN}=V_{DD}$	2.2 to 5.5			15	
Low level input current	$I_{IL}(1)$	Ports 0, 1, 2 Ports 3, 4 Ports 6, 7 Ports A, C RESB	Output disabled Pull-up resistor off $V_{IN}=V_{SS}$ (Including output Tr. off leakage current)	2.2 to 5.5	-1			$\mu\text{A}$
	$I_{IL}(2)$	CF1	$V_{IN}=V_{SS}$	2.2 to 5.5	-15			
High level output voltage	$V_{OH}(1)$	Ports 0, 1, 2 PA0 to PA3 P40 to P45	$I_{OH}=-1.0\text{mA}$	4.5 to 5.5	$V_{DD}-1$			$\text{V}$
	$V_{OH}(2)$		$I_{OH}=-0.4\text{mA}$	3.0 to 5.5	$V_{DD}-0.4$			
	$V_{OH}(3)$		$I_{OH}=-0.2\text{mA}$	2.2 to 5.5	$V_{DD}-0.4$			
	$V_{OH}(4)$	Port 6 P30 to P33 PC2	$I_{OH}=-0.4\text{mA}$	3.0 to 5.5	$V_{DD}-0.4$			
	$V_{OH}(5)$		$I_{OH}=-0.2\text{mA}$	2.2 to 5.5	$V_{DD}-0.4$			
	$V_{OH}(6)$		$I_{OH}=-10\text{mA}$	4.5 to 5.5	$V_{DD}-1.5$			
	$V_{OH}(7)$		$I_{OH}=-1.6\text{mA}$	3.0 to 5.5	$V_{DD}-0.4$			
	$V_{OH}(8)$		$I_{OH}=-1.0\text{mA}$	2.2 to 5.5	$V_{DD}-0.4$			
Low level output voltage	$V_{OL}(1)$	Ports 0, 1 Ports 4, 7 P20 to P21, P24 to P27 PA0 to PA3	$I_{OL}=10\text{mA}$	4.5 to 5.5			1.5	$\text{V}$
	$V_{OL}(2)$		$I_{OL}=1.6\text{mA}$	3.0 to 5.5			0.4	
	$V_{OL}(3)$		$I_{OL}=1.0\text{mA}$	2.2 to 5.5			0.4	
	$V_{OL}(4)$	P22, P23	$I_{OL}=11\text{mA}$	4.5 to 5.5			1.5	
	$V_{OL}(5)$		$I_{OL}=3.0\text{mA}$	3.0 to 5.5			0.4	
	$V_{OL}(6)$		$I_{OL}=1.3\text{mA}$	2.2 to 5.5			0.4	
	$V_{OL}(7)$	Ports 6, C P30 to P33	$I_{OL}=1.6\text{mA}$	3.0 to 5.5			0.4	
	$V_{OL}(8)$		$I_{OL}=1.0\text{mA}$	2.2 to 5.5			0.4	
Pull-up resistor	$R_{pu}(1)$	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3 Ports 4, 6, 7 Ports A, PC2	$V_{OH}=0.9V_{DD}$	4.5 to 5.5	15	35	80	$\text{k}\Omega$
	$R_{pu}(2)$			2.2 to 4.5	18	55	150	
Hysteresis voltage	VHYS	RESB When ports 1, 2, 3, 4, A PnFSAn=1		2.2 to 5.5		$0.1V_{DD}$		$\text{V}$
Pin capacitance	CP	All pins	Pins other than that under test $V_{IN}=V_{SS}$ $f=1\text{MHz}$ $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$	2.2 to 5.5		10		pF

# LC88F58B0A

**Serial I/O Characteristics** at  $T_a = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = 0\text{V}$

## Serial I/O Characteristics (Wakeup Function Disabled) (Note 4-1-1)

Parameter		Symbol	Applicable Pin/Remarks	Conditions	$V_{DD}[\text{V}]$	Specification				
						min	typ	max	unit	
Input clock	Period	tSCK(1)	SCK0 (P12)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• See Fig. 6.</li> </ul>	2.2 to 5.5	4			tCYC	
		tSCKL(1)				2				
		tSCKH(1)				2				
		tSCKHA(1)				6				
		tSCKHBSY(1a)				23				
	High level pulse width	tSCKHBSY(1b)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Automatic communication mode</li> <li>• See Fig. 6.</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Automatic communication mode</li> <li>• See Fig. 6.</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mode other than automatic communication mode</li> <li>• See Fig. 6.</li> </ul>		4				
		Period	tSCK(2)	2.2 to 5.5	4					
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(2)		1/2					
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(2)		1/2					
		tSCKHA(2)	6							
Serial clock	Output clock	tSCKHBSY(2a)	SCK0 (P12)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Automatic communication mode</li> <li>• CMOS output selected</li> <li>• See Fig. 6.</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Automatic communication mode</li> <li>• CMOS output selected</li> <li>• See Fig. 6.</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mode other than automatic communication mode</li> <li>• See Fig. 6.</li> </ul>	2.2 to 5.5	4		23	tCYC	
		tSCKHBSY(2b)				4				
		Period	tSCK(2)			4				
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(2)			1/2				
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(2)			6				
	Serial input	tSCKHA(2)	2.2 to 5.5		1/2					
		tSCKHBSY(2a)			4					
		tSCKHBSY(2b)			4					
		Data setup time	tsDI(1)	SIO (P11), SB0 (P11)	2.2 to 5.5	0.03			$\mu\text{s}$	
		Data hold time	thDI(1)			0.03				
Serial output	Input clock	Output delay time	tdDO(1)	SO0 (P10), SB0 (P11)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Note 4-1-2)</li> </ul>			1tCYC +0.05		
			tdDO(2)					1tCYC +0.05		

Note 4-1-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-1-2: Specified with respect to the falling edge of SIOCLK. Specified as the interval up to the time an output change begins in the open drain output mode. See Fig. 6.

# LC88F58B0A

## SIO0 Serial Input/Output Characteristics (Wakeup Function Enabled) (Note 4-2-1)

Parameter		Symbol	Applicable Pin/Remarks	Conditions	$V_{DD}$ [V]	Specification				
Serial clock Input clock	Period	tSCK(3)	SCK0 (P12)	• See Fig. 6.  2.2 to 5.5		min	typ	max	unit	
	Low level pulse width	tSCKL(3)				2			tCYC	
	High level pulse width	tSCKH(3)				1				
		tSCKHBSY(3)				1				
Serial input	Data setup time	tsDI(2)	SIO (P11), SBO (P11)	• Specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK • See Fig. 6.	2.2 to 5.5	0.03			$\mu$ s	
	Data hold time	thDI(2)				0.03				
Serial output	Output delay time	tdD0(3)	SO0 (P10), SBO (P11)	• (Note 4-2-2)	2.2 to 5.5			1tCYC +0.05		

Note 4-2-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-2-2: Specified with respect to the falling edge of SIOCLK. Specified as the interval up to the time an output change begins in the open drain output mode. See Fig.6.

# LC88F58B0A

## SIO1 Serial Input/Output Characteristics (Wakeup Function Disabled) (Note 4-3-1)

Parameter		Symbol	Applicable Pin/Remarks	Conditions	$V_{DD}$ [V]	Specification				
						min	typ	max	unit	
Serial clock	Input clock	Period	tSCK(4)	• See Fig. 6. SCK1(P45)	2.2 to 5.5	4			tCYC	
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(4)			2				
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(4)			2				
			tSCKHA(4)			6				
			tSCKHBSY(4a)			23				
	Output clock		tSCKHBSY(4b)			4				
		Period	tSCK(5)	• CMOS output selected • See Fig. 6. SCK1(P45)	2.2 to 5.5	4			tSCK	
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(5)			1/2				
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(5)			1/2				
			tSCKHA(5)			6				
Serial input	Data setup time	tsDI(3)	SI1(P44), SB1(P44)	• Specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK • See Fig. 6.	2.2 to 5.5	0.03			$\mu s$	
		thDI(3)				0.03				
	Output delay time	tdD0(4)	SO1(P43), SB1(P44)	• (Note 4-3-2)	2.2 to 5.5			1tCYC +0.05	$\mu s$	
		tdDO(5)						1tCYC +0.05		

Note 4-3-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-3-2: Specified with respect to the falling edge of SIOCLK. Specified as the interval up to the time an output change begins in the open drain output mode. See Fig. 6.

# LC88F58B0A

## SIO1 Serial Input/Output Characteristics (Wakeup Function Enabled) (Note 4-4-1)

Parameter		Symbol	Applicable Pin/Remarks	Conditions	Specification					
Serial clock	Input clock	Period	tSCK(6)	SCK1(P45)	• See Fig. 6.  2.2 to 5.5	V <sub>DD</sub> [V]	min	typ	max	unit
Serial clock	Input clock	Low level pulse width	tSCKL(6)			2				tCYC
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(6)			1				
Serial input			tSCKHSY(6)			1				$\mu$ s
		Data setup time	tsDI(4)	SI1(P44), SB1(P44)	• Specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK • See Fig. 6.	2				
Serial output	Input clock	Data hold time	thDI(4)			0.03				1tCYC +0.05
		Output delay time	tdD0(6)	SO1(P43), SB1(P44)	• (Note 4-4-2)	2.2 to 5.5				

Note 4-4-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-4-2: Specified with respect to the falling edge of SIOCLK. Specified as the interval up to the time an output change begins in the open drain output mode. See Fig. 6.

## SMIIC0 Simple SIO Mode Input/Output Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Applicable Pin/Remarks	Conditions	Specification						
Serial clock	Input clock	Period	tSCK(7)	SM0CK(P22)	See Fig. 6.	V <sub>DD</sub> [V]	min	typ	max	unit	
Serial clock	Input clock	Low level pulse width	tSCKL(7)			2.2 to 5.5	8			tCYC	
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(7)				4				
Serial output	Output clock	Period	tSCK(8)	SM0CK(P22)	• CMOS output selected • See Fig. 6.	2.2 to 5.5	8			tSCK	
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(8)				1/2				
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(8)				1/2				
Serial input		Data setup time	tsDI(5)	SM0DA(P23)	• Specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK • See Fig. 6.	2.2 to 5.5	0.03			$\mu$ s	
		Data hold time	thDI(5)				0.03				
Serial output		Output delay time	tdD0(7)	SM0DO(P24), SM0DA(P23)	• Specified with respect to falling edge of SIOCLK • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing. • See Fig. 6.	2.2 to 5.5				1tCYC +0.05	

Note 4-5-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

# LC88F58B0A

## SMIIC0 I<sup>2</sup>C Mode Input/Output Characteristics

Parameter			Symbol	Applicable Pin/Remarks	Conditions	Specification				
Clock	Input clock	Period	tSCL	SM0CK(P22)	• See Fig. 8.	V <sub>DD</sub> [V]	min	typ	max	unit
		Low level pulse width	tSCLL				5			Tfilt
		High level pulse width	tSCLH				2.5			
	Output clock	Period	tSCLx	SM0CK(P22)	• Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing.	V <sub>DD</sub> [V]	2			tSCL
		Low level pulse width	tSCLLx				10			
		High level pulse width	tSCLHx				2.2 to 5.5	1/2	1/2	
SM0CK and SM0DA pins input spike suppression time			tsp	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	• See Fig. 8.				1	Tfilt
Bus release time between start and stop	Input	tBUF	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	• See Fig. 8.	2.2 to 5.5	2.5			Tfilt
		tBUFx	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)				5.5			μs
	Output	tHD;STA	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	• Standard clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing.		1.6			
					• High-speed clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing.					
Start/restart condition hold time	Input	tHD;STAX	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	• When SMIIC register control bit, I <sup>2</sup> CSHDS=0 • See Fig. 8.	2.2 to 5.5	2.0			Tfilt
					• When SMIIC register control bit, I <sup>2</sup> CSHDS=1 • See Fig. 8.		2.5			μs
	Output	tHD;STAX	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	• Standard clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing.		4.1			
					• High-speed clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing.		1.0			
Restart condition setup time	Input	tSU;STA	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	• See Fig. 8.	2.2 to 5.5	1.0			Tfilt
							5.5			μs
	Output	tSU;STAX	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	• Standard clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing.		1.6			
					• High-speed clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing.					

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# LC88F58B0A

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Parameter		Symbol	Applicable Pin/Remarks	Conditions	V <sub>DD</sub> [V]	Specification			
						min	typ	max	unit
Stop condition setup time	Input	t <sub>SU;STO</sub>	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	• See Fig. 8.	2.2 to 5.5	1.0			Tfilt
	Output	t <sub>SU;STOx</sub>	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	• Standard clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing.  • High-speed clock mode • Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing.		4.9			μs
						1.1			
Data hold time	Input	t <sub>HD;DAT</sub>	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	• See Fig. 8.	2.2 to 5.5	0			Tfilt
	Output	t <sub>HD;DATx</sub>	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	• Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing.		1		1.5	
Data setup time	Input	t <sub>SU;DAT</sub>	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	• See Fig. 8.	2.2 to 5.5	1			Tfilt
	Output	t <sub>SU;DATx</sub>	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	• Specified as interval up to time when output state starts changing.		1t <sub>SCL</sub> -1.5Tfilt			
SM0CK and SM0DA pins fall time	Input	t <sub>F</sub>	SM0CK(P22) SM0DA(P23)	• See Fig. 8.	2.2 to 5.5			300	ns
	Output	t <sub>F</sub>	SM0CK (P22) SM0DA (P23)	• When SMIIC register control bits, PSLW=1, P5V=1	5	20 +0.1Cb		250	
				• When SMIIC register control bits, PSLW=1, P5V=0	3	20 +0.1Cb		250	
				• SM0CK, SM0DA port output FAST mode • Cb≤400pF	3 to 5.5			100	

Note 4-6-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-6-2: The value of Tfilt is determined by the values of the register SMIC0BRG, bits 7 and 6 (BRP1, BRP0) and the system clock frequency.

BRP1	BRP0	Tfilt
0	0	tCYC×1
0	1	tCYC×2
1	0	tCYC×3
1	1	tCYC×4

Set bits (BPR1, BPR0) so that the value of Tfilt falls between the following range:

$$250\text{ns} \geq \text{Tfilt} > 140\text{ns}$$

Note 4-6-3: Cb represents the total loads (in pF) connected to the bus pins. Cb ≤ 400pF

Note 4-6-4: The standard clock mode refers to a mode that is entered by configuring SMIC0BRG as follows:

$$250\text{ns} \geq \text{Tfilt} > 140\text{ns}$$

$$\text{BRDQ (bit5)} = 1$$

$$\text{SCL frequency setting} \leq 100\text{kHz}$$

The high-speed clock mode refers to a mode that is entered by configuring SMIC0BRG as follows:

$$250\text{ns} \geq \text{Tfilt} > 140\text{ns}$$

$$\text{BRDQ (bit5)} = 0$$

$$\text{SCL frequency setting} \leq 400\text{kHz}$$

# LC88F58B0A

## UART2 Operating Conditions at $T_a = -40$ to $+85^\circ C$ , $V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = 0V$

Parameter	Symbol	Applicable Pin/Remarks	Conditions	$V_{DD}[V]$	Specification			
				min	typ	max	unit	
Transfer rate	UBR2	U2RX(P16), U2TX(P17)		2.2 to 5.5	8		4096	tBGCYC

Note 4-7: tBGCYC denotes one cycle of the baudrate clock source.

## UART0 Operating Conditions at $T_a = -40$ to $+85^\circ C$ , $V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = 0V$

Parameter	Symbol	Applicable Pin/Remarks	Conditions	$V_{DD}[V]$	Specification			
				min	typ	max	unit	
Transfer rate	UBR0	U0RX(P13), U0TX(P14), U0BRG(P07)		2.2 to 5.5	4		8	tBGCYC

Note 4-8: tBGCYC denotes one cycle of the baudrate clock source.

## Pulse Input Conditions at $T_a = -40$ to $+85^\circ C$ , $V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = 0V$

Parameter	Symbol	Applicable Pin/Remarks	Conditions	$V_{DD}[V]$	Specification			
				min	typ	max	unit	
High/low level pulse width	tPIH(1) tPIL(1)	INT0(P30), INT1(P31), INT2(P32), INT3(P33), INT4(P20), INT5(P21), INT6(P40), INT7(P41)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Interrupt source flag can be set.</li> <li>• Event inputs for timers 2 and 3 are enabled.</li> </ul>	2.2 to 5.5	2			tCYC
	tPIL(2)	RESB		2.2 to 5.5	10			$\mu s$

# LC88F58B0A

**AD Converter Characteristics** at  $T_a = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = 0\text{V}$

## 12-bit AD Conversion Mode

Parameter	Symbol	Applicable Pin /Remarks	Conditions	Specification				
				$V_{DD}[\text{V}]$	min	typ	max	
Resolution	NAD	AN0(P60) to AN7(P67), AN8(P70) to AN11(P72)	2.9 to 5.5		12		bit	
Absolute accuracy	ETAD		(Note 6-1)	2.9 to 5.5			$\pm 16$	
Conversion time	TCAD12		Conversion time calculated	4.7 to 5.5	17		209	
				4.0 to 5.5	27		209	
				2.9 to 5.5	67		209	
Analog input voltage range	VAIN		2.9 to 5.5	$V_{SS}$		$V_{DD}$	V	
Analog port input current	IAINH		VAIN=V <sub>DD</sub>	2.9 to 5.5			1	
	IAINL		VAIN=V <sub>SS</sub>	2.9 to 5.5	-1			

Conversion time calculation formula:  $TCAD12 = ((52/(\text{AD division ratio}))+2) \times tCYC$

## 8-bit AD Conversion Mode

Parameter	Symbol	Applicable Pin /Remarks	Conditions	Specification				
				$V_{DD}[\text{V}]$	min	typ	max	
Resolution	NAD	AN0(P60) to AN7(P67), AN8(P70) to AN11(P72)	2.9 to 5.5		8		bit	
Absolute accuracy	ETAD		(Note 6-1)	2.9 to 5.5			$\pm 1.5$	
Conversion time	TCAD8		Conversion time calculated	4.7 to 5.5	11		129	
				4.0 to 5.5	17		129	
				2.9 to 5.5	42		129	
Analog input voltage range	VAIN		2.9 to 5.5	$V_{SS}$		$V_{DD}$	V	
Analog port input current	IAINH		VAIN=V <sub>DD</sub>	2.9 to 5.5			1	
	IAINL		VAIN=V <sub>SS</sub>	2.9 to 5.5	-1			

Conversion time calculation formula:  $TCAD8 = ((32/(\text{AD division ratio}))+2) \times tCYC$

Note 6-1: The quantization error ( $\pm 1/2\text{LSB}$ ) is excluded from the absolute accuracy.

Note 6-2: The conversion time refers to the interval from the time a conversion starting instruction is issued till the time the complete digital value against the analog input value is loaded in the result register.

The conversion time is twice the normal value when one of the following conditions occurs:

- The first AD conversion is executed in the 12-bit AD conversion mode after a system reset.
- The first AD conversion is executed after the AD conversion mode is switched from 8-bit to 12-bit AD conversion mode.

# LC88F58B0A

**Consumption Current Characteristics** at  $T_a = -40$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{SS1}=V_{SS2}=V_{SS3}=0\text{V}$

typ: 5.0V ( $V_{DD}=4.5\text{V}$  to  $5.5\text{V}$ ), 3.3V ( $V_{DD}=3.0\text{V}$  to  $4.5\text{V}$ ,  $2.2\text{V}$  to  $4.5\text{V}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Applicable Pin/Remarks	Conditions	Specification				
				$V_{DD}[\text{V}]$	min	typ	max	
Normal mode consumption current (Note 7-1)	IDDOP(1)	$V_{DD1} = V_{DD2} = V_{DD3}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FmCF=12MHz ceramic oscillation mode</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 12MHz</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		9.3	15.0	mA
	IDDOP(2)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FmCF=10MHz ceramic oscillator mode</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 10MHz</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		8.5	14.4	
	IDDOP(3)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FmCF=4MHz ceramic oscillator mode</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 4MHz</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/2 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	3.0 to 4.5		5.0	8.3	
	IDDOP(4)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped)</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode</li> <li>• System clock set to internal RC oscillation</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		3.8	5.6	
	IDDOP(5)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped)</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 32.768kHz</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	2.2 to 4.5		2.5	4.6	
	IDDOP(6)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped)</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode</li> <li>• System clock set to internal RC oscillation</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		2.5	5.6	
	IDDOP(7)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped)</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 32.768kHz</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	2.2 to 4.5		1.7	4.6	
	IDDOP(8)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped)</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 32.768kHz</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		63	155	$\mu\text{A}$
	IDDOP(9)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped)</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 32.768kHz</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	2.2 to 4.5		39	102	
	IDDOP(10)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FmCF=12MHz ceramic oscillation mode</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 12MHz</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• PLL oscillation mode</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		11.0	17.5	mA
	IDDOP(11)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FmCF=10MHz ceramic oscillation mode</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 10MHz</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• PLL oscillation mode</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		10.3	17.0	
	IDDOP(12)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FmCF=10MHz ceramic oscillation mode</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 10MHz</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• PLL oscillation mode</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	3.0 to 4.5		5.9	13.0	

Note 7-1: The consumption current value includes none of the currents that flow into the output transistor and internal pull-up resistors.

Continued on next page.

# LC88F58B0A

Continued from preceding page.

Parameter	Symbol	Applicable Pin/Remarks	Conditions	Specification			
				V <sub>DD</sub> [V]	min	typ	max
HALT mode consumption current (Note 7-1)	IDDHALT(1)	V <sub>DD1</sub> =V <sub>DD2</sub> =V <sub>DD3</sub>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HALT mode</li> <li>• FmCF=12MHz ceramic mode</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 12MHz</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		2.9	4.4
	IDDHALT(2)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HALT mode</li> <li>• FmCF=10MHz ceramic oscillator mode</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 10MHz</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		2.5	4.2
	IDDHALT(3)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HALT mode</li> <li>• FmCF=4MHz ceramic oscillator mode</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 4MHz</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/2 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	3.0 to 4.5		1.3	3.0
	IDDHALT(4)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HALT mode</li> <li>• FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped)</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode</li> <li>• System clock set to internal RC oscillation</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		0.90	1.6
	IDDHALT(5)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HALT mode</li> <li>• FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped)</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 32.768kHz</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	2.2 to 4.5		0.40	1.1
	IDDHALT(6)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HALT mode</li> <li>• FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped)</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode</li> <li>• System clock set to internal RC oscillation</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		0.42	1.25
	IDDHALT(7)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HALT mode</li> <li>• FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped)</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 32.768kHz</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	2.2 to 4.5		0.20	0.85
	IDDHALT(8)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HALT mode</li> <li>• FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped)</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 32.768kHz</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		23	90
	IDDHALT(9)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HALT mode</li> <li>• FmCF=0Hz (oscillation stopped)</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode</li> <li>• System clock set to 32.768kHz</li> <li>• Internal RC oscillation stopped</li> <li>• 1/1 frequency division mode</li> </ul>	2.2 to 4.5		10	40
HOLD mode consumption current	IDDHOLD(1)	V <sub>DD1</sub>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HOLD mode</li> <li>• CF1=V<sub>DD</sub> or open (external clock mode)</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		0.05	20
	IDDHOLD(2)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HOLD mode</li> <li>• CF1=V<sub>DD</sub> or open (external clock mode)</li> </ul>	2.2 to 4.5		0.03	15
HOLDX mode consumption current	IDDHOLD(3)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HOLDX mode</li> <li>• CF1=V<sub>DD</sub> or open (external clock mode)</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode</li> </ul>	4.5 to 5.5		15	58
	IDDHOLD(4)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HOLDX mode</li> <li>• CF1=V<sub>DD</sub> or open (external clock mode)</li> <li>• FmX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillator mode</li> </ul>	2.2 to 4.5		4	35

Note 7-1: The consumption current value includes none of the currents that flow into the output transistor and internal pull-up resistors.

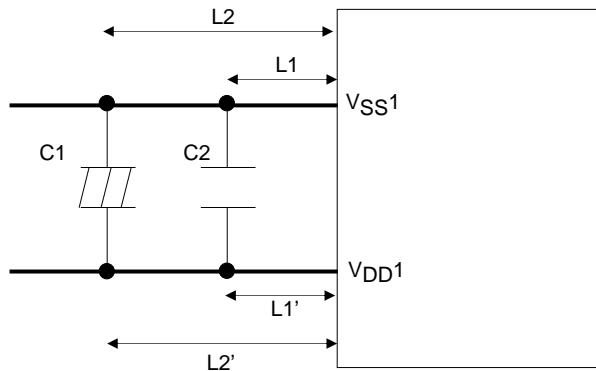
## F-ROM Programming Characteristics at $T_a = +10$ to $+55^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{SS1}=V_{SS2}=V_{SS3}=0\text{V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Applicable Pin/Remarks	Conditions	Specification				
				$V_{DD}[\text{V}]$	min	typ	max	
Onboard programming current	IDDFW(1)	$V_{DD1}$	• Microcontroller erase current current is excluded.	3.0 to 5.5		5	10	mA
Onboard programming time	tFW(1)		• 128-/1K-byte erase operation	3.0 to 5.5		20	30	ms
	tFW(2)		• 2-byte programming operation	3.0 to 5.5		40	60	$\mu\text{s}$

## Power Pin Treatment Conditions 1 ( $V_{DD1}$ , $V_{SS1}$ )

Connect capacitors that meet the following conditions between the  $V_{DD1}$  and  $V_{SS1}$  pins:

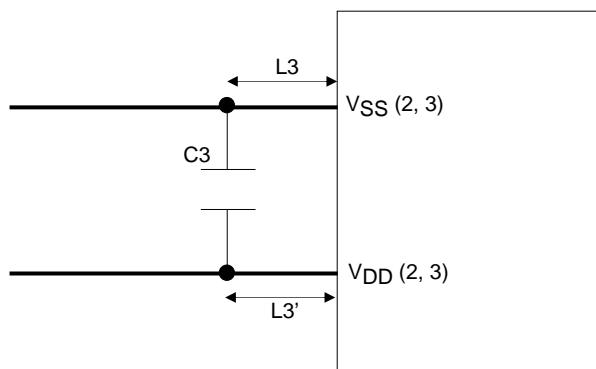
- Connect among the  $V_{DD1}$  and  $V_{SS1}$  pins and the capacitors C1 and C2 with the shortest possible lead wires, of the same length ( $L1=L1'$ ,  $L2=L2'$ ) wherever possible.
- Connect a large-capacity capacitor C1 and a small-capacity capacitor C2 in parallel.  
The capacitance of C2 should be approximately  $0.1\mu\text{F}$  or larger.
- The  $V_{DD1}$  and  $V_{SS1}$  traces must be thicker than the other traces.



## Power Pin Treatment Conditions 2 ( $V_{DD(2, 3)}$ , $V_{SS(2, 3)}$ )

Connect capacitors that meet the following condition between the  $V_{DD(2, 3)}$  and  $V_{SS(2, 3)}$  pins:

- Connect among the  $V_{DD(2, 3)}$  and  $V_{SS(2, 3)}$  pins and the capacitor C3 with the shortest possible lead wires, of the same length ( $L3=L3'$ ) wherever possible.
- The capacitance of C3 should be approximately  $0.1\mu\text{F}$  or larger.
- The  $V_{DD(2, 3)}$  and  $V_{SS(2, 3)}$  traces must be thicker than the other traces.



## Characteristics of a Sample Main System Clock Oscillation Circuit

Given below are the characteristics of a sample main system clock oscillation circuit that are measured using a SANYO-designated oscillation characteristics evaluation board and external components with circuit constant values with which the oscillator vendor confirmed normal and stable oscillation.

Table 1 Characteristics of a Sample Main System Clock Oscillator Circuit with a Ceramic Resonator

Nominal Frequency	Vendor Name	Resonator	Circuit Constant				Operating Voltage Range [V]	Oscillation Stabilization Time		Remarks
			C3 [pF]	C4 [pF]	Rf [Ω]	Rd2 [Ω]		typ [ms]	max [ms]	
12MHz	MURATA	CSTCE12M0G52-R0	(10)	(10)	OPEN	220	2.4 to 5.5	0.02	0.2	C1, C2 integrated type
10MHz		CSTCE10M0G52-R0	(10)	(10)	OPEN	470	2.4 to 5.5	0.02	0.2	C1, C2 integrated type
8MHz		CSTLS10M0G53-B0	(15)	(15)	OPEN	680	2.6 to 5.5	0.02	0.2	C1, C2 integrated type
		CSTCE8M00G52-R0	(10)	(10)	OPEN	470	2.3 to 5.5	0.02	0.2	C1, C2 integrated type
		CSTLS8M00G53-B0	(15)	(15)	OPEN	1k	2.5 to 5.5	0.02	0.2	C1, C2 integrated type
4MHz		CSTCR4M00G53-R0	(15)	(15)	OPEN	1.5k	2.2 to 5.5	0.02	0.2	C1, C2 integrated type
		CSTLS4M00G53-B0	(15)	(15)	OPEN	1.5k	2.3 to 5.5	0.02	0.2	C1, C2 integrated type

The oscillation stabilization time refers to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after V<sub>DD</sub> goes above the lower limit level of the operating voltage range (see Figure 4)

## Characteristics of a Sample Subsystem Clock Oscillator Circuit

Given below are the characteristics of a sample subsystem clock oscillation circuit that are measured using a SANYO-designated oscillation characteristics evaluation board and external components with circuit constant values with which the oscillator vendor confirmed normal and stable oscillation.

Table 2 Characteristics of a Sample Subsystem Clock Oscillator Circuit with a Crystal Resonator

Nominal Frequency	Vendor Name	Oscillator Name	Circuit Constant				Operating Voltage Range [V]	Oscillation Stabilization Time		Remarks
			C3 [pF]	C4 [pF]	Rf2 [Ω]	Rd2 [Ω]		typ [s]	max [s]	
32.768kHz	EPSON TOYOCOM	MC-306	10	10	OPEN	0	2.2 to 5.5	0.4	2.0	Applicable CL value=7.0pF

The oscillation stabilization time refers to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after the instruction for starting the subclock oscillator circuit is executed plus the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after the HOLD mode is released (see Figure 4).

Note: The traces to and from the components that are involved in oscillation should be kept as short as possible as the oscillation characteristics are affected by their trace pattern.

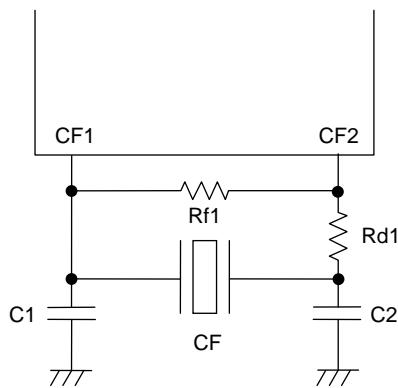


Figure 1 CF Oscillator Circuit

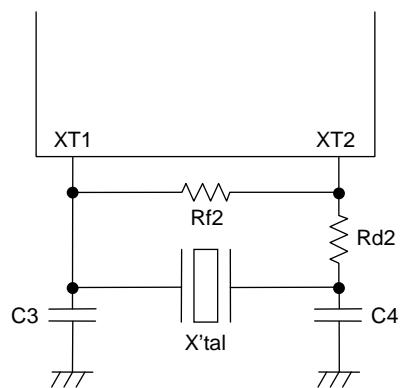


Figure 2 XT Oscillator Circuit

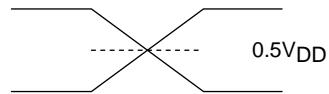
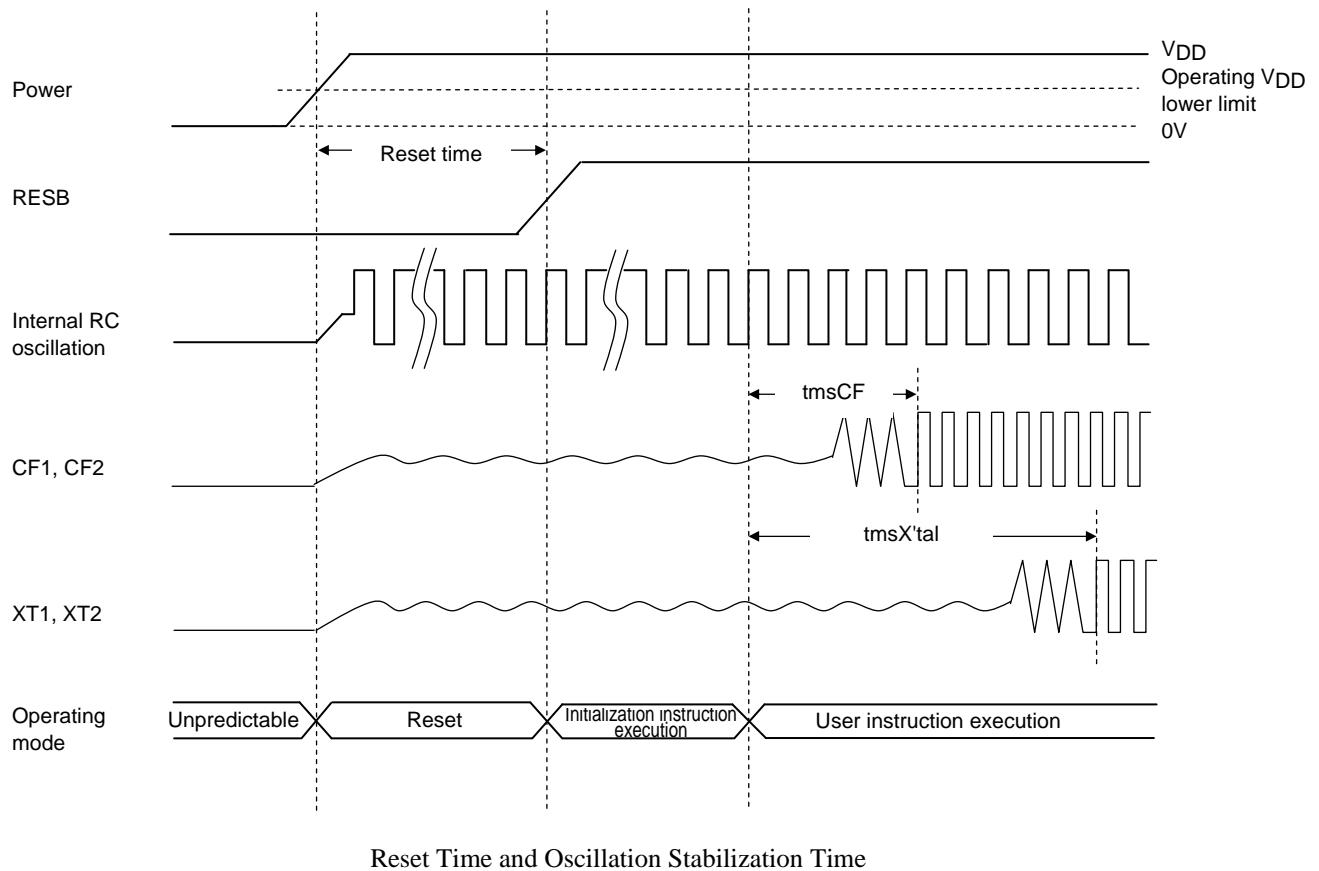
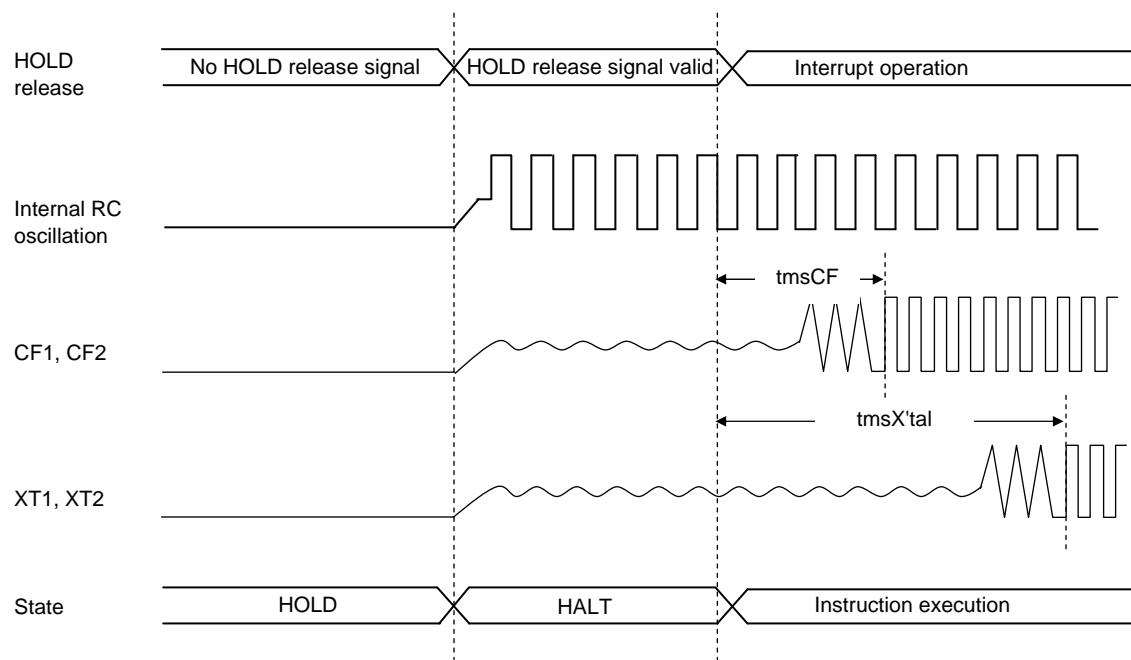


Figure 3 AC Timing Measurement Point

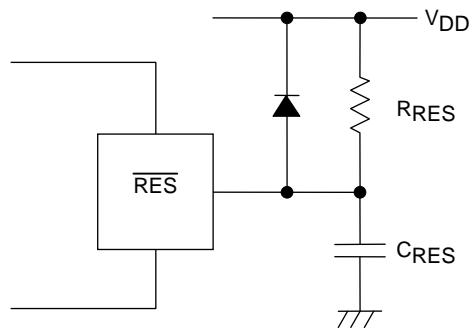


Reset Time and Oscillation Stabilization Time



HOLD Release and Oscillation Stabilization Time

Figure 4 Oscillation Stabilization Time Timing Charts

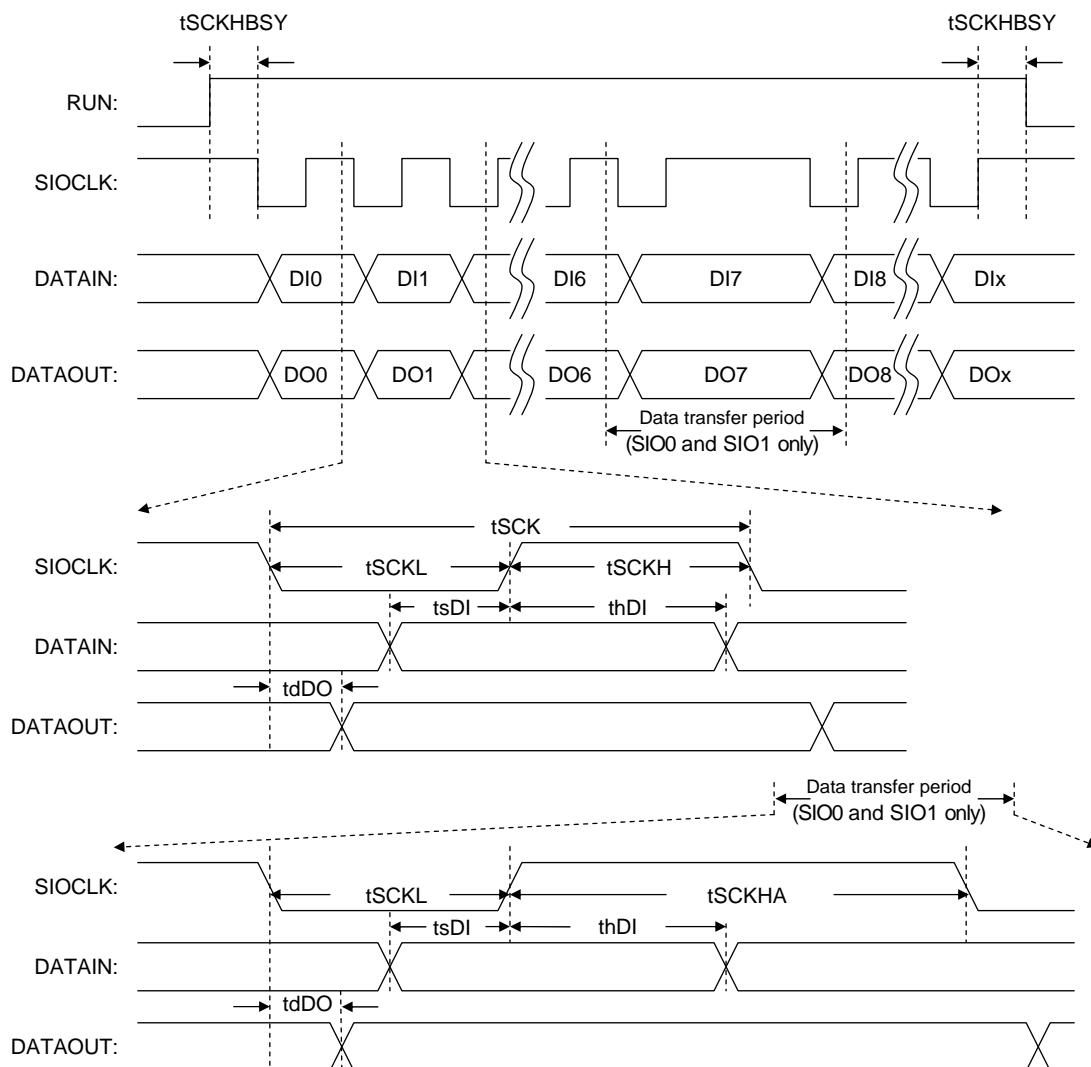


Note:

Reset signal must be present when power supply rises.

Determine the value of  $C_{RES}$  and  $R_{RES}$  so that the reset signal is present for  $10\mu s$  after the supply voltage gets stabilized.

Figure 5 Reset Circuit



\* Remarks:  $DIx$  and  $DOx$  denote the last bits communicated;  $x = 0$  to  $32768$

Figure 6 Serial I/O Waveforms

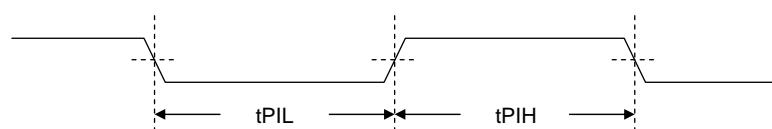
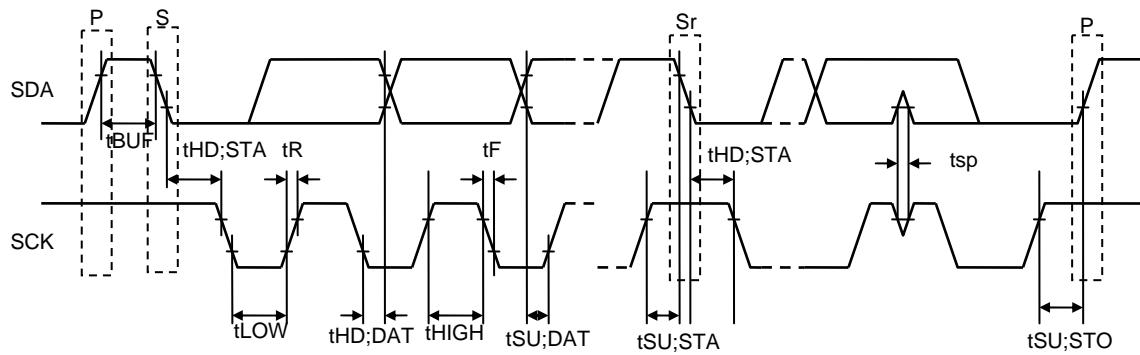


Figure 7 Pulse Input Timing Signal Waveform



S: Start condition  
 P: Stop condition  
 Sr: Restart condition

Figure 8 I<sup>2</sup>C Timing

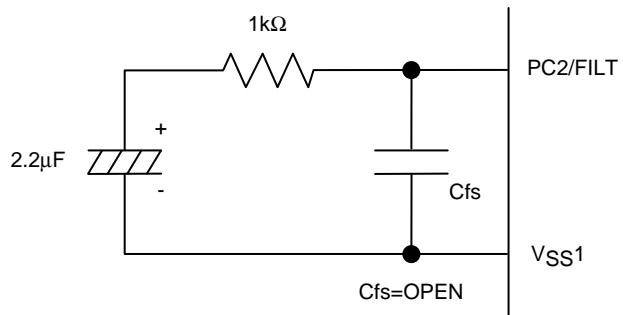


Figure 9 Recommended FILT Circuit  
 \* Take at least 50ms to oscillation to stabilize after PLL is started.

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