

SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

PNP medium power transistors in a microminiature SMD package (SOT-223). Designed primarily for high-speed switching and driver applications.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Collector-base voltage (open emitter)		$-V_{CB0}$	max.	60 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	PZT2907	$-V_{CEO}$	max.	40 V
	PZT2907A	$-V_{CEO}$	max.	60 V
Collector current (DC)		$-I_C$	max.	600 mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		P_{tot}	max.	1,5 W
Junction temperature		T_j	max.	150 $^\circ\text{C}$
DC current gain at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		h_{FE}	100 to 300	
Transition frequency at $f = 100\text{ MHz}$		f_T	min.	200 MHz
Storage time		t_s	max.	80 ns
$-I_{Con} = 150\text{ mA}; -I_{Bon} = I_{Boff} = 15\text{ mA}$				

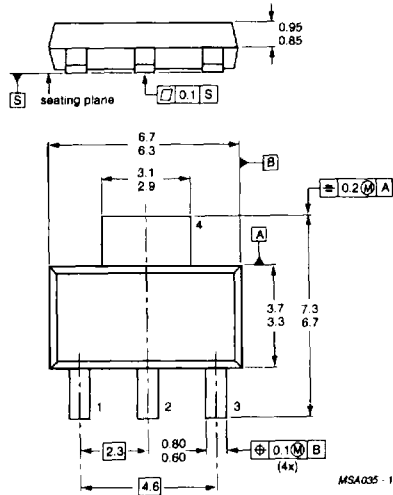
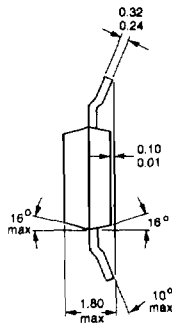
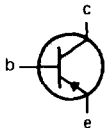
MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Fig. 1 SOT-223

Pinning

- 1 = Base
- 2 = Collector
- 3 = Emitter
- 4 = Collector



RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Collector-base voltage (open emitter)		-V _{CB0}	max.	60 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	PZT2907	-V _{CE0}	max.	40 V
	PZT2907A	-V _{CE0}	max.	60 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)		-V _{EB0}	max.	5 V
Collector current (DC)		-I _C	max.	600 mA
Total power dissipation up to T _{amb} = 25 °C		P _{tot}	max.	1,5 W
Storage temperature range		T _{stg}	-65 to +150 °C	
Junction temperature		T _j	max.	150 °C

THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to ambient*	R _{th j-a}	=	83,3 K/W
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* Device mounted on an epoxy printed-circuit board 40 mm x 40 mm x 1,5 mm;
mounting pad for the collector lead min. 6 cm².

CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

		PZT2907	PZT2907A	
Collector cut-off current				
$I_E = 0; -V_{CB} = 50\text{ V}$	$-I_{CBO}$	< 20	10	nA
$I_E = 0; -V_{CB} = 50\text{ V}; T_{amb} = 150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$-I_{CBO}$	< 20	10	μA
$+V_{BE} = 0,5\text{ V}; -V_{CE} = 30\text{ V}$	$-I_{CEX}$	< 50	50	nA
Base current				
$+V_{BE} = 0,5\text{ V}; -V_{CE} = 30\text{ V}$	I_{BEX}	< 50	50	nA
Collector-base breakdown voltage open emitter; $-I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$				
	$-V_{(BR)CBO}$	> 60	60	V
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage* open base; $-I_C = 10\text{ mA}$				
	$-V_{(BR)CEO}$	> 40	60	V
Emitter-base breakdown voltage open collector; $-I_E = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$				
	$-V_{(BR)EBO}$	> 5	5	V
Saturation voltages*				
$-I_C = 150\text{ mA}; -I_B = 15\text{ mA}$	$-V_{CEsat}$	< 0,4	0,4	V
	$-V_{BEsat}$	< 1,3	1,3	V
$-I_C = 500\text{ mA}; -I_B = 50\text{ mA}$	$-V_{CEsat}$	< 1,6	1,6	V
	$-V_{BEsat}$	< 2,6	2,6	V
DC current gain				
$-I_C = 0,1\text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	h_{FE}	> 35	75	
$-I_C = 1\text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	h_{FE}	> 50	100	
$-I_C = 10\text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	h_{FE}	> 75	100	
$-I_C = 150\text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}^*$	h_{FE}	> 100	100	
$-I_C = 500\text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}^*$	h_{FE}	< 300	300	
$-I_C = 500\text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}^*$	h_{FE}	> 30	50	
Collector capacitance at $f = 100\text{ kHz}$ $I_E = I_e = 0; -V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$				
	C_c	<	8	pF
Emitter capacitance at $f = 100\text{ kHz}$ $I_C = I_c = 0; -V_{EB} = 2\text{ V}$				
	C_e	<	30	pF
Transition frequency at $f = 100\text{ MHz}$ $-I_C = 50\text{ mA}; -V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}^*$				
	f_T	>	200	MHz

* Measured under pulse conditions to avoid excessive dissipation: $t_p \leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}; \delta \leq 0,02$.

Turn-on time (see Fig. 2)

when switched to $-I_{Con} = 150 \text{ mA}$; $-I_{Bon} = 15 \text{ mA}$

delay time

rise time

turn-on time

$$t_d < 10 \text{ ns}$$

$$t_r < 40 \text{ ns}$$

$$t_{on} < 45 \text{ ns}$$

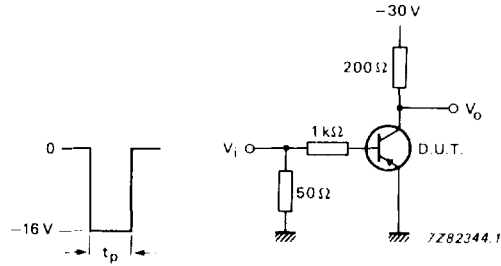


Fig. 2 Input waveform and test circuit for determining delay, rise and turn-on time.

Turn-off time (see Fig. 3)

when switched from $-I_{Con} = 150 \text{ mA}$; $-I_{Bon} = 15 \text{ mA}$

to cut-off with $+I_{Boff} = 15 \text{ mA}$

storage time

fall time

turn-off time

$$t_s < 80 \text{ ns}$$

$$t_f < 30 \text{ ns}$$

$$t_{off} < 100 \text{ ns}$$

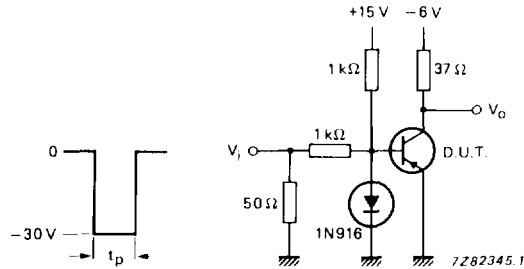


Fig. 3 Input waveform and test circuit for determining storage, fall and turn-off time.

Pulse generator (see Figs 2 and 3)

frequency $f = 150 \text{ Hz}$

pulse duration $t_p = 200 \text{ ns}$

rise time $t_r \leq 2 \text{ ns}$

output impedance $Z_o = 50 \Omega$

Oscilloscope (see Figs 2 and 3)

rise time $t_r \leq 5 \text{ ns}$

input impedance $Z_i \leq 10 \text{ M}\Omega$