

# MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR

# $\mu$ PA2794GR

# SWITCHING N- AND P-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET

### **DESCRIPTION**

The  $\mu$ PA2794GR is N- and P-channel MOS Field Effect Transistors designed for Motor Drive application.

### **FEATURES**

· Low on-state resistance

N-channel R<sub>DS(on)1</sub> = 25 m $\Omega$  MAX. (V<sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I<sub>D</sub> = 2.8 A)

 $R_{DS(on)2}$  = 33 m $\Omega$  MAX. (Vgs = 4.5 V, ID = 2.8 A)

P-channel R<sub>DS(on)1</sub> = 43 m $\Omega$  MAX. (V<sub>GS</sub> = -10 V, I<sub>D</sub> = -2.8 A)

 $R_{DS(on)2} = 54 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.}$  (Vgs = -4.5 V, ID = -2.8 A)

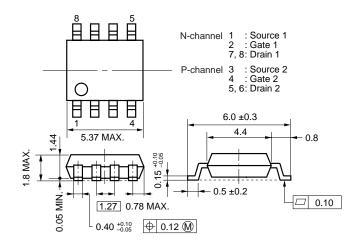
• Low input capacitance

N-channel Ciss = 2200 pF TYP.

P-channel Ciss = 2200 pF TYP.

- · Built-in gate protection diode
- Small and surface mount package (Power SOP8)

# PACKAGE DRAWING (Unit: mm)

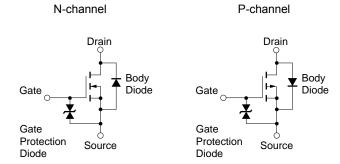


### ORDERING INFORMATION

0.12_10							
PART NUMBER	LEAD PLATING	PACKING	PACKAGE				
μPA2794GR-E1-AZ <sup>Note</sup>	_						
μPA2794GR-E2-AZ Note	Sn-Bi	Tape 2500 p/reel	Power SOP8				

Note Pb-free (This product does not contain Pb in external electrode).

### **EQUIVALENT CIRCUITS**



**Remark** The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD.

When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.

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Not all products and/or types are available in every country. Please check with an NEC Electronics sales representative for availability and additional information.

# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C. All terminals are connected.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	N-CHANNEL	P-CHANNEL	UNIT	
Drain to Source Voltage (V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V)	V <sub>DSS</sub>	60	-60	V	
Gate to Source Voltage (V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V)	V <sub>GSS</sub>	±20	∓20	V	
Drain Current (DC)	I <sub>D(DC)</sub>	±5.5	∓5.5	А	
Drain Current (pulse) Note1	ID(pulse)	±22	∓22	Α	
Total Power Dissipation (1 unit) Note2	P <sub>T1</sub>	1	1.7		
Total Power Dissipation (2 units) Note2	P <sub>T2</sub>	2	2.0		
Channel Temperature	Tch	150		°C	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	−55 to +150		°C	
Single Avalanche Current Note3	las	5.5	-5.5	А	
Single Avalanche Energy Note3	Eas	3.	mJ		

**Notes 1.** PW  $\leq$  10  $\mu$ s, Duty Cycle  $\leq$  1%

- 2. Mounted on ceramic substrate of 2000 mm<sup>2</sup> x 1.6 mm
- 3. Starting Tch = 25°C, Vdd = 30 V, Rg = 25  $\Omega$ , L = 100  $\mu$ H, Vgs = 20  $\rightarrow$  0 V

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C. All terminals are connected.)**

# N-channel

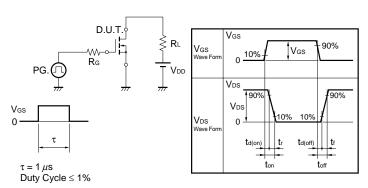
N-Chainlei						
CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	Ipss	V <sub>DS</sub> = 60 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V			10	μΑ
Gate Leakage Current	Igss	V <sub>GS</sub> = ±20 V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V			±10	μΑ
Gate to Source Cut-off Voltage	V <sub>GS(off)</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 1 mA	1.5	2.0	2.5	٧
Forward Transfer Admittance Note	yfs	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 2.8 A	4	7.6		S
Drain to Source On-state Resistance Note	R <sub>DS(on)1</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 2.8 A		19.5	25	mΩ
	R <sub>DS(on)2</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 2.8 A		23	33	mΩ
Input Capacitance	Ciss	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V,		2200		pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V,		245		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss	f = 1 MHz		136		pF
Turn-on Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 30 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 2.8 A,		10		ns
Rise Time	tr	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V,		16		ns
Turn-off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	R <sub>G</sub> = 0 Ω		58		ns
Fall Time	tf			7.5		ns
Total Gate Charge	Q <sub>G</sub>	I <sub>D</sub> = 5.5 A,		41		nC
Gate to Source Charge	Q <sub>GS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 48 V,		6.3		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q <sub>GD</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V		11		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage Note	V <sub>F(S-D)</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 5.5 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V		0.8	1.5	V
Reverse Recovery Time	trr	I <sub>F</sub> = 5.5 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V,		28		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Qrr	di/dt = 100 A/μs		29		nC

Note Pulsed

# **TEST CIRCUIT 1 AVALANCHE CAPABILITY**

# $V_{GS} = 20 \rightarrow 0 \text{ V}$ $V_{DD}$ $V_{DD}$

# **TEST CIRCUIT 2 SWITCHING TIME**



# **TEST CIRCUIT 3 GATE CHARGE**

$$\begin{array}{c|c} D.U.T. \\ I_G = 2 \text{ mA} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

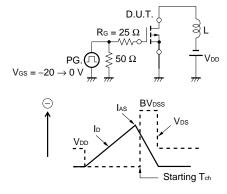
$$\begin{array}{c|c} PG. \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} S50 \ \Omega \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} V_{DD} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

# P-channel

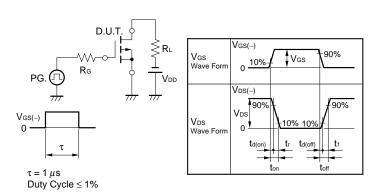
CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	IDSS	V <sub>DS</sub> = -60 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V			-10	μΑ
Gate Leakage Current	Igss	V <sub>GS</sub> = ∓20 V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V			∓10	μΑ
Gate to Source Cut-off Voltage	V <sub>GS(off)</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = -10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = -1 mA	-1.0	-1.7	-2.5	V
Forward Transfer Admittance Note	yfs	V <sub>DS</sub> = -10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = -2.8 A	5	10		S
Drain to Source On-state Resistance Note	RDS(on)1	V <sub>GS</sub> = -10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = -2.8 A		33	43	mΩ
	R <sub>DS(on)2</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = -4.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = -2.8 A		36	54	mΩ
Input Capacitance	Ciss	V <sub>DS</sub> = -10 V,		2200		pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V,		270		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss	f = 1 MHz		200		pF
Turn-on Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	$V_{DD} = -30 \text{ V}, I_D = -2.8 \text{ A},$		10		ns
Rise Time	tr	V <sub>GS</sub> = -10 V,		22		ns
Turn-off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	R <sub>G</sub> = 0 Ω		150		ns
Fall Time	tf			23		ns
Total Gate Charge	Q <sub>G</sub>	I <sub>D</sub> = -5.5 A,		45		nC
Gate to Source Charge	Q <sub>GS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = -48 V,		4.3		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q <sub>GD</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = -10 V		13		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage Note	V <sub>F(S-D)</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 5.5 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V		0.83	1.5	V
Reverse Recovery Time	trr	I <sub>F</sub> = -5.5 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V,		46		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Qrr	di/dt = -50 A/μs		29		nC

Note Pulsed

# **TEST CIRCUIT 1 AVALANCHE CAPABILITY**



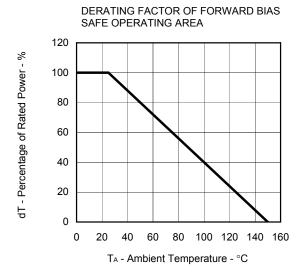
# TEST CIRCUIT 2 SWITCHING TIME



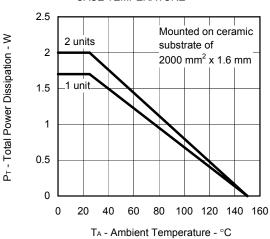
# **TEST CIRCUIT 3 GATE CHARGE**

# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

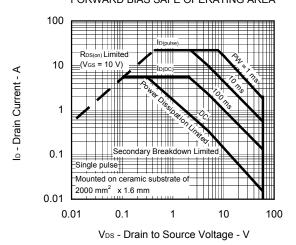
# (1) N-channel



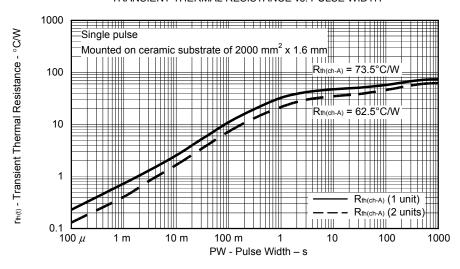
# TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs. CASE TEMPERATURE

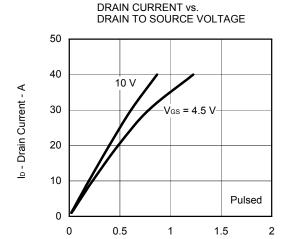


### FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



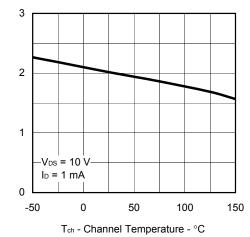
# TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



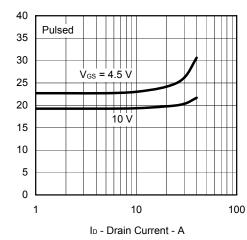




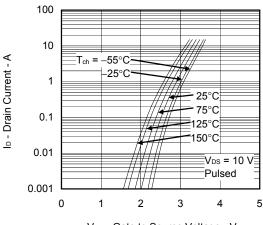
VDS - Drain to Source Voltage - V



# DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT

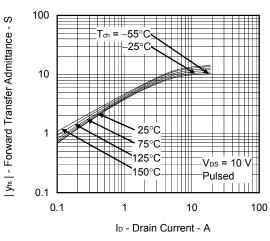


### FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

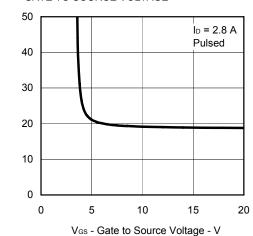


V<sub>GS</sub> - Gate to Source Voltage - V

# FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



# DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



6

 $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{DS}(m)}$  - Drain to Source On-state Resistance -  $m\Omega$ 

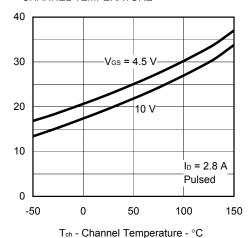
Vos(off) - Gate to Source Cut-off Voltage - V

R<sub>DS(m)</sub> - Drain to Source On-state Resistance - mΩ

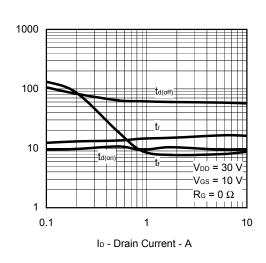
 $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{DS}(\mathsf{on})}$  - Drain to Source On-state Resistance -  $m\Omega$ 

td(on), tr, td(off), tr - Switching Time - ns

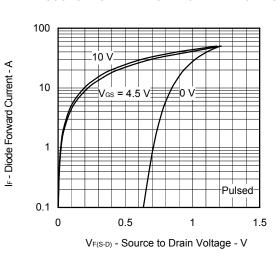




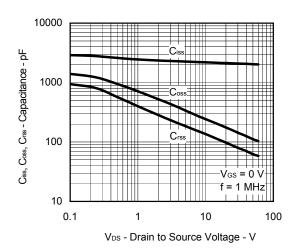
# SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS



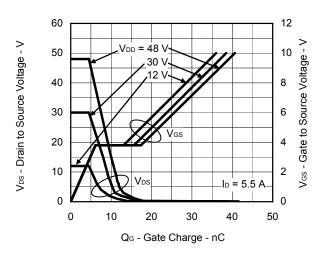
# SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE



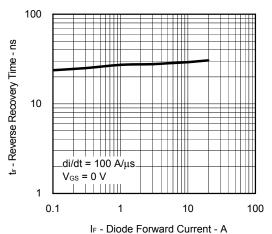
### CAPACITANCE vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



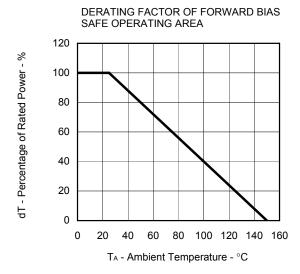
## DYNAMIC INPUT/OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS



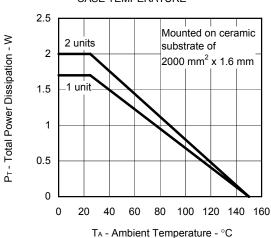
REVERSE RECOVERY TIME vs. DIODE FORWARD CURRENT



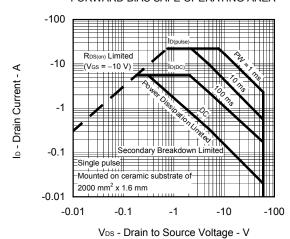
## (2) P-channel



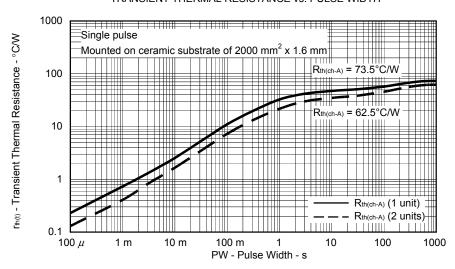
# TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs. CASE TEMPERATURE



# FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



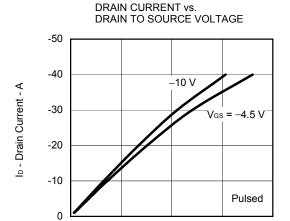
# TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



0

Vos(off) - Gate to Source Cut-off Voltage - V

R<sub>DS(on)</sub> - Drain to Source On-state Resistance - mΩ



-0.5

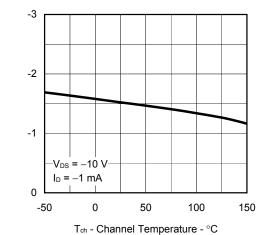
# GATE TO SOURCE CUT-OFF VOLTAGE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE

-1

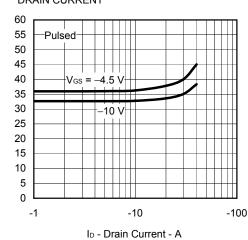
VDS - Drain to Source Voltage - V

-1.5

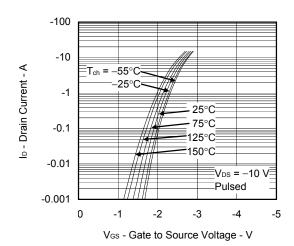
-2



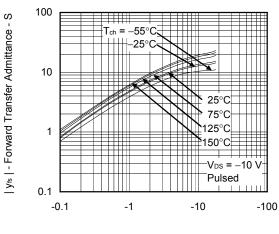
# DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



### FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

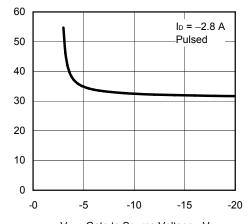


# FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



I⊳ - Drain Current - A

# DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



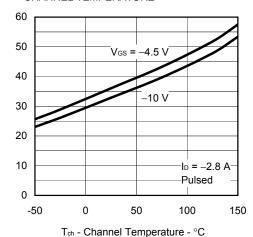
V<sub>GS</sub> - Gate to Source Voltage - V

R<sub>DS(on)</sub> - Drain to Source On-state Resistance - mΩ

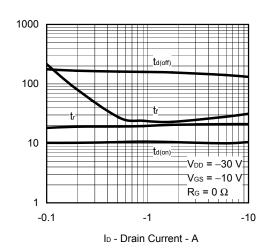
 $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{DS}(\mathsf{on})}$  - Drain to Source On-state Resistance -  $m\Omega$ 

ta(on), tr, ta(off), tr - Switching Time - ns

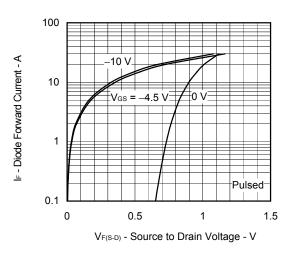
# DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



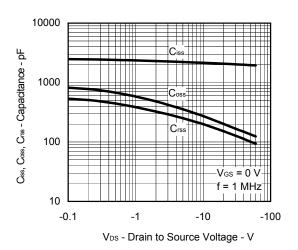
# SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS



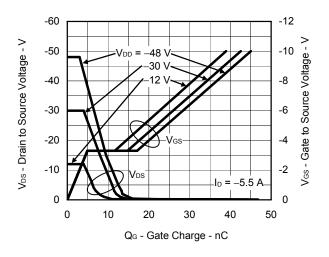
# SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE



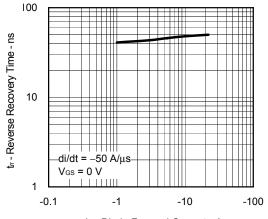
# CAPACITANCE vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



DYNAMIC INPUT/OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS



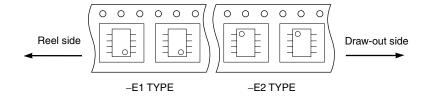
REVERSE RECOVERY TIME vs. DIODE FORWARD CURRENT



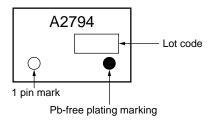
IF - Diode Forward Current - A

# TAPE INFORMATION

There are two types (-E1, -E2) of taping depending on the direction of the device.



### MARKING INFORMATION



# RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

The  $\mu$ PA2794GR should be soldered and mounted under the following recommended conditions.

For soldering methods and conditions other than those recommended below, please contact an NEC Electronics sales representative.

For technical information, see the following website.

Semiconductor Device Mount Manual (http://www.necel.com/pkg/en/mount/index.html)

Soldering Method	Soldering Conditions	Recommended Condition Symbol
Infrared reflow	ed reflow Maximum temperature (Package's surface temperature): 260°C or below	
	Time at maximum temperature: 10 seconds or less	
	Time of temperature higher than 220°C: 60 seconds or less	
	Preheating time at 160 to 180°C: 60 to 120 seconds	
	Maximum number of reflow processes: 3 times	
	Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux (percentage mass): 0.2% or less	
Partial heating	Maximum temperature (Pin temperature): 350°C or below	P350
	Time (per side of the device): 3 seconds or less	
	Maximum chlorine content of rosin flux: 0.2% (wt.) or less	

Caution Do not use different soldering methods together (except for partial heating).

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