

### FEATURES

- Low Supply Current .....  $200\mu\text{A Max @ } V_S = +5\text{V}$
- Single-Supply Operation .....  $+5\text{V to } +30\text{V}$
- Dual-Supply Operation .....  $\pm 2.5\text{V to } \pm 15\text{V}$
- Low Input Offset Voltage .....  $500\mu\text{V Typ}$
- Low Input Offset Voltage Drift .....  $5\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C Typ}$
- High Common-Mode Input Range ...  $V_- \text{ to } (V_+ - 1.5\text{V})$
- High CMRR .....  $100\text{dB Typ}$
- High Open-Loop Gain .....  $1100\text{V/mV Typ}$
- LM 148 Pinout
- Available in Die Form

### ORDERING INFORMATION †

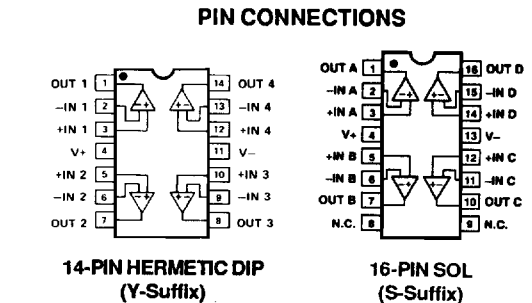
$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{OS\text{MAX}}$ (mV)	PACKAGE			OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE
	CERDIP 14-PIN	LCC 20-CONTACT	PLASTIC	
2.5	OP420BY	-	-	MIL
2.5	OP420FY	-	-	IND
4.0	OP420CY	OP420CRC/883	-	MIL
4.0	OP420GY	-	OP420GP	XIND
4.0	-	-	OP420GS	XIND
6.0	OP420HY	-	OP420HP	XIND
6.0	-	-	OP420HS	XIND

\* For devices processed in total compliance to MIL-STD-883, add /883 after part number. Consult factory for 883 data sheet.

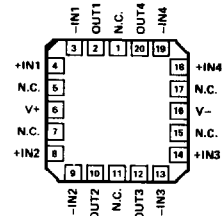
† Burn-in is available on commercial and industrial temperature range parts in CerDIP, plastic DIP, and TO-can packages.

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The OP-420 quad micropower operational amplifier is a single-chip quad patterned after the OP-20 precision micropower single operational amplifier. A Darlington PNP input stage allows the input common-mode voltage to include  $V_-$ . The wide input range combined with low power-supply drain



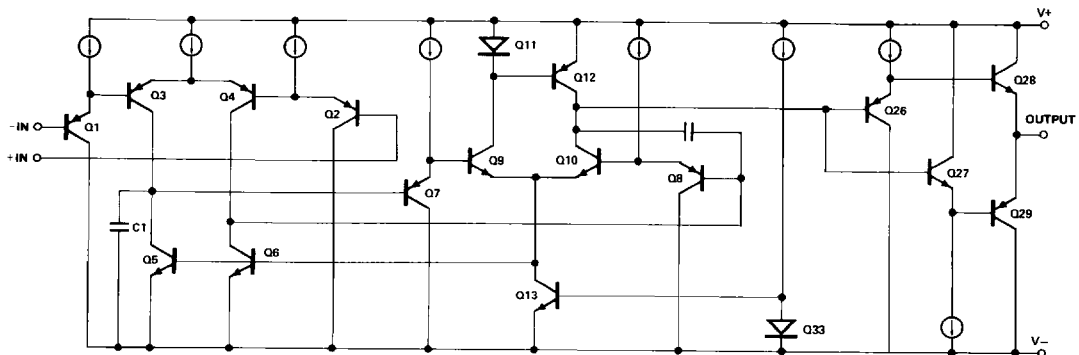
OP-420CRC/883  
20-LEAD LCC  
(RC-Suffix)



( $\sim 40\mu\text{A}/\text{section at } 5\text{V}$ ), provides a unique solution for designs requiring high functional density and portable operation. Applications include two-wire transmitters for process control loops, battery-operated remote-line filters, signal preconditioning amplifiers, and a variety of multiple-gain block arrays.

For micropower applications requiring offset nulling, see the OP-20, OP-21 and OP-22 data sheets.

### SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC (1/4 Shown)



This is an abridged data sheet. To obtain the most recent version or complete data sheet, call our fax retrieval system at 1-800-446-6212.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Supply Voltage .....	±18V
Differential Input Voltage .....	±30V
Input Voltage .....	Supply Voltage
Output Short-Circuit Duration .....	Continuous (One Amplifier Only)
Storage Temperature Range .....	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature Range (Soldering, 60 sec) .....	300°C
Operating Temperature Range	
OP-420BY, OP-420CY, OP-420CRC .....	-55°C to +125°C
OP-420FY .....	-25°C to +85°C
OP-420G, OP-420H .....	-40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature( $T_j$ ) .....	-65°C to +150°C

PACKAGE TYPE	$\theta_{JA}$ (Note 2)	$\theta_{JC}$	UNITS
14-Pin Hermetic DIP (Y)	99	12	°C/W
14-Pin Plastic DIP (P)	76	33	°C/W
16-Pin SOL (S)	92	27	°C/W

### NOTES:

1. Absolute maximum ratings apply to both DICE and packaged parts, unless otherwise noted.
2.  $\theta_{JA}$  is specified for worst case mounting conditions, i.e.,  $\theta_{JA}$  is specified for device in socket for CerDIP and P-DIP packages;  $\theta_{JA}$  is specified for device soldered to printed circuit board for SOL package.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $V_S = \pm 15V$ , $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	OP-420B OP-420F			OP-420C OP-420G			OP-420H			UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{OS}$	$V_S = \pm 2.5V$ to $\pm 15V$	—	0.5	2.5	—	1	4	—	2	6	mV
Input Offset Current (Note 1)	$I_{OS}$	$V_S = \pm 2.5V$ to $\pm 15V$	—	0.5	1.5	—	0.8	2.5	—	1.2	6	nA
Input Bias Current (Note 1)	$I_B$	$V_S = \pm 2.5V$ to $\pm 15V$	—	9	20	—	12	30	—	18	40	nA
Input Noise Voltage Density	$e_n$	$f_O = 10Hz$ $f_O = 100Hz$	—	50	—	—	50	—	—	50	—	nV/ $\sqrt{Hz}$
Input Noise Current Density	$i_n$	$f_O = 10Hz$ $f_O = 100Hz$	—	0.12	—	—	0.12	—	—	0.12	—	pA/ $\sqrt{Hz}$
Input Voltage Range	IVR	$V_+ = +5V$ , $V_- = 0V$ $V_S = \pm 15V$	0/3.5 -15/13.5	—	—	0/3.5 -15/13.5	—	—	0/3.5 -15/13.5	—	—	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_+ = +5V$ , $V_- = 0V$ $0V \leq V_{CM} \leq 3.5V$ $V_S = \pm 15V$	83	100	—	80	96	—	76	90	—	dB
		$-15V \leq V_{CM} \leq 13.5V$	83	100	—	80	96	—	76	90	—	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_S = \pm 2.5V$ to $\pm 15V$ ; & $V_- = 0V$ , $V_+ = 5V$ to $30V$	—	10	30	—	20	50	—	30	80	$\mu V/V$
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$A_{VO}$	$R_L = 25k\Omega$ , $V_O = \pm 10V$	600	1100	—	400	900	—	200	800	—	V/mV
Slew Rate	SR		—	0.05	—	—	0.05	—	—	0.05	—	V/ $\mu s$
Closed-Loop Bandwidth	BW	$A_{VCL} = +1.0$ $R_L = 10k\Omega$	—	150	—	—	150	—	—	150	—	kHz
Output Voltage Swing	$V_O$	$V_+ = 5V$ , $V_- = 0V$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$ $V_S = \pm 15V$ , $R_L = 25k\Omega$	0.7/4.1	—	—	0.8/4.0	—	—	0.9/3.8	—	—	V
		$\pm 14.0$	—	—	$\pm 14.0$	—	—	$\pm 13.8$	—	—		
Supply Current (Four Amplifiers)	$I_{SY}$	$V_S = \pm 2.5V$ , No Load	—	140	200	—	170	300	—	200	400	$\mu A$
		$V_S = \pm 15V$ , No Load	—	330	360	—	360	460	—	390	600	

### NOTE:

1.  $I_B$  and  $I_{OS}$  are measured at  $V_{CM} = 0$ .

# OP420

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** at  $V_S = \pm 15V$ ,  $-55^\circ C \leq +125^\circ C$  for OP-420B and OP-420C,  $-25^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ C$  for OP-420F,  $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ C$  for OP-420G and OP-420H, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	OP-420B OP-420F			OP-420C OP-420G			OP-420H			UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
Average Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 1)	$TCV_{OS}$	Unnulled	—	5	10	—	8	15	—	15	25	$\mu V/^\circ C$
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{OS}$	$V_S = \pm 2.5V$ to $\pm 15V$	—	—	3.5	—	—	5.5	—	—	7.5	mV
Input Offset Current (Note 2)	$I_{OS}$	$V_S = \pm 2.5V$ to $\pm 15V$	—	—	3	—	—	4	—	—	8	nA
Input Bias Current (Note 2)	$I_B$	$V_S = \pm 2.5V$ to $\pm 15V$	—	—	30	—	—	40	—	—	60	nA
Input Voltage Range	IVR	$V_+ = +5V$ , $V_- = 0V$ $V_S = \pm 15V$	0/3.2 -15/13.2	—	—	0/3.2 -15/13.2	—	—	0/3.2 -15/13.2	—	—	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_+ = +5V$ , $V_- = 0V$ , $0V \leq V_{CM} \leq 3.2V$	76	96	—	73	92	—	73	86	—	dB
		$V_S = \pm 15V$ , $-15V \leq V_{CM} \leq 13.2V$	76	96	—	73	92	—	73	86	—	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_S = \pm 2.5V$ to $\pm 15V$ and $V_- = 0V$ , $V_+ = 5V$ to $30V$	—	15	50	—	25	80	—	40	100	$\mu V/V$
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$A_{VO}$	$V_S = \pm 15V$ , $R_L = 50k\Omega$ , $V_O = \pm 10V$	300	800	—	200	650	—	100	400	—	V/mV
Output Voltage Swing	$V_O$	$V_+ = 5V$ , $V_- = 0V$ , $R_L = 20k\Omega$	0.9/3.9	—	—	1.0/3.8	—	—	1.1/3.6	—	—	V
		$V_S = \pm 15V$ , $R_L = 50k\Omega$	$\pm 13.8$	—	—	$\pm 13.8$	—	—	$\pm 13.6$	—	—	
Supply Current (Four Amplifiers)	$I_{SY}$	$V_S = \pm 2.5V$ , No Load	—	170	300	—	210	400	—	250	600	$\mu A$
		$V_S = \pm 15V$ , No Load	—	390	500	—	420	640	—	500	800	

**NOTES:**

1. Sample tested.
2.  $I_B$  and  $I_{OS}$  are measured at  $V_{CM} = 0$ .