

MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR NP50P04SDG

SWITCHING **P-CHANNEL POWER MOSFET**

DESCRIPTION

The NP50P04SDG is P-channel MOS Field Effect Transistor designed for high current switching applications.

ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	LEAD PLATING	PACKING	PACKAGE	
NP50P04SDG-E1-AY Note	_	Tana 0500 m/mad	TO-252 (MP-3ZK)	
NP50P04SDG-E2-AY Note	Pure Sn (Tin)	Tape 2500 p/reel		

Note Pb-free (This product does not contain Pb in external electrode.)

FEATURES

• Super low on-state resistance

 $R_{DS(on)1} = 9.6 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX}. \text{ (Vgs} = -10 \text{ V, I}_D = -25 \text{ A})$

 $R_{DS(on)2} = 15 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.} \text{ (Vgs} = -4.5 \text{ V, Ip} = -25 \text{ A)}$

· Low input capacitance

Ciss = 5000 pF TYP.

(TO-252)



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C)

Drain to Source Voltage (Vgs = 0 V)	Voss	-40	V
Gate to Source Voltage (Vps = 0 V)	Vgss	∓20	V
Drain Current (DC) (Tc = 25°C)	I _{D(DC)}	∓50	Α
Drain Current (pulse) Note1	D(pulse)	∓150	Α
Total Power Dissipation (Tc = 25°C)	P _{T1}	84	W
Total Power Dissipation (T _A = 25°C)	P _{T2}	1.2	W
Channel Temperature	Tch	175	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55 to +175	°C
Single Avalanche Current Note2	las	37	Α
Single Avalanche Energy Note2	Eas	136	mJ

Notes 1. PW \leq 10 μ s, Duty Cycle \leq 1%

2. Starting T_{ch} = 25°C, V_{DD} = -20 V, R_G = 25 Ω , V_{GS} = -20 \rightarrow 0 V

THERMAL RESISTANCE

<R>

Channel to Case Thermal Resistance Rth(ch-C) 1.78 °C/W Channel to Ambient Thermal Resistance 125 °C/W Rth(ch-A)

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

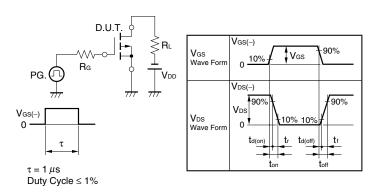
CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	IDSS	V _{DS} = -40 V, V _{GS} = 0 V			-10	μΑ
Gate Leakage Current	Igss	V _{GS} = ∓20 V, V _{DS} = 0 V			∓100	nA
Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(th)}	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = -250 \mu\text{A}$	-1.0	-1.6	-2.5	V
Forward Transfer Admittance Note	yfs	V _{DS} = -10 V, I _D = -25 A	15	33		S
Drain to Source On-state Resistance Note	R _{DS(on)1}	V _{GS} = -10 V, I _D = -25 A		7.7	9.6	mΩ
	RDS(on)2	V _{GS} = -4.5 V, I _D = -25 A		9.3	15	mΩ
Input Capacitance	Ciss	V _{DS} = -10 V,		5000		pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	V _{GS} = 0 V,		770		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss	f = 1 MHz		420		pF
Turn-on Delay Time	t _{d(on)}	V _{DD} = -20 V, I _D = -25 A,		13		ns
Rise Time	tr	V _{GS} = -10 V,		13		ns
Turn-off Delay Time	t _{d(off)}	R _G = 0 Ω		405		ns
Fall Time	tr			180		ns
Total Gate Charge	Q _G	V _{DD} = -32 V,		100		nC
Gate to Source Charge	Qgs	V _{GS} = -10 V,		12		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q _{GD}	I _D = -50 A		28		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage Note	V _{F(S-D)}	I _F = -50 A, V _{GS} = 0 V		0.95	1.5	V
Reverse Recovery Time	trr	I _F = -50 A, V _{GS} = 0 V,		48		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Qrr	di/dt = –100 A/μs		66		nC

Note Pulsed test PW \leq 350 μ s, Duty Cycle \leq 2%

TEST CIRCUIT 1 AVALANCHE CAPABILITY

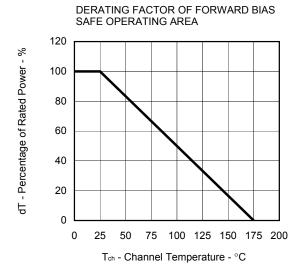
$V_{GS} = -20 \rightarrow 0 \text{ V}$ V_{DD} V_{DD}

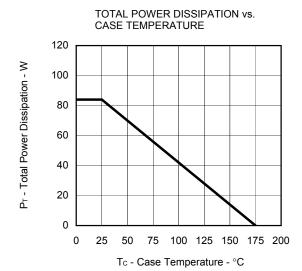
TEST CIRCUIT 2 SWITCHING TIME



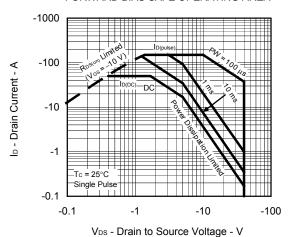
TEST CIRCUIT 3 GATE CHARGE

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

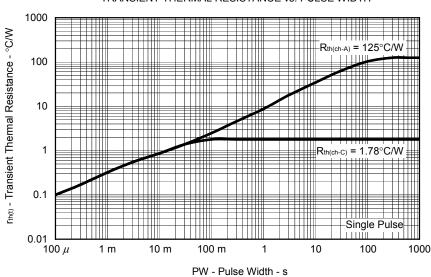




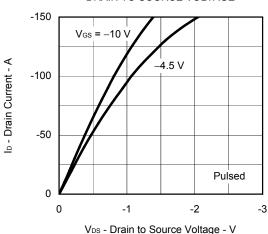
FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



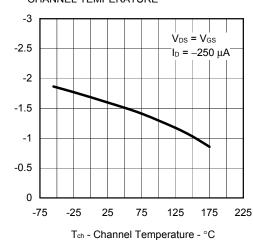
TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



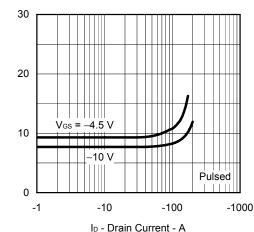




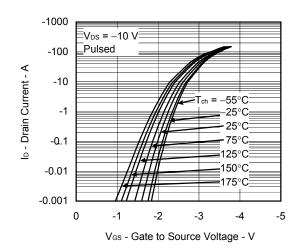
GATE TO SOURCE THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



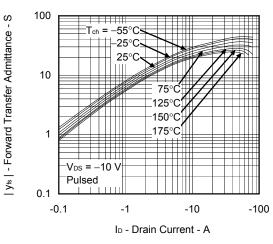
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



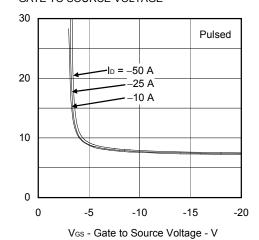
FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



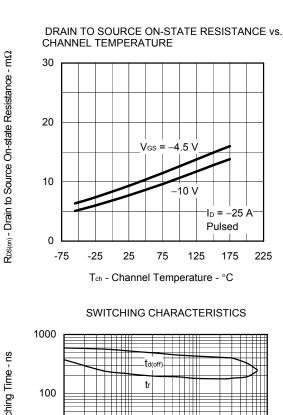
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE

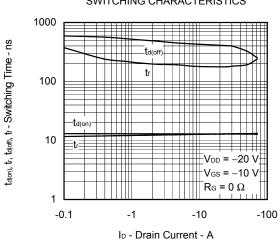


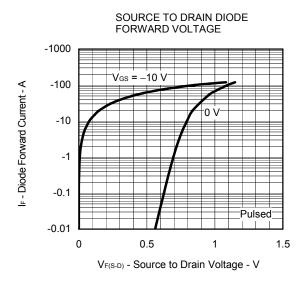
 $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{DS}(\varpi)}$ - Drain to Source On-state Resistance - $m\Omega$

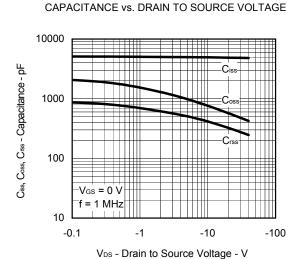
Ves(th) - Gate to Source Threshold Voltage - V

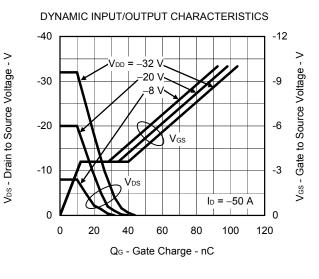
 $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{DS}(m)}$ - Drain to Source On-state Resistance - $m\Omega$

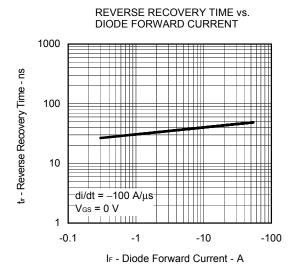




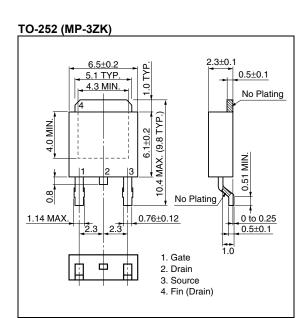




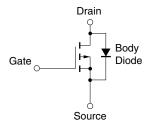




PACKAGE DRAWING (Unit: mm)



EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



Remark Strong electric field, when exposed to this device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it once, when it has occurred.

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