

- Ideal for European 868.35 MHz Transmitters
- Very Low Series Resistance
- Quartz Stability
- Complies with Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)



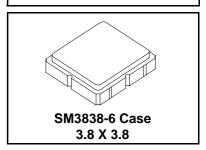
The RO2164D is a true one-port, surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in a surface-mount ceramic case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization of fixed-frequency transmitters operating at 868.35 MHz. This SAW is designed specifically for remote-control and wireless security transmitters operating under ETSI-ETS 300 220 in Europe and under FTZ 17 TR 2100 in Germany.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Rating	Value	Units
Input Power Level	0	dBm
DC Voltage	12	VDC
Storage Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
Soldering Temperature (10 seconds / 5 cycles max.)	260	°C

RO2164D RO2164D-1 RO2164D-2

868.35 MHz SAW Resonator



Electrical Characteristics

CI	haracteristic	Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Frequency (+25 °C) Nomir	nal Frequency RO2164D			868.275		868.425	
	RO2164D-1	f _C		868.200		868.500	MHz
RO2164D-2			2245	868.250		868.450	
Tolerance from 868.35 MHz RO2164D			2,3,4,5			±75	
RO2164D-1		Δf_{C}				±150	kHz
	RO2164D-2					±100	
Insertion Loss			2,5,6		1.1	2.0	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	Q_U	5,6,7		24,737		
	50 Ω Loaded Q	Q_L			4,000		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	T _O		10	25	40	°C
	Turnover Frequency	f _O	6,7,8		f _C		kHz
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC			0.032		ppm/°C ²
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	fA	1		<±10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance between Any Two Terminals			5	1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R_{M}			18.3		Ω
	Motional Inductance	L _M	5, 6, 7, 9		12.09		μH
	Motional Capacitance	C_M			2.78		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	Co	5, 6, 9		1.01		pF
Test Fixture Shunt Inductance		L _{TEST}	2, 7		14.50		nΗ
Lid Symbolization (in addition to Lot and/or Date Codes)				434	/ YWWS	•	•
Standard Reel Quantity	uantity Reel Size 7 Inch 500 Pieces / Reel						
Reel Size 13 Inch				3000 P	ieces / Reel		

CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling. Notes:

- Frequency aging is the change in f_C with time and is specified at +65°C or less.
 Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C.
 Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.
- 2. The center frequency, f_C , is measured at the minimum insertion loss point, IL_{MIN} , with the resonator in the 50 Ω test system (VSWR \leq 1.2:1). The shunt inductance, L_{TEST} , is tuned for parallel resonance with C_O at f_C . Typically, $f_{OS-CILLATOR}$ or $f_{TRANSMITTER}$ is approximately equal to the resonator f_C .
- One or more of the following United States patents apply: 4,454,488 and 4,616,197.
- Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
- 5. Unless noted otherwise, case temperature $T_C = +25^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$.
- 6. The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject

- to change without notice.
- . Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f_C, IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f_C versus T_C, and C_O.
- Turnover temperature, T_O, is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f_O. The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T_C, may be calculated from: f = f_O [1 FTC (T_O -T_C)²]. Typically oscillator T_O is approximately equal to the specified resonator T_O.
- 3. This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance C_0 is the static (nonmotional) capacitance between the two terminals measured at low frequency (10 MHz) with a capacitance meter. The measurement includes parasitic capacitance with "NC" pads unconnected. Case parasitic capacitance is approximately 0.05 pF. Transducer parallel capacitance can by calculated as: $C_P \approx C_0 0.05$ pF.

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868.35 MHz

SAW Resonator

Electrical Connections

The SAW resonator is bidirectional and may be installed with either orientation. The two terminals are interchangeable and unnumbered. The callout NC indicates no internal connection. The NC pads assist with mechanical positioning and stability. External grounding of the NC pads is recommended to help reduce parasitic capacitance in the circuit.

Pin	Connection			
1	NC			
2	Terminal			
3	NC			
4	NC			
5	Terminal			
6	NC			

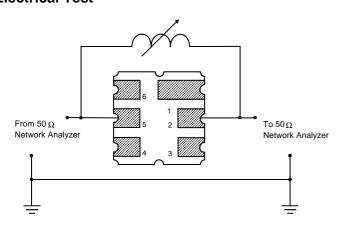
Case Dimensions

Dimension	mm			Inches		
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max
Α	3.60	3.80	4.0	0.14	0.15	0.16
В	3.60	3.80	4.0	0.14	0.15	0.16
С	1.00	1.20	1.40	0.04	0.05	0.055
D	0.95	1.10	1.25	0.037	0.043	0.05
E	2.39	2.54	2.69	0.090	0.10	0.110
G	0.90	1.0	1.10	0.035	0.04	0.043
Н	1.90	2.0	2.10	0.75	0.08	0.83
1	0.50	0.6	0.70	0.020	0.024	0.028
J	1.70	1.8	1.90	0.067	0.07	0.075

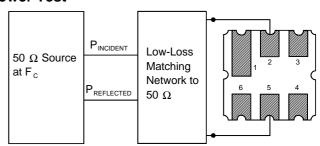
Typical Test Circuit

The test circuit inductor, L_{TEST} , is tuned to resonate with the static capacitance, C_{O} , at F_{C} .

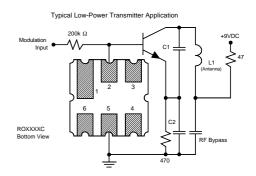
Electrical Test

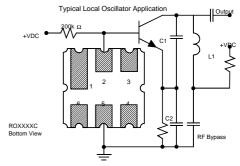


Power Test

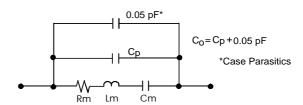


Typical Application Circuits



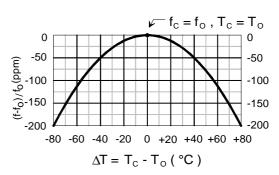


Equivalent LC Model



Temperature Characteristics

The curve shown on the right accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature contributions.



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