



SANYO Semiconductors

DATA SHEET

LC87F1G64A

CMOS IC
FROM 64K byte, RAM 3K byte on-chip

8-bit 1-chip Microcontroller with Full-Speed USB

Overview

The SANYO LC87F1G64A is an 8-bit microcomputer that, centered around a CPU running at a minimum bus cycle time of 83.3ns, integrates on a single chip a number of hardware features such as 64K-byte flash ROM (onboard programmable), 3072-byte RAM, an on-chip debugger, a sophisticated 16-bit timers/counters (may be divided into 8-bit timers), 16-bit timers/counter (may be divided into 8-bit timers/counters or 8-bit PWMs), four 8-bit timers with a prescaler, a base timer serving as a time-of-day clock, two synchronous SIO interface (with automatic block transmit/receive function), an asynchronous/synchronous SIO interface, a UART interface (full duplex), a Full-Speed USB interface (function controller), an 8-bit 12-channel AD converter, two 12-bit PWM channels, a system clock frequency divider, ROM correction function, and a 32-source 10-vector address interrupt feature.

Features

■Flash ROM

- Capable of on-board-programming with wide range, 3.0 to 5.5V, of voltage source.
- Block-erasable in 128 byte units
- 65536 × 8 bits

■RAM

- 3072 × 9 bits

■Minimum Bus Cycle

- 83.3ns (CF=12MHz)

Note: The bus cycle time here refers to the ROM read speed.

■Minimum Instruction Cycle Time

- 250ns (CF=12MHz)

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SANYO Semiconductor Co., Ltd.

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■ Ports

- I/O ports
 - Ports whose I/O direction can be designated in 1 bit units 28 (P10 to P17, P20 to P27, P30 to P34, P70 to P73, PWM0, PWM1, XT2)
 - Ports whose I/O direction can be designated in 4 bit units 8 (P00 to P07)
- USB ports 2 (D+, D-)
- Dedicated oscillator ports 2 (CF1, CF2)
- Input-only port (also used for oscillation) 1 (XT1)
- Reset pins 1 (RES)
- Power pins 6 (VSS1 to 3, VDD1 to 3)

■ Timers

- Timer 0: 16-bit timer/counter with two capture registers.
 - Mode 0: 8-bit timer with an 8-bit programmable prescaler (with two 8-bit capture registers) × 2 channels
 - Mode 1: 8-bit timer with an 8-bit programmable prescaler (with two 8-bit capture registers) + 8-bit counter (with two 8-bit capture registers)
 - Mode 2: 16-bit timer with an 8-bit programmable prescaler (with two 16-bit capture registers)
 - Mode 3: 16-bit counter (with two 16-bit capture registers)
- Timer 1: 16-bit timer/counter that supports PWM/toggle outputs
 - Mode 0: 8-bit timer with an 8-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs) + 8-bit timer/counter with an 8-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs)
 - Mode 1: 8-bit PWM with an 8-bit prescaler × 2 channels
 - Mode 2: 16-bit timer/counter with an 8-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs) (toggle outputs also possible from the lower-order 8 bits)
 - Mode 3: 16-bit timer with an 8-bit prescaler (with toggle outputs) (The lower-order 8 bits can be used as PWM.)
- Timer 4: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler
- Timer 5: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler
- Timer 6: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler (with toggle output)
- Timer 7: 8-bit timer with a 6-bit prescaler (with toggle output)
- Base timer
 - 1) The clock is selectable from the subclock (32.768kHz crystal oscillation), system clock, and timer 0 prescaler output.
 - 2) Interrupts programmable in 5 different time schemes

■ SIO

- SIO0: Synchronous serial interface
 - 1) LSB first/MSB first mode selectable
 - 2) Transfer clock cycle: 4/3 to 512/3 tCYC
 - 3) Automatic continuous data transmission (1 to 256 bits, specifiable in 1 bit units, suspension and resumption of data transmission possible in 1 byte units)
- SIO1: 8-bit asynchronous/synchronous serial interface
 - Mode 0: Synchronous 8-bit serial I/O (2- or 3-wire configuration, 2 to 512 tCYC transfer clocks)
 - Mode 1: Asynchronous serial I/O (half-duplex, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, 8 to 2048 tCYC baudrates)
 - Mode 2: Bus mode 1 (start bit, 8 data bits, 2 to 512 tCYC transfer clocks)
 - Mode 3: Bus mode 2 (start detect, 8 data bits, stop detect)
- SIO4: Synchronous serial interface
 - 1) LSB first/MSB first mode selectable
 - 2) Transfer clock cycle: 4/3 to 1020/3 tCYC
 - 3) Automatic continuous data transmission (1 to 3072 bytes, specifiable in 1 byte units, suspension and resumption of data transmission possible in 1 byte or 2 bytes units)
 - 4) Auto-start-on-falling-edge function
 - 5) Clock polarity selectable
 - 6) CRC16 calculator circuit built in

■Full Duplex UART

- 1) Data length: 7/8/9 bits selectable
- 2) Stop bits: 1 bit (2 bits in continuous transmission mode)
- 3) Baud rate: 16/3 to 8192/3 tCYC

■AD Converter: 8 bits × 12 channels**■PWM: Multifrequency 12-bit PWM × 2 channels****■USB Interface (function controller)**

- Compliant with USB 2.0 Full-Speed
- Supports a maximum of 8 user-defined endpoints.

Endpoint		EP0	EP1	EP2	EP3	EP4	EP5	EP6	EP7	EP8
Transfer Type	Control	○	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Bulk	-	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
	Interrupt	-	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
	Isochronous	-	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Max. payload		64	64	64	64	64	1023	1023	64	64

■Audio Interface

- 1) Sampling frequency (fs): 32kHz, 44.1kHz, 48kHz
- 2) PLL clock frequency: 12.288MHz, 16.9344MHz, 18.432MHz
- 3) Supported master clocks

Bit Clock	Master Clock
48fs	384fs
	192fs
	96fs
64fs	384fs
	256fs
	128fs

- 4) Data lengths of 16, 18, 20, 24 bits selectable
- 5) LSB first/MSB first mode selectable
- 6) Left Justified/Right Justified selectable

■Watchdog Timer

- External RC watchdog timer
- Interrupt and reset signals selectable

■Clock Output Function

- 1) Able to output selected oscillation clock 1/1, 1/2, 1/4, 1/8, 1/16, 1/32, 1/64 as system clock.
- 2) Able to output oscillation clock of sub clock.

■Interrupts

- 32 sources, 10 vector addresses

- 1) Provides three levels (low (L), high (H), and highest (X)) of multiplex interrupt control. Any interrupt requests of the level equal to or lower than the current interrupt are not accepted.
- 2) When interrupt requests to two or more vector addresses occur at the same time, the interrupt of the highest level takes precedence over the other interrupts. For interrupts of the same level, the interrupt into the smallest vector address takes precedence.

No.	Vector Address	Level	Interrupt Source
1	00003H	X or L	INT0
2	0000BH	X or L	INT1
3	00013H	H or L	INT2/T0L/INT4/USB bus active
4	0001BH	H or L	INT3/INT5/base timer
5	00023H	H or L	T0H/INT6
6	0002BH	H or L	T1L/T1H/INT7
7	00033H	H or L	SIO0/USB bus reset/USB suspend/UART1 receive
8	0003BH	H or L	SIO1/USB endpoint/USB-SOF/SIO4/UART1 transmit/AIF
9	00043H	H or L	ADC/T6/T7
10	0004BH	H or L	Port 0/PWM0/PWM1/T4/T5

- Priority Level: X > H > L
- Of interrupts of the same level, the one with the smallest vector address takes precedence.

■Subroutine Stack Levels: 1536 levels (the stack is allocated in RAM.)

■High-speed Multiplication/Division Instructions

- 16 bits × 8 bits (5 tCYC execution time)
- 24 bits × 16 bits (12 tCYC execution time)
- 16 bits ÷ 8 bits (8 tCYC execution time)
- 24 bits ÷ 16 bits (12 tCYC execution time)

■Oscillation Circuits

- RC oscillation circuit (internal): For system clock
- CF oscillation circuit: For system clock
- Crystal oscillation circuit: For system clock, time-of-day clock
- PLL circuit (internal): For USB interface (see Fig.5), audio interface (see Fig.6)

■Standby Function

- HALT mode: Halts instruction execution while allowing the peripheral circuits to continue operation.
 - 1) Oscillation is not halted automatically.
 - 2) Canceled by a system reset or occurrence of an interrupt.
- HOLD mode: Suspends instruction execution and the operation of the peripheral circuits.
 - 1) The PLL base clock generator, CF, RC and crystal oscillators automatically stop operation.
 - 2) There are four ways of resetting the HOLD mode.
 - (1) Setting the reset pin to the lower level.
 - (2) Setting at least one of the INT0, INT1, INT2, INT4, and INT5 pins to the specified level
 - (3) Having an interrupt source established at port 0
 - (4) Having an bus active interrupt source established in the USB interface circuit
- X'tal HOLD mode: Suspends instruction execution and the operation of the peripheral circuits except the base timer.
 - 1) The PLL base clock generator, CF and RC oscillator automatically stop operation.
 - 2) The state of crystal oscillation established when the X'tal HOLD mode is entered is retained.
 - 3) There are five ways of resetting the X'tal HOLD mode.
 - (1) Setting the reset pin to the low level
 - (2) Setting at least one of the INT0, INT1, INT2, INT4, and INT5 pins to the specified level
 - (3) Having an interrupt source established at port 0
 - (4) Having an interrupt source established in the base timer circuit
 - (5) Having an bus active interrupt source established in the USB interface circuit

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■ROM Correction Function

- Executes the correction program on detection of a match with the program counter value.
- Correction program area size: 128 bytes

■Package Form

- TQFP48J(7×7): Lead-free type
- QIP48E(14×14): Lead-free type
- TQFP64J(10×10): Lead-free type

■Development Tools

- On-chip debugger: TCB87 type-A or TCB87 type-B + LC87F1G64A

■Flash ROM Programming Boards

Package	Programming boards
QIP48E(14×14)	W87F55256Q
TQFP48J(7×7)	W87F55256SQ
TQFP64J(10×10)	W87F15256TQ

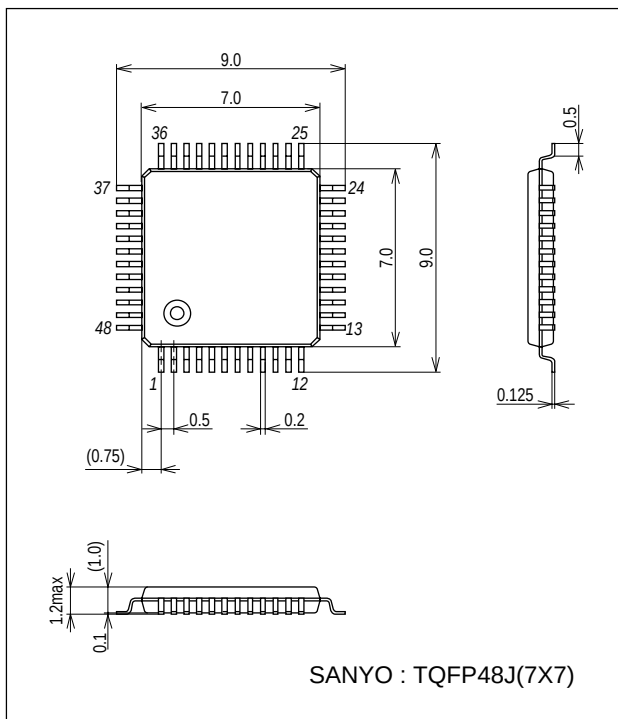
■Recommended EPROM programmer

Maker	Model	Supported version	Device
Flash Support Group, Inc. (Single)	AF9708/AF9709/AF9709B (including product of Ando Electric Co.,Ltd)	After 02.61	LC87F1G64A FAST
SANYO	SKK (SANYO FWS)	Application Version: After 1.03 Chip Data Version: After 2.01	LC87F1G64

Package Dimensions

unit : mm (typ)

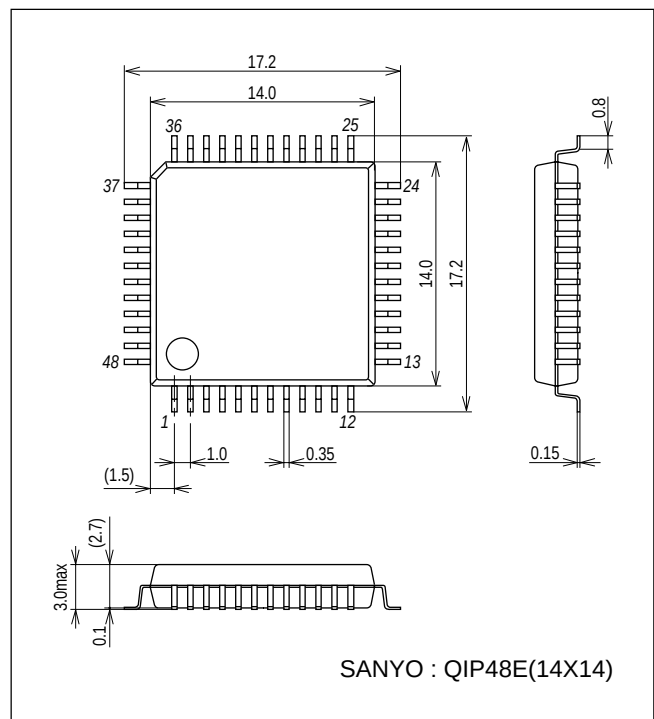
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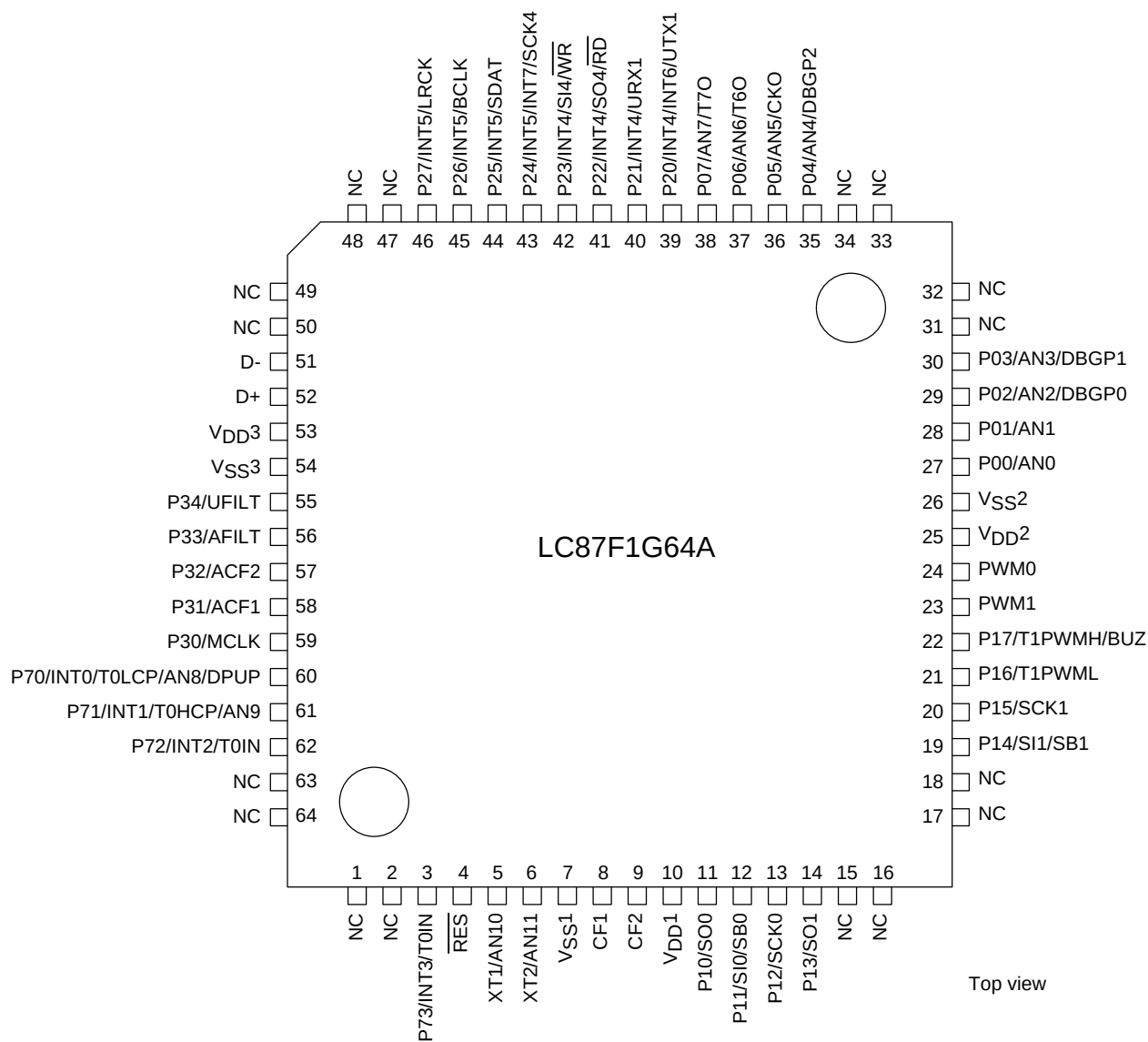
Package Dimensions

unit : mm (typ)

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SANYO: TQFP64J(10×10) “Lead-free Type”

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TQFP48J/ QIP48E	NAME
1	P73/INT3/T0IN
2	RES
3	XT1/AN10
4	XT2/AN11
5	V _{SS} 1
6	CF1
7	CF2
8	V _{DD} 1
9	P10/SO0
10	P11/SI0/SB0
11	P12/SCK0
12	P13/SO1
13	P14/SI1/SB1
14	P15/SCK1
15	P16/T1PWML
16	P17/T1PWMH/BUZ
17	PWM1
18	PWM0
19	V _{DD} 2
20	V _{SS} 2
21	P00/AN0
22	P01/AN1
23	P02/AN2/DBGP0
24	P03/AN3/DBGP1

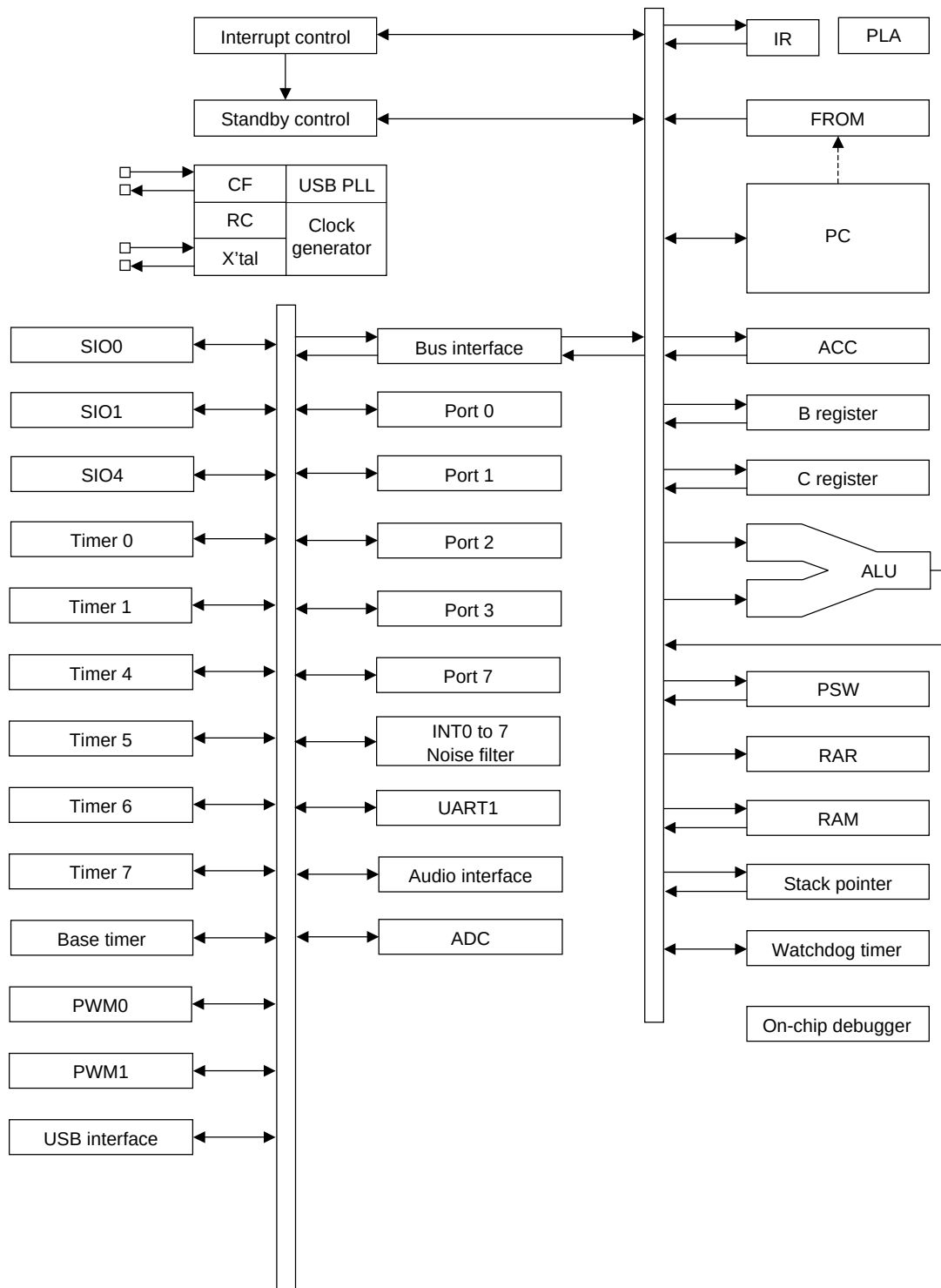
TQFP48J/ QIP48E	NAME
25	P04/AN4/DBGP2
26	P05/AN5/CKO
27	P06/AN6/T6O
28	P07/AN7/T7O
29	P20/INT4/INT6/UTX1
30	P21/INT4/URX1
31	P22/INT4/SO4/RD
32	P23/INT4/SI4/WR
33	P24/INT5/INT7/SCK4
34	P25/INT5/SDAT
35	P26/INT5/BCLK
36	P27/INT5/LRCK
37	D-
38	D+
39	V _{DD} 3
40	V _{SS} 3
41	P34/UFILT
42	P33/AFILT
43	P32/ACF2
44	P31/ACF1
45	P30/MCLK
46	P70/INT0/T0LCP/AN8/DPUP
47	P71/INT1/T0HCP/AN9
48	P72/INT2/T0IN

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TQFP64J	NAME
1	NC
2	NC
3	P73/INT3/T0IN
4	$\overline{\text{RES}}$
5	XT1/AN10
6	XT2/AN11
7	V _{SS} 1
8	CF1
9	CF2
10	V _{DD} 1
11	P10/SO0
12	P11/SI0/SB0
13	P12/SCK0
14	P13/SO1
15	NC
16	NC
17	NC
18	NC
19	P14/SI1/SB1
20	P15/SCK1
21	P16/T1PWML
22	P17/T1PWMH/BUZ
23	PWM1
24	PWM0
25	V _{DD} 2
26	V _{SS} 2
27	P00/AN0
28	P01/AN1
29	P02/AN2/DBGP0
30	P03/AN3/DBGP1
31	NC
32	NC

TQFP64J	NAME
33	NC
34	NC
35	P04/AN4/DBGP2
36	P05/AN5/CKO
37	P06/AN6/T6O
38	P07/AN7/T7O
39	P20/INT4/INT6/UTX1
40	P21/INT4/URX1
41	P22/INT4/SO4/ $\overline{\text{RD}}$
42	P23/INT4/SI4/ $\overline{\text{WR}}$
43	P24/INT5/INT7/SCK4
44	P25/INT5/SDAT
45	P26/INT5/BCLK
46	P27/INT5/LRCK
47	NC
48	NC
49	NC
50	NC
51	D-
52	D+
53	V _{DD} 3
54	V _{SS} 3
55	P34/UFILT
56	P33/AFILT
57	P32/ACF2
58	P31/ACF1
59	P30/MCLK
60	P70/INT0/T0LCP/AN8/DPUP
61	P71/INT1/T0HCP/AN9
62	P72/INT2/T0IN
63	NC
64	NC

System Block Diagram



Pin Description

Continued on next page.

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Continued from preceding page.

Pin Name	I/O	Description	Option																														
Port 3	I/O	• 5-bit I/O port • I/O specifiable in 1-bit units • Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1-bit units. • Pin functions P30: Audio interface master clock I/O P31: Audio interface oscillator input P32: Audio interface oscillator output P33: Audio interface PLL filter pin (see Fig.6) P34: USB interface PLL filter pin (see Fig.5)	Yes																														
P30 to P34																																	
Port 7	I/O	• 4-bit I/O port • I/O specifiable in 1-bit units • Pull-up resistors can be turned on and off in 1-bit units. • Pin functions P70: INT0 input/HOLD reset input/timer 0L capture input/watchdog timer output/ D+ 1.5kΩ pull-up resistor connect pin P71: INT1 input/HOLD reset input/timer 0H capture input P72: INT2 input/HOLD reset input/timer 0 event input/timer 0L capture input/ High speed clock counter input P73: INT3 input (with noise filter)/timer 0 event input/timer 0H capture input AD converter input port: AN8(P70), AN9(P71) Interrupt acknowledge type <table><tr><td></td><td>Rising</td><td>Falling</td><td>Rising & Falling</td><td>H level</td><td>L level</td></tr><tr><td>INT0</td><td>enable</td><td>enable</td><td>disable</td><td>enable</td><td>enable</td></tr><tr><td>INT1</td><td>enable</td><td>enable</td><td>disable</td><td>enable</td><td>enable</td></tr><tr><td>INT2</td><td>enable</td><td>enable</td><td>enable</td><td>disable</td><td>disable</td></tr><tr><td>INT3</td><td>enable</td><td>enable</td><td>enable</td><td>disable</td><td>disable</td></tr></table>		Rising	Falling	Rising & Falling	H level	L level	INT0	enable	enable	disable	enable	enable	INT1	enable	enable	disable	enable	enable	INT2	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable	INT3	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable	No
			Rising	Falling	Rising & Falling	H level	L level																										
INT0	enable	enable	disable	enable	enable																												
INT1	enable	enable	disable	enable	enable																												
INT2	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable																												
INT3	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable																												
P70 to P73																																	
PWM0 PWM1	I/O	• PWM0 and PWM1 output port • General-purpose input port	No																														
D-	I/O	• USB data I/O pin D- • General-purpose I/O port	No																														
D+	I/O	• USB data I/O pin D+ • General-purpose I/O port	No																														
RES	Input	Reset pin	No																														
XT1	Input	• 32.768kHz crystal oscillator input pin • Pin functions General-purpose input port AD converter input port: AN10 Must be connected to V _{DD1} if not to be used.	No																														
XT2	I/O	32.768kHz crystal oscillator output pin • Pin functions General-purpose I/O port AD converter input port: AN11 Must be set for oscillation and kept open if not to be used.	No																														
CF1	Input	Ceramic resonator input pin	No																														
CF2	Output	Ceramic resonator output pin	No																														

Port Output Types

The table below lists the types of port outputs and the presence/absence of a pull-up resistor.

Data can be read into any input port even if it is in the output mode.

Port Name	Option Selected in Units of	Option Type	Output Type	Pull-up Resistor
P00 to P07	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable (Note 1)
		2	Nch-open drain	No
P10 to P17 P20 to P27 P30 to P34	1 bit	1	CMOS	Programmable
		2	Nch-open drain	Programmable
P70	-	No	Nch-open drain	Programmable
P71 to P73	-	No	CMOS	Programmable
PWM0, PWM1	-	No	CMOS	No
D+, D-	-	No	CMOS	No
XT1	-	No	Input only	No
XT2	-	No	32.768kHz crystal oscillator output	No

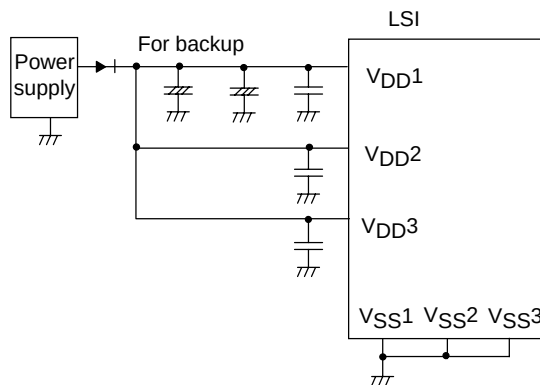
Note 1: Programmable pull-up resistors for port 0 are controlled in 4 bit units (P00 to 03, P04 to 07).

Power Pin Treatment

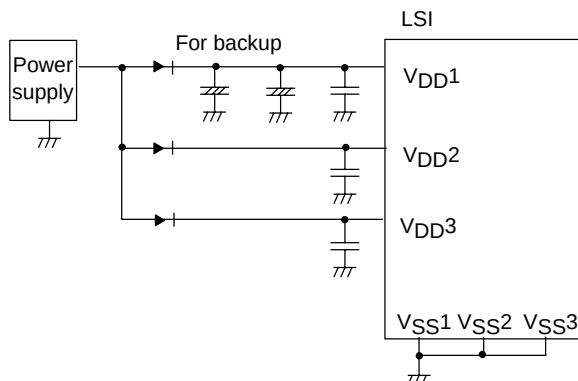
Connect the IC as shown below to minimize the noise input to the V_{DD1} pin.

Be sure to electrically short the V_{SS1} , V_{SS2} , and V_{SS3} pins.

Example 1: When the microcontroller is in the backup state in the HOLD mode, the power to sustain the high level of output ports is supplied by their backup capacitors.



Example 2: The high level output at ports is not sustained and unstable in the HOLD backup mode.



USB Reference Power Option

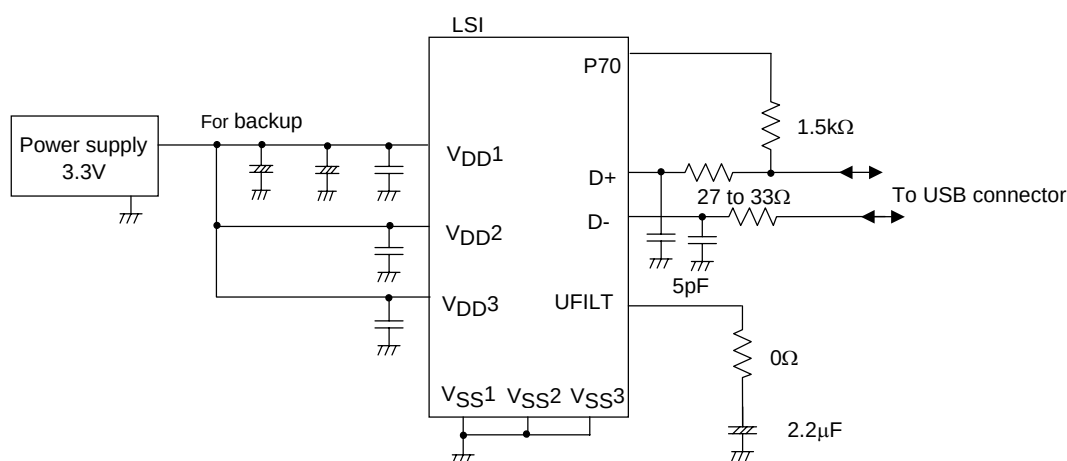
When a voltage 4.5 to 5.5V is supplied to V_{DD1} and the internal USB reference voltage circuit is activated, the reference voltage for USB port output is generated. The active/inactive state of reference voltage circuit can be switched by the option select. The procedure for marking the option selection is described below.

		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Option select	USB Regulator	USE	USE	USE	NONUSE
	USB Regulator at HOLD mode	USE	NONUSE	NONUSE	NONUSE
	USB Regulator at HALT mode	USE	NONUSE	USE	NONUSE
Reference voltage circuit state	Normal state	active	active	active	inactive
	HOLD mode	active	inactive	inactive	inactive
	HALT mode	active	inactive	active	inactive

- When the USB reference voltage circuit is made inactive, the level of the reference voltage for USB port output is equal to V_{DD1} .
- Selection (2) or (3) can be used to set the reference voltage circuit inactive in HOLD or HALT mode.
- When the reference voltage circuit is activated, the current drain increase by approximately 100 μ A compared with when the reference voltage circuit is inactive.

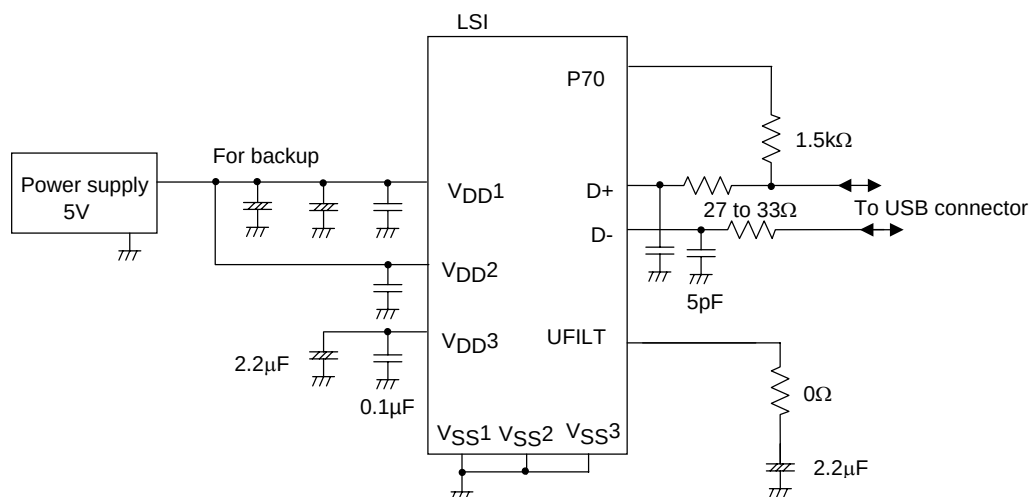
Example 1: $V_{DD1}=V_{DD2}=3.3V$

- Inactivating the reference voltage circuit (selection (4)).
- Connecting V_{DD3} to V_{DD1} and V_{DD2} .



Example 2: $V_{DD1}=V_{DD2}=5.0V$

- Activating the reference voltage circuit (selection (1)).
- Isolating V_{DD3} from V_{DD1} and V_{DD2} , and connecting capacitor between V_{DD3} and V_{SS} .



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Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C, VSS1 = VSS2 = VSS3 = 0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	VDD[V]	Specification			
					min	typ	max	unit
Maximum supply voltage	VDD max	VDD1, VDD2, VDD3	VDD1=VDD2=VDD3		-0.3		+6.5	V
Input voltage	VI(1)	XT1, CF1			-0.3		VDD+0.3	
Input/output voltage	VI(1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3, 7 PWM0, PWM1, XT2			-0.3		VDD+0.3	
High level output current	Peak output current	IOPH(1)	Ports 0, 1, 2 • When CMOS output type is selected • Per 1 applicable pin		-10			mA
		IOPH(2)	PWM0, PWM1 Per 1 applicable pin		-20			
		IOPH(3)	Ports 3 P71 to P73 • When CMOS output type is selected • Per 1 applicable pin		-5			
	Average output current (Note 1-1)	IOMH(1)	Ports 0, 1, 2 • When CMOS output type is selected • Per 1 applicable pin		-7.5			
		IOMH(2)	PWM0, PWM1 Per 1 applicable pin		-15			
		IOMH(3)	Ports 3 P71 to P73 • When CMOS output type is selected • Per 1 applicable pin		-3			
	Total output current	ΣIOAH(1)	Ports 0, 2 Total of all applicable pins		-25			
		ΣIOAH(2)	Ports 1 PWM0, PWM1 Total of all applicable pins		-25			
		ΣIOAH(3)	Ports 0, 1, 2 PWM0, PWM1 Total of all applicable pins		-45			
		ΣIOAH(4)	Ports 3 P71 to P73 Total of all applicable pins		-10			
		ΣIOAH(5)	D+, D- Total of all applicable pins		-25			
Low level output current	Peak output current	IOPL(1)	P02 to P07 Ports 1, 2 PWM0, PWM1 Per 1 applicable pin				20	
		IOPL(2)	P00, P01 Per 1 applicable pin				30	
		IOPL(3)	Ports 3, 7, XT2 Per 1 applicable pin				10	
	Average output current (Note 1-1)	IOML(1)	P02 to P07 Ports 1, 2 PWM0, PWM1 Per 1 applicable pin				15	
		IOML(2)	P00, P01 Per 1 applicable pin				20	
		IOML(3)	Ports 3, 7, XT2 Per 1 applicable pin				7.5	
	Total output current	ΣIOAL(1)	Ports 0, 2 Total of all applicable pins				45	
		ΣIOAL(2)	Ports 1 PWM0, PWM1 Total of all applicable pins				45	
		ΣIOAL(3)	Ports 0, 1, 2 PWM0, PWM1 Total of all applicable pins				80	
		ΣIOAL(4)	Ports 3, 7, XT2 Total of all applicable pins				15	
		ΣIOAL(5)	D+, D- Total of all applicable pins				25	
Allowable power Dissipation	Pd max	QIP48E(14×14)	Ta=-20to+70°C				330	mW
		TQFP48J(7×7)					190	
		TQFP64J(10×10)					280	
Operating ambient Temperature	Topr				-20		+70	°C
Storage ambient temperature	Tstg				-55		+125	

Note 1-1: The mean output current is a mean value measured over 100ms.

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Allowable Operating Conditions at Ta = -20°C to +70°C, V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = 0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	Specification				
				V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
Operating supply voltage (Note 2-1)	V _{DD} (1)	V _{DD1} =V _{DD2} =V _{DD3}	0.245μs≤tCYC≤200μs		3.0		5.5	V
			0.490μs≤tCYC≤200μs Except for onboard programming		2.7		5.5	
Memory sustaining supply voltage	V _{HD}	V _{DD1} =V _{DD2} =V _{DD3}	RAM and register contents sustained in HOLD mode.		2.0		5.5	
High level input voltage	V _{IH} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3 P71 to P73 P70 port input/ interrupt side PWM0, PWM1		2.7 to 5.5	0.3V _{DD} +0.7		V _{DD}	
	V _{IH} (2)	Port 70 watchdog timer side		2.7 to 5.5	0.9V _{DD}		V _{DD}	
	V _{IH} (3)	XT1, XT2, CF1, $\overline{\text{RES}}$		2.7 to 5.5	0.75V _{DD}		V _{DD}	
Low level input voltage	V _{IL} (1)	Ports 1, 2 P71 to P73		4.0 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.1V _{DD} +0.4	
	V _{IL} (2)	P70 port input/ interrupt side		2.7 to 4.0	V _{SS}		0.2V _{DD}	
	V _{IL} (3)	Ports 0, 3 PWM0, PWM1		4.0 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.15V _{DD} +0.4	
	V _{IL} (4)			2.7 to 4.0	V _{SS}		0.2V _{DD}	
	V _{IL} (5)	Port 70 watchdog timer side		2.7 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.8V _{DD} -1.0	
	V _{IL} (6)	XT1, XT2, CF1, $\overline{\text{RES}}$		2.7 to 5.5	V _{SS}		0.25V _{DD}	
Instruction cycle time (Note 2-2)	tCYC			3.0 to 5.5	0.245		200	μs
			Except for onboard programming	2.7 to 5.5	0.490		200	
External system clock frequency	FEXCF(1)	CF1	- CF2 pin open - System clock frequency division ratio=1/1 - External system clock duty =50±5%	3.0 to 5.5	0.1		12	MHz
			- CF2 pin open - System clock frequency division ratio=1/1 - External system clock duty =50±5%	2.7 to 5.5	0.1		6	
Oscillation frequency range (Note 2-3)	FmCF(1)	CF1, CF2	12 MHz ceramic oscillation See Fig. 1.	3.0 to 5.5		12		MHz
	FmCF(2)	CF1, CF2	6 MHz ceramic oscillation See Fig. 1.	2.7 to 5.5		6		
	FmRC		Internal RC oscillation	2.7 to 5.5	0.3	1.0	2.0	
	FsX'tal	XT1, XT2	32.768kHz crystal oscillation See Fig. 2.	2.7 to 5.5		32.768		kHz

Note 2-1: V_{DD} must be held greater than or equal to 3.0V in the flash ROM onboard programming mode.

Note 2-2: Relationship between tCYC and oscillation frequency is 3/FmCF at a division ratio of 1/1 and 6/FmCF at a division ratio of 1/2.

Note 2-3: See Tables 1 and 2 for the oscillation constants.

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Electrical Characteristics at Ta = -20°C to +70°C, V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = 0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	Specification			
					min	typ	max	unit
High level input current	I _{IH} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3 Port 7 $\overline{\text{RES}}$ PWM0, PWM1 D+, D-	Output disabled Pull-up resistor off V _{IN} =V _{DD} (Including output Tr's off leakage current)	2.7 to 5.5			1	μA
	I _{IH} (2)	XT1, XT2	For input port specification V _{IN} =V _{DD}	2.7 to 5.5			1	
	I _{IH} (3)	CF1	V _{IN} =V _{DD}	2.7 to 5.5			15	
Low level input current	I _{IL} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3 Port 7 $\overline{\text{RES}}$ PWM0, PWM1 D+, D-	Output disabled Pull-up resistor off V _{IN} =V _{SS} (Including output Tr's off leakage current)	2.7 to 5.5	-1			μA
	I _{IL} (2)	XT1, XT2	For input port specification V _{IN} =V _{SS}	2.7 to 5.5	-1			
	I _{IL} (3)	CF1	V _{IN} =V _{SS}	2.7 to 5.5	-15			
High level output voltage	V _{OH} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3 P71 to P73	I _{OH} =-1mA	4.5 to 5.5	V _{DD} -1			V
	V _{OH} (2)		I _{OH} =-0.4mA	3.0 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4			
	V _{OH} (3)		I _{OH} =-0.2mA	2.7 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4			
	V _{OH} (4)	P30 (when using MCLK output function) P73 (when using clock output function)	I _{OH} =-1.6mA	3.0 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4			
	V _{OH} (5)		I _{OH} =-1mA	2.7 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4			
	V _{OH} (6)	PWM0, PWM1	I _{OH} =-10mA	4.5 to 5.5	V _{DD} -1.5			
	V _{OH} (7)	P05 (CK0 when using system clock output function)	I _{OH} =-1.6mA	3.0 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4			
	V _{OH} (8)		I _{OH} =-1mA	2.7 to 5.5	V _{DD} -0.4			
Low level output voltage	V _{OL} (1)	P00, P01	I _{OL} =30mA	4.5 to 5.5			1.5	$\text{k}\Omega$
	V _{OL} (2)		I _{OL} =5mA	3.0 to 5.5			0.4	
	V _{OL} (3)		I _{OL} =2.5mA	2.7 to 5.5			0.4	
	V _{OL} (4)	Ports 0, 1, 2 PWM0, PWM1 XT2	I _{OL} =10mA	4.5 to 5.5			1.5	
	V _{OL} (5)		I _{OL} =1.6mA	3.0 to 5.5			0.4	
	V _{OL} (6)		I _{OL} =1mA	2.7 to 5.5			0.4	
	V _{OL} (7)	Ports 3, 7	I _{OL} =1.6mA	3.0 to 5.5			0.4	
	V _{OL} (8)		I _{OL} =1mA	2.7 to 5.5			0.4	
Pull-up resistance	R _{pu} (1)	Ports 0, 1, 2, 3	V _{OH} =0.9V _{DD}	4.5 to 5.5	15	35	80	$\text{k}\Omega$
	R _{pu} (2)	Port 7		2.7 to 5.5	18	50	150	
Hysteresis voltage	VHYS	$\overline{\text{RES}}$ Ports 1, 2, 7		2.7 to 5.5		0.1V _{DD}		V
Pin capacitance	CP	All pins	For pins other than that under test: V _{IN} =V _{SS} f=1MHz Ta=25°C	2.7 to 5.5		10		pF

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Serial I/O Characteristics at Ta = -20°C to +70°C, V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = 0V

1. SIO0 Serial I/O Characteristics (Note 4-1-1)

Parameter		Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	Specification			
						min	typ	max	unit
Serial clock	Input clock	Frequency	SCK0(P12)	See Fig.9.	2.7 to 5.5	2			tCYC
		Low level pulse width				1			
		High level pulse width				1			
		tSCKHA(1a)		- Continuous data transmission/reception mode - USB, SIO4 nor AIF are not in use simultaneous. - See Fig.9. (Note 4-1-2)		4			
		tSCKHA(1b)		- Continuous data transmission/reception mode - USB is in use simultaneous. - SIO4 nor AIF are not in use simultaneous. - See Fig.9. (Note 4-1-2)		7			
		tSCKHA(1c)		- Continuous data transmission/reception mode - USB, SIO4 and AIF are in use simultaneous. - See Fig.9. (Note 4-1-2)		9			
	Output clock	Frequency	SCK0(P12)	- CMOS output selected - See Fig.9.	2.7 to 5.5	4/3			tSCK
		Low level pulse width				1/2			
		High level pulse width				1/2			
		tSCKHA(2a)		- Continuous data transmission/reception mode - USB, SIO4 nor AIF are not in use simultaneous. - CMOS output selected - See Fig.9.		tSCKH(2) +2tCYC		tSCKH(2) +(10/3) tCYC	tCYC
		tSCKHA(2b)		- Continuous data transmission/reception mode - USB is in use simultaneous. - SIO4 nor AIF are not in use simultaneous. - CMOS output selected - See Fig.9.		tSCKH(2) +2tCYC		tSCKH(2) +(19/3) tCYC	
		tSCKHA(2c)		- Continuous data transmission/reception mode - USB, SIO4 and AIF are in use simultaneous. - CMOS output selected - See Fig.9.		tSCKH(2) +2tCYC		tSCKH(2) +(25/3) tCYC	

Note 4-1-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-1-2: To use serial-clock-input in continuous trans/rec mode, a time from SI0RUN being set when serial clock is "H" to the first negative edge of the serial clock must be longer than tSCKHA.

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Parameter			Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	Specification			
						V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max
Serial input	Data setup time		tsDI(1)	SB0(P11), SI0(P11)	- Must be specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK. - See Fig.9.	2.7 to 5.5	0.03		
	Data hold time		thDI(1)			2.7 to 5.5	0.03		
Serial output	Input clock	Output delay time	tdD0(1)	SO0(P10), SB0(P11)	- Continuous data transmission/reception mode (Note 4-1-3)	2.7 to 5.5			(1/3)tCYC +0.05
			tdD0(2)		- Synchronous 8-bit mode (Note 4-1-3)	2.7 to 5.5			1tCYC +0.05
	Output clock		tdD0(3)		(Note 4-1-3)	2.7 to 5.5			(1/3)tCYC +0.05

Note 4-1-3: Must be specified with respect to falling edge of SIOCLK. Must be specified as the time to the beginning of output state change in open drain output mode. See Fig.9.

2. SIO1 Serial I/O Characteristics (Note 4-2-1)

Parameter			Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	Specification			
						V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max
Serial clock	Input clock	Frequency	tSCK(3)	SCK1(P15)	See Fig.9.	2.7 to 5.5	2		
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(3)				1		
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(3)				1		
	Output clock	Frequency	tSCK(4)	SCK1(P15)	- CMOS output selected - See Fig.9.	2.7 to 5.5	2		
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(4)					1/2	
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(4)					1/2	
Serial input	Data setup time		tsDI(2)	SB1(P14), SI1(P14)	- Must be specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK. - See Fig.9.	2.7 to 5.5	0.03		
	Data hold time		thDI(2)			2.7 to 5.5	0.03		
Serial output	Output delay time		tdD0(4)	SO1(P13), SB1(P14)	- Must be specified with respect to falling edge of SIOCLK. - Must be specified as the time to the beginning of output state change in open drain output mode. - See Fig.9.	2.7 to 5.5			(1/3)tCYC +0.05

Note 4-2-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

3. SIO4 Serial I/O Characteristics (Note 4-3-1)

Parameter			Symbol	Pin/ Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	Specification			
							min	typ	max	unit
Serial clock	Input clock	Frequency	tSCK(5)	SCK4(P24)	See Fig.9.	2.7 to 5.5	2			tCYC
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(5)				1			
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(5)				1			
			tSCKHA(5a)		• USB, AIF nor continuous data Transmission/reception mode Of SIO0 are not in use simultaneous. • See Fig.9. • (Note 4-3-2)		4			
			tSCKHA(5b)		• USB is in use simultaneous. • AIF nor continuous data transmission/reception mode of SIO0 are not in use simultaneous. • See Fig.9. • (Note 4-3-2)		7			
			tSCKHA(5c)		• USB and continuous data transmission/ reception mode of SIO0 are in use simultaneous. • AIF is not in use simultaneous. • See Fig.9. • (Note 4-3-2)		10			
	Output clock	Frequency	tSCK(6)	SCK4(P24)	• CMOS output selected • See Fig.9.	2.7 to 5.5	4/3			tSCK
		Low level pulse width	tSCKL(6)		1/2			tCYC		
		High level pulse width	tSCKH(6)		1/2					
			tSCKHA(6a)		• USB, AIF nor continuous data transmission/reception mode of SIO0 are not in use simultaneous. • CMOS output selected • See Fig.9.		tSCKH(6) +(5/3) tCYC		tSCKH(6) +(10/3) tCYC	
			tSCKHA(6b)		• USB is in use simultaneous. • AIF nor continuous data transmission/reception mode of SIO0 are not in use simultaneous. • CMOS output selected • See Fig.9.		tSCKH(6) +(5/3) tCYC	tSCKH(6) +(19/3) tCYC		
			tSCKHA(6c)		• USB and continuous data transmission/reception mode of SIO0 are in use simultaneous. • AIF is not in use simultaneous. • CMOS output selected • See Fig.9.		tSCKH(6) +(5/3) tCYC	tSCKH(6) +(28/3) tCYC		
Serial input	Data setup time	tsDI(3)	SO4(P22), SI4(P23)	• Must be specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK. • See Fig.9.	2.7 to 5.5	0.03			μS	
	Data hold time	thDI(3)		2.7 to 5.5	0.03					

Note 4-3-1: These specifications are theoretical values. Add margin depending on its use.

Note 4-3-2: To use serial-clock-input in continuous trans/rec mode, a time from SI4RUN being set when serial clock is "H" to the first negative edge of the serial clock must be longer than tSCKHA.

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Parameter		Symbol	Pin/ Remarks	Conditions	V _{DD} [V]	Specification			
						min	typ	max	unit
Serial output	Output delay time	tdD0(5)	SO4(P22), SI4(P23)	• Must be specified with respect to rising edge of SIOCLK. • Must be specified as the time to the beginning of output state change in open drain output mode. • See Fig.9.	2.7 to 5.5			(1/3)tCYC +0.05	μS

Pulse Input Conditions at Ta = -20°C to +70°C, V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = 0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	Specification				
				V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
High/low level pulse width	tP1H(1) tP1L(1)	INT0(P70), INT1(P71), INT2(P72), INT4(P20 to P23), INT5(P24 to P27), INT6(P20), INT7(P24)	- Interrupt source flag can be set. - Event inputs for timer 0 or 1 are enabled.	2.7 to 5.5	1			tCYC
	tPIH(2) tPIL(2)	INT3(P73) when noise filter time constant is 1/1	- Interrupt source flag can be set. - Event inputs for timer 0 are enabled.	2.7 to 5.5	2			
	tPIH(3) tPIL(3)	INT3(P73) when noise filter time constant is 1/32	- Interrupt source flag can be set. - Event inputs for timer 0 are enabled.	2.7 to 5.5	64			
	tPIH(4) tPIL(4)	INT3(P73) when noise filter time constant is 1/128	- Interrupt source flag can be set. - Event inputs for timer 0 are enabled.	2.7 to 5.5	256			
	tPIL(5)	<u>RES</u>	Resetting is enabled.	2.7 to 5.5	200			μs

AD Converter Characteristics at Ta = -20°C to +70°C, V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = 0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pin/Remarks	Conditions	Specification				
				V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
Resolution	N	AN0(P00) to AN7(P07), AN8(P70), AN9(P71), AN10(XT1), AN11(XT2)		3.0 to 5.5		8		bit
Absolute accuracy	ET		(Note 6-1)	3.0 to 5.5			±1.5	LSB
Conversion time	TCAD		AD conversion time=32×tCYC (when ADCR2=0) (Note 6-2)	4.5 to 5.5	15.68 (tCYC=0.49μs)		97.92 (tCYC=3.06μs)	μs
				3.0 to 5.5	23.52 (tCYC=0.735μs)		97.92 (tCYC=3.06μs)	
			AD conversion time=64×tCYC (when ADCR2=1) (Note 6-2)	4.5 to 5.5	18.82 (tCYC=0.294μs)		97.92 (tCYC=1.53μs)	
				3.0 to 5.5	47.04 (tCYC=0.735μs)		97.92 (tCYC=1.53μs)	
Analog input voltage range	VAIN			3.0 to 5.5	V _{SS}		V _{DD}	V
Analog port input current	IAINH		VAIN=V _{DD}	3.0 to 5.5			1	μA
	IAINL	VAIN=V _{SS}	3.0 to 5.5	-1				

Note 6-1: The quantization error (±1/2LSB) is excluded from the absolute accuracy value.

Note 6-2: The conversion time refers to the interval from the time the instruction for starting the converter is issued till the time the complete digital value corresponding to the analog input value is loaded in the required register.

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Consumption Current Characteristics at Ta = -20°C to +70°C, VSS1 = VSS2 = VSS3 = 0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pin/ Remarks	Conditions	Specification				
				VDD[V]	min	typ	max	unit
Normal mode consumption current (Note 7-1)	IDDOP(1)	VDD1 =VDD2 =VDD3	- FmCF=12MHz ceramic oscillation mode - FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode - System clock set to 12MHz side - Internal PLL oscillation stopped - Internal RC oscillation stopped 1/1 frequency division ration	4.5 to 5.5		9.9	24	mA
	IDDOP(2)			3.0 to 3.6		5.6	14	
	IDDOP(3)		- FmCF=12MHz ceramic oscillation mode - FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode - System clock set to 12MHz side - Internal PLL oscillation mode - Internal RC oscillation stopped 1/1 frequency division ration	4.5 to 5.5		13	32	
	IDDOP(4)			3.0 to 3.6		7.3	18	
	IDDOP(5)		- FmCF=12MHz ceramic oscillation mode - FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode - System clock set to 6MHz side - Internal RC oscillation stopped 1/2 frequency division ration	4.5 to 5.5		6.4	15	
	IDDOP(6)			3.0 to 3.6		3.7	8.7	
	IDDOP(7)		- FmCF=0MHz (oscillation stopped) - FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode - System clock set to internal RC oscillation 1/2 frequency division ration	2.7 to 3.0		3.0	6.7	
	IDDOP(8)			4.5 to 5.5		0.67	3.2	
	IDDOP(9)			3.0 to 3.6		0.35	1.6	
	IDDOP(10)			2.7 to 3.0		0.30	1.3	
	IDDOP(11)		- FmCF=0MHz (oscillation stopped) - FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode - System clock set to 32.768kHz side - Internal RC oscillation stopped 1/2 frequency division ration	4.5 to 5.5		41	160	μA
	IDDOP(12)			3.0 to 3.6		17	60	
	IDDOP(13)			2.7 to 3.0		14	43	
HALT mode consumption current (Note 7-1)	IDDHALT(1)	VDD1 =VDD2 =VDD3	- HALT mode - FmCF=12MHz ceramic oscillation mode - FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode - System clock set to 12MHz side - Internal PLL oscillation stopped - Internal RC oscillation stopped 1/1 frequency division ration	4.5 to 5.5		4.9	12	mA
	IDDHALT(2)			3.0 to 3.6		2.7	6.5	
	IDDHALT(3)		- HALT mode - FmCF=12MHz ceramic oscillation mode - FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode - System clock set to 12MHz side - Internal PLL oscillation mode - Internal RC oscillation stopped 1/1 frequency division ration	4.5 to 5.5		7.3	18	
	IDDHALT(4)			3.0 to 3.6		4.0	9.6	
	IDDHALT(5)		- HALT mode - FmCF=12MHz ceramic oscillation mode - FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode - System clock set to 6MHz side - Internal RC oscillation stopped 1/2 frequency division ration	4.5 to 5.5		3.0	7.2	
	IDDHALT(6)			3.0 to 3.6		1.6	3.9	
	IDDHALT(7)			2.7 to 3.0		1.3	3.0	

Note 7-1: The consumption current value includes none of the currents that flow into the output Tr and internal pull-up resistors.

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Parameter	Symbol	Pin/ Remarks	Conditions	Specification				
				V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
HALT mode consumption current (Note 7-1)	IDDHALT(8)	V _{DD1} =V _{DD2} =V _{DD3}	• HALT mode • FmCF=0MHz (oscillation stopped) • FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode • System clock set to internal RC oscillation • 1/2 frequency division ration	4.5 to 5.5		0.37	1.8	mA
	IDDHALT(9)			3.0 to 3.6		0.18	0.83	
	IDDHALT(10)			2.7 to 3.0		0.15	0.62	
	IDDHALT(11)		• HALT mode • FmCF=0MHz (oscillation stopped) • FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode • System clock set to 32.768kHz side • Internal RC oscillation stopped • 1/2 frequency division ration	4.5 to 5.5		26	110	μA
	IDDHALT(12)			3.0 to 3.6		8.2	33	
	IDDHALT(13)			2.7 to 3.0		5.8	22	
HOLD mode consumption current	IDDHOLD(1)	V _{DD1}	HOLD mode • CF1=V_{DD} or open (External clock mode)	4.5 to 5.5		0.14	24	μA
	IDDHOLD(2)			3.0 to 3.6		0.04	15	
	IDDHOLD(3)			2.7 to 3.0		0.03	12	
Timer HOLD mode consumption current	IDDHOLD(4)	V _{DD1}	Timer HOLD mode • CF1=V_{DD} or open (External clock mode) • FsX'tal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation mode	4.5 to 5.5		21	90	μA
	IDDHOLD(5)			3.0 to 3.6		5.1	24	
	IDDHOLD(6)			2.7 to 3.0		3.3	14	

Note 7-1: The consumption current value includes none of the currents that flow into the output Tr and internal pull-up resistors.

USB Characteristics and Timing at Ta = 0°C to +70°C, V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = 0V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Specification			
			min	typ	max	unit
High level output	V _{OH} (USB)	• 15kΩ±5% to GND	2.8		3.6	V
Low level output	V _{OL} (USB)	• 1.5kΩ±5% to 3.6 V	0.0		0.3	V
Output signal crossover voltage	V _{CRS}		1.3		2.0	V
Differential input sensitivity	V _{DI}	• (D+)-(D-)	0.2			V
Differential input common mode range	V _{CM}		0.8		2.5	V
High level input	V _{IH} (USB)		2.0			V
Low level input	V _{IL} (USB)				0.8	V
USB data rise time	t _R	• R_S=27 to 33Ω, CL=50pF • V_{DD3}=3.0 to 3.6V	4		20	ns
USB data fall time	t _F	• R_S=27 to 33Ω, CL=50pF • V_{DD3}=3.0 to 3.6V	4		20	ns

F-ROM Programming Characteristics at Ta = +10°C to +55°C, V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = V_{SS3} = 0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Conditions	Specification				
				V _{DD} [V]	min	typ	max	unit
Onboard programming current	IDDFW(1)	V _{DD1}	• 128-byte programming • Erasing current included	3.0 to 5.5		25	40	mA
Programming time	tFW(1)		• 128-byte programming • Erasing current included • Time for setting up 128-byte data is excluded.	3.0 to 5.5		22.5	45	ms

Characteristics of a Sample Main System Clock Oscillation Circuit

Given below are the characteristics of a sample main system clock oscillation circuit that are measured using a SANYO-designated oscillation characteristics evaluation board and external components with circuit constant values with which the oscillator vendor confirmed normal and stable oscillation.

Table 1 Characteristics of a Sample Main System Clock Oscillator Circuit with a Ceramic Oscillator

Nominal Frequency	Vendor Name	Oscillator Name	Circuit Constant			Operating Voltage Range [V]	Oscillation Stabilization Time		Remarks
			C1 [pF]	C2 [pF]	Rd1 [Ω]		typ [ms]	max [ms]	
6MHz	MURATA	CSTCR6M00G15***-R0	(39)	(39)	1k	2.7 to 5.5	0.05	0.50	Built-in C1, C2
8MHz	MURATA	CSTCE8M00G15***-R0	(33)	(33)	680	3.0 to 5.5	0.05	0.50	
10MHz	MURATA	CSTCE10M0G15***-R0	(33)	(33)	470	3.0 to 5.5	0.05	0.50	
12MHz	MURATA	CSTCE12M0G15***-R0	(33)	(33)	470	3.0 to 5.5	0.05	0.50	

The oscillation stabilization time refers to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after V_{DD} goes above the operating voltage lower limit (see Figure 4).

Characteristics of a Sample Subsystem Clock Oscillator Circuit

Given below are the characteristics of a sample subsystem clock oscillation circuit that are measured using a SANYO-designated oscillation characteristics evaluation board and external components with circuit constant values with which the oscillator vendor confirmed normal and stable oscillation.

Table 2 Characteristics of a Sample Subsystem Clock Oscillator Circuit with a CF Oscillator

Nominal Frequency	Vendor Name	Oscillator Name	Circuit Constant				Operating Voltage Range [V]	Oscillation Stabilization Time		Remarks
			C3 [pF]	C4 [pF]	Rf [Ω]	Rd2 [Ω]		typ [s]	max [s]	
32.768kHz	EPSON TOYOCOM	MC-306	18	18	OPEN	510k	2.7 to 5.5	1.1	3.0	Applicable CL value=12.5pF

The oscillation stabilization time refers to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after the instruction for starting the subclock oscillation circuit is executed and to the time interval that is required for the oscillation to get stabilized after the HOLD mode is reset (see Figure 4).

Note: The components that are involved in oscillation should be placed as close to the IC and to one another as possible because they are vulnerable to the influences of the circuit pattern.

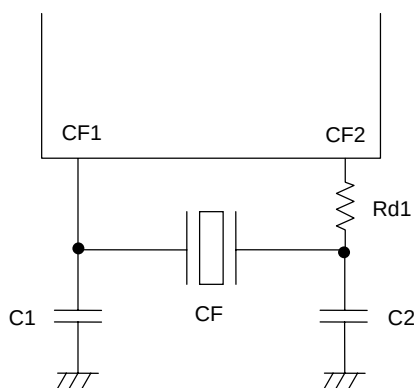


Figure 1 CF Oscillator Circuit

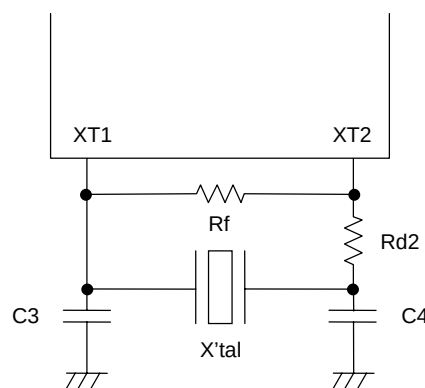


Figure 2 XT Oscillator Circuit

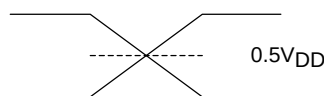
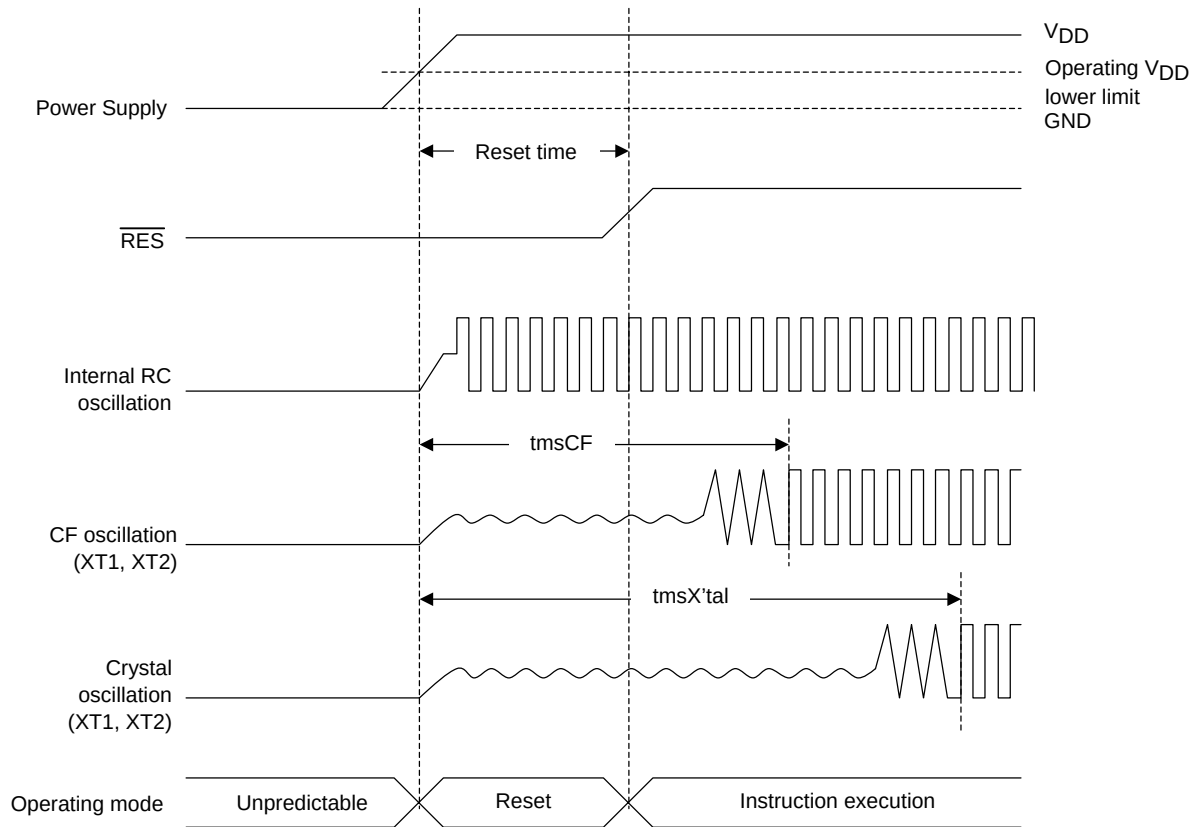
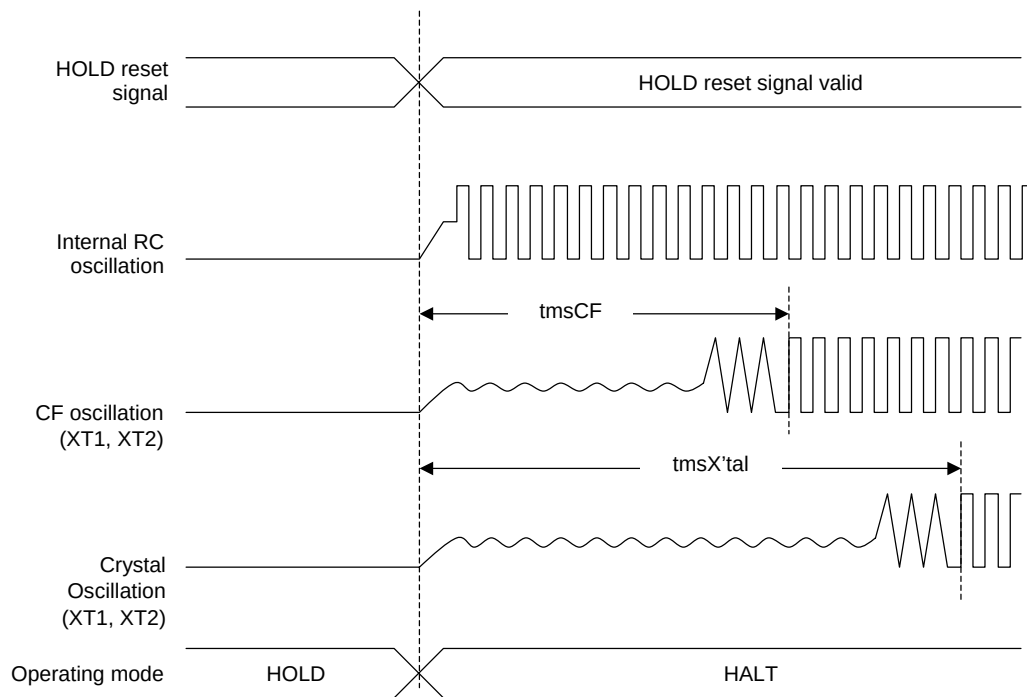


Figure 3 AC Timing Measurement Point

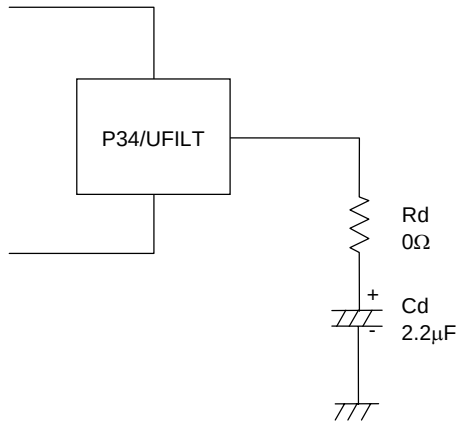


Reset Time and Oscillation Stabilization Time



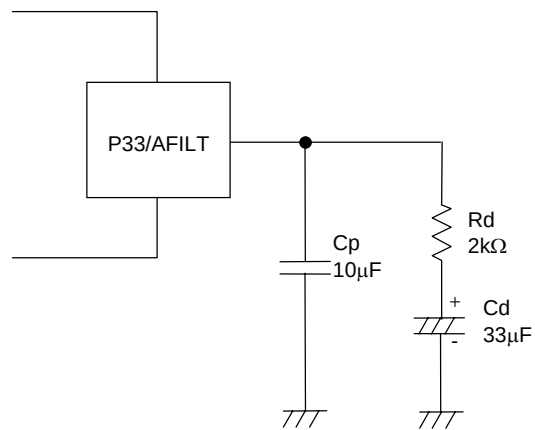
HOLD Reset Signal and Oscillation Stabilization Time

Figure 4 Oscillation Stabilization Time



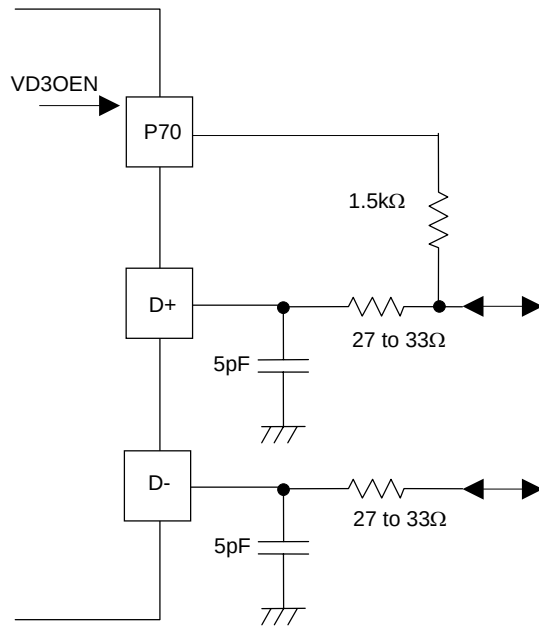
When using the internal PLL circuit to generate the 48 MHz clock for USB , it is necessary to connect a filter circuit such as that shown to the left to the P34/UFILT pin.

Figure 5 External Filter Circuit for the Internal USB-dedicated PLL Circuit



When using the internal PLL circuit to generate the master clock for the audio interface, it is necessary to connect a filter circuit such as that shown to the left to the P33 pin.

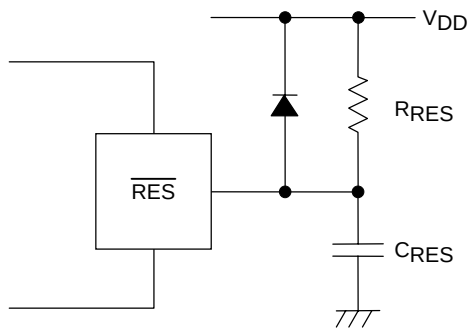
Figure 6 External Filter Circuit for the Internal Audio Interface Dedicated PLL Circuit



Note:

It's necessary to adjust the Circuit Constant of the USB Port Peripheral Circuit each mounting board. Make the D+ Pull-up resistors available to control on/off according to the Vbus.

Figure 7 USB Port Peripheral Circuit



Note:

Determine the value of C_{RES} and R_{RES} so that the reset signal is present for a period of 200μs after the supply voltage goes beyond the lower limit of the IC's operating voltage.

Figure 8 Reset Circuit

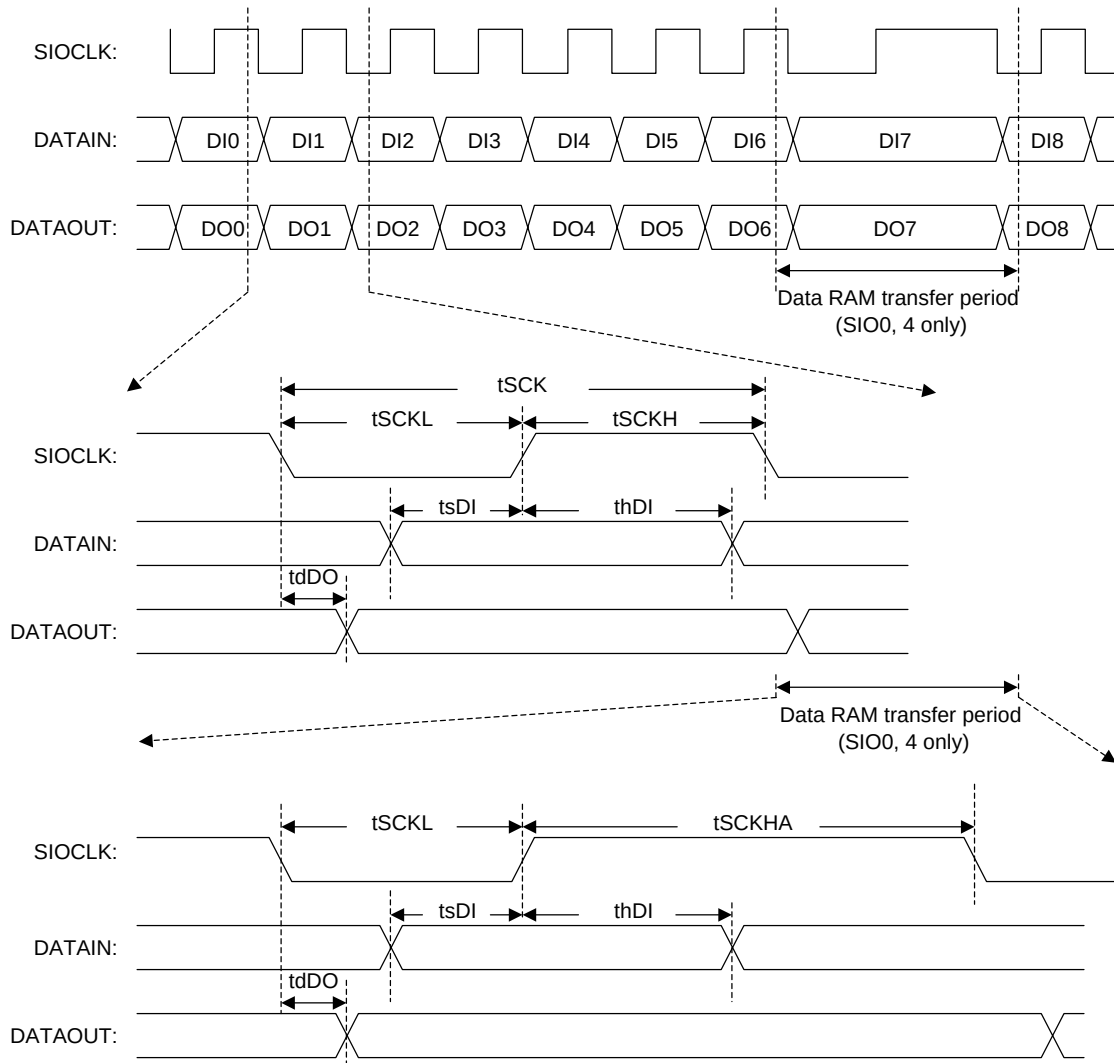


Figure 9 Serial I/O Waveforms

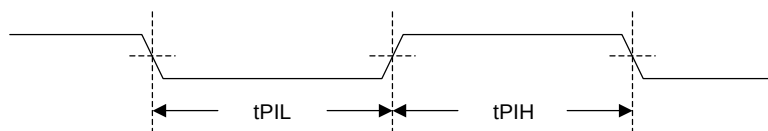


Figure 10 Pulse Input Timing Signal Waveform

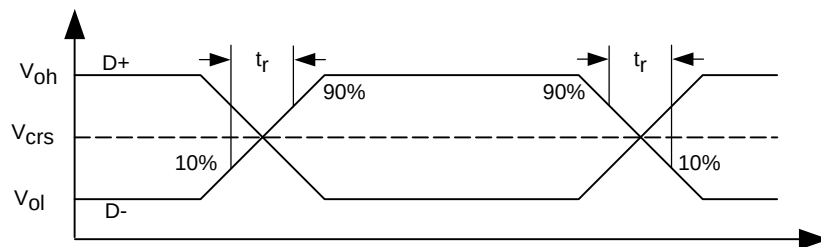


Figure 11 USB Data Signal Timing and Voltage Level

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