

SANYO Semiconductors DATA SHEET



смов IC Static Drive, 1/2-Duty Drive General-Purpose LCD Display Driver

Overview

The LC75841PE is static drive or 1/2-duty drive, microcontroller-controlled general-purpose LCD driver that can be used in applications such as frequency display in products with electronic tuning. In addition to being capable to drive up to 54 segments directly, it can control up to 4 general-purpose output ports.

Features

• Serial data control of switching between static drive mode and 1/2 duty drive mode.

When 1/1-duty: Capable of driving up to 27 segments

When 1/2-duty: Capable of driving up to 54 segments

- Serial data input supports CCB format communication with the system controller.
- Serial data control of the power-saving mode based backup function and the all segments forced off function.
- Serial data control of switching between the segment output port and general-purpose output port functions (up to 4 general-purpose output ports).
- Serial data control of the frame frequency of the common and segment output waveforms.
- Either RC oscillator operating or external clock operating mode can be selected with the serial control data.
- High generality, since display data is displayed directly without the intervention of a decoder circuit.
- The INH pin allows the display to be forced to the off state.
- Allows compatible operation with the LC75842 (842 mode transfer function).
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Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $Ta=25^{\circ}C,\,V_{SS}=0V$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V _{DD} max	V _{DD}	-0.3 to +7.0	V
Input voltage	V _{IN} 1	CE, CL, DI, INH	-0.3 to +7.0	
	V _{IN} 2	OSC	-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V
Output voltage	VOUT	S1 to S27, COM1, COM2, P1 to P4, OSC	-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V
Output current	IOUT1	S1 to S27	300	μΑ
	IOUT ²	COM1, COM2	3	0
	IOUT ³	P1 to P4	5	mA
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	Ta=105°C	50	mW
Operating temperature	Topr		-40 to +105	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-55 to +125	°C

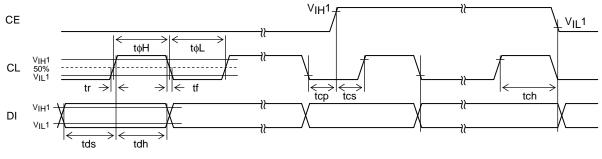
Allowable Operating Ranges at $Ta=-40 \ to \ +105^{\circ}C, \ V_{SS}=0V$

Parameter	Cumbal	Conditions		Ratings			unit
Parameter	Symbol			min	typ	max	unit
Supply voltage	V _{DD}	V _{DD}		4.0		6.0	V
Input high-level voltage	V _{IH} 1	CE, CL, DI, INH		0.45V _{DD}		6.0	V
	V _{IH} 2	OSC External clo	ock operating mode	0.45V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
Input low-level voltage	V _{IL} 1	CE, CL, DI, INH		0		0.2V _{DD}	V
	V _{IL} 2	OSC External clo	ock operating mode	0		0.2V _{DD}	V
Recommended external resistor for RC oscillation	Rosc	OSC RC oscillato	or operating mode		39		kΩ
Recommended external capacitor for RC oscillation	Cosc	OSC RC oscillator operating mode			1000		pF
Guaranteed range of RC oscillation	fosc	OSC RC oscillator operating mode		19	38	76	kHz
External clock operating frequency	^f CK	OSC External clo	ock operating mode [Figure 3]	19	38	76	kHz
External clock duty cycle	DCK	OSC External clock operating mode [Figure 3]		30	50	70	%
Data setup time	tds	CL, DI	[Figure 1][Figure 2]	160			ns
Data hold time	tdh	CL, DI	[Figure 1][Figure 2]	160			ns
CE wait time	tcp	CE, CL	[Figure 1][Figure 2]	160			ns
CE setup time	tcs	CE, CL	[Figure 1][Figure 2]	160			ns
CE hold time	tch	CE, CL	[Figure 1][Figure 2]	160			ns
High-level clock pulse width	tφH	CL	[Figure 1][Figure 2]	160			ns
Low-level clock pulse width	tφL	CL	[Figure 1][Figure 2]	160			ns
Rise time	tr	CE, CL, DI	[Figure 1][Figure 2]		160		ns
Fall time	tf	CE, CL, DI	[Figure 1][Figure 2]		160		ns
INH switching time	tc	ĪNH, CE	[Figure 4][Figure 5][Figure 6]	10			μs

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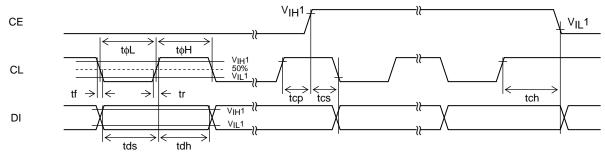
Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Conditions		Ratings		unit	
Farameter	Symbol	FIII	Conditions	min	typ	max	unit	
Hysteresis	V _H	CE, CL, DI, INH			0.03V _{DD}		V	
Input high-level current	I _{IH} 1	CE, CL, DI, INH	V _I =6.0V			5.0		
	I _{IH} 2	OSC	VI=VDD External clock operating mode			5.0	μA	
Input low-level current	I _{IL} 1	CE, CL, DI, INH	V _I =0V	-5.0				
	I _{IL} 2	OSC	VI=0V External clock operating mode	-5.0			μΑ	
Output high-level voltage	VOH1	S1 to S27	Ι _Ο =-20μΑ	V _{DD} -0.9				
	V _{OH} 2	COM1, COM2	I _O =-100μA	V _{DD} -0.9			V	
	V _{OH} 3	P1 to P4	I _O =-1mA	V _{DD} -0.9				
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} 1	S1 to S27	Ι _Ο =20μΑ			0.9		
	V _{OL} 2	COM1, COM2	Ι _Ο =100μΑ			0.9	V	
	V _{OL} 3	P1 to P4	I _O =1mA			0.9		
Output middle-level voltage	VMID	COM1, COM2	1/2 bias I _O =±100μA	1/2V _{DD} -0.9		1/2V _{DD} +0.9	V	
Oscillator frequency	fosc	OSC	RC oscillator operating mode, Rosc=39kΩ, Cosc=1000pF	30.4	38	45.6	kHz	
Current drain	I _{DD} 1	V _{DD}	Power-saving mode			15		
	I _{DD} 2	V _{DD}	V _{DD} =6.0V, Output open, RC oscillator operating mode, fosc=38kHz, Static		350	700		
	I _{DD} 3	V _{DD}	V _{DD} =6.0V, Output open, RC oscillator operating mode, fosc=38kHz, 1/2 duty		1500	3000		
	I _{DD} 4	V _{DD}	V _{DD} =6.0V, Output open, External clock operating mode, f _{CK} =38kHz, V _{IH} 2=0.5V _{DD} , V _{IL} 2=0.1V _{DD} , Static		450	900	μΑ	
	I _{DD} 5	V _{DD}	V _{DD} =6.0V, Output open, External clock operating mode, f _{CK} =38kHz, V _{IH} 2=0.5V _{DD} , V _{IL} 2=0.1V _{DD} , 1/2 duty		1600	3200		

1. When CL is stopped at the low level



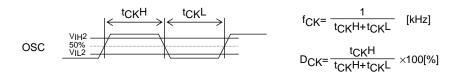
[Figure 1]

2. When CL is stopped at the high level



[Figure 2]

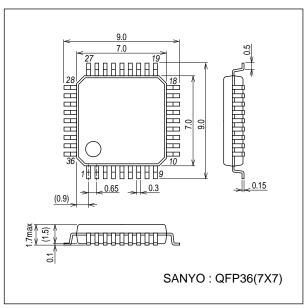
3. OSC pin clock timing in external clock operating mode



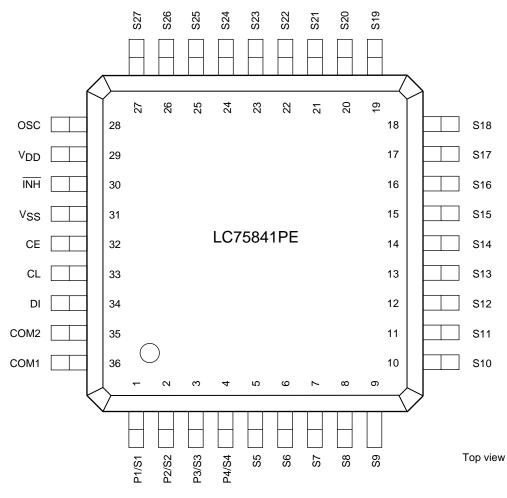
[Figure 3]

Package Dimensions

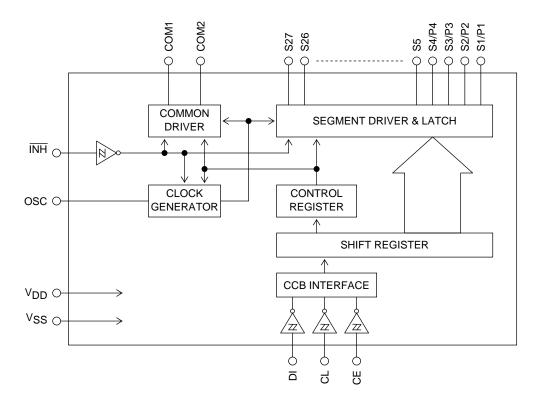
unit:mm (typ) 3162C



Pin Assignment



Block Diagram



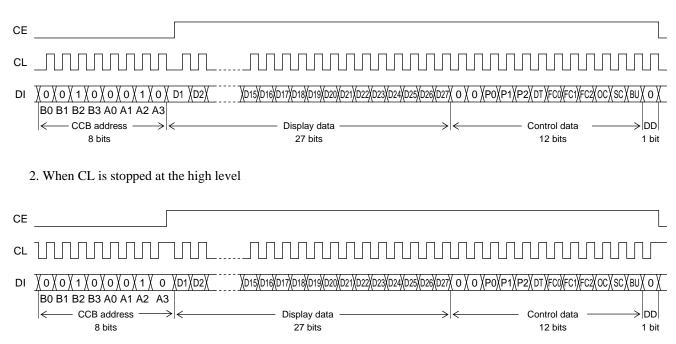
Pin Functions

Symbol	Pin No.	Function	Active	I/O	Handling when unused
S1/P1 to S4/P4 S5 to S27	1 to 4 5 to 27	Segment outputs for displaying the display data transferred by serial data input. The S1/P1 to S4/P4 pins can be used as general-purpose output ports when so set up by the control data.	-	ο	OPEN
COM1 COM2	36 35	Common driver outputs. The frame frequency is fo [Hz].	-	0	OPEN
OSC	28	Oscillator connection. An oscillator circuit is formed by connecting an external resistor and capacitor to this pin. This pin can be used as the external clock input pin if external clock operating mode is selected with the control data.	-	I/O	V _{DD}
CE CL DI	32 33 34	Serial data transfer inputs. Must be connected to the controller. CE: Chip enable CL: Synchronization clock DI: Transfer data	H	 	GND
ĪNH	30	Display off control input • INH = low (V _{SS})Display forced off \$1/P1 to \$4/P4 = low (V _{SS}) (These pins are forcibly set to the segment output port function and held at the V _{SS} level.) \$5 to \$27 = low (V _{SS}) COM1, COM2 = low (V _{SS}) OSC = Z (high impedance) RC oscillation stopped Inhibits external clock input. • INH = high (V _{DD})Display on RC oscillation enabled (RC oscillator operating mode) Enables external clock input (external clock operating mode) However, serial data transfer is possible when the display is forced off.	L	I	GND
V _{DD}	29	Power supply. Provide a voltage in the range 4.0 to 6.0V.	-	-	-
V _{SS}	31	Ground pin. Must be connected to ground.	-	-	-

Serial Data Transfer Formats

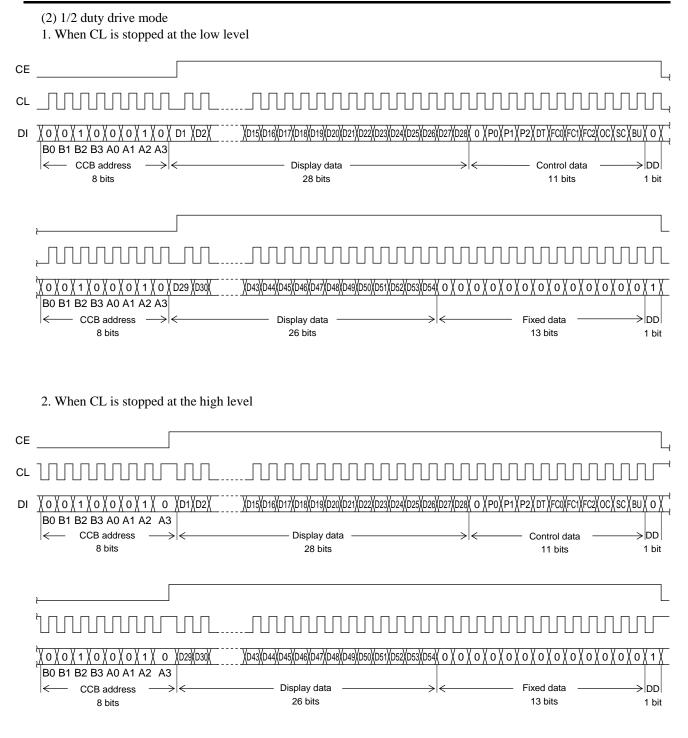
(1) Static drive mode

1. When CL is stopped at the low level



Note: DD is the direction data.

- CCB address "44H"
- D1 to D27 Display data
- P0 to P2 Segment output port/general-purpose output port switching control data
- DT Static drive or 1/2 duty drive switching control data
- FC0 to FC2 Common/segment output waveform frame frequency control data
- OC RC oscillator operating mode/external clock operating mode switching control data
- SC Segments on/off control data
- BU Normal mode/power-saving mode control data



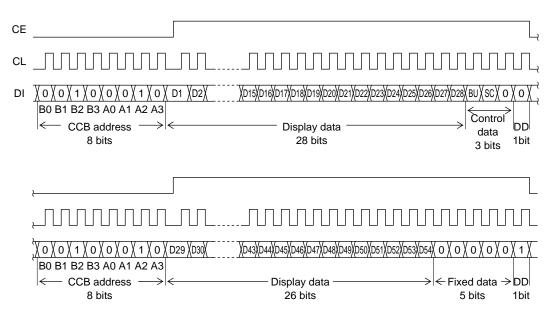
Note: DD is the direction data.

- CCB address "44H"
- D1 to D54 Display data
- P0 to P2 Segment output port/general-purpose output port switching control data
- \bullet DT $\hfill DT$ Static drive or 1/2 duty drive switching control data
- \bullet FC0 to FC2 \hdots Common/segment output waveform frame frequency control data
- OC RC oscillator operating mode/external clock operating mode switching control data
- SC Segments on/off control data
- BU Normal mode/power-saving mode control data

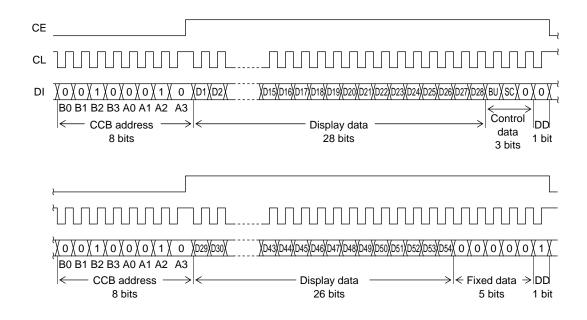
LC75841PE

Serial Data Transfer Formats (When in 842 mode data transfer)

- (1) 1/2 duty drive mode (When in 842 mode data transfer)
- 1. When CL is stopped at the low level



2. When CL is stopped at the high level



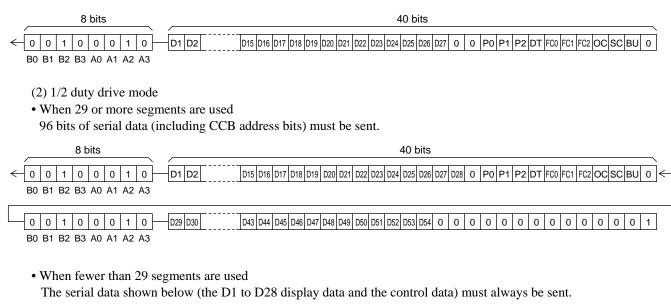
Note: DD is the direction data.

- CCB address "44H"
- D1 to D54 Display data
- BU Normal mode/power-saving mode control data
- SC Segments on/off control data

Serial Data Transfer Examples

(1) Static drive mode

The serial data shown in the figure below must be sent.



8 bits		40 bits		
	/		_	
$\leftarrow 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0 -$	D12	D15 D16 D17 D18 D19 D20 D21 D22 D23 D24 D25 D26 D27 D28 0 P0 P1 P2 DT FC0 FC1 FC2 OC SC BU	0	
B0 B1 B2 B3 A0 A1 A2 A3				

Serial Data Transfer Examples (When in 842 mode data transfer)

(1) 1/2 duty drive mode (When in 842 mode data transfer)

• When 29 or more segments are used

80 bits of serial data (including CCB address bits) must be sent.

8 bits	32 bits
	D1 D2 D15 D16 D17 D18 D19 D20 D21 D22 D23 D24 D25 D26 D27 D28 BU SC 0 0
B0 B1 B2 B3 A0 A1 A2 A3	
0 0 1 0 0 1 0	D29 D30 D43 D44 D45 D46 D47 D48 D49 D50 D51 D52 D53 D54 O O O O I
B0 B1 B2 B3 A0 A1 A2 A3	

• When fewer than 29 segments are used The serial data shown in the figure below (the D1 to D28 display data, and the control data) must be sent.

8 bits

32 bits

Control Data Functions

 P0 to P2: Segment output port/general-purpose output port switching control data These control data bits switch the segment output port/general-purpose output port functions of the S1/P1 to S4/P4 output pins.

	Control data	l	Output pin state			
P0	P1	P2	S1/P1	S2/P2	S3/P3	S4/P4
0	0	0	S1	S2	S3	S4
0	0	1	P1	S2	S3	S4
0	1	0	P1	P2	S3	S4
0	1	1	P1	P2	P3	S4
1	0	0	P1	P2	P3	P4

However, segment output port is forcibly selected when in 842 mode data transfer.

Note: Sn (n = 1 to 4): Segment output ports

Pn (n = 1 to 4): General-purpose output ports

Note that when the general-purpose output port function is selected, the correspondence between the output pins and the display data will be that shown in the table.

Output sin	Corresponding display data			
Output pin	Static drive mode	1/2 duty drive mode		
S1/P1	D1	D1		
S2/P2	D2	D3		
S3/P3	D3	D5		
S4/P4	D4	D7		

For example, if the general-purpose output port function is selected for the S4/P4 output pin in 1/2 duty drive mode, it will output a high level (V_{DD}) when display data D7 is 1, and a low level (V_{SS}) when D7 is 0.

2. DT: Static drive mode or 1/2 duty drive mode switching control data

This control data bit selects either static drive mode or 1/2 duty drive mode.

However, 1/2 duty drive mode is forcibly selected when in 842 mode data transfer.

DT	Duty drive mode	Output pin state (COM2)	
0	Static drive mode	V _{SS} level	
1	1/2 duty drive mode	COM2	

Note: COM2...Common output

3. FC0 to FC2: Common/segment output waveform frame frequency control data

These control data bits set the frame frequency of the common and segment output waveforms.

However, fo=fosc/384 is forcibly selected when in 842 mode data transfer.

	Control data		
FC0	FC1	FC2	Frame frequency fo [Hz]
1	1	0	fosc/768, f _{CK} /768
1	1	1	fosc/576, f _{CK} /576
0	0	0	fosc/384, f _{CK} /384
0	0	1	fosc/288, f _{CK} /288
0	1	0	fosc/192, f _{CK} /192

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4. OC: RC oscillator operating mode/external clock operating mode switching control data This control data bit switches the OSC pin function (either RC oscillator operating mode or external clock operating mode).

OC	OSC pin function
0	RC oscillator operating mode
1	External clock operating mode

Note: An external resistor, Rosc, and an external capacitor, Cosc, must be connected to the OSC pin if RC oscillator operating mode is selected.

5. SC: Segment on/off control data

This control data bit controls the on/off state of the segments.

SC	Display state	
0	On	
1	Off	

Note that when the segments are turned off by setting SC to 1, the segments are turned off by outputting segment off waveforms from the segment output pins.

6. BU: Normal mode/power-saving mode control data

This control data bit selects either normal mode or power-saving mode.

BU	Mode		
0	Normal mode		
1	Power-saving mode. $\left(\begin{array}{c} In \ RC \ oscillator \ operating \ mode \ (OC = 0), \ the \ OSC \ pin \ oscillator \ is \ stopped, \ and \ in \ external \ clock \ operating \ mode \ (OC = 1), \ acceptance \ of \ the \ external \ clock \ is \ stopped. \ In \ this \ mode \ the \ common \ and \ segment \ output \ pins \ go \ to \ the \ V_{SS} \ levels. \ However, \ S1/P1 \ to \ S4/P4 \ output \ pins \ that \ are \ set \ to \ be \ general-purpose \ output \ ports \ by \ the \ control \ data \ P0 \ to \ P2 \ can \ be \ used \ as \ general-purpose \ output \ ports. \ $		

COM1 D11 D12 D13 D14 D15 D16 D16 D17 D18 D19 D20

Display Data and Output Pin Correspondence

(1) Static drive mode

-/ ~				
Output pin	COM1 Outpu		Output pin	
S1/P1	D1	D1 S11		
S2/P2	D2		S12	
S3/P3	D3	S13		
S4/P4	D4	S14		
S5	D5		S15	
S6	D6		S16	
S7	D7		S17	
S8	D8	S18		
S9	D9	D9 S19		
S10	D10	S20		

Output pin	COM1
S21	D21
S22	D22
S23	D23
S24	D24
S25	D25
S26	D26
S27	D27
·	

Notes: This applies to the case where the S1/P1 to S4/P4 output pins are set to be segment output ports. The static drive mode cannot be selected when in 842 mode data transfer.

For example, the table below lists the output states for the S11 output pin.

Display data		
D11	Output pin (S11) state	
0	The LCD segment corresponding to COM1 is off	
1	The LCD segment corresponding to COM1 is on	

(2) 1/2 duty drive mode

Output pin	COM1	COM2	
S1/P1	D1	D2	
S2/P2	D3	D4	
S3/P3	D5	D6	
S4/P4	D7	D8	
S5	D9	D10	
S6	D11	D12	
S7	D13	D14	
S8	D15	D16	
S9	D17	D18	
S10	D19	D20	

Output pin	COM1	COM2
S11	D21	D22
S12	D23	D24
S13	D25	D26
S14	D27	D28
S15	D29	D30
S16	D31	D32
S17	D33	D34
S18	D35	D36
S19	D37	D38
S20	D39	D40

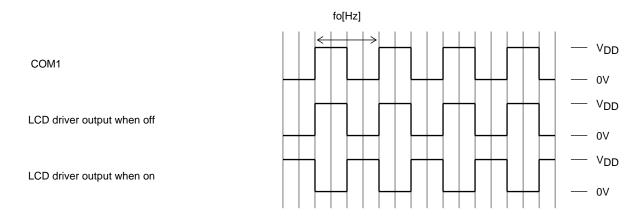
Output pin	COM1	COM2
S21	D41	D42
S22	D43	D44
S23	D45	D46
S24	D47	D48
S25	D49	D50
S26	D51	D52
S27	D53	D54

Note: This applies to the case where the S1/P1 to S4/P4 output pins are set to be segment output ports.

For example, the table below lists the output states for the S11 output pin.

Display data		Output pin (\$11) state	
D21	D22	Output pin (S11) state	
0	0	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1 and COM2 are off.	
0	1	The LCD segment corresponding to COM2 is on.	
1	0	The LCD segment corresponding to COM1 is on.	
1	1	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1 and COM2 are on.	

Output Waveforms (Static drive mode)



Output Waveforms (1/2 duty, 1/2 bias drive mode)

COM1

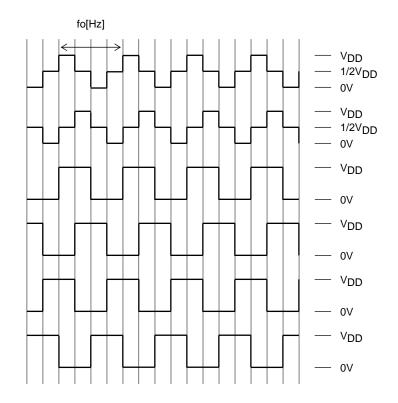
COM2

LCD driver output when all LCD segments corresponding to COM1 and COM2 are off.

LCD driver output when only LCD segments corresponding to COM1 are on.

LCD driver output when only LCD segments corresponding to COM2 are on.

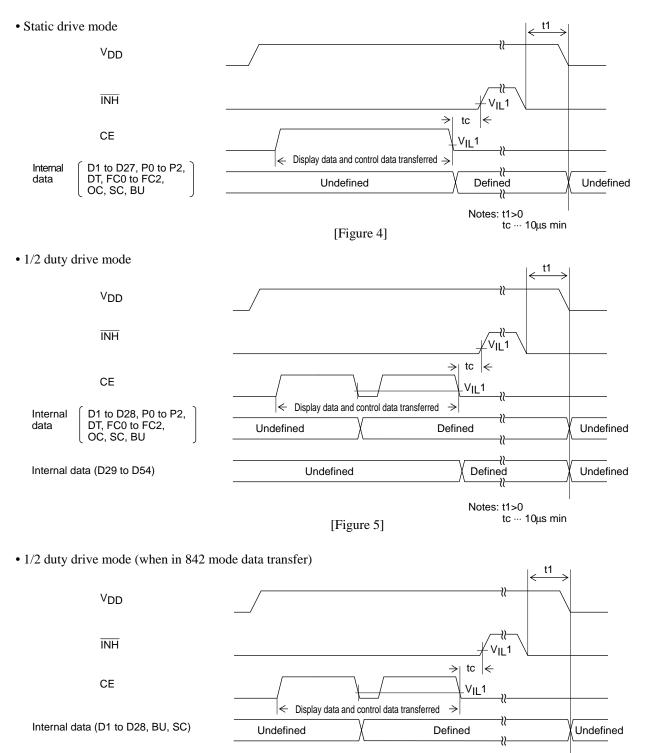
LCD driver output when all LCD segments corresponding to COM1 and COM2 are on.



Control data			
FC0	FC1	FC2	Frame frequency fo [Hz]
1	1	0	fosc/768, f _{CK} /768
1	1	1	fosc/576, f _{CK} /576
0	0	0	fosc/384, f _{CK} /384
0	0	1	fosc/288, f _{CK} /288
0	1	0	fosc/192, f _{CK} /192

Display Control and the INH Pin

Since the IC's internal data (the display data D1 to D27 and the control data when in static drive mode, and the display data D1 to D54 and the control data when in 1/2 duty drive mode) is undefined when power is first applied, applications should set the \overline{INH} pin low at the same time as power is applied to turn off the display (setting S1/P1 to S4/P4 and S5 to S27, COM1, and COM2 to the V_{SS} level) and during this period send serial data from the controller. The controller should then set the \overline{INH} pin high after the data transfer has completed. This procedure prevents unnecessary display at power on. (See figure 4, figure 5 and figure 6)



Internal data (D29 to D54)

[Figure 6]

Defined

Notes: t1>0

tc ··· 10µs min

Undefined

Undefined

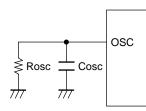
Notes on Controller Transfer of Display Data

Since the LC75841PE transfer the display data (D1 to D54) in two separate transfer operations in 1/2 duty drive mode, we recommend that applications make a point of completing all of the display data transfer within a period of less than 30ms to prevent observable degradation of display quality.

OSC Pin Peripheral Circuit

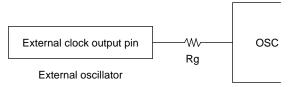
(1) RC oscillator operating mode (control data OC = 0)

An external resistor, Rosc, and an external capacitor, Cosc, must be connected between the OSC pin and GND if RC oscillator operating mode is selected.



(2) External clock operating mode (control data OC = 1)

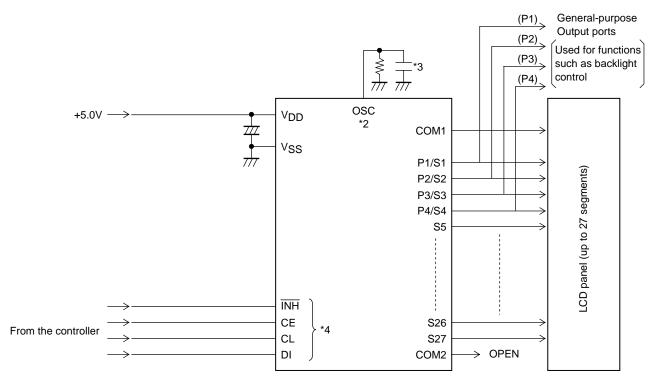
When the external clock operating mode is selected, insert a current protection resistor Rg (4.7 to $47k\Omega$) between the OSC pin and external clock output pin (external oscillator). Determine the value of the resistance according to the allowable current value at the external clock output pin. Also make sure that the waveform of the external clock is not heavily distorted.



Note: Allowable current value at external clock output pin > $\frac{V_{DD}}{Rg}$

Sample Application Circuit 1

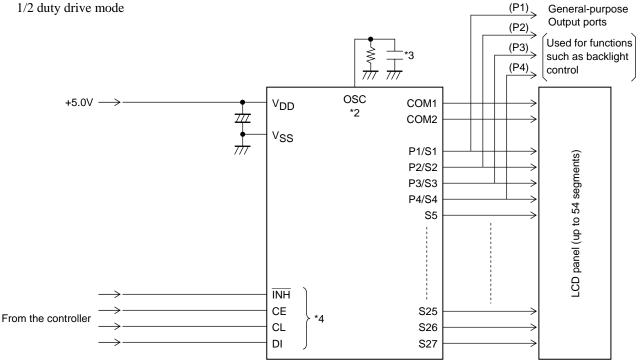
Static drive mode



- *2: In RC oscillator operating mode, an external resistor, Rosc, and an external capacitor, Cosc, must be connected between the OSC pin and ground. If external clock operating mode is selected, a current protection resistor, Rg (4.7 to 47kΩ), must be inserted between the external clock output pin (on the external oscillator) and the OSC pin. (See the "OSC Pin Peripheral Circuit" section.)
- *3: When a capacitor except the recommended external capacitance (Cosc = 1000pF) is connected to the OSC pin, it should be in the range 220 to 2200pF.
- *4: The pins to be connected to the controller (CE, CL, DI, INH) can handle 3.3V or 5.0V.

Sample Application Circuit 2

1/2 duty drive mode



- *2: In RC oscillator operating mode, an external resistor, Rosc, and an external capacitor, Cosc, must be connected between the OSC pin and ground. If external clock operating mode is selected, a current protection resistor, Rg (4.7 to $47k\Omega$), must be inserted between the external clock output pin (on the external oscillator) and the OSC pin. (See the "OSC Pin Peripheral Circuit" section.)
- *3: When a capacitor except the recommended external capacitance (Cosc = 1000pF) is connected to the OSC pin, it should be in the range 220 to 2200pF.
- *4: The pins to be connected to the controller (CE, CL, DI, INH) can handle 3.3V or 5.0V.
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