

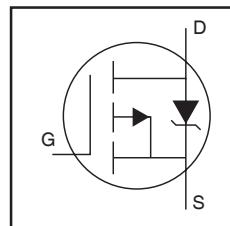
Features

- Advanced Process Technology
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- 150°C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching
- Repetitive Avalanche Allowed up to Tjmax
- Some Parameters Are Different from IRF4905S
- Lead-Free

Description

Features of this design are a 150°C junction operating temperature, fast switching speed and improved repetitive avalanche rating. These features combine to make this design an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in a wide variety of other applications.

HEXFET® Power MOSFET



$V_{DSS} = -55V$
$R_{DS(on)} = 20m\Omega$
$I_D = -42A$

D²Pak
IRF4905SPbF

TO-262
IRF4905LPbF

G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Silicon Limited)	-70	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Silicon Limited)	-44	
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Package Limited)	-42	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	-280	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	170	W
	Linear Derating Factor	1.3	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
E_{AS} (Thermally limited)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	140	mJ
E_{AS} (Tested)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Tested Value ③	790	
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ④	See Fig.12a, 12b, 15, 16	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ⑤		mJ
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 150	°C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (1.6mm from case)	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 screw ⑦	10 lbf•in (1.1N•m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case ⑧	—	0.75	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB Mount, steady state) ⑦⑧	—	40	

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	-55	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = -250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	-0.054	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = -1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	—	20	m Ω	$V_{GS} = -10V, I_D = -42A$ ③
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	-2.0	—	-4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = -250\mu A$
gfs	Forward Transconductance	19	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = -25V, I_D = -42A$
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	-25	μA	$V_{DS} = -55V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	-200		$V_{DS} = -44V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = -20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = 20V$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	120	180	nC	$I_D = -42A$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	32	—		$V_{DS} = -44V$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	53	—		$V_{GS} = -10V$ ③
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	20	—	ns	$V_{DD} = -28V$
t_r	Rise Time	—	99	—		$I_D = -42A$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	51	—		$R_G = 2.6\ \Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	64	—		$V_{GS} = -10V$ ③
L_S	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—	nH	Between lead, and center of die contact
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	3500	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	1250	—		$V_{DS} = -25V$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	450	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	4620	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = -1.0V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	940	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = -44V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{oss\ eff.}$	Effective Output Capacitance	—	1530	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V\ \text{to}\ -44V$ ④

Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	-42	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	-280		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	-1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = -42A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ③
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	61	92	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = -42A, V_{DD} = -28V$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	150	220	nC	$di/dt = -100A/\mu s$ ③
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD)				

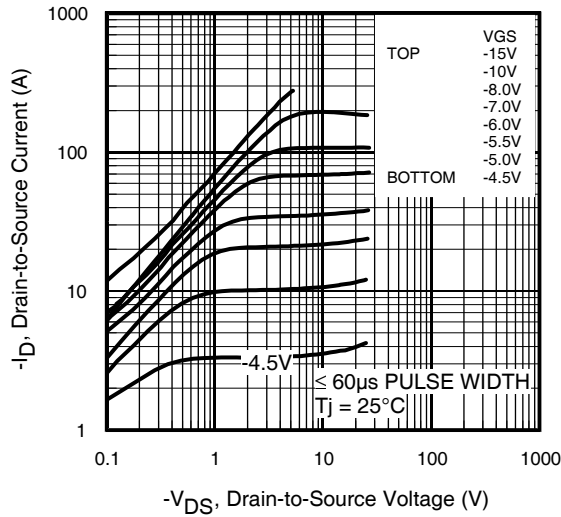


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

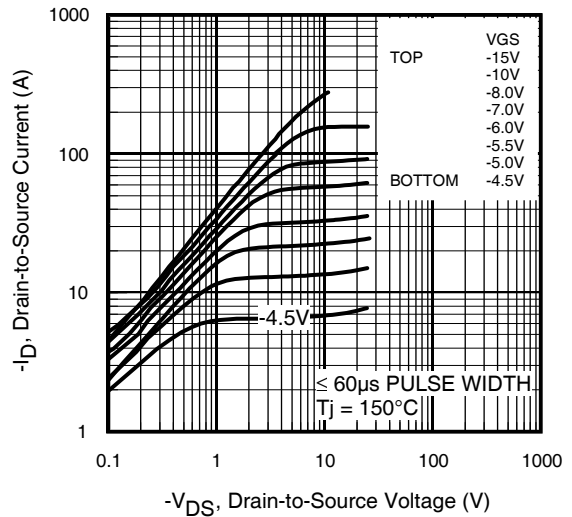


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

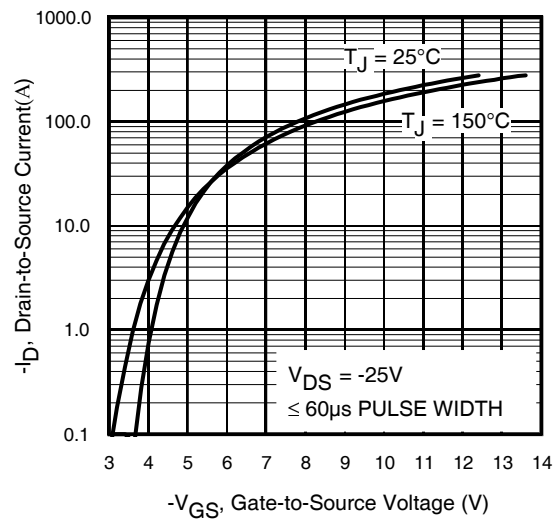


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

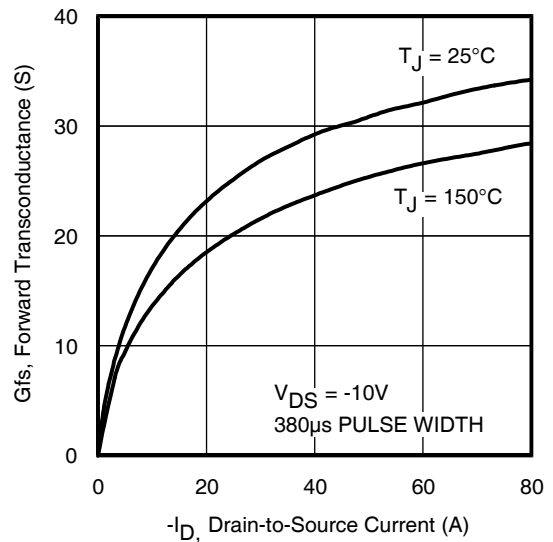


Fig 4. Typical Forward Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

IRF4905S/L

International
IR Rectifier

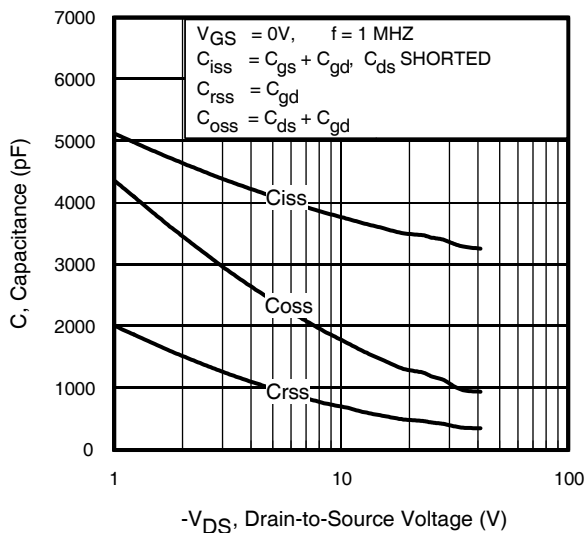


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

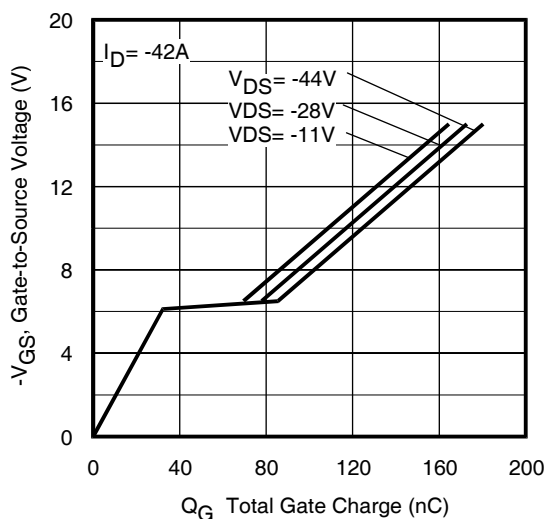


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

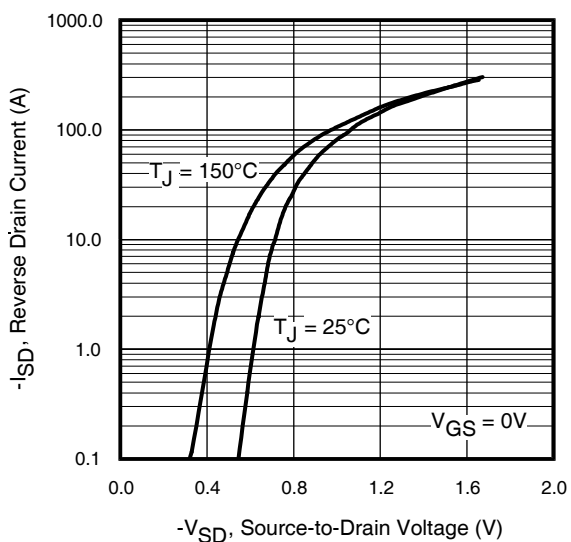


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

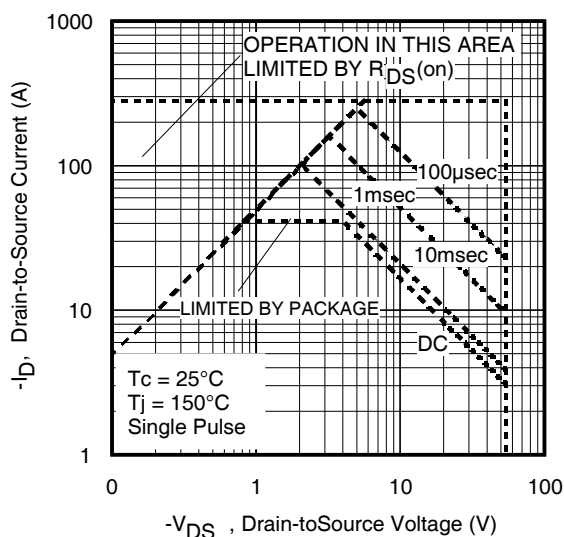


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

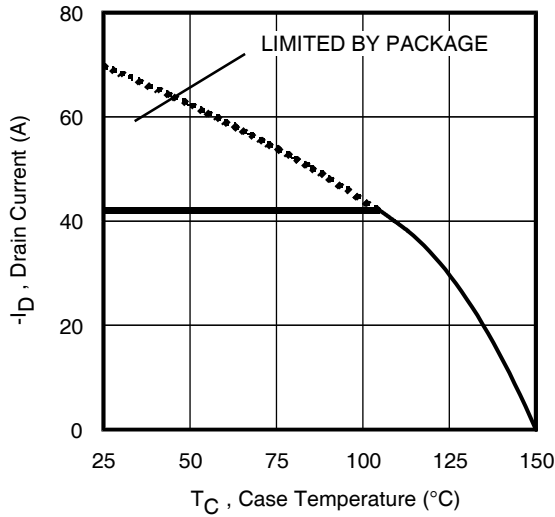


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

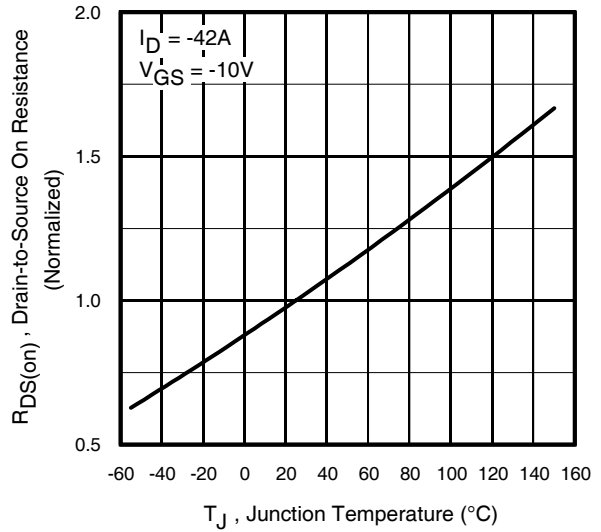


Fig 10. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

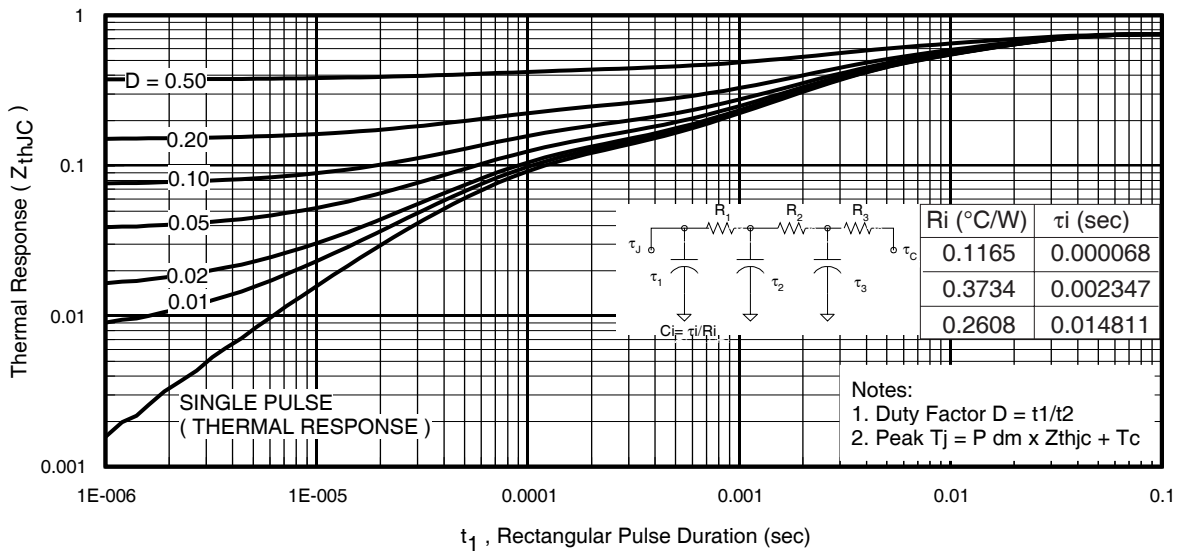


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

IRF4905S/L

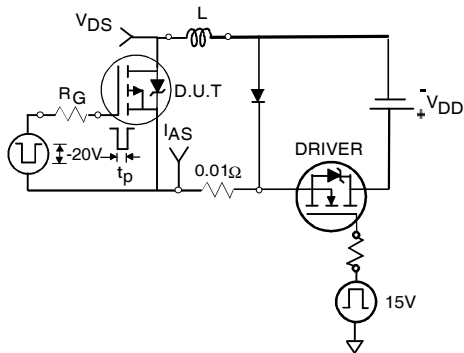


Fig 12a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

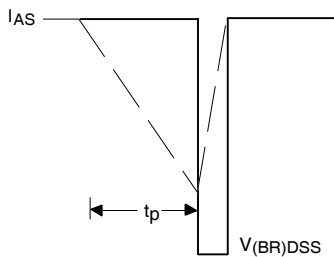


Fig 12b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

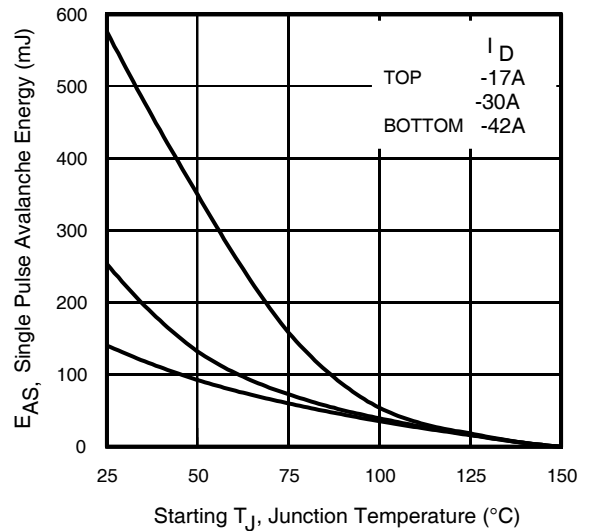


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

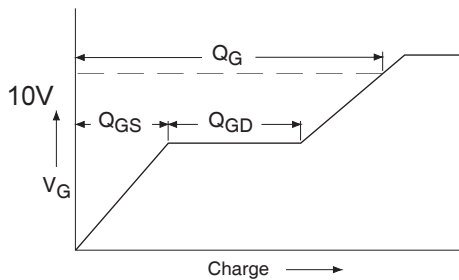


Fig 13a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

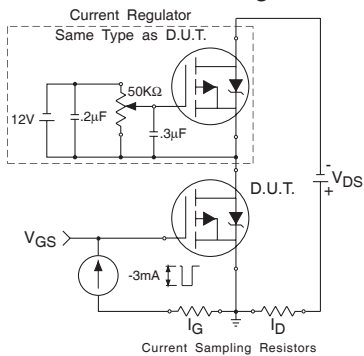


Fig 13b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

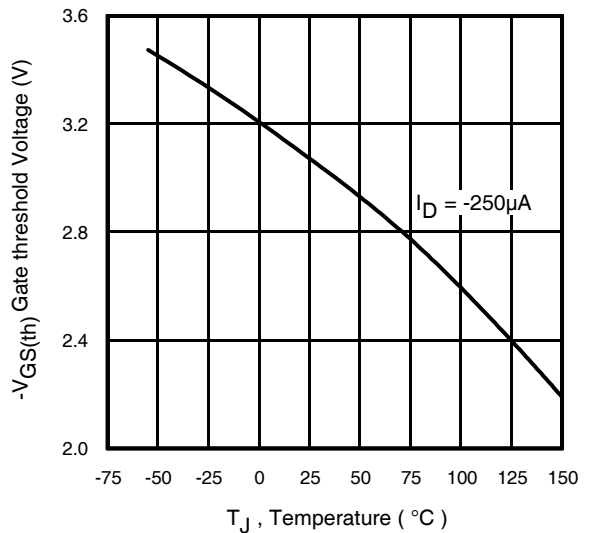


Fig 14. Threshold Voltage Vs. Temperature

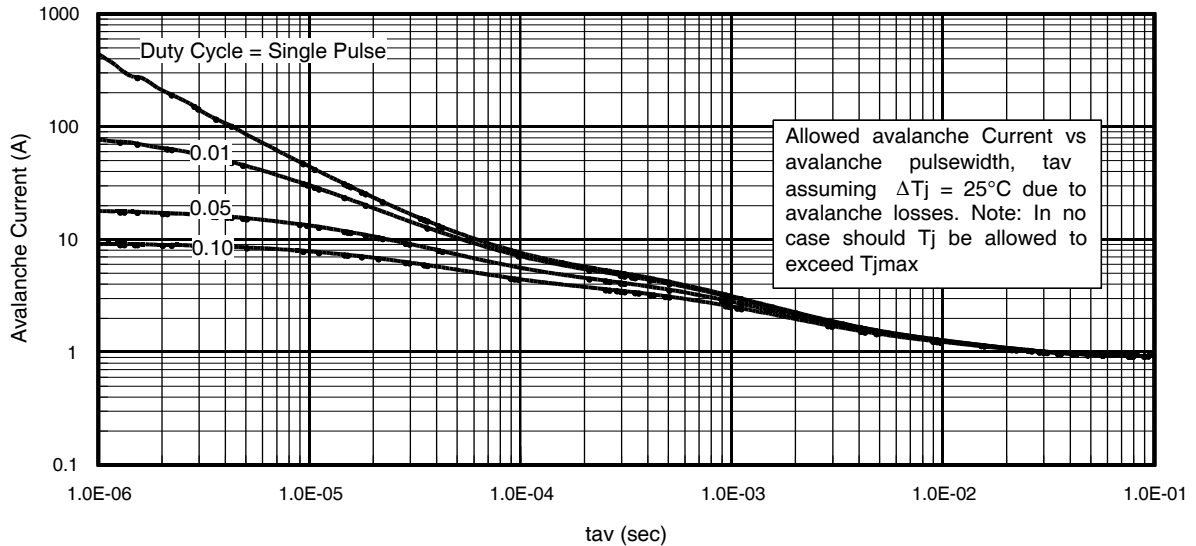


Fig 15. Typical Avalanche Current Vs.Pulsewidth

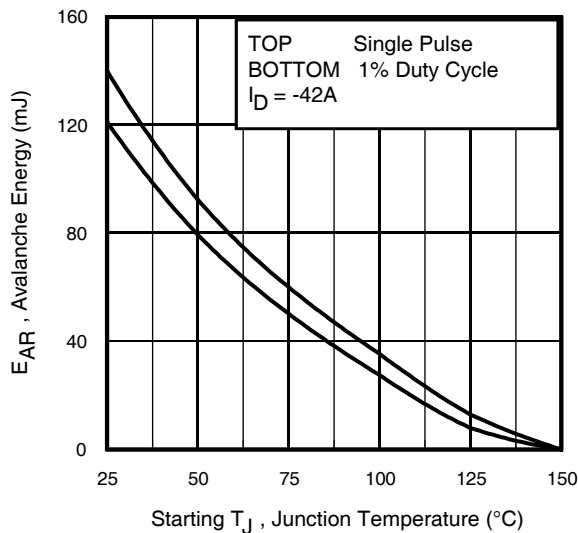


Fig 16. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Temperature

Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 15, 16:
(For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

1. Avalanche failures assumption:
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax} . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as T_{jmax} is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 12a, 12b.
4. $P_{D(ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 15, 16).
 t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.
 D = Duty cycle in avalanche = $t_{av} \cdot f$
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see figure 11)

$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

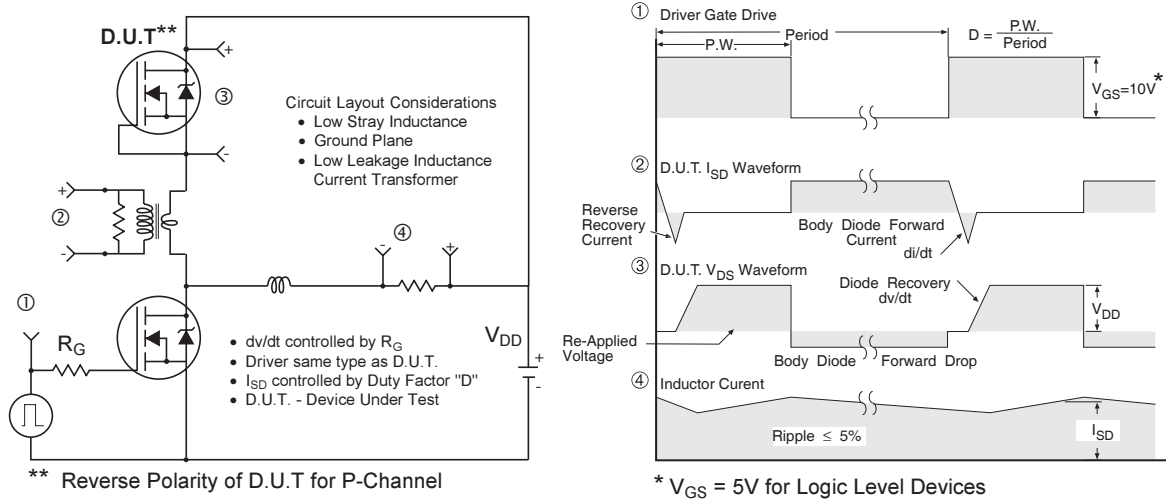


Fig 17. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for P-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

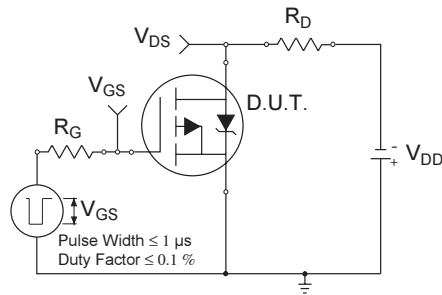


Fig 18a. Switching Time Test Circuit

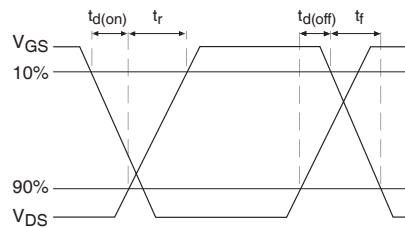
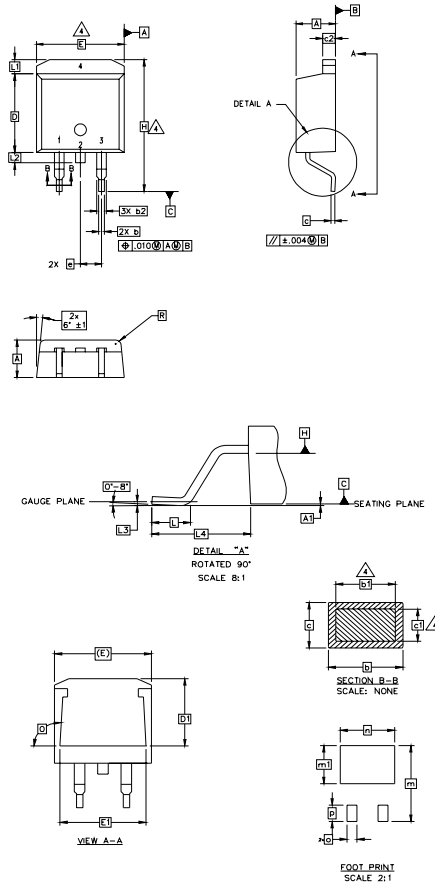


Fig 18b. Switching Time Waveforms

D²Pak Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
3. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.127 [.005"] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
4. DIMENSION b1 AND c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
5. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	4.06	4.83	.160	.190	
A1	0.00	0.254	.000	.010	
b	0.51	0.99	.020	.039	4
b1	0.51	0.89	.020	.035	
b2	1.14	1.78	.045	.070	
c	0.38	0.74	.015	.029	
c1	0.38	0.58	.015	.023	4
c2	1.14	1.65	.045	.065	
D	8.51	9.65	.335	.380	3
D1	6.86		.270		
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	3
E1	6.22		.245		
e	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC		
H	14.61	15.88	.575	.625	
L	1.78	2.79	.070	.110	
L1		1.65		.065	
L2	1.27	1.78	.050	.070	
L3	0.25 BSC		.010 BSC		
L4	4.78	5.28	.188	.208	
m	17.78		.700		
m1	8.89		.350		
n	11.43		.450		
o	2.08		.082		
p	3.81		.150		
R	0.51	0.71	.020	.028	
θ	90°	93°	90°	93°	

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET

- 1.- GATE
- 2, 4.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE

IGBTs, CoPACK

- 1.- GATE
- 2, 4.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER

DIODES

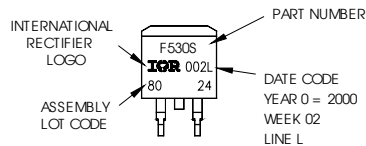
- 1.- ANODE *
- 2, 4.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

* PART DEPENDENT.

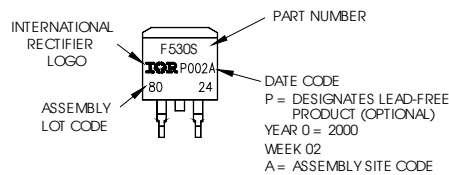
D²Pak Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF530S WITH LOT CODE 8024 ASSEMBLED ON WW02, 2000 IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "L"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead-Free"

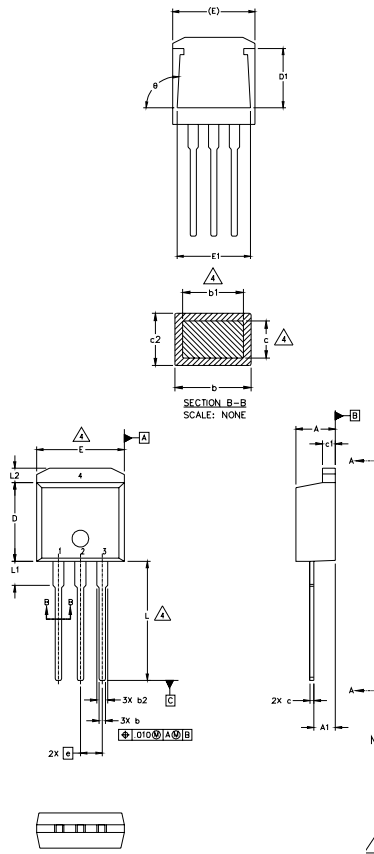


OR



IRF4905S/L

TO-262 Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))



SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	4.06	4.83	.160	.190	
A1	2.03	2.92	.080	.115	
b	0.51	0.99	.020	.039	4
b1	0.51	0.89	.020	.035	
b2	1.14	1.40	.045	.055	4
c	0.38	0.63	.015	.025	
c1	1.14	1.40	.045	.055	
c2	0.43	.063	.017	.029	
D	8.51	9.65	.335	.380	3
D1	5.33		.210		
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	3
E1	6.22		.245		
e	2.54	BSC	.100	BSC	
L	13.46	14.09	.530	.555	
L1	3.56	3.71	.140	.146	
L2		1.65		.065	

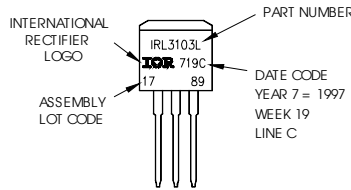
LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET	IGBT
1. - GATE	1- GATE
2. - DRAIN	2- COLLECTOR
3. - SOURCE	3- EMITTER
4. - DRAIN	4- COLLECTOR

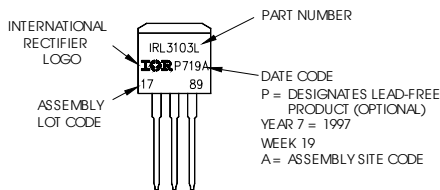
- NOTES:
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 2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
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 4. DIMENSION b1 AND c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
 5. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

TO-262 Part Marking Information

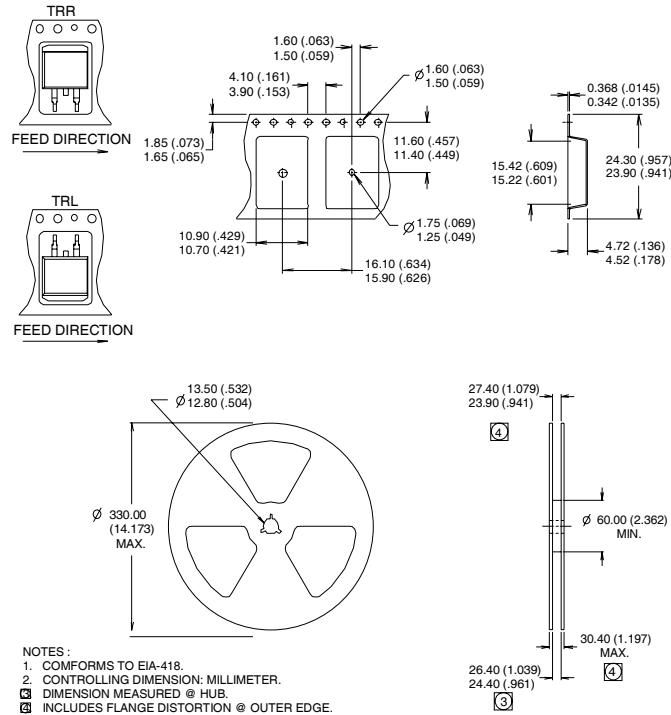
EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRL3103L
 LOT CODE 1789
 ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 1997
 IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"
 Note: "P" in assembly line
 position indicates "Lead-Free"



OR



D²Pak Tape & Reel Information



Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See fig. 11).
- ② Limited by T_{Jmax} ; starting $T_J = 25^\circ C$, $L = 0.16mH$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = -42A$, $V_{GS} = -10V$. Part not recommended for use above this value.
- ③ Pulse width $\leq 1.0ms$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- ④ C_{OSS} eff. is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{OSS} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .
- ⑤ Limited by T_{Jmax} , see Fig.12a, 12b, 15, 16 for typical repetitive avalanche performance.
- ⑥ This value determined from sample failure population. 100% tested to this value in production.
- ⑦ This is applied to D²Pak, when mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.
- ⑧ R_θ is measured at T_J approximately $90^\circ C$.

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
 This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market.
 Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.