TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

JTC83230-0014S

JTC83230-0014S: Single-Chip CMOS LSI for Calculators with Printers (applicable printer heads: PTMFL 63 manufactured by ALPS)

The JTC83230-0014S LSI is a single-chip CMOS LSI for use in calculators with printers.

It integrates I/O logic circuits necessary to configure a calculator with 10-digit display, two-memory function, serial printer used to print calculation results, oscillator, and LCD drivers.

Features

Operational Features

- Print: 11 digits of data. (including decimal point.) 1 digit of minus sign, 2 digits of operational symbol. 1-color printing (black).
- Display: 10 digits of data. (including punctuation in each digit.)
 1 digit of floating minus sign, memory load, error symbol, grand total memory load, 3 digits of commas.
- Decimal output: Decimal set lock key controls output format. Fixed decimal setting ("0", "1", "2", "3", "4", "6"), full floating decimal, and ADD mode.
- Key-input buffer: 12 words
- Operation methods: Addition and subtraction: By ARITHMETIC operation
 Multiplication and division: By algebraic operation
- Function: Four function, repeat multiplication and division, mixed calculation, square calculation, percentage calculation, percent discount and add-on calculation, memory calculation, delta percent calculation, add-mode calculation, mark-up/down calculation, total calculation, constant calculation, tax calculation

Two-key rollover

Leading zero suppression

Protection

(1) In the overflow condition, all key except "C", "C/CE", "CE", "Feed", "->" key are inoperative.

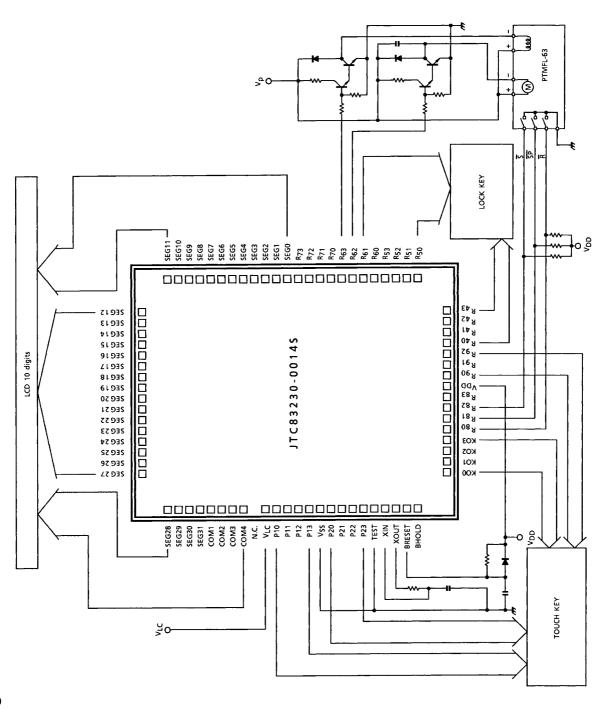
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(2) Key chatter protection.

Auto-Clear at Power On

Auto-clear functions by connecting a capacitor to the RESET pin.

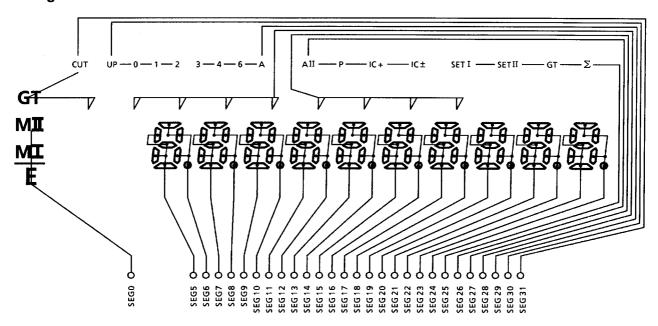
System Block Diagram



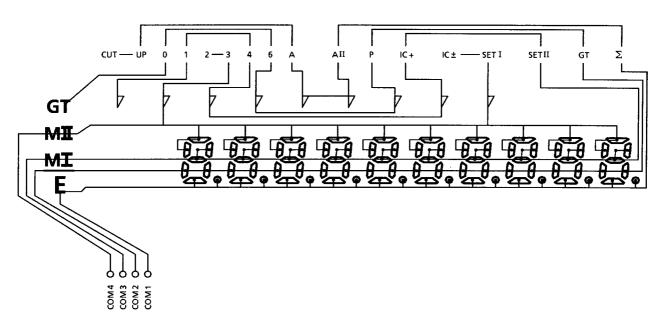
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Connection of LCD

Segment

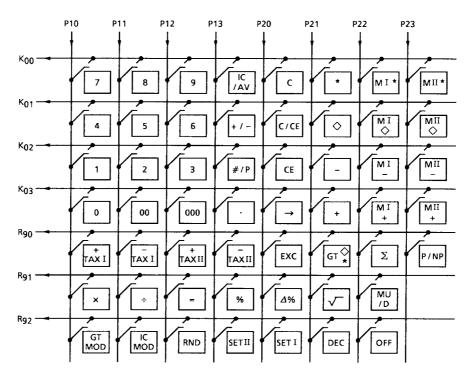


Common

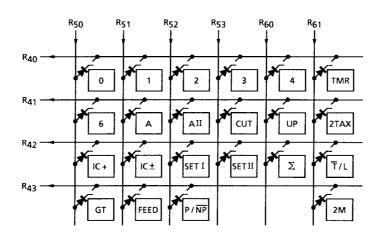


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Key Connection

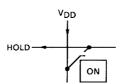


Touch Key



Lock Key

Touch Key Select



ON Key

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Specification of Calculator

Operation Specifications

- (1) Operations depending on key types and modes
 - Touch key

Key Name	CAL	Mode	TAX Set Mode (SETI/II key is ON)
Mode Switch	Touch Key Mode	Lock Key Mode	Touch Key Mode	Lock Key Mode
С	Operates as clear key	Operates as clear key	Clears input data	Clears input data
CE	Operates as clear entry key	Operates as clear entry key	Clears input data	Clears input data
C/CE	Operates as clear or clear entry key	Operates as clear or clear entry key	Clears input data	Clears input data
Numeral	Numeral Key-inputs numerals	Numeral Key-inputs numerals	Inputs numerals	Inputs numerals
OFF	Operates as off key	_	Unused	Unused
	Key-inputs decimal points	Key-inputs decimal points	Key-inputs decimal points	Key-inputs decimal points
*,	Operates as total or sub-total key	Operates as total or sub-total key	Unused	Unused
+, - ×, ÷	Operates as four-function key	Operates as four-function key	Unused	Unused
=	Operates as = key	Operates as = key	Unused	Unused
P/NP	Switches print or non-print	_	Unused	Unused
RND	Switches round-off and round-up	_	Unused	Unused
DEC	Switches decimal points	_	Unused	Unused
%	Operates as % key	Operates as % key	Unused	Unused
Δ%	Operates as delta percentage calculation key	Operates as delta percentage calculation key	Unused	Unused
MU/D	Operates as mark-up/down key	Operates as mark-up/down key	Unused	Unused
IC/AVE	Operates as item count key or average key	Operates as item count key or average key	Unused	Unused
#/P	Operates as non-add-print key for left-justified printing	Operates as non-add-print key for left-justified printing	Unused	Unused
\rightarrow	Operates as right-shift key	Operates as right-shift key	Operates as right-shift key	Operates as right-shift key
+/-	Operates as sign change key	Operates as sign change key	Unused	Unused
MI*, MII* MI¢, MII¢, MI–, MII–, MI+, MII+	Operates as memory function key	Operates as memory function key	Unused	Unused
-TAXI/II	Operates as –TAXI/II key	Operates as –TAXI/II key	Unused	Unused
+TAXI/II	Operates as +TAXI/II key	Operates as +TAXI/II key	Unused	Unused
Σ	Operates as Σ key	_	Unused	Unused
IC MOD	Operates as IC-mode key	_	Unused	Unused

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Key Name	CAL	Mode	TAX Set Mode (SETI/II key is ON)		
Mode Switch	Touch Key Mode	Lock Key Mode	Touch Key Mode	Lock Key Mode	
GT MOD	Operates as GT-mode or non-GT mode key	_	Unused	Unused	
GT [◊]	Operates as GT key	Operates as GT key	Unused	Unused	
EXC	Operates as EXC key	Operates as EXC key	Unused	Unused	
$\sqrt{}$	Operates as √ key	Operates as √ key	Unused	Unused	

• Lock key

Key Name	CAL	Mode	TAX Set Mode (S	SETI/II key is ON)				
Mode Switch	Touch Key Mode	Lock Key Mode	Touch Key Mode	Lock Key Mode				
0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, A, AII	_	Switches decimal points	Unused	Unused				
CUT, UP	_	Switches round-off and round-up	Unused	Unused				
IC±, IC+	_	Operates as IC±/IC+ key	Unused	Unused				
Σ	_	Operates as Σ key	Unused	Unused				
GT	_	Switches GT-mode or non-GT mode	Unused	Unused				
FEED	Operates as paper feed key	Operates as paper feed key Operates as paper f		Operates as paper feed key				
P/NP	_	Switches print or non-print	Unused	Unused				
T/L	Calanta la alchair manda an	tarrala Irarrasa da						
(Note 1)	Selects lock key mode or	touch key mode.						
2 TAX	Calcata aingle tay made a	r double toy made						
(Note 1)	Selects single tax mode or double tax mode.							
2 M (Note 1)	Selects single memory mode or double memory mode.							

Note 1: Can switch modes only with the reset key.

Explanation of function [00, 000]

10 or 12 key entry is invalid.

 $[\cdot]$If this key is pressed after a key operation except data entry, the displays is cleared and entry of [·] is stored in memory. The decimal point is shifted for subsequent data entry. If the $[\cdot]$ key is pressed during data entry, displays does not change.

floating except when A mode is specified. Addition or subtraction can be performed

> If these key are pressed in multiplication/division mode or in constant calculation mode, add or subtract displays data to addition/subtraction registers, then displays the result. At this time, in the operation mode multiplicand or divisor do not

These keys increment or decrement the item counter. In the following operation mode, the operations are executed, and the results are printed and displayed. At that time, addition or subtraction using the addition/subtraction register is not executed.

1) percent discount/add-on calculation

$$a \times b\% +a + (ab/100)$$

 $c\% +a + (ac/100)$
 $a \times b\% -a - (ab/100)$
 $c\% -a - (ac/100)$

Percent discount/add-on with constants are calculated as above.

[0]......Prints and displays the intermediate result in addition/subtraction register. In item count mode, prints the contents of the item counter before the calculation result printing.

Contents of data register or stored arithmetic instruction are not changed.

paper one line. In item count mode, the contents of the item counter are printed before the calculation result printing.

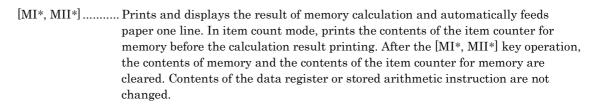
> After this key operation, the contents of the addition/subtraction register are cleared. The contents of the item counter are cleared at the first addition/subtraction in next step. The contents of the data register or stored arithmetic instruction are not changed. When GT mode is specified, the result of addition/subtraction is added to the GT memory.

MI-, MII-

MI+, MII+ If the arithmetic instruction is not stored or if the mode is constant calculation mode, first prints the displays contents after rounding to the specified number of decimal places, performs addition/subtraction using the data in memory, then stores the result in memory. If the multiplication/division instruction is stored, executes the arithmetic instruction, rounds the result to the specified number of decimal places, prints and displays the result, adds/subtracts with the data in memory, then stores the result to memory.

> At that time, the multiplicand or divisor is stored together with the mode, constant calculation mode. When this key is pressed immediately after the [x] or [MI+, MII+, MI-, MII-] key, operation is the same as that for the [=] key; that is, adds/subtracts using data in memory. This key operation increments or decrements the item counter for memory.

[MIO, MIIO]............ Prints or displays the intermediate result of memory calculation. In item count mode, prints the contents of the item counter for memory before the calculation result printing. Contents of the data register or stored arithmetic instruction are not changed.



[=]...... Executes a stored multiplication/division instruction, rounds the result to the specified number of decimal places, prints and displays the result, then automatically feeds the paper one line. Stores the multiplicand or divisor together with constant calculation mode in memory. If an instruction is not stored in memory, no operation is performed and the previous state is held. Pressing the [=] key immediately after the [x] or [÷] key performs the following operation.

$$a \times = \dots aa$$

 $a \div = \dots 1$

$$a \times \% = ...aa/100$$

 $a \div \% = ...100$

% key operation example: percent discount/add-on calculation

[MU/D]...... If a multiplication/division instruction is stored in memory, cancels the data. The decimal point for the result is floating.

MU/D key operation example:

```
aMU/Db = .....a/(1 - (b/100)) - a
                                           (prints profit)
                     a/(1 - (b/100))
                                           (mark-up)
       c = \dots a/(1 - (c/100)) - a
                                           (prints profit)
                     a/(1 - (c/100))
                                           (mark-up)
aMU/Db +/- = .....a/(1 + (b/100)) - a
                                           (prints profit)
                     a/(1 + (b/100))
                                           (mark-down)
       c + /- = \dots a/(1 + (c/100)) - a
                                           (prints profit)
                      a/(1 + (c/100))
                                           (mark-down)
```

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	_		is memorized, cancels the data.
$\Delta\%$	key operation examp		
	$a\Delta\%$ b =		
		(b-a)/ a	(prints difference)
	c =		(change delta percent)
		(c-a)/ a	(prints difference)
	aΔ% b +/-=	-(b + a)	(change delta percent)
			(prints difference)
	c +/-=	-(c + a)	(change delta percent)
		-(c + a)/ a	(prints difference)
[+/-]Inv	verts sign of the displa	ıyed number a	at key entry.
	ifts the contents of the cimation calculation er		he right by one digit at key entry. For an ne error.
GT		t change curr	he key is pressed once, calls the contents of ent state. If the key is pressed twice, calls them.
	ncels all arithmetic in gisters except the mem		d errors, clears the contents of all the and prints 0.C.
the pre [M Th	e stored arithmetic ins essed after one of the f [I–, MII–] [MI¢, MII¢] [I	struction or th following keys MI*, MII*] [M	e contents of the displays; does not change e contents of the data register. Invalid if : [C] [×] [+] [+] [-] [=] [%] [Δ%] [MI+, MII+] U/D] [IC/AVE]. er the [#/P] key depends on the state before
[IC+] Sol	lects item count mode.		
[IC±]	IC+Counts up		l kov
	_	-	, down by the [–] key.
	IC±Counts up	by the [+] key	, down by the [-] key.
mo		n result to the	or [%] key in auto accumulation calculation addition/subtraction register and
[C/CE] If r	pressed at key entry, o	moratos samo	as the [CE] key
If r	pressed after one of the	e following ke	ys, operates same as the [C] key: [C/CE] [x] -, MII–] [MI0, MII0] [MI*, MII*] [MU/D]
	e result of pressing the te before the keys were	-	after the [+/–] or the [#/P] key depends on the
reg key	gister together with th y is pressed after a key	e# symbol, by y except the n	ry, prints the contents of the key entry data at does not change the current state. If the umerical keys or [+/-] key, does not change rent state. If the key is pressed in clock

mode, automatically prints the displayed date and time.

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	010000000000000000000000000000000000000
+TAXI/II	Calculate included tax operation or excluded tax operation. But, only prints and does not express the tax. Prints or displays the result-value. (result-value adjusts decimal-point (TAB) setting.) Feeds the paper one line after prints. TAXI key operation example: (TAX = 3%) a [+TAXI]
[P/NP]	Switches between PRINT and NON-PRINT mode. At reset, NON-PRINT mode is set. Switches mode in each time when the $[P/NP]$ key is pressed: $P \rightarrow NP \rightarrow P \rightarrow NP$. In PRINT mode, displays "print mode". Valid only when the $[\overline{T}/L]$ lock key is off.
[RND]	Switches between round-up, round-off and half-adjust. At reset, half-adjust is set. Switches the mode in each time when the [RND] key is pressed: $5/4 \rightarrow \downarrow \rightarrow \uparrow \rightarrow 5/4 \rightarrow \downarrow \rightarrow \uparrow$. Displays round-up/round-off. Valid only when the [\overline{T}/L] lock key is off.
[EXC]	If an multiplication or division instruction is not stored in memory, it is invalid. Constant calculation of multiplication or division instruction exchange for the value of displays, and displays it.
[GT MOD]	Exchange GT-mode. (initial setting isn't support GT-mode.) GT mode cycles not-support and support. And displays GT-mode flag. Only touch key mode is valid.
[IC MOD]	Exchange IC-mode. (initial setting isn't support IC-mode.) IC-mode cycles not-support, IC+ and IC±-mode. And displays IC-mode flag. Any touch key mode is valid.
[√]	Operates root-instruction and displays result-value with prints. (result-value adjusts decimal-point (TAB) setting.) After prints feeds the paper one line. If the value is minus, change to the plus value and operate root-instruction. Then produce an estimate calculation-error. But keep the arithmetic instruction and date-register.

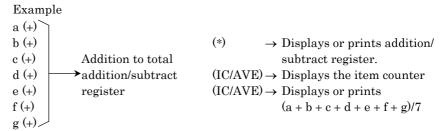
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[IC/AVE]......Prints or displays the item counter, when IC/AVE key continuously pressed twice just after pressed [*] key and [◊] key,

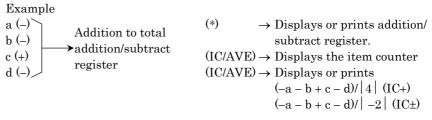
After first, prints or displays the item counter.

The second, the calculation of the mean number are executed, prints or displays the operation result.

After calculation of the mean number, item counter are cleared.



Then even if IC-value is a negative, the calculation of the mean number.



(3) Explanation of lock keys

[0, 1, 2, 3]......Sets the specified decimal point. If no specification, floating is set.

[4, 6, A, AII]

When processing floating point data, the operation result is zero-shifted. When A mode is specified, key-entered data are multiplied by 1/100 only when the key-entered numerical value is used for addition/subtraction or memory addition/subtraction. If the [·] key is pressed during data entry, A mode is invalid. The operation result is treated the same as the specified decimal point, 2. When AII mode is specified, key-entered data are multiplied by 1/100 only when the key-entered numerical value is used for multiplication/division by [=] key. If the [·] key is pressed during data entry, AII mode is invalid. The operation result is treated the same as the specified decimal point, 2.

 $[P/\overline{NP}]Switches between print and non print mode. When <math display="block"> [P/\overline{NP}] lock key is off, disables all printing except \\ [PF] or \\ [\#/P] key.$

When mode changes from non-print to print, feeds the paper one line.

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[IC+].....Selects item count mode.

[IC±] IC+......Counts up by the [+] or [-] key. IC±......Counts up by the [+] key, down by the [-] key.

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(4)

[GT]	In grand total mode, adds the total register to the GT register by the [*] key.
[T/L]	When the $[\overline{T}/L]$ lock key is off, the $[P/NP]$, $[\Sigma]$, $[GT\ MOD]$, $[IC\ MOD]$, $[RND]$, and $[DEC]$ keys are valid. When the $[\overline{T}/L]$ key is on, the $[NP]$, $[\Sigma]$, $[GT]$, $[IC+]$, $[IC\pm]$, $[CUT]$, $[UP]$, and $[0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, A, AII]$ lock keys are valid.
SETI	When the [SETI/SETII] lock key is on, prints and express the stored tax rate. When the [SETI/SETII] lock key is off, store the expression data to the new tax rate. The result of tax rate is only floating-point, and not concent the decimal-point at this function.
[FEED]	Feed paper.
[TMR]	When the [TMR] lock key is on, auto power-off functions. (after approx. 6 minutes.)
[2 TAX]	Switches between single tax and double tax mode. When the [2 TAX] lock key is on, one tax rate can be set. (SETII and TAXII will be disabled.) When the [2 TAX] lock key is off, two tax rates can be set.
[2 M]	Selects single memory or double memory mode. When the $[2\ M]$ lock key is on, one memory can be used. (MII will be disabled.) When the $[2\ M]$ lock key is off, two memories can be used.
ON, OFF key [ON]	If pressed in HOLD mode, cancels HOLD. At that time, cancels all arithmetic instructions and errors. The contents of the memory register and the TAX RATE before HOLD mode are retained; all other registers are cleared. While the [ON] key is pressed, the [OFF] key is invalid.
[OFF]	Forcibly enters HOLD mode (CPU sleep mode).



Operation Example

					Key				5		5
TAB	4/5	IC	Σ	GT	MOD	2 TAX	2 M	Touch	Print		Display
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	POWER ON			
									<pf></pf>		
										*	
									<pf></pf>		0.
								1+	1.	+	1.
								2-	2 •	-	-1.
								♦	-1.	◊	-1.
								*	-1.	*	
									<pf></pf>		-1.
_	. / =							IC/AVE	2.		2.
F	4/5	IC+	OF.F.	OF'F'	CAL	OFF	OF.F.	IC/AVE	-0.5	÷ *	-0.5
								IC/AVE	0· 1·	+	0.
								2-	2.	_	-1.
								\$	002		1.
									-1.	◊	-1.
								IC/AVE	2.		2.
								IC/AVE	-0.5	÷ *	-0.5
								IC/AVE	2.		2.
								*	002		
									-1.	*	
									<pf></pf>		-1.
								IC/AVE	2.		2.
								IC/AVE	-0.5	÷ *	-0.5
								IC/AVE	0 •		0.
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	3×	3.	×	3.
								4÷	4 •	÷	12.
								=	4 •	=	
									3.	*	
								F	<pf></pf>		3.
								5× 6%	5·	× %	5.
								0.5	0.3		
									<pf></pf>		0.3
								+	5.3	+ %	0.3
									<pf></pf>		5.3
								2÷	2.	÷	2.
								3%	3.	상	
									66.6666666	*	
									<pf></pf>		66.6666666
								2 MU/D	2.	М	2.
								3=	3.	용	

Note 2: <PF>Paper feed

				I	Key				Deint			Diamlari
TAB	4/5	IC	Σ	GT	MOD	2 TAX	2 M	Touch	Print			Display
									0.06185567	♦ *		
									2.06185567	*		
									<pf></pf>			2.06185567
								2∆%	2 •	\Diamond		2.
								3=	3.	=		
									1.	◊ *		
									50.	♦ ♦		
									<pf></pf>			50.
F	4/5	OFF	Σ	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	3×	3.	×		3.
								4÷	4 •	÷		12.
								=	4 •	=		
									3.	+		
									<pf></pf>			3.
								5×	5.	×		5.
								6%	6.	용		
									0.3	+		
									<pf></pf>			0.3
								+	5.3	+ %		
									<pf></pf>			5.3
								2÷	2.	÷		2.
								3%	3.	용		
									66.6666666	+		
									<pf></pf>			66.6666666
								2 MU/D	2.	М		2.
								3=	3.	8		2.
								3	0.06185567			
									2.06185567	+		
									<pf></pf>	Т		2.06185567
								2∆%	2.	♦		2.00103307
								3=	3.	=		۷.
								3-	1.	_ ◊ *		
									50.	+		F.0
								*	<pf></pf>	*		50.
								^	122.0285223	^		100 0005000
_	4 / 5		~			0.77	0.77	0.1	<pf></pf>			122.0285223
F	4/5	OFF	Σ	GT	CAL	OFF	OF.F.	2+	2.	+		2.
								3+	3.	+		5.
								*	5•	* +		
									<pf></pf>		GT	5.
								3-	3.	-	GT	-3.
								4 –	4 •	-	GT	-7.
								5-	5.	-	GT	-12.
								*	-12·	* +		
									<pf></pf>		GT	-12.



				ŀ	Key							
TAB	4/5	IC	Σ		MOD	2 TAX	2 M	Touch	Print			Display
								GT	-7•	* ◊	GT	-7.
								GT	-7·	* *		
									<pf></pf>			-7.
F	4/5	OFF	Σ	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	MI+	1			
									-7·	M +	MI	-7.
								5			MI	5.
								MII+	2			
									5.	M +	MII MI	5.
								мІ◊	1		MI	
								PHV	_		мII	
									-7•	м ◊	мI	-7.
								MI*	1			
									-7·	м *		
									<pf></pf>		MII	-7.
								МІІ◊	2			
									5.	м ◊	MII	5.
								MII*	2			
									5.	M *		
									<pf></pf>			5.
								#/P	5.	♦		5.
								2#/P #/P	#2 2•	♦		2.
								0÷	0.	÷		0.
								=	0 •	=		0.
									0 •	*		
									<pf></pf>		E	0.
								С	0 •	*		
									<pf></pf>			0.
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	SETI	OFF	OFF		1			
									0 •	olo		
								2	<pf></pf>			0.
F	CIIT	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	3	1			3.
r	COI	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF		3.	90		
									<pf></pf>	Ů		0.
								С	0 •	*		
									<pf></pf>			0.
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	SETI	OFF	OFF		1			
									3.	용		
									<pf></pf>			3.
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF					0.
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	SETII	OFF	OFF		2			
									0 •	용		

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					Key						5
TAB	4/5	IC	Σ	GT	MOD	2 TAX	2 M	Touch	Print		Display
									<pf></pf>		0.
								5			5.
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF		2		
									5.	%	
					_				<pf></pf>		0.
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	SETII	OFF	OFF		2		
									5 · < PF>	%	5.
F	CIIT	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF		\Pr/		0.
F	CUI	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	1560			1,560.
								+TAXI	1		1,000.
									1560•		
									46.8	♦	
									1606.8	*	
									<pf></pf>		1,606.8
								1560			1,560.
								+TAX II	2		
									1560 •		
									78•	♦	
									1638•	*	
									<pf></pf>		1,638.
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	+TAXI	1		
									1638 •	♦	
									49·14 1687·14	*	
									<pf></pf>		1,687.14
								1560	7217		1,560.
								×	1560•	×	1,560.
								78900			78,900.
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	+TAXI	1		
									78900•	=	
									123084000•	♦	
									3692520 •	♦	
									126776520 •	*	
									<pf></pf>		126,776,520.
								=			126,776,520.
								5	_		5.
								×	5.	×	5.
								+TAXI	5.		5.
								=	25.	*	
									<pf></pf>		25.
								+TAXI	1		25.
								. 12121	25.	♦	
<u> </u>											

5	Print				Key	ı				
Display		Print	Touch	2 TAX 2 M	MOD	GT	Σ	IC	4/5	TAB
5 ♦	◊	0.75								
5 *	*	25.75								
25.75		<pf></pf>								
25.75			=							
	*	0 •	С							
0.		<pf></pf>								
1,560.		1560.00	1560	OFF OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	OFF	CUT	2
0 + 1,560.00 1,100.	+	1560.00	1100							
	+	1100.00	+							
		2	+TAX II							
	♦	_ 2660·00								
	\Diamond	133.00								
0 *	*	2793.00								
2,793.00		<pf></pf>								
-		1	+TAXI	OFF OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF	OFF	CUT	F
0 0	\Diamond	2793.00								
9 💠	\Diamond	83•79								
	*	2876•79								
2,876.79		<pf></pf>								
			98000000							
9,800,000,000.		_	00							
		1	+TAXI							
	^	9800000000								
	V	294000000								
	*	1.009400000								
E 1.009400000		<pf></pf>								
	С	0 •	С							
0.		<pf></pf>								
1,560.			1560							
-1,560.			+/-							
-		1	+TAXI							
		-1560·								
	\Diamond	-46.8								
	*	-1606.8								
-1,606.8		<pf></pf>								
1,560.		_	1560							
		1560.	-TAXI							
	^	1560· -45·436894								
		-45·436894 1514·563106								
1,514.563106	•	1314*363106 <pf></pf>								
		1	-TAXI							

					Key				D: 1		5: 1
TAB	4/5	IC	Σ	GT	MOD	2 TAX	(2 M	Touch	Print		Display
									1514.563106	◊	
									-44.113489	\Diamond	
									1470 • 449617	*	
									<pf></pf>		1,470.449617
								1560			1,560.
								-TAX II	2		
									1560•		
									-74 • 285715	\Diamond	
									1485 • 714285	*	
									<pf></pf>		1,485.714285
								-TAXII	2		
									1485 • 714285	◊	
									-70 • 7483		
									1414 • 965985	*	
									<pf></pf>		1,414.965985
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	SETI	OFF	OFF		1		
									3.	%	
									<pf></pf>		3.
								С			0.
F	CUT	OF'F'	OF'F'	OF.F.	CAL	OF.F.	OF'F'		1	0	
									0.	용	
-	OT THE	0.00	0.00	0.00	opmI.	0.00	0.00		<pf></pf>		0.
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	SETI	OFF	OF F		1 0·	0	
										엉	0
								1234	<pf></pf>		0. 1234.
F	CIIT	○ ₽₽	○ ₽₽	○ ₽₽	CAL	○ ₽₽	○ ₽₽	1234	1		1234.
E	COI	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF		1234•	8	
									<pf></pf>	0	0.
F	СПТ	OFF	OFF	OFF	SETII	OFF	OFF		2		· .
_	001	011	011	011	2211	011	011		5.	8	
									<pf></pf>		5.
								С			0.
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF		2		
									0 •	용	
									<pf></pf>		0.
								98000000			
								00			9,800,000,000.
								+TAXI	1		
F	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF	OFF		9800000000		
									0 •	*	
									<pf></pf>		Е 0.
								С	0 •	*	

Note 2: <PF>Paper feed

					Key				Drint		Diambar	
TAB	4/5	IC	Σ	GT	MOD	2 TAX 2	M Touch		Print			Display
									<pf></pf>			0.
							:	2				2.
							:	<	2.	×		2.
							;	3				3.
							:	<	3.	×		6.
							EX		3.	#		3.
							:	<	6.	×		18.
							EX		6.	#		6.
							:	<	18.	×		108.
							EX		18.	#		18.
							:		108 •	×		1,944.
							=	=	108.	=		
									209952•	*		
									<pf></pf>			209,952.
										_		9.
							$\sqrt{}$		9.	\checkmark		
									3.	*		
									<pf></pf>	Г		3.
							$\sqrt{}$		3.	√		
									1.732050807	*		1 720050007
							. /		<pf></pf>			1,732050807
							+/-		-1.732050807	Γ		-1,732050807
							٧		-1 • / 3 2 0 3 0 6 0 /	$\sqrt{}$		
									-1.316074012	*		
									<pf></pf>		E	-1.316074012
							(:	0.	*		1 310074012
									<pf></pf>			0.
A	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF O	FF 12:	3				123.
									1.23	+		1.23
							45					456.
								-	4.56	+		5.79
								>	5.79	\Diamond		5.79
									5.79	*		
									<pf></pf>			5.79
ΑII	CUT	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	OFF OI	FF 789)				789.
							:	<	789・	×		789.
							100)				100.
							=	=	1.00	=		
									789.00	*		
									<pf></pf>			789.00
(Don'	t do	it.)					12:	3				123.
							-	-	123.00	+		123.00
							45	5				456.

Note 2: <PF>Paper feed

	Key			Deint			Dianlass					
TAB	4/5	IC	Σ	GT	MOD	2 TAX	2 M	Touch	Print			Display
								+	456.0	0 +		579.00
								*	579.0	0 *		
									<pf></pf>			579.00
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	ON	ON	(RESET)	<pf></pf>			
										*		
									<pf></pf>			0.
								7				7.
								+/-				-7.
								MI+	-7	• M +	ΜI	-7.
								5			MI	5.
								MII+			MI	5.
								МІ◊	-7	• M ◊	ΜI	-7.
								MI^*	-7	• M *		
									<pf></pf>			-7.
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	SETI	ON	ON		0	. 8		
									<pf></pf>			0.
								3				3.
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	ON	ON		3	. %		
									<pf></pf>			0.
								С	0	*		
									<pf></pf>			0.
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	SETI	ON	ON		3	. %		
									<pf></pf>			3.
F			OFF		CAL	ON	ON					0.
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	SETII	ON	ON					0.
								5				5.
F			OFF		CAL	ON	ON					5.
F			OFF		SETII	ON	ON					5.
F	4/5	OFF	OFF	OFF	CAL	ON	ON					5.
								CE				0.

Note 2: <PF>Paper feed

Maximum Ratings $(V_{SS} = 0 V)$

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage 1	V_{DD}	-0.3~6	V
Supply voltage (LCD drive)	V _{LC}	−0.3~ V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Input voltage	V _{IN}	−0.3~ V _{DD} + 0.3	٧
Output voltage	V _{OUT}	−0.3~ V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Output current	lout	3.2	mA
Power dissipation	PD	600	mW
Soldering temperature	T _{sld}	260 (10 s)	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55~125	°C
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	0~40	°C

Electrical Characteristics

Recommended Operating Conditions ($V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_{opr} = 0 \sim 40^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Operating temperature	T _{opr}			0	_	40	°C
		_	NORMAL	4.5			
Supply voltage	V_{DD}	_	SLOW	7.	_	5.5	V
		_	HOLD	2.0			
High-level input voltage (non-schmitt circuit)	V _{IH1}		V SAFV	V _{DD} × 0.7	_	V _{DD}	V
High-level input voltage (schmitt circuit)	V _{IH2}		V _{DD} ≥ 4.5 V	V _{DD} × 0.75	_	V _{DD}	V
High-level input voltage	V _{IH3}	_	V _{DD} < 4.5 V	V _{DD} × 0.9		V _{DD}	V
Low-level input voltage (non-schmitt circuit)	V _{IL1}		V _{DD} ≧ 4.5 V	0	l	V _{DD} × 0.3	V
Low-level input voltage (schmitt circuit)	V _{IL2}		י פעט = ד.ס י	0		V _{DD} × 0.25	V
Low-level input voltage	V _{IL3}	_	V _{DD} < 4.5 V	0		V _{DD} × 0.1	V

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DC Electrical Characteristics (V_{SS} = 0 V, T_{opr} = 0~40°C)

Characteristics	Characteristics Symbol Test Circuit Terminal		Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	
Hysteresis voltage (schmitt circuit)	V _{HS}	_	Hysteresis input	_	_	0.7	_	٧
Input current	I _{IN1}	_	KO port, TEST, RESET, HOLD	V _{DD} = 5.5 V		_	±2	μА
input dunem	I _{IN2}	_	Open drain R port, P port	V _{IN} = 5.5/0 V			± 2	μιτ
Input resistance	R _{IN1}	_	KO port TEST with input resistor	V _{DD} = 5.5 V	30	70	150	kΩ
	R _{IN2}	_	RESET, HOLD	V _{IN} = 5.5/0 V	100	220	450	
Output lookage ourrent	I _{LO1}	_	Sink open drain R port	$V_{DD} = 5.5 V$ $V_{OUT} = 5.5 V$	_	_	2	^
Output leakage current	I _{LO2}	_	Source open drain R port, P port	$V_{DD} = 5.5 V$ $V_{OUT} = -1.5 V$	_		-2	μΑ
High-level output voltage	V _{OH}	_	Source open drain R port, P port	$V_{DD} = 5.5 V$ $I_{OH} = -1.6 \text{ mA}$	2.4	_		٧
Low-level output voltage	V _{OL}	_	Sink open drain R port	V _{DD} = 5.5 V I _{OL} = 1.6 mA	_	_	0.4	٧
Pull-down resistance	e R _{OUT} — R port, P port $V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V}$			30	70	150	kΩ	
Output resistance	Ros	_	SEG		_	_	35	kΩ
Output resistance	R _{OC}	_	СОМ	V _{DD} = 5 V	3.8	4.0	4.2	V
	V _{O2/3}			$V_{DD} = 3 \text{ V}$ $V_{DD} - V_{LC} = 3 \text{ V}$	3.3	3.5	3.7	
Output voltage	V _{O1/2}	_	SEG/COM	, ADD AFC = 2 A	2.8 3.0	3.2	V	
	V _{O1/3}				2.0	J.U	0.2	
Supply current (normal)	I _{DD}	_	_	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V},$ $V_{LC} = V_{SS}$ $f_C = 4 \text{ MHz}$	_	3	6	mA
Supply current (hold)	I _{DDH}	_	_	V _{DD} = 5.5 V	_	0.5	10	μА

Note 3: Typ. values are guaranteed at $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD} = 5~V$.

Note 4: I_{IN1}: Excepts a current through a internal pull up/down resistor.

Note 5: ROS, ROC: Shows on-resistor at level switching.

Note 6: $V_{O2/3}$: Shows 2/3 level output voltage at which 1/4 or 1/3 duty LCD drive.

Note 7: V_{O1/2}: Shows 1/2 level output voltage at which 1/2 duty or static LCD drive.

Note 8: $V_{O1/3}$: Shows 1/3 level output voltage at which 1/4 or 1/3 duty LCD drive.

Note 9: I_{DD} , I_{DDH} : Current consumption at $V_{IN} = 5.3 \text{ V}/0.2 \text{ V}$

Should be under that KO port is open and R port Voltage level is valid.

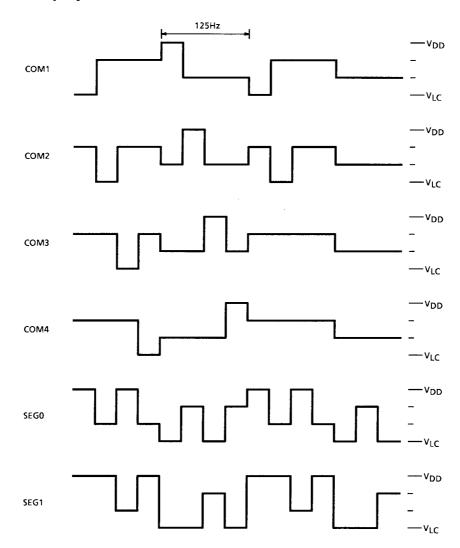
Oscillation Circuit (V_{SS} = 0 V, V_{DD} = 4.5~5.5 V, T_{opr} = 0~40°C)

Recommended Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
	V_{DD} = 5.0 V C = 100 pF R = 1 $k\Omega \pm 2\%$	2.4	4.0	5.6	MHz

AC Electrical Characteristics (VSS = 0 V, VDD = 4.5~5.5 V, T_{opr} = 0~40°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Instruction cycle time	tov		NORMAL	1.9		20	6
manuction cycle time	tcy		SLOW	235		267	μS
High-level clock pulse width	t _{WCH}		External clock operation	80	_	_	ns
Low-level clock pulse width	t _{WCL}		External clock operation	80			ns
Shift data hold time	t _{SDH}	_		0.5 tcy - 300			ns
High speed timer/counter input frequency	f _{HT}			_		f _C	MHz

Waveforms for Display



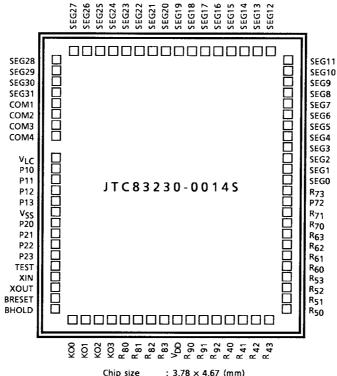
Pad Location Table

(μ**m**)

Name	X Point	Y Point			
KO0	-1282	-2074			
KO1	-1122	-2074			
KO2	-962	-2074			
KO3	-802	-2074			
R ₈₀	-641	-2074			
R ₈₁	-438	-2074			
R ₈₂	-278	-2074			
R ₈₃	-74	-2074			
V _{DD}	86	-2074			
R ₉₀	246	-2074			
R ₉₁	449	-2074			
R ₉₂	610	-2074			
R ₄₀	802	-2074			
R ₄₁	962	-2074			
R ₄₂	1122	-2074			
R ₄₃	1282	-2074			
R ₅₀	1644	-2011			
R ₅₁	1644	-1807			
R ₅₂	1644	-1647			
R ₅₃	1644	-1444			
R ₆₀	1644	-1283			
R ₆₁	1644	-1080			
R ₆₂	1644	-920			
R ₆₃	1644	-716			
R ₇₀	1644	-556			
R ₇₁	1644	-353			
R ₇₂	1644	-193			
R ₇₃	1644	62			
SEG0	1644	223			
SEG1	1644	383			
SEG2	1644	543			
SEG3	1644	703			
SEG4	1644	863			
SEG5	1644	1024			
SEG6	1644	1184			
SEG7	1644	1344			
SEG8	1644	1504			
SEG9	1644	1664			
SEG10	1644	1825			
SEG11	1644	1985			

Name	X Point	Y Point
SEG12	1202	2074
SEG13	1042	2074
SEG14	881	2074
SEG15	721	2074
SEG16	561	2074
SEG17	401	2074
SEG18	241	2074
SEG19	80	2074
SEG20	-80	2074
SEG21	-240	2074
SEG22	-400	2074
SEG23	-560	2074
SEG24	-721	2074
SEG25	-881	2074
SEG26	-1041	2074
SEG27	-1201	2074
SEG28	-1644	1961
SEG29	-1644	1801
SEG30	-1644	1641
SEG31	-1644	1481
COM1	-1644	1321
COM2	-1644	1160
COM3	-1644	1000
COM4	-1644	840
V _{LC}	-1644	520
P10	-1644	359
P11	-1644	156
P12	-1644	-4
P13	-1644	-208
V _{SS}	-1644	-368
P20	-1644	-528
P21	-1644	-731
P22	-1644	-892
P23	-1644	-1095
TEST	-1644	-1255
XIN	-1644	-1415
XOUT	-1644	-1651
BRESET	-1644	-1811
BHOLD	-1644	-1971

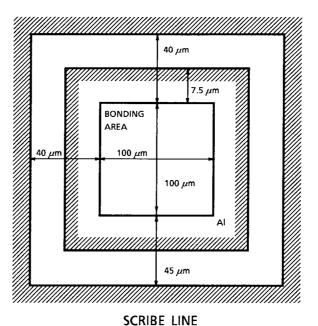
Chip Layout



 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Chip size} & : 3.78 \times 4.67 \mbox{ (mm)} \\ \mbox{Chip thickness} & : 450 \pm 30 \mbox{ (μm)} \\ \mbox{Substrate} & : \mbox{$V_{\rm SS}$} \\ \mbox{Pad size} & : 100 \mbox{ ($\mu m$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$}) \end{array}$

Pad Layout

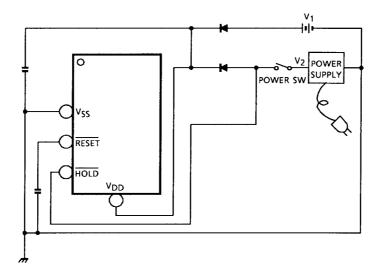
Active Element



SCINIDE LIN

Pad pitch 160 (μ m)

The Proposal of Outer Circuit for Tax Rate Holding with Back-Up Battery.



Note 10: $V_1 = +3 \text{ V}$: Battery supply

 $V_2 = +5 \text{ V: DC supply}$

 $\left(rac{\overline{HOLD}}{\overline{RESET}}
ight)$ pin is pulled down in the LSI, but normally pulled up to VDD.

- (1) Setting POWER SW to ON, V_2 is supplied to V_{DD} pin, and also to \overline{HOLD} pin. Then calculator operates normally.
- (2) Setting POWER SW from ON to OFF, V_1 is supplied to V_{DD} pin and V_{SS} is supplied to \overline{HOLD} pin. Under this connection, TAX RATE is held.
- (3) Setting POWER SW to ON, V_2 is supplied to V_{DD} pin, and also to \overline{HOLD} pin. Then calculator operates normally with TAX RATE to be held.

Note 11: V₁ (battery) should be supplied to the circuit after V₂ (DC) supply, because of prevention from exhaustion of battery and abnormal operation.

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000707EBA

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