



The Infinite Bandwidth Company™

MIC37300/37301/37302

3.0A, Low Voltage μ Cap LDO Regulator

Final Information

General Description

The Micrel MIC37300/01/02 is a 3.0A low-dropout linear voltage regulator that provides a low voltage, high current output with a minimum of external components. It offers high precision, ultra low dropout (500mV over temperature), and low ground current.

The MIC37300/01/02 operates from an input of 2.25V to 6.0V. It is designed to drive digital circuits requiring low voltage at high currents (i.e. PLDs, DSP, microcontroller, etc.). It is available in fixed and adjustable output voltages. Fixed voltages include 1.5V, 1.8V and 2.5V. The adjustable version is capable of 1.24V to 5.5V.

Features of the MIC37300/01/02 LDO include thermal and current limit protection, and reverse current & reverse battery protection. Logic enable and error flag pins are available.

Junction temperature range of the MIC37300/01/02 is from -40°C to 125°C .

For applications requiring input voltage greater than 6.0V, see MIC3910x, MIC3915x, MIC3930x, and MIC3950x LDOs.

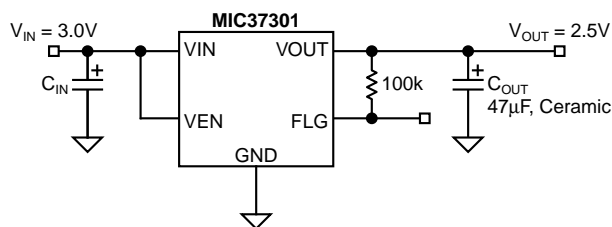
Features

- 3.0A minimum guaranteed output current
- 500mV maximum dropout voltage over temperature
Ideal for 3.0V to 2.5V conversion
Ideal for 2.5V to 1.8V, 1.65V, or 1.5V conversion
- Stable with ceramic or tantalum capacitor
- Wide Input voltage range:
 V_{IN} : 2.25V to 6.0V
- $\pm 1.0\%$ initial output tolerance
- Fixed and adjustable output voltages
- Excellent line and load regulation specifications
- Logic controlled shutdown
- Thermal shutdown and current limit protection
- Reverse-leakage protection
- Low profile S-Pak package

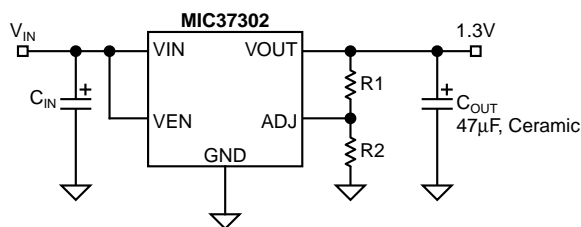
Applications

- LDO linear regulator for low-voltage digital IC
- PC add-in cards
- High efficiency linear power supplies
- SMPS post regulator
- Battery charger

Typical Application



Fixed 2.5V Regulator with Error Flag



Adjustable Regulator

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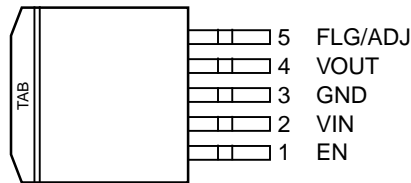
Micrel, Inc. • 1849 Fortune Drive • San Jose, CA 95131 • USA • tel + 1 (408) 944-0800 • fax + 1 (408) 944-0970 • <http://www.micrel.com>

Ordering Information

Part Number	Output Current	Voltage*	Junction Temp. Range	Package
MIC37302BR	3.0A	ADJ.	-40°C to +125°C	S-Pak
MIC37301-1.5BR	3.0A	1.5V	-40°C to +125°C	S-Pak
MIC37301-1.8BR	3.0A	1.8V	-40°C to +125°C	S-Pak
MIC37301-2.5BR	3.0A	2.5V	-40°C to +125°C	S-Pak

*For other voltages contact Micrel.

Pin Configuration



S-PAK5 (R)

Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	EN	Enable (Input): CMOS compatible input. Logic high = enable, logic low = shutdown
2	VIN	Input voltage which supplies current to the output power device.
3	GND	Ground (TAB is connected to ground on S-Pak)
4	VOUT	Regulator Output
5	FLG	Error Flag (Output): Open collector output. Active low indicates an output fault condition.
	ADJ	Adjustable regulator feedback input. Connect to resistor voltage divider.

Absolute Maximum Rating (Note 1)

Supply Voltage (V_{IN})	6.5V
Enable Input Voltage (V_{EN})	6.5V
Power Dissipation	Internally Limited
Junction Temperature	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$-65^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C}$
Lead Temperature (soldering, 5 sec.)	260 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

ESD, **Note 3**

Operating Maximum Rating (Note 2)

Supply Voltage (V_{IN})	2.25V to 6.0V
Enable Input Voltage (V_{EN})	0V to 6.0V
Junction Temperature Range	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$
Maximum Power Dissipation	Note 4
Package Thermal Resistance	
S-Pak(θ_{JC})	2 $^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$

Electrical Characteristics

$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ with $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{V}$; $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$; $I_L = 10\text{mA}$; **bold** values indicate $-40^{\circ}\text{C} < T_J < +125^{\circ}\text{C}$; unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Output Voltage Accuracy	$I_L = 10\text{mA}$	-1		+1	%
	$10\text{mA} < I_{out} < I_{L(max)}$, $V_{out} + 1 \leq V_{in} \leq 6\text{V}$	-2		+2	%
Output Voltage Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.0\text{V}$ to 6.0V, $I_L = 10\text{mA}$		0.02	0.5	%
Output Voltage Load Regulation	$I_L = 10\text{mA}$ to 3A		0.2	1	%
$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$; Dropout Voltage ; Note 5	$I_L = 1.5\text{A}$		175	350	mV
	$I_L = 3\text{A}$		310	500	mV
Ground Pin Current, Note 6	$I_L = 3\text{A}$		27	40	mA
				50	mA
Ground Pin Current in Shutdown	$V_{IL} \leq 0.5\text{V}$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{V}$		1.0	5	μA
Current Limit	$V_{OUT} = 0$		4.75	6.5	A
Start-up Time	$V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, $I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$, $C_{OUT} = 47\mu\text{F}$		170	500	μs
Enable Input					
Enable Input Threshold	Regulator enable	2.25			V
	Regulator shutdown			0.8	V
Enable Pin Input Current	$V_{IL} \leq 0.8\text{V}$ (Regulator shutdown)			2	μA
				4	μA
	$V_{IH} \geq 2.25\text{V}$ (Regulator enabled)	1	15	30	μA
				75	μA
Flag Output					
$I_{FLG(LEAK)}$	$V_{OH} = 6\text{V}$			1	μA
				2	μA
$V_{FLG(LO)}$	$V_{IN} = 2.25\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 250\mu\text{A}$, Note 7		210	400	mV
				500	mV
V_{FLG}	Low Threshold, % of V_{out} below nominal	93			%
	Hysteresis		2		%
	High Threshold, % of V_{out} below nominal			99.2	%
MIC37302 only					
Reference Voltage		1.228	1.240	1.252	V
		1.215		1.265	V
Adjust Pin Bias Current			40	80	nA
				120	nA

- Note 1.** Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device.
- Note 2.** The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.
- Note 3.** Device is ESD sensitive. Handling precautions recommended.
- Note 4.** $P_{D(MAX)} = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A) / \theta_{JA}$, where θ_{JA} , depends upon the printed icircuit layout. See "Applications Information."
- Note 5.** $V_{DO} = V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$ when V_{OUT} decreased to 98% of its nominal output voltage with $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$. For output voltages below 1.75V, dropout voltage specification does not apply due to a minimum input operating voltage of 2.25V.
- Note 6.** I_{GND} is the quiescent current. $I_{IN} = I_{GND} + I_{OUT}$.
- Note 7.** For a 2.5V device, $V_{IN} = 2.250V$ (device is in dropout).

Applications Information

The MIC37300/01/02 is a high-performance low-dropout voltage regulator suitable for moderate to high-current regulator applications. Its 500mV dropout voltage at full load and overtemperature makes it especially valuable in battery-powered systems and as high-efficiency noise filters in post-regulator applications. Unlike older NPN-pass transistor designs, there the minimum dropout voltage is limited by the base-to-emitter voltage drop and collector-to-emitter saturation voltage, dropout performance of the PNP output of these devices is limited only by the low V_{CE} saturation voltage.

A trade-off for the low dropout voltage is a varying base drive requirement. Micrel's Super β PNP[®] process reduces this drive requirement to only 2% to 5% of the load current.

The MIC37300/01/02 regulator is fully protected from damage due to fault conditions. Current limiting is provided. This limiting is linear; output current during overload conditions is constant. Thermal shutdown disables the device when the die temperature exceeds the maximum safe operating temperature. Transient protection allows device (and load) survival even when the input voltage spikes above and below nominal. The output structure of these regulators allows voltages in excess of the desired output voltage to be applied without reverse current flow.

Thermal Design

Linear regulators are simple to use. The most complicated design parameters to consider are thermal characteristics. Thermal design requires the following application-specific parameters:

- Maximum ambient temperature (T_A)
- Output current (I_{OUT})
- Output voltage (V_{OUT})
- Input voltage (V_{IN})
- Ground current (I_{GND})

First, calculate the power dissipation of the regulator from these numbers and the device parameters from this datasheet.

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) I_{OUT} + V_{IN} I_{GND}$$

where the ground current is approximated by using numbers from the "Electrical Characteristics" or "Typical Characteristics." Then the heat sink thermal resistance is determined with this formula:

$$\theta_{SA} = ((T_{J(MAX)} - T_A) / P_D) - (\theta_{JC} + \theta_{CS})$$

Where $T_{J(MAX)} \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$ and θ_{CS} is between 0°C and 2°C/W . The heat sink may be significantly reduced in applications where the minimum input voltage is known and is large compared with the dropout voltage. Use a series input resistor to drop excessive voltage and distribute the heat between this resistor and the regulator. The low dropout properties of Micrel Super β PNP[®] regulators allow significant reductions in regulator power dissipation and the associated heat sink without compromising performance. When this technique is employed, a capacitor of at least $1.0\mu\text{F}$ is needed directly between the input and regulator ground.

Refer to *Application Note 9* for further details and examples on thermal design and heat sink applications.

Output Capacitor

The MIC37300/01/02 requires an output capacitor for stable operation. As a μCap LDO, the MIC37300/01/02 can operate with ceramic output capacitors as long as the amount of capacitance is $47\mu\text{F}$ or greater. For values of output capacitance lower than $47\mu\text{F}$, the recommended ESR range is $200\text{m}\Omega$ to 2Ω . The minimum value of output capacitance recommended for the MIC37300 is $10\mu\text{F}$.

For $47\mu\text{F}$ or greater the ESR range recommended is less than 1Ω ultra-low ESR ceramic capacitors are recommended for output capacitance of $47\mu\text{F}$ or greater to help improve transient response and noise reduction at high frequency. X7R/X5R dielectric-type ceramic capacitors are recommended because of their temperature performance. X7R-type capacitors change capacitance by 15% over their operating temperature range and are the most stable type of ceramic capacitors. Z5U and Y5V dielectric capacitors change value by as much as 50% and 60% respectively over their operating temperature ranges. To use a ceramic chip capacitor with Y5V dielectric, the value must be much higher than an X7R ceramic capacitor to ensure the same minimum capacitance over the equivalent operating temperature range. The MIC37300/01/02 has excellent transient response to variations in input voltage and load current. The device has been designed to respond quickly to load current variations and input voltage variations. Large output capacitors are not required to obtain this performance. A standard $47\mu\text{F}$ output capacitor, is all that is required. Larger values help to improve performance even further.

Input Capacitor

An input capacitor of $1.0\mu\text{F}$ or greater is recommended when the device is more than 4 inches away from the bulk supply capacitance, or when the supply is a battery. Small, surface-mount chip capacitors can be used for the bypassing. The capacitor should be placed within 1" of the device for optimal performance. Larger values will help to improve ripple rejection by bypassing the input to the regulator, further improving the integrity of the output voltage.

Transient Response and 3.3V to 2.5V, 2.5V to 1.8V or 1.65V, or 2.5V to 1.5V Conversions

The MIC37300/01/02 has excellent transient response to variations in input voltage and load current. The device has been designed to respond quickly to load current variations and input voltage variations. Large output capacitors are not required to obtain this performance. A standard $10\mu\text{F}$ output capacitor, preferably tantalum, is all that is required. Larger values help to improve performance even further.

By virtue of its low-dropout voltage, this device does not saturate into dropout as readily as similar NPN-based designs. When converting from 3.3V to 2.5V, 2.5V to 1.8V or 1.65V, or 2.5V to 1.5V, the NPN-based regulators are already operating in dropout, with typical dropout requirements of 1.2V or greater. To convert down to 2.5V without operating in dropout, NPN-based regulators require an input voltage of 3.7V at the very least. The MIC37300/01/02 regulator will provide excellent performance with an input as low as 3.0V or 2.25V, respectively. This gives the PNP-based regulators a distinct advantage over older, NPN-based linear regulators.

Minimum Load Current

The MIC37300/01/02 regulator is specified between finite loads. If the output current is too small, leakage currents dominate and the output voltage rises. A 10mA minimum load current is necessary for proper operation.

Error Flag

The MIC37301 features an error flag circuit that monitors the output voltage and signals an error condition when the voltage 5% below the nominal output voltage. The error flag is an open-collector output that can sink 10mA during a fault condition.

Low output voltage can be caused by a number of problems, including an overcurrent fault (device in current limit) or low input voltage. The flag is inoperative during overtemperature shutdown.

Enable Input

The MIC37301/37302 also features an enable input for on/off control of the device. Its shutdown state draws "zero" current (only microamperes of leakage). The enable input is TTL/CMOS compatible for simple logic interface, but can be connected to up to V_{IN} . When enabled, it draws approximately 15 μ A.

Adjustable Regulator Design

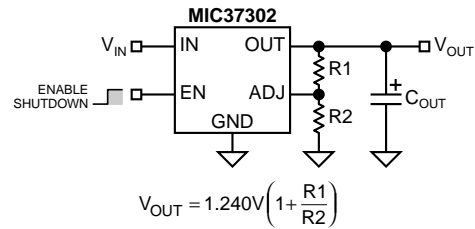


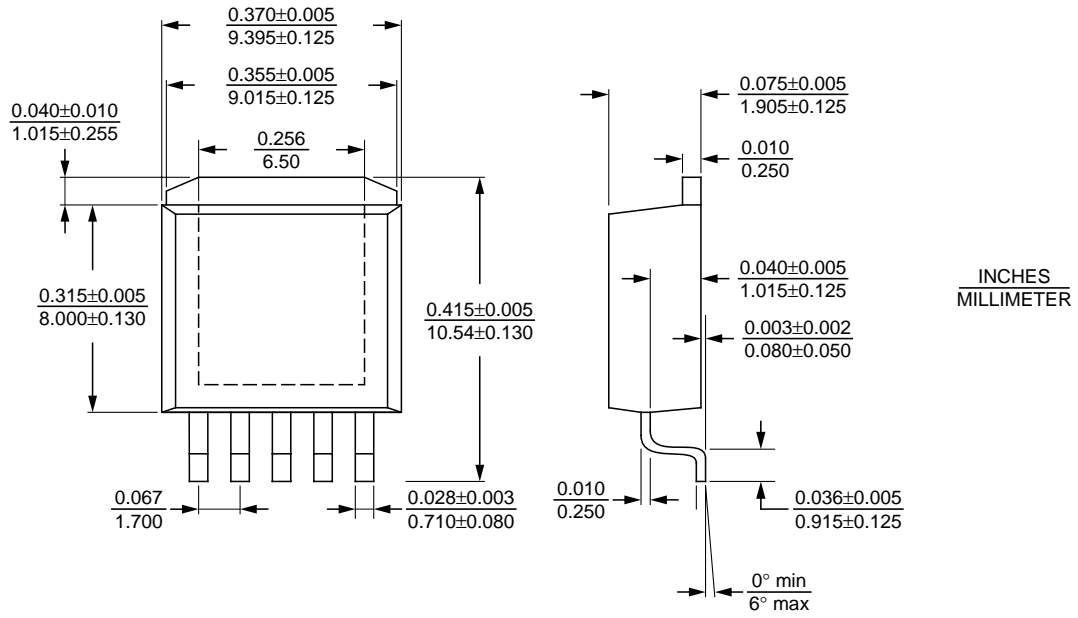
Figure 2. Adjustable Regulator with Resistors

The MIC37302 allows programming the output voltage anywhere between 1.24V and the 5.5V maximum operating rating of the family. Two resistors are used. Resistors can be quite large, up to 1M Ω , because of the very high input impedance and low bias current of the sense comparator: The resistor values are calculated by:

$$R1 = R2 \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{1.240} - 1 \right)$$

Where V_{OUT} is the desired output voltage. Figure 2 shows component definition. Applications with widely varying load currents may scale the resistors to draw the minimum load current required for proper operation (see above).

Package Information



5-Lead S-PAK (R)

MICREL INC. 1849 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA

TEL + 1 (408) 944-0800 FAX + 1 (408) 944-0970 WEB <http://www.micrel.com>

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