

# **UTC UM602/A LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT**

**DUAL OPERATIONAL  
AMPLIFIER-DUAL COMPARATOR  
AND ADJUSTABLE VOLTAGE  
REFERENCE**

## **DESCRIPTION**

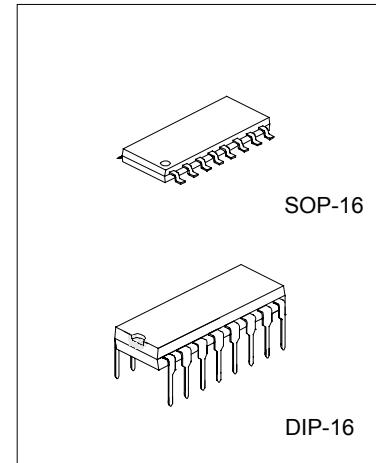
The UTC UM602/A is a monolithic IC that includes two op-amps, two comparators and a precision voltage reference. This device is offering space and cost saving in many applications like power supply management or data acquisition systems.

## **OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS**

- \*Low supply current: 200 $\mu$ A/amp.
- \*Medium speed: 2.1MHz
- \*Low level output voltage close to Vcc: 0.1V typ.
- \*Input common mode voltage range includes ground

## **COMPARATORS**

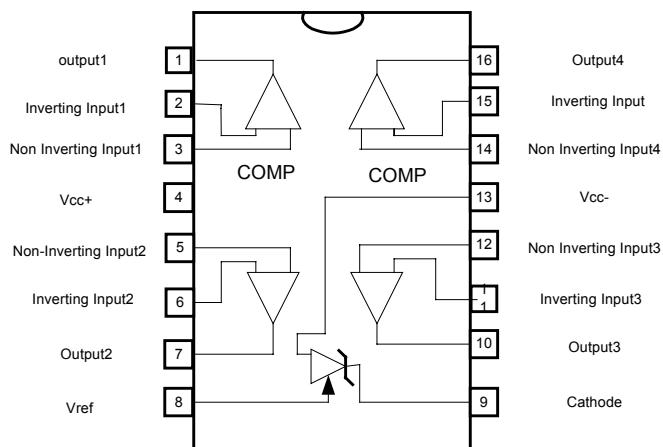
- \*Low supply current: 200 $\mu$ A/amp. (Vcc=5V)
- \*Input common mode voltage range includes ground
- \*Low output saturation voltage: 250mV(Io=4mA)



## **REFERENCE**

- \*Adjustable output voltage: Vref to 32V
- \*Sink current capability: 1 to 100mA
- \*1% and 0.4% voltage precision
- \*LATCH-UP immunity

## **PIN CONFIGURATION**



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## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Supply Voltage	Vcc	36	V
Differential Input Voltage	Vid	36	V
Input voltage	Vi	-0.3 to +36	V
Operating Free-air Temperature Range	Toper	-40 to +125	°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	Tj	150	°C
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient (SOP package)		150	°C/W

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Vcc<sup>+</sup>=5V, Vcc<sup>-</sup>=0V, T<sub>amb</sub>=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Total Supply Current Tmin. <= Tamb <= Tmax.	Icc		0.8	1.5 2	mA

## OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

(Vcc<sup>+</sup>=5V, Vcc=GND, R1 connected to Vcc/2, Tamb=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input Offset Voltage Tmin. <= Tamb <= Tmax.	Vio		1	4.5 6.5	mV
Input Offset Voltage Drift	Dvio		10		µV/°C
Input Bias Current Tmin. <= Tamb <= Tmax.	lib		20	100 200	nA
Input Offset Current Tmin. <= Tamb <= Tmax.	lio		5	20 40	nA
Large Signal Voltage Gain R1=10k, Vcc <sup>+</sup> =30V Vo=5V to 25V Tmin. <= Tamb <= Tmax.	Avd	50 25	100		V/mV
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio Vcc=5V to 30V	SVR	80	100		dB
Input Common Mode Voltage Range Tmin. <= Tamb <= Tmax.	Vicm	(Vcc <sup>-</sup> ) to (Vcc <sup>+</sup> ) -1.8 (Vcc <sup>-</sup> ) to (Vcc <sup>+</sup> ) -2.2			V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio Vcc <sup>+</sup> =30V, Vicm=0V to (Vcc <sup>+</sup> )-1.8V	CMR	70	90		dB
Output Short Circuit Current Vid=±1V, Vo=2.5V Source Sink	Isc		3 3	6 6	mA
High Level Output Voltage R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ Vcc <sup>+</sup> =30V Tmin. <= Tamb <= Tmax.	VoH	27 26	28		V
Low Level Output Voltage R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ Tmin. <= Tamb <= Tmax.	VoL		100	150 210	mV
Slew Rate Vcc=±15V Vi=±10V, R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> =100pF	SR	1.6	2		V/µs
Gain Bandwidth Product R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> =100pF, f=100kHz	GBP	1.4	2.1		MHz

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PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Phase Margin $R_i=10K\Omega, C_L=100pF$	$\Phi_m$		45		Degrees
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD		0.05		%
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage $f=1kHz$	en		29		$\frac{nV}{\sqrt{Hz}}$
Channel Separation	Cs		120		dB

COMPARATORS ( $V_{cc^+}=+5V$ ,  $V_{cc}=Ground$ ,  $T_{amb}=25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input Offset Voltage $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$	$V_{io}$			5 9	mV
Input Offset Current $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$	$I_{io}$			50 150	nA
Input Bias Current $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$	$I_{ib}$			250 400	nA
High Level Output Voltage $V_{id}=1V, V_{cc}=V_o+30V$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$	$I_{oh}$		0.1	1	nA $\mu A$
Low Level Output Voltage $V_{id}=-1V, I_{sink}=4mA$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$	$V_{ol}$		250	400 700	mV
Large Signal Voltage Gain $R_1=15K, V_{cc}=15V, V_o=1$ to $11V$	$A_{vd}$		200		V/mV
Output Sink Current $V_{id}=-1V, V_o=1.5V$	$I_{sink}$	6	16		mA
Input Common Mode Voltage Range $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$	$V_{icm}$	0 0		$V_{cc^+}-1.5$ $V_{cc^+}-2$	V
Differential Input Voltage	$V_{id}$			$V_{cc^+}$	V
Response Time –(note1) $R_1=5.1k$ to $V_{cc^+}$ , $V_{ref}=1.4V$	$t_{re}$		1.3		$\mu s$
Large Signal Response Time $V_{ref}=1.4V, V_i=TTL, R_1=5.1k$ to $V_{cc^+}$	$t_{rel}$		300		ns

Note1: The response time specified is for 100mV input step with 5mV overdrive.

For larger overdrive signals, 300ns can be obtained.

## VOLTAGE REFERENCE

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Cathode to Anode Voltage	$V_{KA}$	$V_{ref}$ to 36	V
Cathode Current	$I_k$	1 to 100	mA

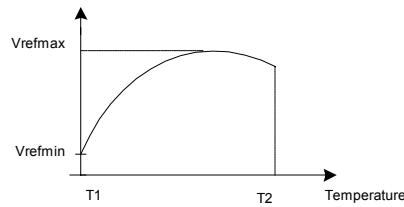
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Tamb=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Reference Input Voltage – (figure 1) – Tamb=25°C	$V_{ref}$	UM602, $V_{KA}=V_{ref}$ , $I_k=10mA$ UM602A, $V_{KA}=V_{ref}$ , $I_k=10mA$	2.475 2.490	2.500 2.500	2.525 2.510	V

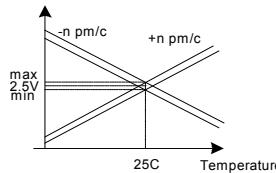
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PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Reference Input Voltage Deviation Over Temperature Range – (figure 1, note 1)	$\Delta V_{ref}$	$V_{KA}=V_{ref}$ , $I_k=10mA$ , $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ .		7	30	mV
Temperature Coefficient of Reference Input Voltage-(note 2)	$\frac{\Delta V_{ref}}{\Delta T}$	$V_{KA}=V_{ref}$ , $I_k=10mA$ , $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ .		$\pm 22$	$\pm 100$	ppm/ $^{\circ}C$
Ratio of Change in Reference Input Voltage to Change in Cathode to Anode Voltage -(figure2)	$\frac{\Delta V_{ref}}{\Delta V_{KA}}$	$I_k=10mA, \Delta V_{KA}=36$ to $3V$		-1.1	-2	mV/V
Reference Input Current -(figure2)	$I_{ref}$	$I_k=10mA, R_1=10k\Omega$ , $R_2=\infty$ $T_{amb}=25^{\circ}C$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ .		1.5	2.5 3	$\mu A$
Reference Input Current Deviation Over Temperature Range-(figure 2)	$\Delta I_{ref}$	$I_k=10mA$ , $R_1=10k\Omega$ , $R_2=\infty$ , $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ .		0.5	1	$\mu A$
Minimum Cathode Current for Regulation-(figure1)	$I_{min}$	$V_{KA}=V_{ref}$		0.5	1	mA
Off-State Cathode Current-(figure 3)	$I_{off}$			180	500	nA

Notes: 1.  $\Delta V_{ref}$  is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum values obtained over the full temperature range.  
 $\Delta V_{ref}=V_{refmax} - V_{refmin}$



2. The temperature coefficient is defined as the slopes (positive and negative) of the voltage vs temperature limits whithin which the reference voltage is guaranteed.



3. The dynamic Impedance is defined as  $|Z_{KA}| = \frac{\Delta V_{KA}}{\Delta I_k}$

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Figure 1: Test Circuit for  $V_{KA}=V_{ref}$

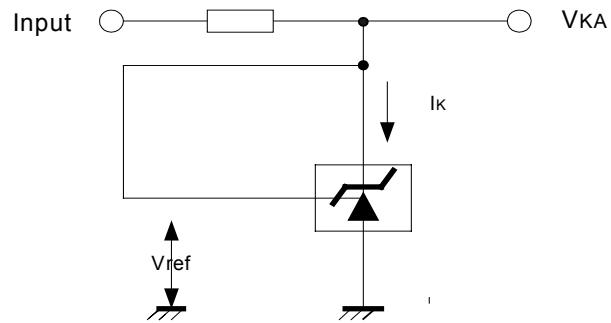


Figure 2: Test Circuit for  $V_{KA}>V_{ref}$

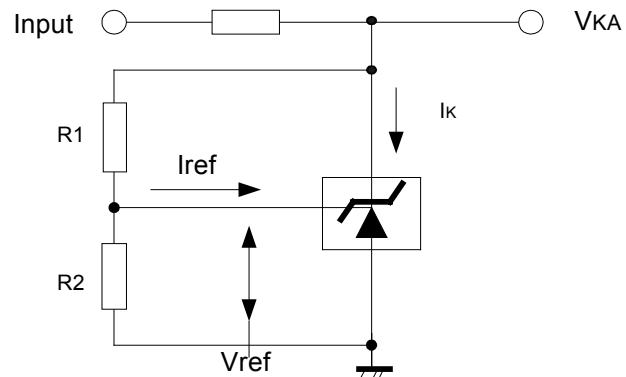
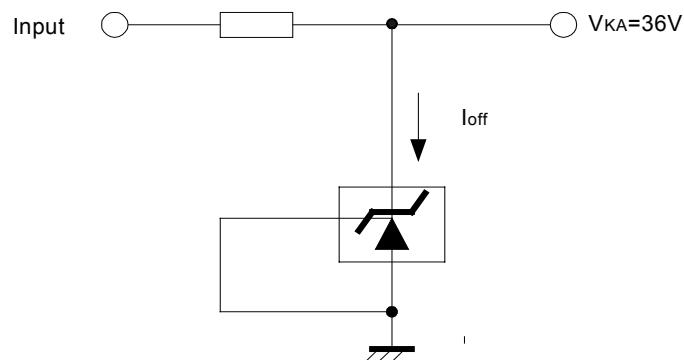


Figure 3: Test Circuit for  $I_{off}$



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