

**All Band TV Tuner IC with On-chip PLL**

**Description**

The CXA3185/3186N is a monolithic TV tuner IC which integrates local oscillator and mixer circuits for VHF band, local oscillator and mixer circuits for UHF band, an IF amplifier and a tuning PLL onto a single chip, enabling further miniaturization of the tuner.

**Features**

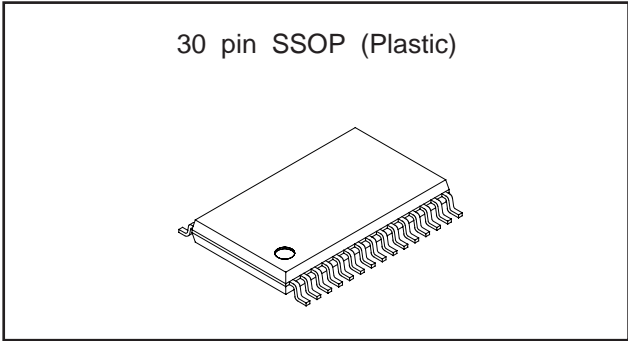
- Low noise figure
- Low power consumption (5 V, 54 mA typ.)
- On-chip tuning PLL (3-wire bus format)
- Selection of frequency steps 31.25 kHz, 50 kHz and 62.5 kHz
- On-chip 4-output band switch

**Applications**

- TV tuners
- VCR tuners
- CATV tuners

**Structure**

Bipolar silicon monolithic IC



**Absolute Maximum Ratings** (Ta = 25 °C)

- Supply voltage
 

Vcc1, Vcc2	-0.3 to +5.5	V
Vcc3	-0.3 to +10.0	V
- Storage temperature
 

Tstg	-55 to +150	°C
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- Allowable power dissipation
 

Pd	880	mW
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(when mounted on a substrate)

**Operating Conditions**

- Supply voltage
 

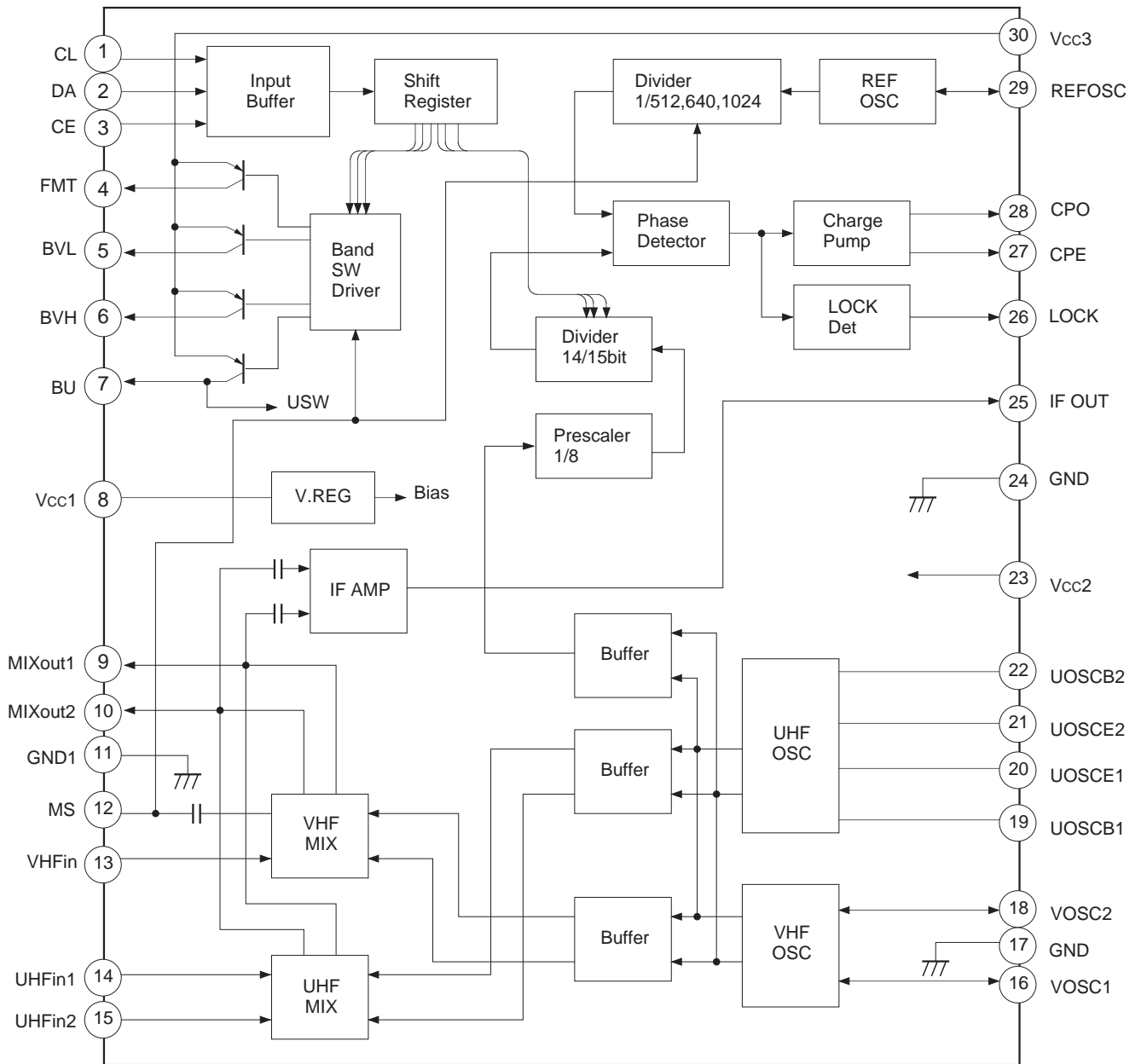
Vcc1, Vcc2	4.75 to 5.3	V
Vcc3	4.75 to 9.45	V
- Operating temperature
 

Topt	-20 to +75	°C
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**Note)** Electrostatic discharge strength is weak, and care should be taken in handling this IC.

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Block Diagram and Pin Configuration



Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Equivalent circuit	Pin voltage (V)	Description
1	CL		—	Clock input.
2	DA		—	Data input.
3	CE		1.25 (when open)	Enable pin.
4	FMT		ON : Vcc3 OFF : 0	4 : Output for FM TRAP. 5 : Power supply output for VL band. 6 : Power supply output for VH band. 7 : Power supply output for UHF band.
5	BVL			The selected band pin goes High.
6	BVH			
7	BU			
8	Vcc1			Analog circuit power supply.
9	MIXout1			Mixer outputs.
10	MIXout2			
11	GND1	—	—	Analog circuit GND.

Pin No.	Symbol	Equivalent circuit	Pin voltage (V)	Description
12	MS		1.5 (when open)	Frequency step mode selection. Five modes can be selected according to the applied voltage.
13	VHFin		2.3 (VHF) 0 (UHF)	VHF input. The input format is unbalanced input.
14	UHFin1		0 (VHF) 2.3 (UHF)	UHF input. The input method can be selected from balanced input or unbalanced input.
15	UHFin2		0 (VHF) 2.3 (UHF)	
16	VOOSC1		3.0 (VHF) 3.1 (UHF)	External resonance circuit connection for VHF oscillator.
18	VOOSC2		3.5 (VHF) 5.0 (UHF)	
17	GND		—	GND
19	UOSCB1		3.2 (VHF) 2.9 (UHF)	External resonance circuit connection for UHF oscillator.
20	UOSCE1		— (VHF) 2.4 (UHF)	
21	UOSCE2		— (VHF) 2.4 (UHF)	
22	UOSCB2		3.2 (VHF) 2.9 (UHF)	

Pin No.	Symbol	Equivalent circuit	Pin voltage (V)	Description
23	Vcc2	—	—	PLL circuit power supply.
24	GND2	—	—	PLL circuit GND.
25	IFOUT		2.3	IF output.
26	LOCK		5.0 (Lock) 0.2 (UNLock)	LOCK detection. High when locked, Low when unlocked.
27	CPE		0.6	NPN transistor connection for varicap diode drive.
28	CPO		2.0	Charge pump output. Connect a loop filter.
29	REFOSC		4.3	Crystal connection for reference oscillator.
30	Vcc3	—	—	Power supply for external supply.

**Electrical Characteristics** See the Electrical Characteristics Measurement Circuit.

Circuit Current

(V<sub>CC</sub>=5 V, T<sub>a</sub>=25 °C)

Item	Symbol	Measurement conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Circuit current A	Alccv	V <sub>CC</sub> 1 current, Band switch output open during VHF operation	30	41	55	mA
	Alccu	V <sub>CC</sub> 1 current, Band switch output open during UHF operation	31	42	56	mA
Circuit current D	DIcc	V <sub>CC</sub> 2 current	7	11	15	mA

## OSC/MIX/IF Amplifier Block

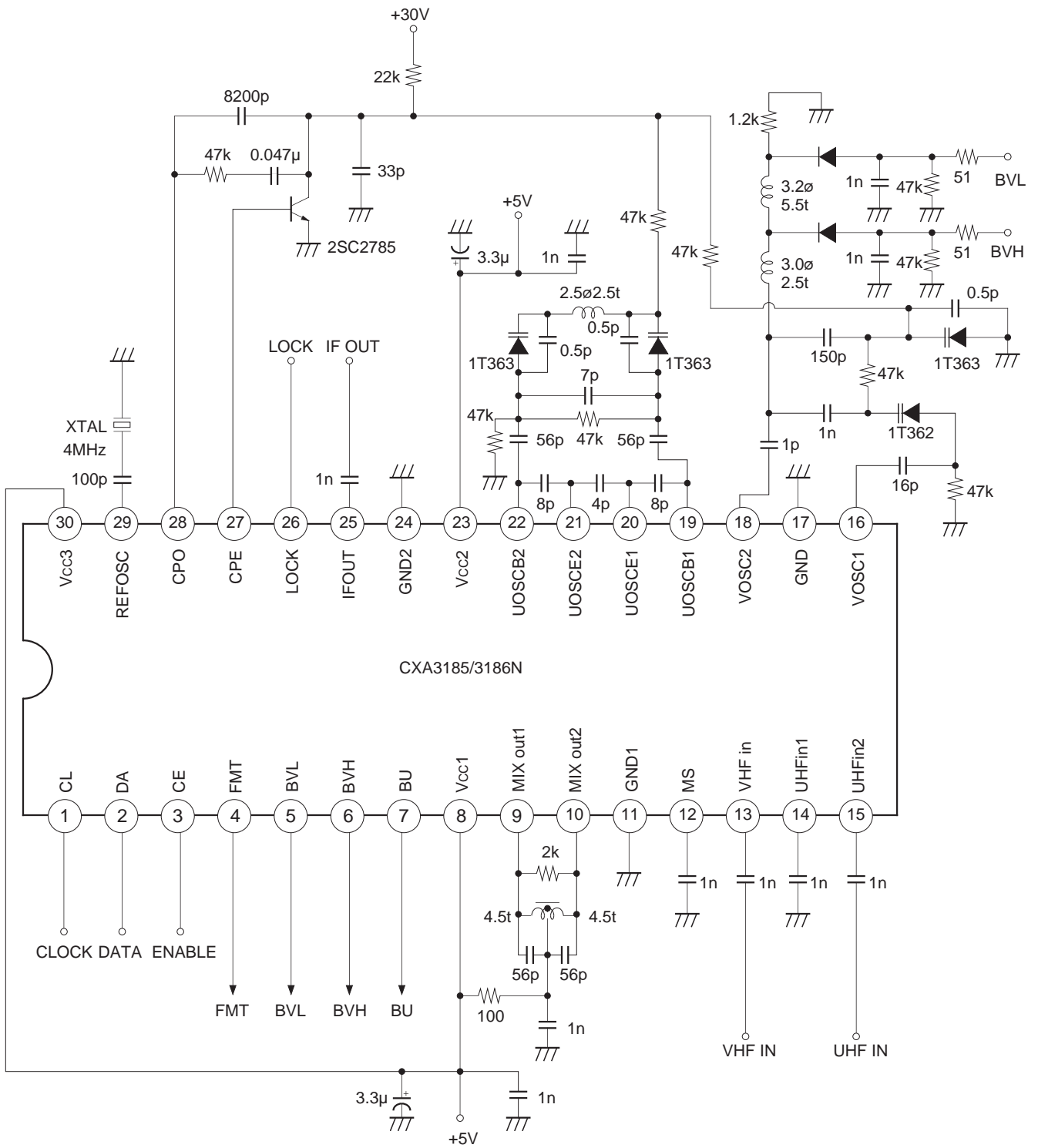
Item	Symbol	Measurement conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Conversion gain *1	CG1	VHF operation f <sub>RF</sub> = 55 MHz	21	24	27	dB
	CG2	VHF operation f <sub>RF</sub> = 360 MHz	22	25	28	dB
	CG3	UHF operation f <sub>RF</sub> = 360 MHz	26	29	32	dB
	CG4	UHF operation f <sub>RF</sub> = 800 MHz	27	30	33	dB
Noise figure *1, *2	NF1	VHF operation f <sub>RF</sub> = 55 MHz		12	15	dB
	NF2	VHF operation f <sub>RF</sub> = 360 MHz		11	14	dB
	NF3	UHF operation f <sub>RF</sub> = 360 MHz		8.5	12.5	dB
	NF4	UHF operation f <sub>RF</sub> = 800 MHz		9.5	13.5	dB
1 % cross modulation *1, *3	CM1	VHF operation f <sub>D</sub> = 55 MHz, f <sub>UD</sub> = ±12 MHz	97	101		dB $\mu$
	CM2	VHF operation f <sub>D</sub> = 360 MHz, f <sub>UD</sub> = ±12 MHz	96	100		dB $\mu$
	CM3	UHF operation f <sub>D</sub> = 360 MHz, f <sub>UD</sub> = ±12 MHz	92	96		dB $\mu$
	CM4	UHF operation f <sub>D</sub> = 800 MHz, f <sub>UD</sub> = ±12 MHz	88	92		dB $\mu$
Maximum output power	Pomax	50 $\Omega$ load saturation output	+5	+10		dBm
Switch ON drift *4	$\Delta$ fsw1	VHF operation f <sub>osc</sub> = 100 MHz $\Delta$ f from 3 s to 3 min after switch ON			±300	kHz
	$\Delta$ fsw2	VHF operation f <sub>osc</sub> = 405 MHz $\Delta$ f from 3 s to 3 min after switch ON			±400	kHz
	$\Delta$ fsw3	UHF operation f <sub>osc</sub> = 405 MHz $\Delta$ f from 3 s to 3 min after switch ON			±400	kHz
	$\Delta$ fsw4	UHF operation f <sub>osc</sub> = 845 MHz $\Delta$ f from 3 s to 3 min after switch ON			±500	kHz
Supply voltage drift *4	$\Delta$ fst1	VHF operation f <sub>osc</sub> = 100 MHz $\Delta$ f when V <sub>CC</sub> 5 V changes ±5 %			±150	kHz
	$\Delta$ fst2	VHF operation f <sub>osc</sub> = 405 MHz $\Delta$ f when V <sub>CC</sub> 5 V changes ±5 %			±250	kHz
	$\Delta$ fst3	UHF operation f <sub>osc</sub> = 405 MHz $\Delta$ f when V <sub>CC</sub> 5 V changes ±5 %			±200	kHz
	$\Delta$ fst4	UHF operation f <sub>osc</sub> = 845 MHz $\Delta$ f when V <sub>CC</sub> 5 V changes ±5 %			±250	kHz

- \*1 Measured value for untuned inputs.
- \*2 Noise figure is the direct-reading value of NF meter in DSB.
- \*3 Desired signal ( $f_D$ ) input level is  $-30$  dBm. Undesired signal ( $f_{UD}$ ) is 100 kHz, 30 % AM.  
The measurement value is undesired signal level, it measured with a spectrum analyzer at  $S/I=46$  dBm.
- \*4 Value when the PLL is not operating.

**PLL Block**

Item	Symbol	Measurement conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
CL and DA pins						
“H” level input voltage	$V_{IH}$		3		$V_{CC}$	V
“L” level input voltage	$V_{IL}$		GND		1.5	V
“H” level input current	$I_{IH}$	$V_{IH} = V_{CC}$		0	$-0.1$	$\mu A$
“L” level input current	$I_{IL}$	$V_{IL} = GND$		$-1$	$-2$	$\mu A$
CE pins						
“H” level input voltage	$V_{IHE}$		3		$V_{CC}$	V
“L” level input voltage	$V_{ILE}$		GND		1.5	V
“H” level input current	$I_{IHE}$	$V_{IHE} = V_{CC}$		100	130	$\mu A$
“L” level input current	$I_{ILE}$	$V_{ILE} = GND$		$-30$	$-45$	$\mu A$
CPO (charge pump)						
Output current	$I_{CPO}$		$\pm 35$	$\pm 50$	$\pm 75$	$\mu A$
Leak current	LeakCP				30	nA
LOCK						
“H” output voltage	$V_{LOCKH}$	When locked	$V_{CC} - 0.5$		$V_{CC}$	V
“L” output voltage	$V_{LOCKL}$	When unlocked	0		0.5	V
REFOSC						
Oscillator frequency range	$F_{XTOSC}$		3		12	MHz
Input capacitance	$C_{XTOSC}$		17.5	19	20.5	pF
Drive level	$V_{XTOSC}$		200	400		mVp-p
BVL, BVH, BU (Band SW)						
Output current	$I_{BS1}$	When ON			$-25$	mA
Saturation voltage	$V_{SAT1}$	When ON Sink current = 20 mA		100	200	mV
Leak current	LeakBS1	When OFF		0.5	3	$\mu A$
FMT (Band SW)						
Output current	$I_{BS2}$	When ON			$-7$	mA
Saturation voltage	$V_{SAT2}$	When ON Sink current = 5 mA		75	150	mV
Leak current	LeakBS2	When OFF		0.03	0.1	$\mu A$
Bus timing						
Data setup time	$t_{SD}$	See Timing Chart on Page 15	300			ns
Data hold time	$t_{HD}$	See Timing Chart on Page 15	600			ns
Enable waiting time	$t_{WE}$	See Timing Chart on Page 15	300			ns
Enable setup time	$t_{SE}$	See Timing Chart on Page 15	300			ns
Enable hold time	$t_{HE}$	See Timing Chart on Page 15	600			ns

Electrical Characteristics Measurement Circuit





### Description of Functions

The CXA3185/3186N is a terrestrial wave broadcast tuner IC which converts frequencies to IF in order to tune and detect only the desired reception frequency of VHF, CATV and UHF band signals.

In addition to the mixer, local oscillator and IF amplifier circuits required for frequency conversion to IF, this IC also integrates a PLL circuit for local oscillator frequency control onto a single chip.

The functions of the various circuits are described below.

#### 1. Mixer circuit

This circuit outputs the frequency difference between the signal input to VHFIN or UHFIN and the local oscillation signal.

#### 2. Local oscillator circuit

A VCO is formed by externally connecting an LC resonance circuit composed of a varicap diode and inductance.

#### 3. IF amplifier circuit

This circuit amplifies the mixer IF output, and consists of an amplifier stage and low impedance output stage.

#### 4. PLL circuit

This PLL circuit fixes the local oscillator frequency to the desired frequency. It consists of a prescaler, main divider, reference divider, phase comparator, charge pump and reference oscillator. The control format supports the 3-wire bus format. The following four modes can be selected according to the combination of the frequency division values of the main and reference dividers.

Mode	Main divider	Reference divider
A-0	15 bit	1024 fixed
A-1	14 bit	512 fixed
A-2	15 bit	640 fixed
A-3/4	15 bit	512 fixed

## Description of Analog Block Operation

(See the Electrical Characteristics Measurement Circuit.)

### VHF oscillator circuit

- This circuit is a differential amplifier type oscillator circuit. Pin 18 is the output and Pin 16 is the input. Oscillation is performed by connecting an LC resonance circuit including a varicap to Pin 18 via coupled capacitance, inputting to Pin 16 with feedback capacitance, and applying positive feedback.
- The amplifier between Pins 16 and 18 has an extremely high gain. Therefore, care should be taken to avoid creating parasitic capacitance, resistance or other feedback loops as this may produce abnormal oscillation.

### VHF mixer circuit

- The mixer circuit employs a double balance mixer with little local oscillation signal leakage. The input format is base input type, with Pin 12 grounded and the RF signal input to Pin 13.
- The RF signal is inserted from the oscillator, converted to IF frequency and output from Pins 9 and 10.
- Pins 9 and 10 are open collectors, so power must be supplied externally. The electric potential of Pins 9 and 10 at this time must be DC 4.0 V or more.

### UHF oscillator circuit

- This oscillator circuit is designed so that two collector ground type Colpitts oscillators perform differential oscillation operation via an LC resonance circuit including a varicap. Connect resonance capacitance which consists of colpitts oscillator between Pins 19 and 20, Pins 20 and 21, and Pins 21 and 22. Then an LC resonance circuit including a varicap diode is connected between Pins 19 and 22.

### UHF mixer circuit

- This circuit employs a double balance mixer like the VHF mixer circuit. The input format is base input type, with Pins 14 and 15 as the RF input pins. The input method can be selected from balanced input consisting of differential input to Pins 14 and 15 or unbalanced input consisting of grounding Pin 14 via a capacitor and input to Pin 15.
- Pins 9 and 10 are the mixer outputs.
- Pins 9 and 10 are open collectors, so power must be supplied externally. The electric potential of Pins 9 and 10 at this time must be DC 4.0 V or more.

### IF amplifier circuit

- The signals frequency converted by the mixer are output from Pins 9 and 10, and at the same time are AC coupled inside the IC and input to the IF amplifier.
- Single-tuned filters are connected to Pins 9 and 10 in order to improve the interference characteristics of the IF amplifier.
- The signal amplified by the IF amplifier is output from Pin 25. The output impedance is approximately 75  $\Omega$ .

### Description of PLL Block

The PLL on this IC supports the 3-wire bus control format.

The serial data is input to the DA, CL and CE pins. The data is loaded to the shift register at the clock rise, and latched at the enable fall.

Symbol	3-wire bus control
CE	Enable input
CL	Clock input
DA	Data input
LOCK	Lock signal output

### 1) Mode Setting Method

The modes for each frequency step are set according to the MS pin voltage.

Mode	MS pin voltage	Main divider	Reference divider	Reference frequency*	Frequency step*	Control word length
A-0	0 to 0.15V <sub>cc</sub>	15 bit	1024	3.90625 kHz	31.25 kHz	Total 19 bits
A-1	OPEN	14 bit	512	7.8125 kHz	62.5 kHz	Total 18 bits
A-2	0.45V <sub>cc</sub> to 0.55V <sub>cc</sub>	15 bit	640	6.25 kHz	50 kHz	Total 19 bits
A-3	0.65V <sub>cc</sub> to 0.75V <sub>cc</sub>	15 bit	512	7.8125 kHz	62.5 kHz	Total 19 bits
A-4	0.85V <sub>cc</sub> to V <sub>cc</sub>	15 bit	512	7.8125 kHz	62.5 kHz	Total 27 bits

\* Frequency step is for when X'tal OSC = 4 MHz.

### 2) Programming

- The VCO lock frequency is obtained according to the following formula.

$$f_{osc} = f_{ref} \times 8 \times (32M + S)$$

$f_{osc}$ : local oscillator frequency

$f_{ref}$ : reference frequency

8 : prescaler fixed frequency division ratio

M : main divider frequency division ratio

S : swallow counter frequency division ratio

The variable frequency division ranges of M and S are as follows, and are set as binary.

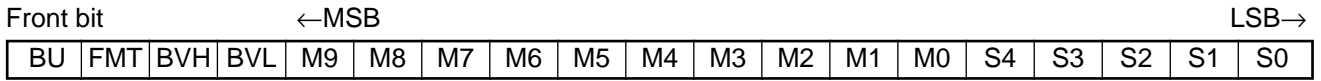
$$32 \leq M \leq 1023 \quad (32 \leq M \leq 511 \text{ for A-1 mode})$$

$$0 \leq S \leq 31$$

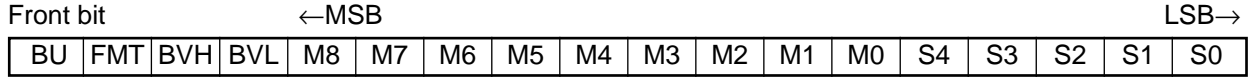
- The PLL control data is comprised of the above frequency data and the band switch control data.

2-1) The CXA3185N control format is as follows.

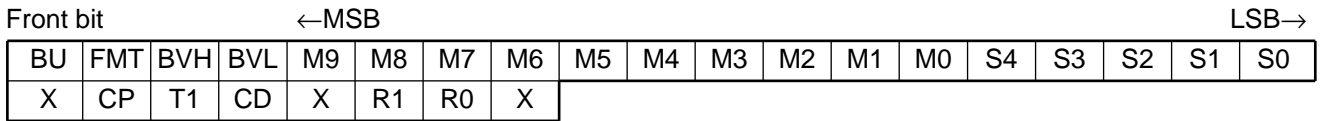
2-1-1 : A-0/A-2/A-3 Modes (19-bit data format)



2-1-2 : A-1 Mode (18-bit data format)



2-1-3 : A-4 Mode (27-bit data format)



\*) X: Don't care

- S0 to : swallow counter frequency division ratio setting
- M0 to : main divider frequency division ratio setting
- BVL : VL band switch control (output PNP Tr ON when "1")
- BVH : VH band switch control (output PNP Tr ON when "1")
- FMT : FM trap switch control (output PNP Tr ON when "1")
- BU : UHF band switch control (output PNP Tr ON when "1")
- CP : charge pump current switching (200 μA when "1", 50 μA when "0")
- T1 : test mode selection (when "1")
- CD : charge pump OFF (when "1")
- R0, R1: reference divider frequency division ratio setting (See the table below.)

Reference Divider Frequency Division Ratio Table

R1	R0	Reference divider
0	1	1024
1	1	512
X	0	640

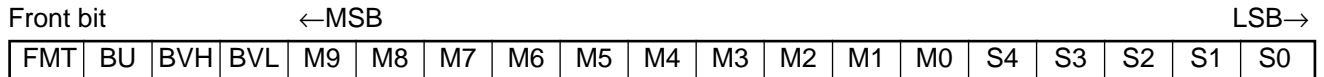
\*) X: Don't care

2-2) The CXA3186N control format is as follows.

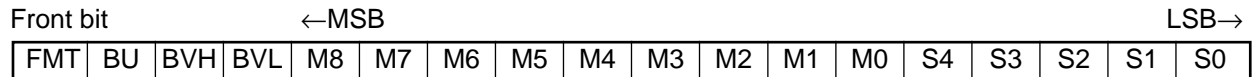
The BU and FMT data order is switched for the CXA3185N.

In this case the control format is as follows.

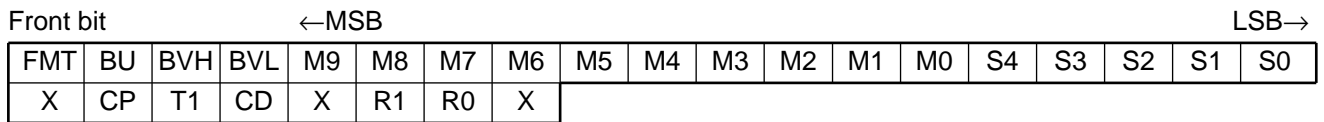
2-2-1 : A-0/A-2/A-3 Modes (19-bit data format)



2-2-2 : A-1 Mode (18-bit data format)



2-2-3 : A-4 Mode (27-bit data format)



\*) X: Don't care

- S0 to : swallow counter frequency division ratio setting
- M0 to : main divider frequency division ratio setting
- BVL : VL band switch control (output PNP Tr ON when "1")
- BVH : VH band switch control (output PNP Tr ON when "1")
- FMT : FM trap switch control (output PNP Tr ON when "1")
- BU : UHF band switch control (output PNP Tr ON when "1")
- CP : charge pump current switching (200 μA when "1", 50 μA when "0")
- T1 : test mode selection (when "1")
- CD : charge pump OFF (when "1")
- R0, R1: reference divider frequency division ratio setting (See the table below.)

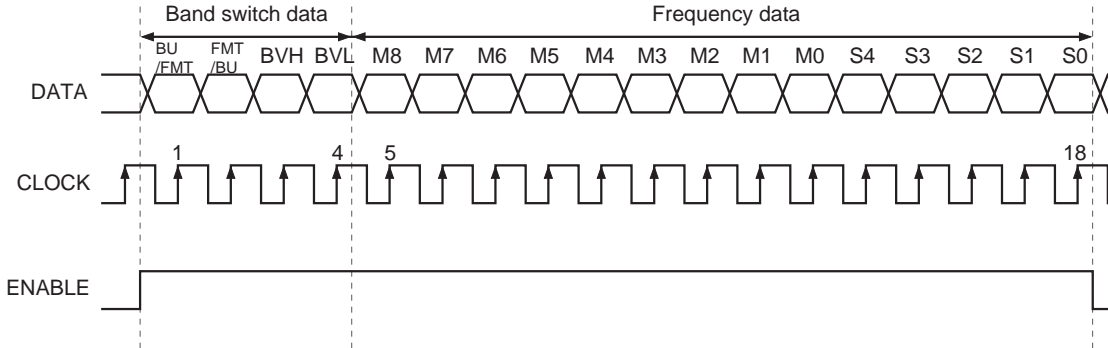
Reference Divider Frequency Division Ratio Table

R1	R0	Reference divider
0	1	1024
1	1	512
X	0	640

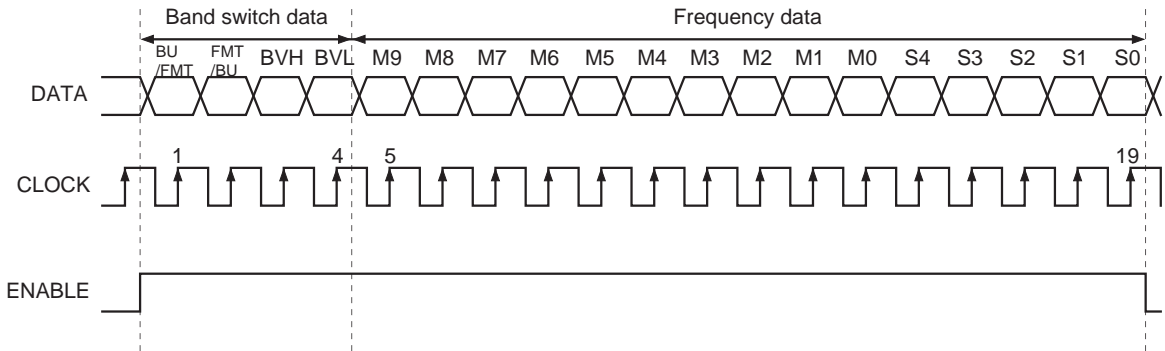
\*) X: Don't care

3) 3-wire Bus Data Format

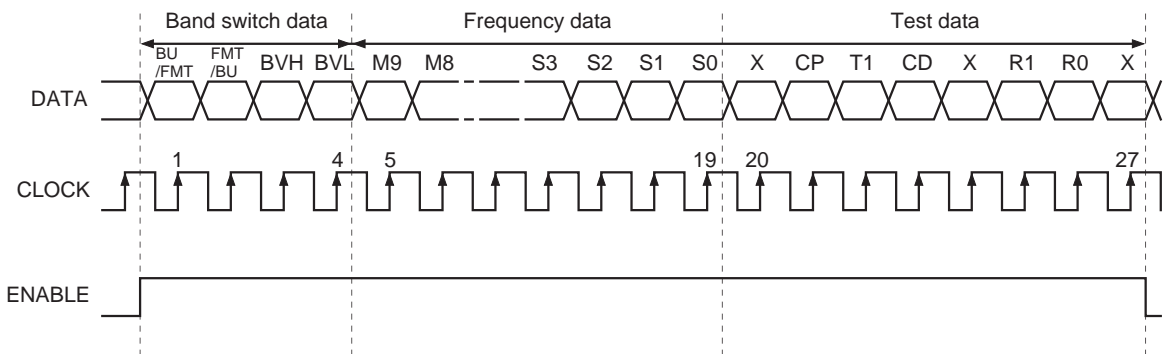
A-1 Mode (18-bit data format)



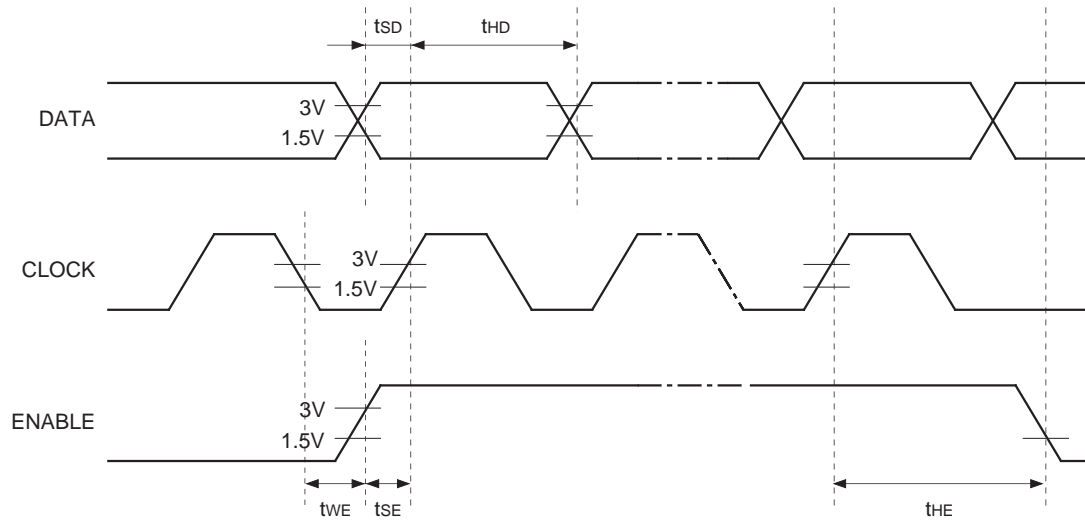
A-0/A-2/A-3 Modes (19-bit data format)



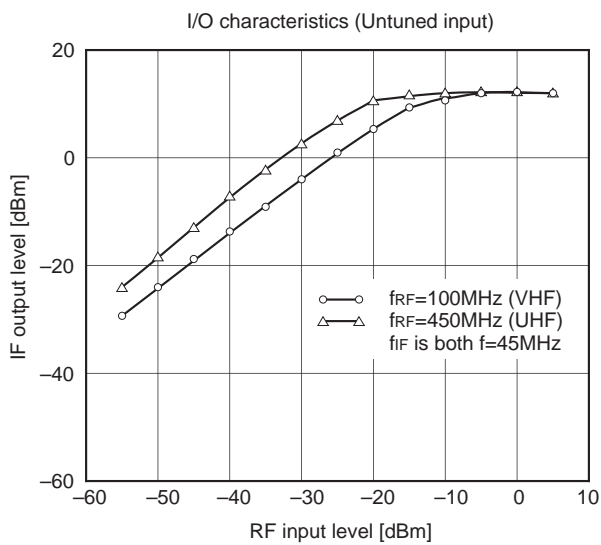
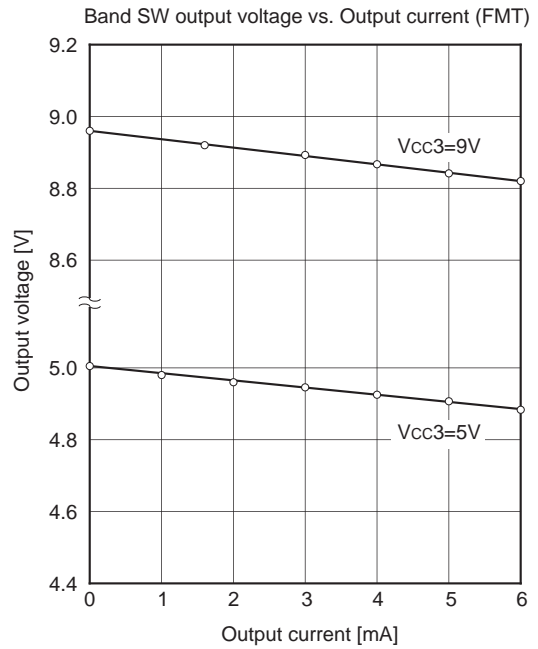
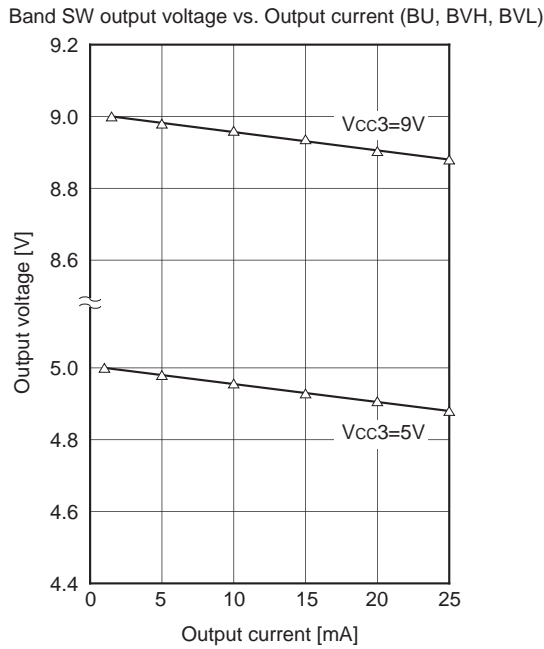
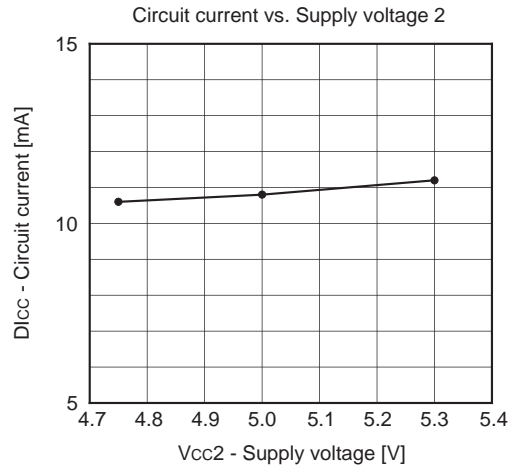
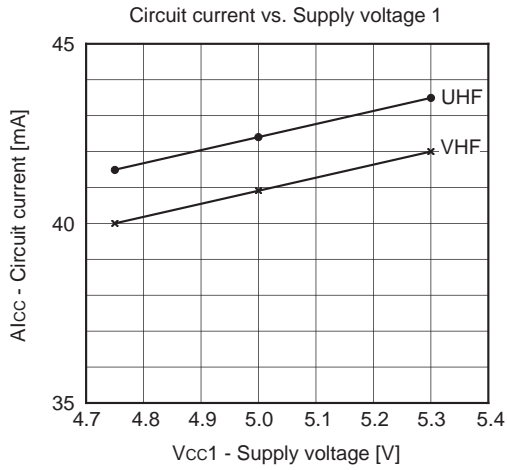
A-4 Mode (27-bit data format)



4) Bus Timing Chart

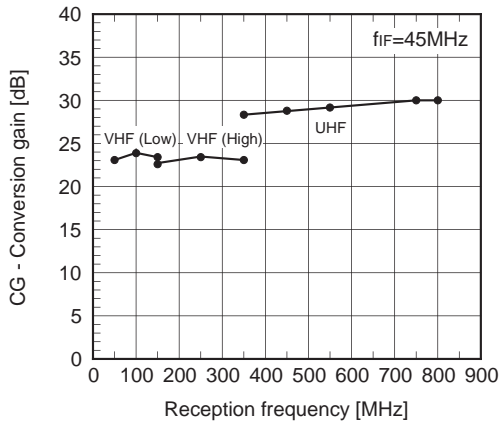


tSD = Data setup time  
 tHD = Data hold time  
 tSE = Enable setup time  
 tHE = Enable hold time  
 tWE = Enable waiting time

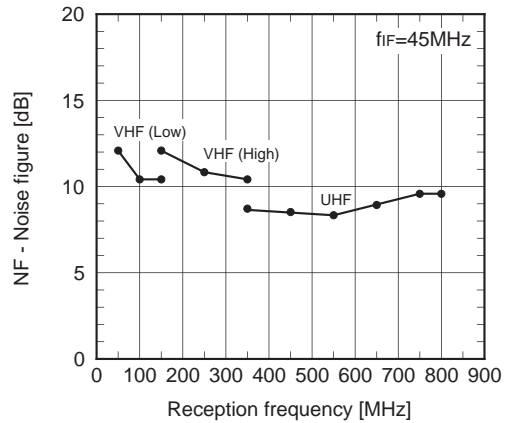




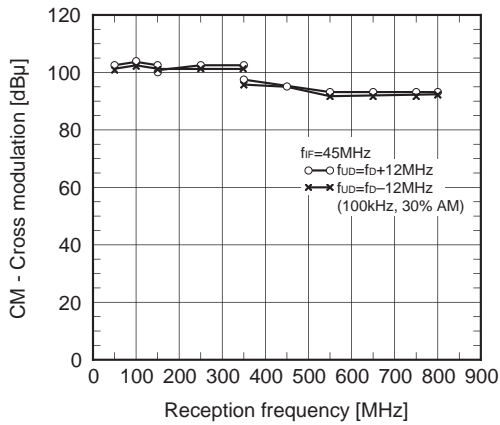
Conversion gain vs. Reception frequency (Untuned input)



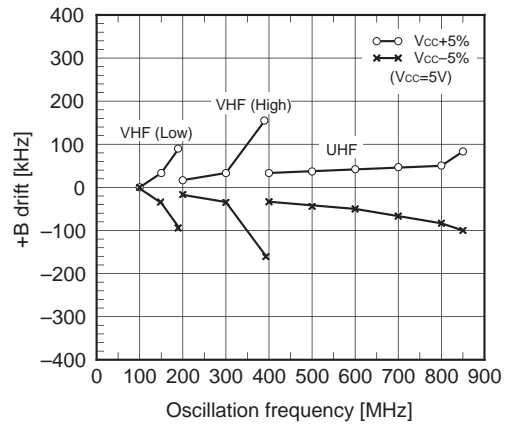
Noise figure vs. Reception frequency (Untuned input, in DSB)



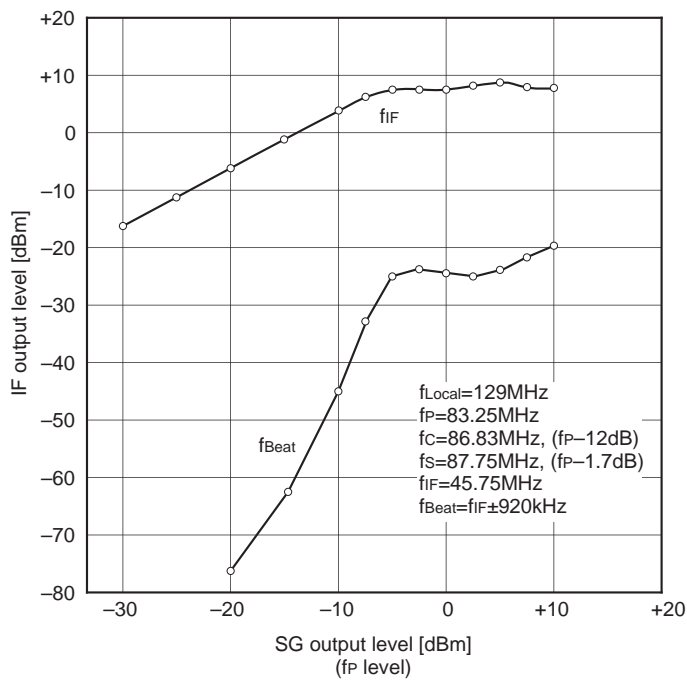
Next adjacent cross modulation vs. Reception frequency (Untuned input)



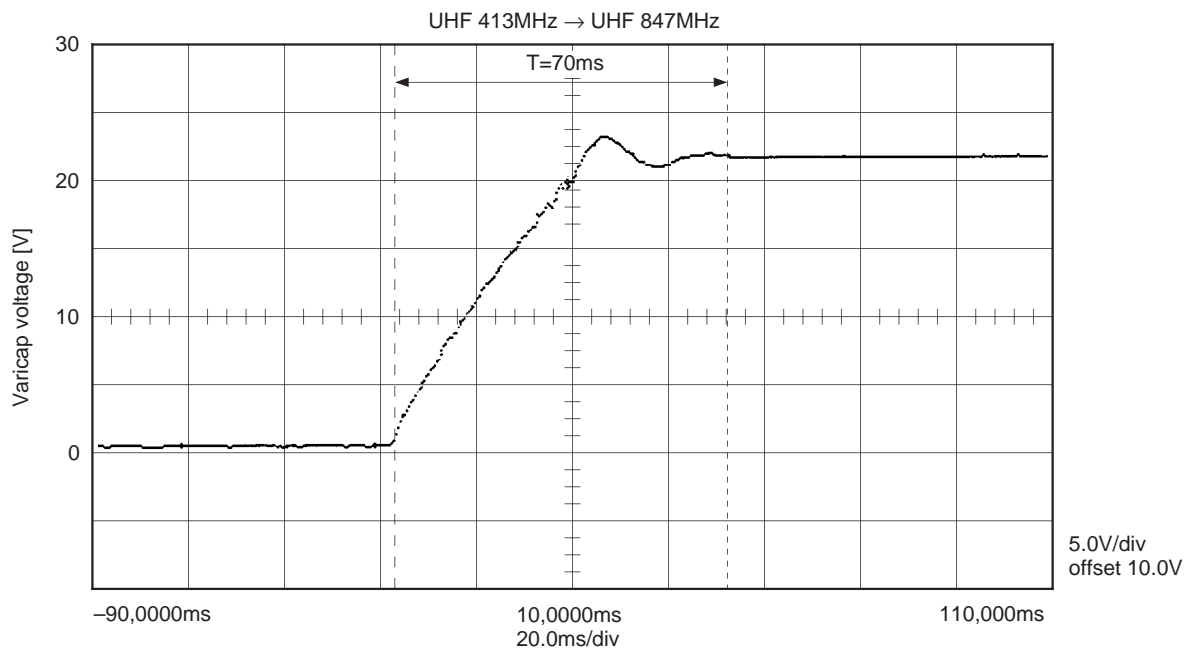
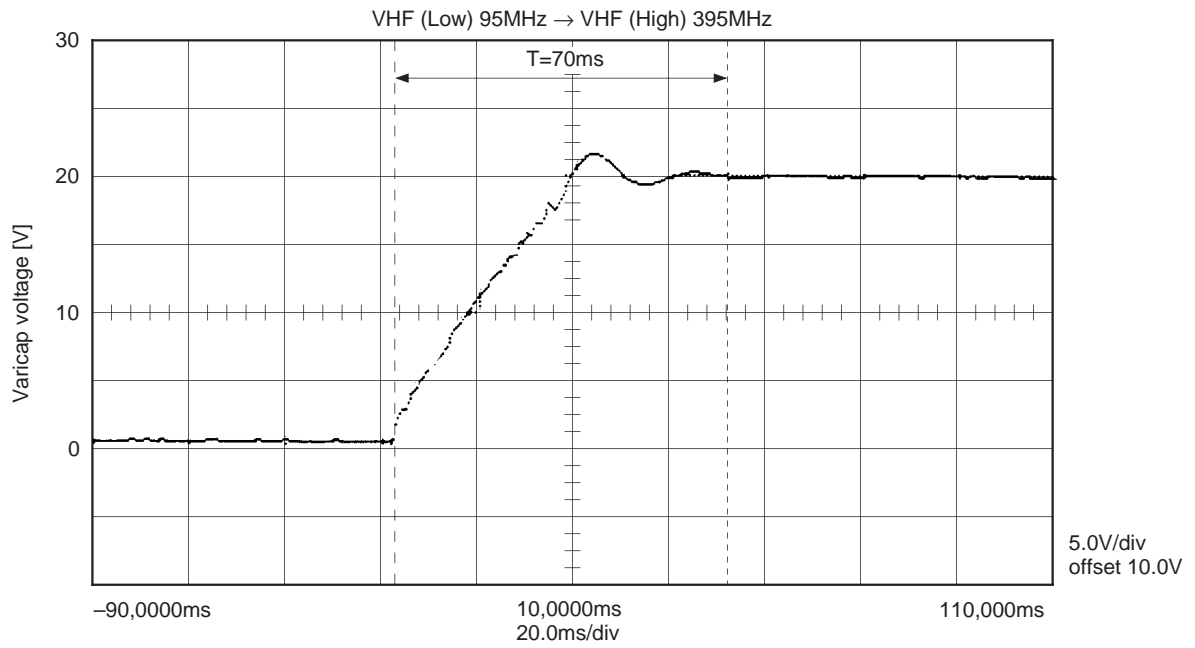
Oscillation frequency power supply fluctuation (PLL off)

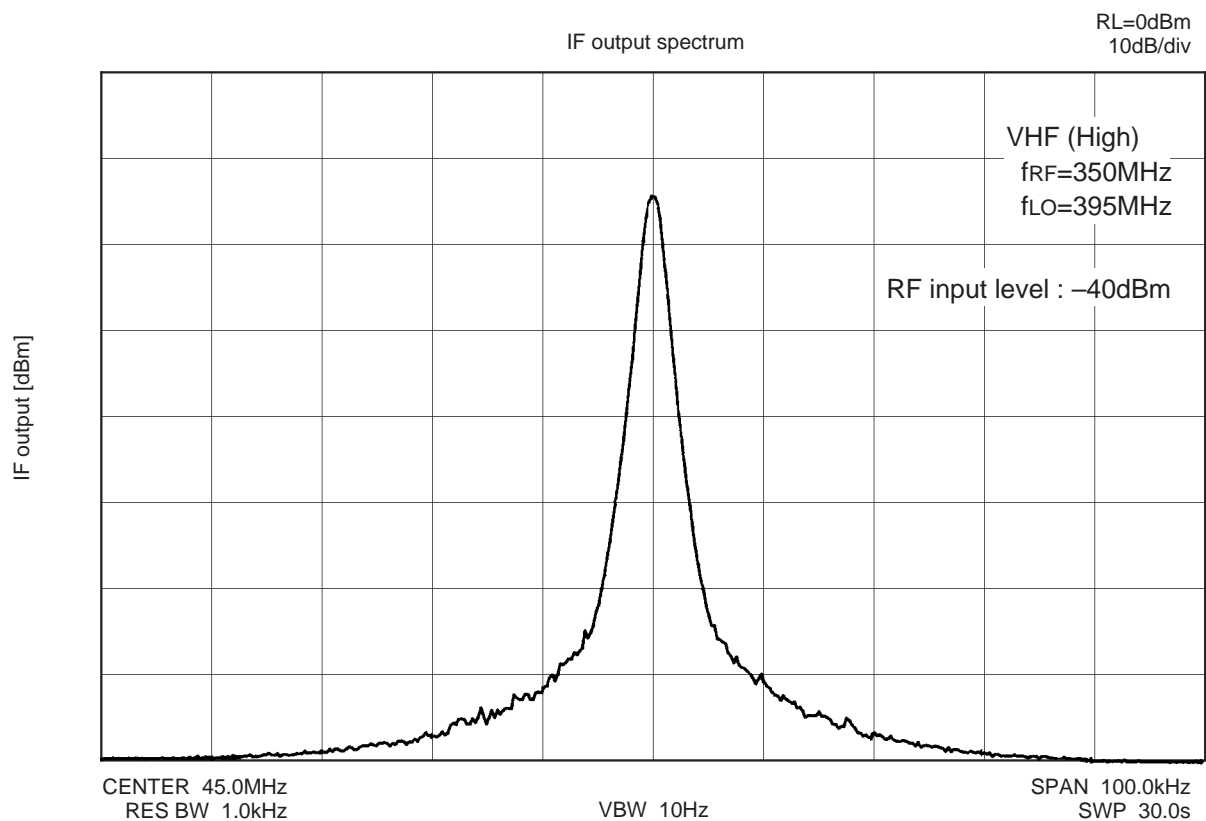
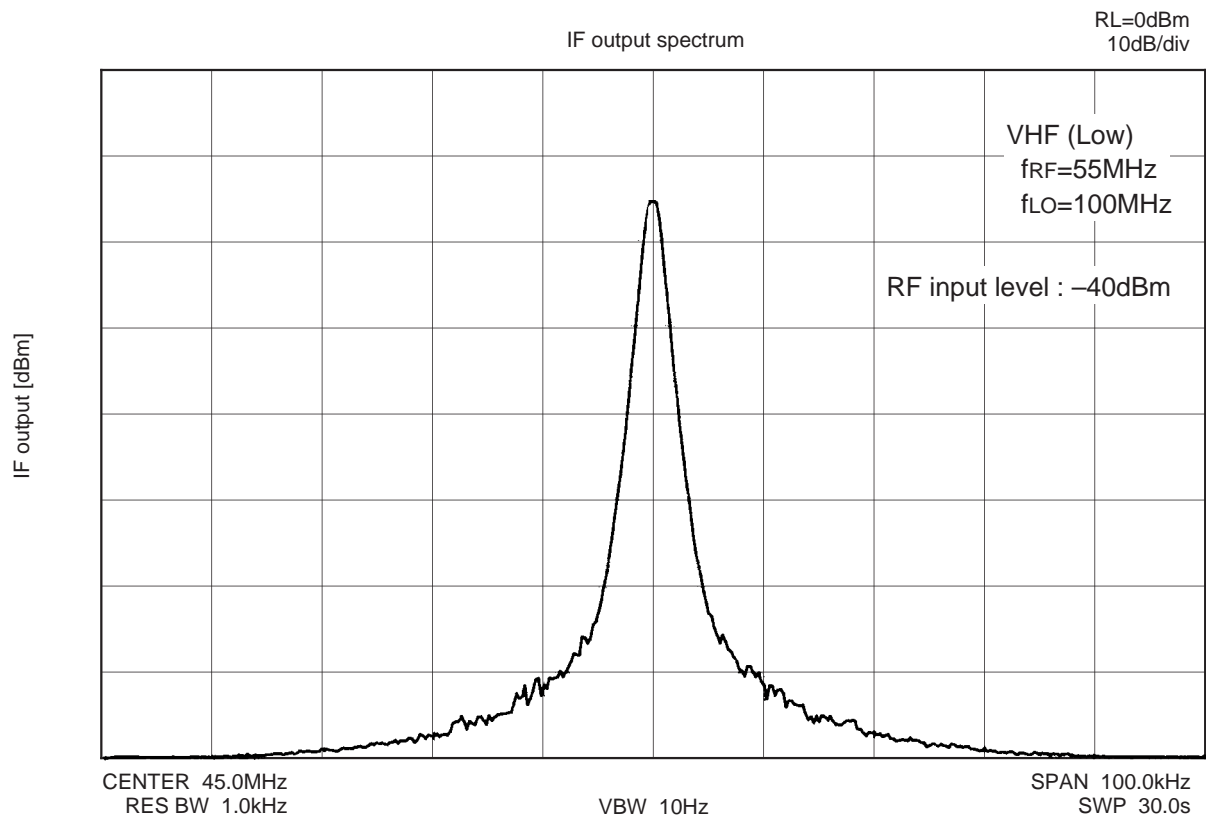


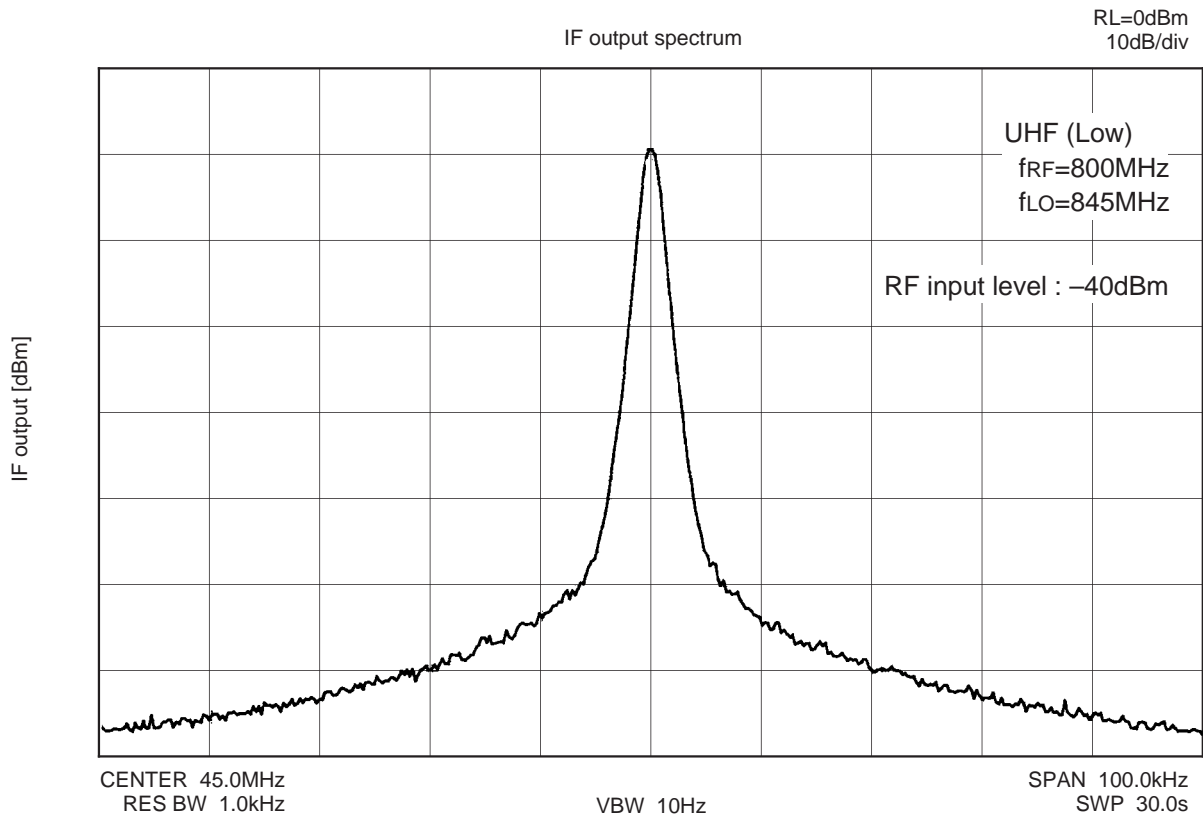
PCS beat characteristics



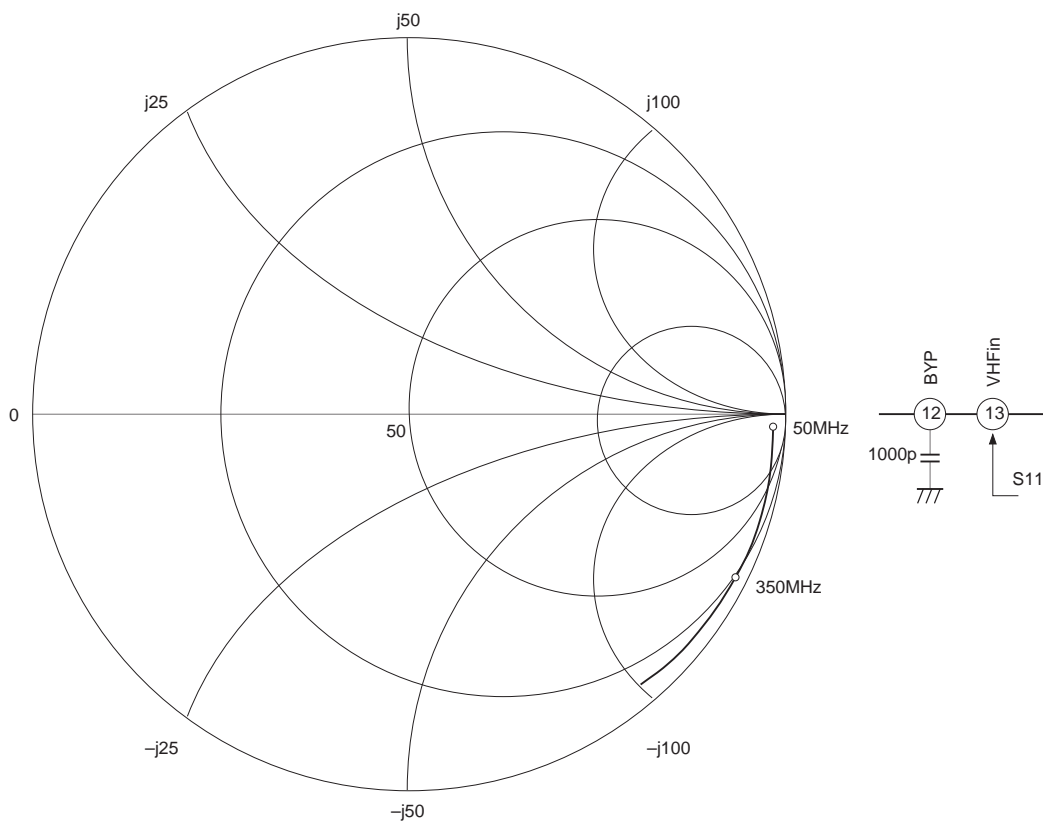
Tuning Response Time



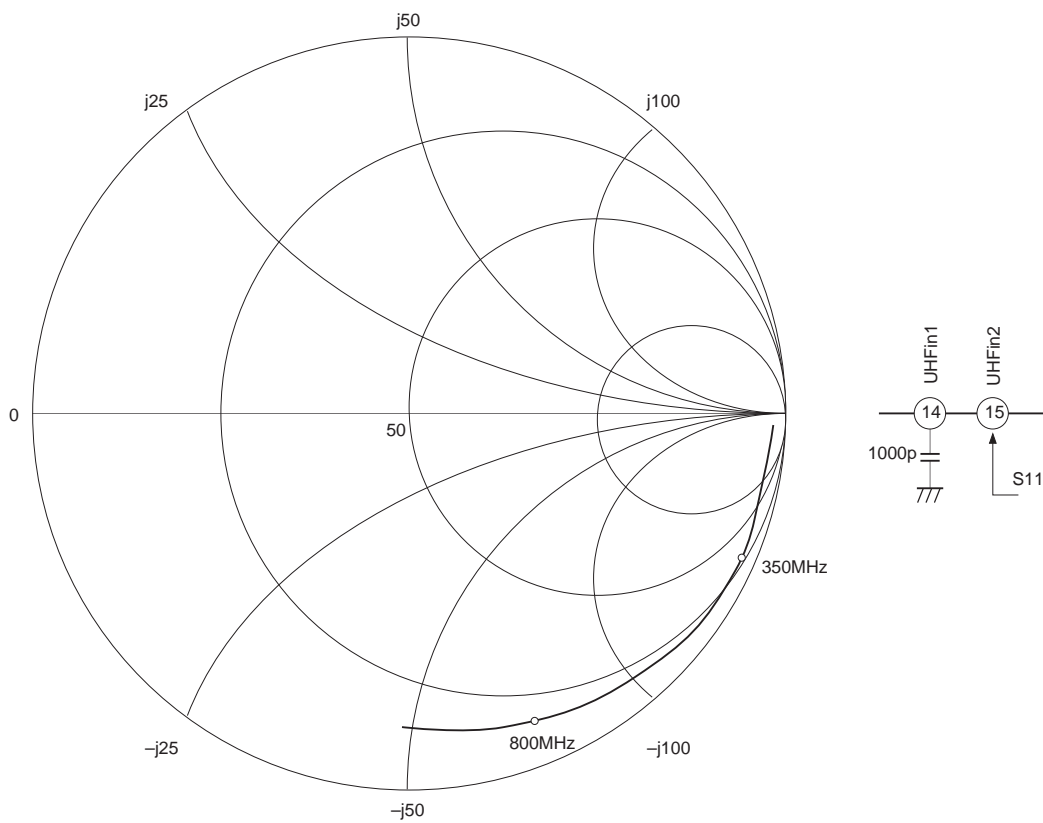




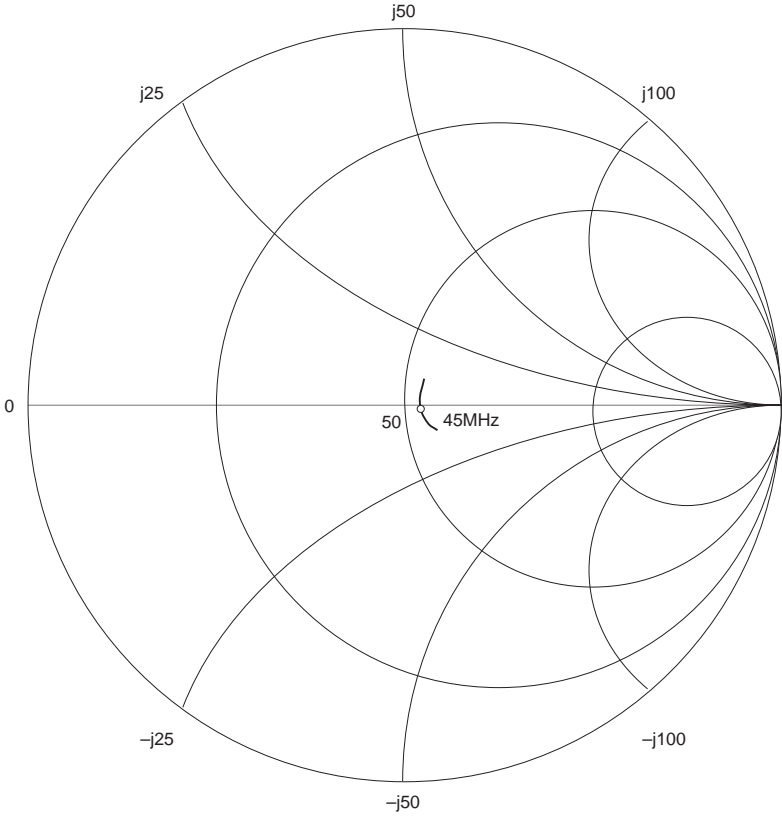
VHF Input Impedance



UHF Input Impedance

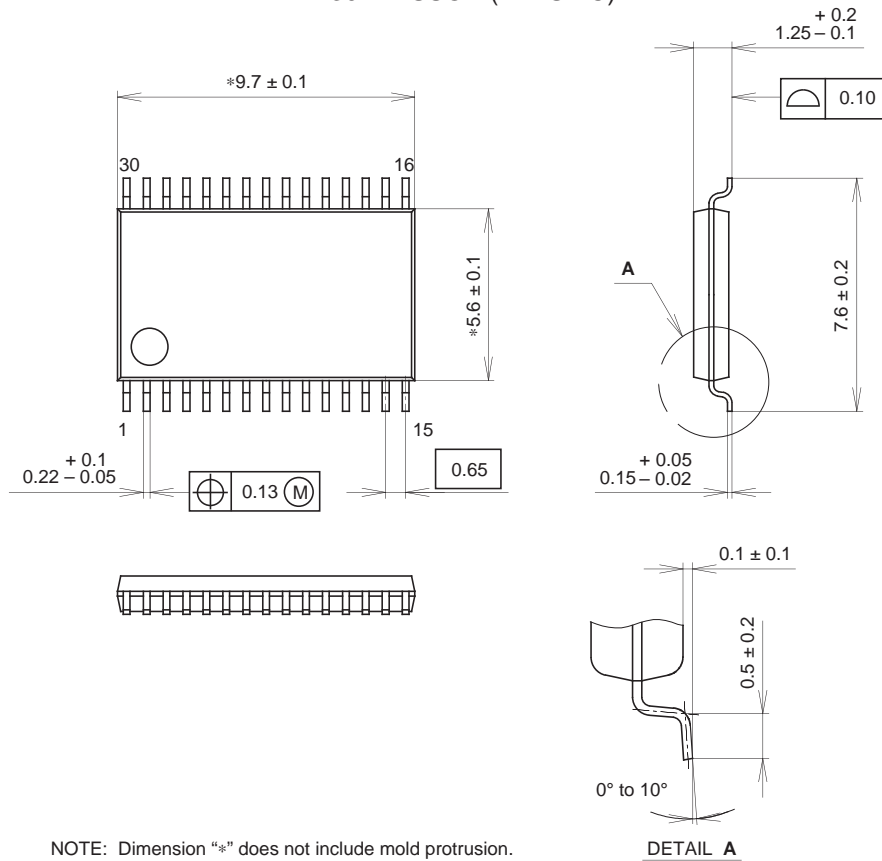


IF Output Impedance



Package Outline Unit : mm

30PIN SSOP (PLASTIC)



SONY CODE	SSOP-30P-L01
EIAJ CODE	SSOP030-P-0056
JEDEC CODE	_____

PACKAGE STRUCTURE

PACKAGE MATERIAL	EPOXY RESIN
LEAD TREATMENT	SOLDER/PALLADIUM PLATING
LEAD MATERIAL	42/COPPER ALLOY
PACKAGE MASS	0.1g

NOTE : PALLADIUM PLATING  
 This product uses S-PdPPF (Sony Spec.-Palladium Pre-Plated Lead Frame).