

	Stuck - Observe Constant IC
PRODUCT SERIES S	Strobe Charge Control IC
ТҮРЕ	BD4223FVM
Functions 1 2 3 4 5 5	 Adjustable transformer primary-side peak current by RADJ pin Standby mode switching with the START pin. Includes charge complete signal output (FULL) pin. Includes charge voltage detection (VC) pin (can be set externally). Built-in thermal shutdown circuit (TSD). Built-in under voltage looked out (UVLO).

O Absolute maximum ratings(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
VCC pin	VCC	-0.3 to 7	V
SW pin	VSW	45	V
VC pin	VC	-0.3 to 7	V
START pin	START	-0.3 to 7	V
FULL pin	FULL	-0.3 to 7	V
IGBT_IN pin	IGBT_IN	-0.3 to 7	V
Operating temperature	Topr	—35 to 85	°C
Storage temperature range	Tstg	—55 to 150	°C
Junction temperature	Tjmax	150	°C
Power dissipation	Pd	712	mW

 $\label{eq:Reduced by 5.70 mW/°C over Ta = 25°C. (When mounted on 74.2 mm <math display="inline">\times$ 74.2 mm \times 1.6 mm, glass epoxy) O Recommended operating ranges

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
VCC power supply input voltage range	VCC	2.5 to 5.5	V
VC pin input voltage range	VC	-0.3 to VCC	V
START pin input voltage range	VSTART	0 to VCC	V
IGBT_IN pin input voltage range	VIGBT_IN	0 to VCC	V
FULL pin input voltage range	VFULL	0 to 5.5	V
SW pin current	ISW	0 to 2	Α



O Electrical characteristics (Ta=25°C, VCC=V(START)=3.4 V, V(IGBT_IN)=0V)

_		Limit				
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
[Overall device]						
VCC circuit current	ICC	_	1.6	3.2	mA	
Circuit current standby operation	ISTB	_	_	1	μA	START=0V
[Standby control START pin]					•	
START pin high voltage	VSTH	2.0	_	-	V	
START pin low voltage	VSTL	-	_	0.6	V	
Input bias current	ISTART	12	24	36	μA	START=3.4V
[Transformer primary-side driver block]						
SW pin leak current	ISWL	_	_	1	μA	SW=45V
SW pin peak current	IPEAK	0.4	0.5	0.6	Α	RADJ=100kΩ
SW saturation voltage	VSAT	-	0.175	0.35	V	ISW=0.5A
RADJ adjustable range	RADJ	33	_	100	kΩ	
[Charging control block]						
Max on time	TONMAX	25	50	100	μ sec	
Max off time	TOFFMAX	12	25	50	μ sec	
[Transformer secondary-side detection	block]					
VC pin input current	IVC	_	_	1	μA	VC=VCC
Full charge detection voltage	VFULLTH	0.9875	1	1.0125	V	
FULL pin ON resistor	RFULLL	0.5	1	2	kΩ	VC=VCC,FULL=0.5V
FULL pin leak current	IFULLH	-	_	1	μA	FULL=3.4V
[Protection circuit block]						
UVLO detect voltage	VUVLOTH	1.95	2.1	2.25	V	VCC detection
UVLO hysteresis	VUVLOHYS	120	200	280	mV	
[IGBT driver block]						
Output short high current	Ioso	90	140	200	mA	IGBT_IN=3.4V,START=0V, IGBT_OUT =0V
Output short low current	Iosi	30	60	90	mA	IGBT_IN=0V,START=0V, IGBT_OUT=3.4V
IGBT_IN response time Rise	Trise1	_	15	80	nsec	
IGBT_IN response time Fall	Tfall1	_	120	200	nsec	
IGBT_IN input high voltage range1	VIGBTH1	2.0	_	—	V	START=0V
IGBT_IN input high voltage range2	VIGBTH2	1.4	_	_	v	START=0V,VCC=3.0Vto3.6V, Ta=-25°C to 85°C
IGBT_IN input high voltage range	VIGBTL		_	0.6	V	START=0V
IGBT_IN sink current	IIGBT_IN	12	24	36	μA	START=0V

 $\ensuremath{\textcircled{O}}\xspace$ This product is not designed for normal operation within a radioactive environment.



O Block Diagram

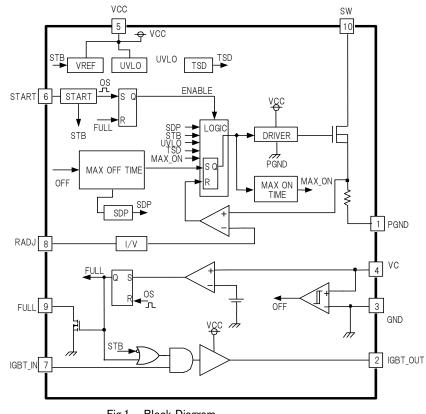


Fig.1 Block Diagram

O Package (UNIT:mm)

O Pin No.

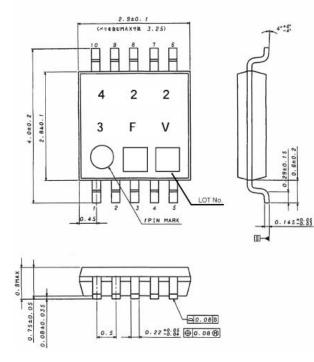


Fig. 2 Marking specification

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function
1	PGND	Power GND
2	IGBT_OUT	IGBT driver output
3	GND	Ground pin
4	VC	Secondary-side voltage detection
4		pin
5	VCC	VCC supply pin
6	START	Standby pin
7	IGBT_IN	nput terminal of trigger signal for
/		starting output of IGBT driver
8	RADJ	primary-side current control pin
9	FULL	FULL charge detection flag pin
10	SW	Switching pin



O Cautions on use

1. Absolute maximum ratings

An excess in the absolute maximum ratings, such as supply voltage, temperature range of operating conditions, etc., can break down the devices, thus making impossible to identify breaking mode, such as a short circuit or an open circuit. If any over rated values will expect to exceed the absolute maximum ratings, consider adding circuit protection devices, such as fuses.

2. GND and PGND potential

Ensure a minimum GND and PGND(Except for SW pin and VC pin) pin potential in all operating conditions. In addition, ensure that no pins other than the GND and PGND pin carry a voltage less than or equal to the GND and PGND pin, including during actual transient phenomena.

Don't use VC pin under Absolute Maximum Rating.

3. Thermal design

Use a thermal design that allows for a sufficient margin in light of the power dissipation (Pd) in actual operating conditions.

4. Protect circuit

The IC does not incorporate built-in malfunction protection such as overcurrent protection, short detection, or thermal shutdown circuitry. For this reason, the IC may be damaged if it is shorted or subjected to a load that exceeds the package power. The design of peripheral application circuits should reflect these potential risks.

5. Inter-pin shorts and mounting errors

Use caution when positioning the IC for mounting on printed circuit boards. The IC may be damaged if there is any connection error or if positive and ground power supply terminals are reversed. The IC may also be damaged if pins are shorted together or are shorted to other circuit's power lines.

6. Common impedance

The power supply and ground lines must be as short and thick as possible to reduce line impedance. Fluctuating voltage on the power ground line may damage the device.

7. IC Pin Input

This is the monolithic IC and has P^{+} isolation and P substrate for element isolation between each element. By the P layer and N layer of each element, a P-N junction is formed and various parasitic elements are configured.

For example, in the case of a resistor and transistor being connected to a pin as shown in Fig.-3;

P-N junction operates as a parasitic diode when GND > (Pin A) in the case of the resistor, and when GND > (Pin B) in the case of the transistor (NPN)

Also, a parasitic NPN transistor operates by the N layer of another element adjacent to the previous diode in the case of a transistor (NPN) when GND > (Pin B).

The parasitic element consequently emerges through the potential relationship because of IC's structure. The parasitic element pulls interference out of the circuit which may be the cause of malfunction or destruction. Therefore, excessive caution is required to avoid operation of the parasitic element which is caused by applying voltage to an input pin lower than GND (P board), etc

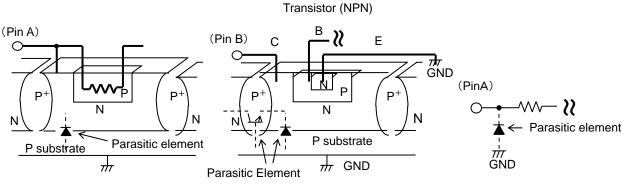


Fig.3 Other adjacent elements

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