# Specification 

## Acrich2 - Bulb

220V 13W

SMJE-3V12W1P3

| SSC |  | Customer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Drawn | Approval | Approval |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## Acrich2-220V 13W Bulb

## Description

The Acrich 2 series of products are designed to be driven directly off of AC line voltage, therefore they do not need the standard converter essential for conventional general lighting products.

The converter or driver found in most general lighting products can limit the overall life of the product, but with the Acrich 2 series of products the life of the product can more closely be estimated from the LED itself.

This will also allow for a much smaller form factor from an overall fixture design allowing for higher creativity in the fixture.

The modules have a high power factor which can contribute to a higher energy savings in the end application.

## Acrich2

## Features

- Connects directly to AC line voltage
- High Power Efficiency
- High Power Factor
- Low THD
- Long Life Time
- Simple BOM
- Miniaturization
- Lead Free product
- RoHS compliant


## Applications

- Bulb light
- Down light
- Factory Ceiling light
- Industrial Light


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## 1. Characteristics

1-1-1. Electro-Optical characteristics of SMJE-3V12W1P3-B rank

| Parameter | Symbol | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Typ | Max |  |
| Luminous Flux [2] | $\Phi_{\mathrm{V}}{ }^{[3]}$ | 1000 | 1040 | - | Im |
| Correlated Color <br> Temperature [4] | CCT | 5300 | 5600 | 6000 | K |
| CRI | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | 80 | - | - | - |
| Operating Voltage [5] | $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{opt}}$ | 220 |  |  | V [RMS] |
| Power Dissipation | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | 12.6 | 13.0 | 13.4 | W |
| Operating Frequency | Freq | $50 / 60$ |  |  | Hz |
| Power Factor | PF | Over 0.95 |  |  | - |
| View Angle | $2 \Theta 1 / 2$ | 120 |  |  | deg. |

1-1-2. Electro-Optical characteristics of SMJE-3V12W1P3-C rank

| Parameter | Symbol | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Typ | Max |  |
| Luminous Flux [2] | $\Phi_{\mathrm{V}}{ }^{[3]}$ | 970 | 1000 | - | Im |
| Correlated Color <br> Temperature [4] | CCT | 4700 | 5000 | 5300 | K |
| CRI | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | 80 | - | - | - |
| Operating Voltage [5] | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{opt}}$ | 220 |  |  | V [RMS] |
| Power Dissipation | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | 12.6 | 13.0 | 13.4 | W |
| Operating Frequency | Freq | $50 / 60$ |  |  | Hz |
| Power Factor | PF | Over 0.95 |  |  | - |
| View Angle | $2 \Theta 1 / 2$ | 120 |  |  | deg. |

1-1-3. Electro-Optical characteristics of SMJE-3V12W1P3-E rank

| Parameter | Symbol | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Typ | Max |  |
| Luminous Flux ${ }^{[2]}$ | $\Phi_{\mathrm{V}}{ }^{[3]}$ | 950 | 980 | - | Im |
| Correlated Color <br> Temperature ${ }^{4]}$ | CCT | 3700 | 4000 | 4200 | K |
| CRI | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | 80 | - | - | - |
| Operating Voltage ${ }^{[5]}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {opt }}$ | 220 |  |  | V[RMS] |
| Power Dissipation | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | 12.6 | 13.0 | 13.4 | W |
| Operating Frequency | Freq | $50 / 60$ |  |  | Hz |
| Power Factor | PF | Over 0.95 |  |  | - |
| View Angle | $2 \Theta 1 / 2$ | 120 |  |  |  |

1-1-4. Electro-Optical characteristics of SMJE-3V12W1P3-G rank

| Parameter | Symbol | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Typ | Max |  |
| Luminous Flux [2] | $\Phi_{\mathrm{V}}{ }^{[3]}$ | 930 | 960 | - | Im |
| Correlated Color <br> Temperature [4] | CCT | 2900 | 3000 | 3200 | K |
| CRI | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | 80 | - | - | - |
| Operating Voltage [5] | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{opt}}$ | 220 |  |  | V [RMS] |
| Power Dissipation | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | 12.6 | 13.0 | 13.4 | W |
| Operating Frequency | Freq | $50 / 60$ |  |  | Hz |
| Power Factor | PF | Over 0.95 |  |  | C |
| View Angle | $2 \Theta 1 / 2$ | 120 |  |  | deg. |

1-1-5. Electro-Optical characteristics of SMJE-3V12W1P3-H rank

| Parameter | Symbol | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Typ | Max |  |
| Luminous Flux ${ }^{[2]}$ | $\Phi_{\mathrm{V}}{ }^{[3]}$ | 910 | 940 | - | Im |
| Correlated Color <br> Temperature ${ }^{[4]}$ | CCT | 2600 | 2700 | 2900 | K |
| CRI | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | 80 | - | - | - |
| Operating Voltage ${ }^{[5]}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {opt }}$ | 220 |  |  | $\mathrm{~V}[\mathrm{RMS}]$ |
| Power Dissipation | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | 12.6 | 13.0 | 13.4 | W |
| Operating Frequency | Freq | $50 / 60$ |  |  | Hz |
| Power Factor | PF | Over 0.95 |  |  | - |
| View Angle | $2 \Theta 1 / 2$ | 120 |  |  |  |

1-2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Max. Voltage | $\mathrm{v}_{\text {opt }}$ | 264 | $\mathrm{~V}[\mathrm{RMS}]$ |
| Power Dissipation | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{d}}$ | 17.5 | W |
| Operating Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {opr }}$ | $-30 \sim 85$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | $-40 \sim 100$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| ESD Sensitivity | - | $\pm 4,000 \mathrm{VHBM}$ | - |

* Notes :
[1] At 120 V RMS, $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
[2] Acrich 2 series maintain the tolerance of $\pm 10 \%$ on flux and power measurements.
[3] $\Phi_{V}$ is the total luminous flux output measured with an integrated sphere.
[4] Correlated Color Temperature is derived from the CIE 1931 Chromaticity diagram.
[5] Operating Voltage doesn't indicate the maximum voltage which customers use but means tolerable voltage according to each country's voltage variation rate.
It is recommended that the solder pad temperature should be below $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.


## 2. Thermal Resistance

| Part | Package Power <br> Dissipation [W] | Maximum Junction <br> Temp $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]$ | $R 0_{j-s}$ <br> $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}\right]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acrich2 LED | SAW8KG0B Max 0.5 | 125 | 27 |
| Acrich2 IC | Max 1.0 | 125 | 16.4 |

The Acrich2 LED has a thermal resistance of $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ from junction of the LED to the LED lead.

The maximum junction temperature of the Acrich2 LED package is $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, therefore the maximum lead temperature $T_{s_{-} \max }$ is

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{s}_{-} \max } & =\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j} \_\max }-\left(\mathrm{R} \theta_{\mathrm{j}-\mathrm{s}} * \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}\right) \\
& =125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-\left(27^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} * 0.5 \mathrm{~W}\right)=111.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}
\end{aligned}
$$

Although this is the maximum lead temperature, it is recommended to keep the lead temperature under $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

The Acrich2 IC has a $16.4 \mathrm{deg} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ thermal resistance from junction to the top surface.

The maximum junction temperature ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{t} \text { _max }}$ ) of the IC is $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, therefore the maximum temperature of the top of the IC is

$$
\begin{aligned}
T_{t \_\max } & =T_{j \_\max }-\left(\psi_{j-t} * P_{D}\right) \\
& =125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-\left(16.4^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} * 1.0 \mathrm{~W}\right)=108.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}
\end{aligned}
$$

## 3. Color spectrum

Warm-White Relative Spectral Power Distribution at $\mathbf{T a}=\mathbf{2 5}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


Neutral-White Relative Spectral Power Distribution at $\mathbf{T a}=\mathbf{2 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


Cool-White Relative Spectral Power Distribution at $\mathbf{T a}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


## 4. Power characteristic

Relative Power Distribution vs. Voltage at $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


Relative Luminous Flux vs. Voltage at $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


## 5. Radiation Pattern



## 6. Color \& Binning

6-1. Warm White binning structure $\mathbf{( 2 , 6 0 0 K}$ to $3,200 \mathrm{~K}$ )


$$
\begin{array}{llllllllll}
0.40 & 0.41 & 0.42 & 0.43 & 0.44 & 0.45 & 0.46 & 0.47 & 0.48 & 0.49
\end{array}
$$

| Bin code | X | Y | Bin code | X | Y | Bin code | X | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| G0 | 0.4299 | 0.4165 | G1 | 0.4430 | 0.4212 | G2 | 0.4248 | 0.4048 |
|  | 0.4248 | 0.4048 |  | 0.4374 | 0.4093 |  | 0.4198 | 0.3931 |
|  | 0.4374 | 0.4093 |  | 0.4499 | 0.4138 |  | 0.4317 | 0.3973 |
|  | 0.4430 | 0.4212 |  | 0.4562 | 0.4260 |  | 0.4374 | 0.4093 |
| G3 | 0.4374 | 0.4093 | G4 | 0.4198 | 0.3931 | G5 | 0.4317 | 0.3973 |
|  | 0.4317 | 0.3973 |  | 0.4147 | 0.3814 |  | 0.4259 | 0.3853 |
|  | 0.4436 | 0.4015 |  | 0.4259 | 0.3853 |  | 0.4373 | 0.3893 |
|  | 0.4499 | 0.4138 |  | 0.4317 | 0.3973 |  | 0.4436 | 0.4015 |
| H0 | 0.4562 | 0.4260 | H1 | 0.4687 | 0.4289 | H2 | 0.4499 | 0.4138 |
|  | 0.4499 | 0.4138 |  | 0.4620 | 0.4166 |  | 0.4436 | 0.4015 |
|  | 0.4620 | 0.4166 |  | 0.4740 | 0.4194 |  | 0.4551 | 0.4042 |
|  | 0.4687 | 0.4289 |  | 0.4810 | 0.4319 |  | 0.4620 | 0.4166 |
| H3 | 0.4620 | 0.4166 | H4 | 0.4436 | 0.4015 | H5 | 0.4551 | 0.4042 |
|  | 0.4551 | 0.4042 |  | 0.4373 | 0.3893 |  | 0.4483 | 0.3919 |
|  | 0.4666 | 0.4069 |  | 0.4483 | 0.3919 |  | 0.4593 | 0.3944 |
|  | 0.4740 | 0.4194 |  | 0.4551 | 0.4042 |  | 0.4666 | 0.4069 |

6-1. Neutral White binning structure (3,700K to 4,200K)


| Bin code | X | Y | Bin code | X | Y | Bin code | X | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E0 | 0.3736 | 0.3874 | E1 | 0.3869 | 0.3958 | E2 | 0.3714 | 0.3775 |
|  | 0.3714 | 0.3775 |  | 0.3842 | 0.3855 |  | 0.3692 | 0.3677 |
|  | 0.3841 | 0.3855 |  | 0.3970 | 0.3935 |  | 0.3813 | 0.3751 |
|  | 0.3869 | 0.3958 |  | 0.4006 | 0.4044 |  | 0.3842 | 0.3855 |
| E3 | 0.3842 | 0.3855 | E4 | 0.3692 | 0.3677 | E5 | 0.3813 | 0.3751 |
|  | 0.3813 | 0.3751 |  | 0.3670 | 0.3578 |  | 0.3783 | 0.3646 |
|  | 0.3934 | 0.3825 |  | 0.3783 | 0.3646 |  | 0.3898 | 0.3716 |
|  | 0.3970 | 0.3935 |  | 0.3813 | 0.3751 |  | 0.3934 | 0.3825 |

SEOUL
SEOUL SEMICONDUCTOR

6-1. Cool White binning structure ( $4,700 \mathrm{~K}$ to $6,000 \mathrm{~K}$ )


| Bin code | X | Y | Bin code | X | Y | Bin code | X | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B0 | 0.3207 | 0.3462 | B1 | 0.3292 | 0.3539 | B2 | 0.3212 | 0.3389 |
|  | 0.3212 | 0.3389 |  | 0.3293 | 0.3461 |  | 0.3217 | 0.3316 |
|  | 0.3293 | 0.3461 |  | 0.3373 | 0.3534 |  | 0.3293 | 0.3384 |
|  | 0.3292 | 0.3539 |  | 0.3376 | 0.3616 |  | 0.3293 | 0.3461 |
| B3 | 0.3293 | 0.3461 | B4 | 0.3217 | 0.3316 | B5 | 0.3293 | 0.3384 |
|  | 0.3293 | 0.3384 |  | 0.3222 | 0.3243 |  | 0.3294 | 0.3306 |
|  | 0.3369 | 0.3451 |  | 0.3294 | 0.3306 |  | 0.3366 | 0.3369 |
|  | 0.3373 | 0.3534 |  | 0.3293 | 0.3384 |  | 0.3369 | 0.3451 |
| C0 | 0.3376 | 0.3616 | C1 | 0.3463 | 0.3687 | C2 | 0.3373 | 0.3534 |
|  | 0.3373 | 0.3534 |  | 0.3456 | 0.3601 |  | 0.3369 | 0.3451 |
|  | 0.3456 | 0.3601 |  | 0.3539 | 0.3669 |  | 0.3448 | 0.3514 |
|  | 0.3463 | 0.3687 |  | 0.3552 | 0.3760 |  | 0.3456 | 0.3601 |
| C3 | 0.3456 | 0.3601 | C4 | 0.3369 | 0.3451 | C5 | 0.3448 | 0.3514 |
|  | 0.3448 | 0.3514 |  | 0.3366 | 0.3369 |  | 0.3440 | 0.3428 |
|  | 0.3526 | 0.3578 |  | 0.3440 | 0.3428 |  | 0.3514 | 0.3487 |
|  | 0.3539 | 0.3669 |  | 0.3448 | 0.3514 |  | 0.3526 | 0.3578 |

## 7. Marking



## XXXXXX - Year / Month/date / Production date XXXX - LED PKG Flux Rank / Color Bin Rank

## 8. Outline dimensions



* Notes :
[1] All dimensions are in millimeters. (Tolerance : $\pm 0.2$ )
[2] Scale : none
[3] The appearance and specifications of the product may be changed for improvement without notice


## 9. Circuit Drawing



## 10. Packing



- 1Box : 50 PCS per tray x Max 8 layer = Max 400 PCS about 6kg
- Box size( L x W x H ) = 590 x $\mathbf{3 3 0} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{2 6 0}$


## 11. Cautions for use

- Please review the Acrich2 Module Application Note for porper protective circuitry usage
- Please note, Acrich products run off of high voltage, therefore caution should be taken when working near Acrich products.
- DO NOT touch any of the circuit board, components or terminals with body or metal while circuit is active.
- Please do not add or change wires while Acrich circuit is active
- Long time exposure to sunlight or UV can cause the lens to discolor.
- Please do not use adhesives to attach the LED that outgas organic vapor.
- Please do not use together with the materials containing Sulfur.
- Please do not assemble in conditions of high moisture and/or oxidizing gas such as $\mathrm{Cl}, \mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~S}, \mathrm{NH} 3, \mathrm{SO} 2, \mathrm{NOX}$, etc.
- Please do not make any modification on module.
- Please be cautious when soldering to board so as not to create a short between different trace patterns.


## 12. Handling of silicone resin for LEDs

- Acrich series is encapsulated with silicone resin for high optical efficiency.
- Please do not touch the silicone resin area with sharp objects such as pincette(tweezers).
- Finger prints on silicone resin area may affect the performance.
- Please store LEDs in covered containers to prevent dust accumulation as this may affect performance.
- Excessive force more than 3000 gf to the silicone lens can result in fatal or permanent damage with LEDs.
- Please do not cover the silicone resin area with any other resins such as epoxy, urethane, etc.


## 13. Handling with regards to static electricity

- The Acrich2 modules use an integrated circuit (IC) which can be damaged when exposed to static electricity. Please handle using equipment that prevents static electricity. Do not touch unless ESD protection is used.
- The Acrich2 modules should also not be installed in end equipment with out ESD protection.


## 14. Storage before use

- Do not impact or place pressure on this product because even a small amount of pressure can damage the product. The product should also not be placed in high temperatures, high humidity or direct sunlight since the device is sensitive to these conditions.
(1) When storing devices for a long period of time before usage, please following these guidelines:
* The devices should be stored in the anti-static bag that it was shipped in from Seoul-Semiconductor with opening.
* If the anti-static bag has been opened, re-seal preventing air and moisture from being present in the bag.


## 15. Guidelines for properly working with Acrich modules.

- Discharge the lighting system a minimum of 2-3 times prior to working with the module.
- Use only properly rated test equipment and tools for the rated voltage and current of the product being tested.
- It is strongly suggested to wear rubber insulated gloves and rubber bottom shoes.
- Do not wear any conductive items (such as jewelry) which could accidentally contact electric circuits.
- Perform several tests with power off and the lighting system unplugged.
- Faults, lightning, or switching transients can cause voltage surges in excess of the normal ratings.
- Internal component failure can cause excessive voltages.
- Stored or residual electricity in long wire could be hazardous.
- Make sure proper discharge prior to starting work.

