PI7C9X111SL

PCI Express-to-PCI Reversible Bridge Revision 1.5



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REVISION HISTORY

DATE	REVISION #	DESCRIPTION		
10/18/2008	1.0	Released Version 1.0 Datasheets		
04/14/2009	1.1	Revised General Feature to reflect I-temp		
10/10/2009	1.2	Updated Pin Description of PCI Express Signals		
12/14/2009	1.3	Updated Pin Description of Power and Ground Pins		
02/08/2009	1.4	Updated Section 10.2 System Management Bus		
02/22/2010	1.5	Updated ESD Capability		

PREFACE

The datasheet of PI7C9X111SL will be enhanced periodically when updated information is available. The technical information in this datasheet is subject to change without notice. This document describes the functionalities of PI7C9X111SL (PCI Express Bridge) and provides technical information for designers to design their hardware using PI7C9X111SL.



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	INTRO	DUCTION	10
	1.1 PC	EXPRESS FEATURES	10
	1.2 PC	[FEATURES	11
	1.3 GE	NERAL FEATURES	11
2	PIN DE	FINITIONS	12
	2.1 SIC	SNAL TYPES	12
		EXPRESS SIGNALS	
	2.3 PC	SIGNALS	12
	2.4 MC	DDE SELECT AND STRAPPING SIGNALS	15
		AG BOUNDARY SCAN SIGNALS	
		SCELLANEOUS SIGNALS	
		WER AND GROUND PINS	
		V ASSIGNMENTS	
3		SELECTION AND PIN STRAPPING	
_		NCTIONAL MODE SELECTION	
		STRAPPING	
4		ARD AND REVERSE BRIDGING	
5		PRESS FUNCTIONAL OVERVIEW	
		P STRUCTURE	
	5.2 VII	RTUAL ISOCHRONOUS OPERATION	20
6	CONFI	GURATION REGISTER ACCESS	21
		NFIGURATION REGISTER MAP	
	6.2 PC	EXPRESS EXTENDED CAPABILITY REGISTER MAP	23
	6.3 PC	CONFIGURATION REGISTERS	25
	6.3.1	VENDOR ID – OFFSET 00h	
	6.3.2	DEVICE ID – OFFSET 00h	
	6.3.3	COMMAND REGISTER - OFFSET 04h	
	6.3.4 6.3.5	PRIMARY STATUS REGISTER - OFFSET 04h	
	6.3.6	REVISION ID REGISTER – OFFSET 08h CLASS CODE REGISTER – OFFSET 08h	
	6.3.7	CACHE LINE SIZE REGISTER – OFFSET OCh	
	6.3.8	PRIMARY LATENCY TIMER REGISTER – OFFSET 0Ch	
	6.3.9	PRIMARY HEADER TYPE REGISTER – OFFSET 0Ch	28
	6.3.10	RESERVED REGISTERS – OFFSET 10h TO 17h	
	6.3.11	PRIMARY BUS NUMBER REGISTER – OFFSET 18h	
	6.3.12	SECONDARY BUS NUMBER REGISTER - OFFSET 18h	
	6.3.13 6.3.14	SUBORDINATE BUS NUMBER REGISTER – OFFSET 18h SECONDARY LATENCY TIME REGISTER – OFFSET 18h	
	6.3.14 6.3.15	I/O BASE REGISTER – OFFSET 1Ch	
	6.3.16	I/O LIMIT REGISTER – OFFSET 1Ch	



6.3.17	SECONDARY STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 1Ch	29
6.3.18	MEMORY BASE REGISTER – OFFSET 20h	30
6.3.19	MEMORY LIMIT REGISTER – OFFSET 20h	
6.3.20	PREFETCHABLE MEMORY BASE REGISTER – OFFSET 24h	30
6.3.21	PREFETCHABLE MEMORY LIMIT REGISTER – OFFSET 24h	31
6.3.22	PREFETCHABLE BASE UPPER 32-BIT REGISTER – OFFSET 28h	32
6.3.23	PREFETCHABLE LIMIT UPPER 32-BIT REGISTER – OFFSET 2Ch	32
6.3.24	I/O BASE UPPER 16-BIT REGISTER – OFFSET 30h	32
6.3.25	I/O LIMIT UPPER 16-BIT REGISTER – OFFSET 30h	32
6.3.26	CAPABILITY POINTER – OFFSET 34h	
6.3.27	EXPANSION ROM BASE ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 38h	32
6.3.28	INTERRUPT LINE REGISTER – OFFSET 3Ch	32
6.3.29	INTERRUPT PIN REGISTER – OFFSET 3Ch	33
6.3.30	BRIDGE CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 3Ch	
6.3.31	PCI DATA BUFFERING CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 40h	34
6.3.32	CHIP CONTROL 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 40h	35
6.3.33	RESERVED REGISTER – OFFSET 44h	37
6.3.34	ARBITER ENABLE REGISTER – OFFSET 48h	37
6.3.35	ARBITER MODE REGISTER – OFFSET 48h	37
6.3.36	ARBITER PRIORITY REGISTER – OFFSET 48h	38
6.3.37	RESERVED REGISTERS – OFFSET 4Ch	<i>38</i>
6.3.38	MEMORY READSMART BASE LOWER 32-Bit REGISTER 1 – OFFSET 50h	38
6.3.39	MEMORY READSMART BASE UPPER 32-Bit REGISTER 1 – OFFSET 54h	38
6.3.40	MEMORY READSMART RANGE CONTROL REGISTER 1 – OFFSET 58h	39
6.3.41	MEMORY READSMART BASE LOWER 32-Bit REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 5Ch	39
6.3.42	MEMORY READSMART BASE UPPER 32-Bit REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 60h	
6.3.43	MEMORY READSMART RANGE SIZE REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 64h	39
6.3.44	EXPRESS TRANSMITTER/RECEIVER REGISTER – OFFSET 68h	39
6.3.45	UPSTREAM MEMORY WRITE FRAGMENT CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 68h	40
6.3.46	RESERVED REGISTER – OFFSET 6Ch	41
6.3.47	EEPROM AUTOLOAD CONTROL/STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 70h	41
6.3.48	RESERVED REGISTER – OFFSET 74h	
6.3.49	GPIO DATA AND CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 78h	
6.3.50	RESERVED REGISTER – OFFSET 7Ch	42
6.3.51	PCI-X CAPABILITY ID REGISTER – OFFSET 80h	42
6.3.52	NEXT CAPABILITY POINTER REGISTER – OFFSET 80h	
6.3.53	PCI-X SECONDARY STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 80h	
6.3.54	PCI-X BRIDGE STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 84h	
6.3.55	UPSTREAM SPLIT TRANSACTION REGISTER – OFFSET 88h	
6.3.56	DOWNSTREAM SPLIT TRANSACTION REGISTER – OFFSET 8Ch	44
6.3.57	POWER MANAGEMENT ID REGISTER – OFFSET 90h	
6.3.58	NEXT CAPABILITY POINTER REGISTER – OFFSET 90h	
6.3.59	POWER MANAGEMENT CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET 90h	
6.3.60	POWER MANAGEMENT CONTROL AND STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 94h	
6.3.61	PCI-TO-PCI SUPPORT EXTENSION REGISTER – OFFSET 94h	
6.3.62	RESERVED REGISTERS – OFFSET 98h – 9Ch	46
6.3.63	CAPABILITY ID REGISTER – OFFSET A0h	
6.3.64	NEXT POINTER REGISTER – OFFSET A0h	
6.3.65	SLOT NUMBER REGISTER – OFFSET A0h	
6.3.66	CHASSIS NUMBER REGISTER – OFFSET A0h	
6.3.67	SECONDARY CLOCK AND CLKRUN CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET A4h	
6.3.68	CAPABILITY ID REGISTER – OFFSET A8h	47



6.3.69	NEXT POINTER REGISTER – OFFSET A8h	
6.3.70	RESERVED REGISTER – OFFSET A8h	
6.3.71	SUBSYSTEM VENDOR ID REGISTER – OFFSET ACh	
6.3.72	SUBSYSTEM ID REGISTER – OFFSET ACh	
6.3.73	PCI EXPRESS CAPABILITY ID REGISTER – OFFSET B0h	
6.3.74	NEXT CAPABILITY POINTER REGISTER – OFFSET B0h	
6.3.75	PCI EXPRESS CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET B0h	
6.3.76	DEVICE CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET B4h	
6.3.77	DEVICE CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET B8h	
6.3.78	DEVICE STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET B8h	
6.3.79	LINK CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET BCh	
6.3.80	LINK CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET C0h	
6.3.81	LINK STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET C0h	
6.3.82	SLOT CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET C4h	
6.3.83	SLOT CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET C8h	
6.3.84	SLOT STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET C8h	
6.3.85	XPIP CONFIGURATION REGISTER 0 – OFFSET CCh	
6.3.86	XPIP CONFIGURATION REGISTER 1 – OFFSET D0h	
6.3.87	XPIP CONFIGURATION REGISTER 2 – OFFSET D4h	
6.3.88	L0 ENTER L1 WAITING PERIOD COUNTER – OFFSET D4h	
6.3.89	CAPABILITY ID REGISTER – OFFSET D8h	
6.3.90	NEXT POINTER REGISTER – OFFSET D8h	
6.3.91	VPD REGISTER – OFFSET D8h	
6.3.92	VPD DATA REGISTER – OFFSET DCh	
6.3.93	RESERVED REGISTERS – OFFSET E0h – ECh	
6.3.94	MESSAGE SIGNALED INTERRUPTS ID REGISTER – F0h	
6.3.95	NEXT CAPABILITIES POINTER REGISTER – F0h	5 <i>6</i>
6.3.96	MESSAGE CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET F0h	
6.3.97	MESSAGE ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET F4h	
6.3.98	MESSAGE UPPER ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET F8h	
6.3.99	MESSAGE DATA REGISTER – OFFSET FCh	
6.3.100	ADVANCE ERROR REPORTING CAPABILITY ID REGISTER – OFFSET 100h	
6.3.101	ADVANCE ERROR REPORTING CAPABILITY VERSION REGISTER – OFFSET 100h	
6.3.102	NEXT CAPABILITY OFFSET REGISTER – OFFSET 100h	
6.3.103	UNCORRECTABLE ERROR STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 104h	
6.3.104	UNCORRECTABLE ERROR MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 108h	
6.3.105	UNCORRECTABLE ERROR SEVERITY REGISTER – OFFSET 10Ch	
6.3.106	CORRECTABLE ERROR STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 110h	
6.3.107	CORRECTABLE ERROR MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 114h	
6.3.108	ADVANCED ERROR CAPABILITIES AND CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 118h	59
6.3.109	HEADER LOG REGISTER 1 – OFFSET 11Ch	
6.3.110	HEADER LOG REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 120h	
6.3.111	HEADER LOG REGISTER 3 – OFFSET 124h	
6.3.112	HEADER LOG REGISTER 4 – OFFSET 128h	
6.3.113	SECONDARY UNCORRECTABLE ERROR STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 12Ch	
6.3.114	SECONDARY UNCORRECTABLE ERROR MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 130h	
6.3.115	SECONDARY UNCORRECTABLE ERROR SEVERITY REGISTER – OFFSET 134h	
6.3.116	SECONDARY ERROR CAPABILITY AND CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 138h	
6.3.117	SECONDARY HEADER LOG REGISTER – OFFSET 13Ch – 148h	
6.3.118	RESERVED REGISTER – OFFSET 14Ch	
6.3.119	VC CAPABILITY ID REGISTER – OFFSET 150h	
6.3.120	VC CAPABILITY VERSION REGISTER – OFFSET 150h	61



	.3.121 NEXT CAPABILITY OFFSET REGISTER – OFFSET 150h	
٠.	.3.122 PORT VC CAPABILITY REGISTER 1 – OFFSET 154h	
	.3.123 PORT VC CAPABILITY REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 158h	
	3.124 PORT VC CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 15Ch	
	.3.125 PORT VC STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 15Ch	
	.3.126 VC0 RESOURCE CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET 160h	
	3.128 VCO RESOURCE CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 168h	
	3.129 RESERVED REGISTERS – OFFSET 16Ch – 300h	
6.	.3.130 EXTRA GPI/GPO DATA AND CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 304h	63
6.	.3.131 RESERVED REGISTERS – OFFSET 308h – 30Ch	
	.3.132 REPLAY AND ACKNOWLEDGE LATENCY TIMERS – OFFSET 310h	
6.	.3.133 RESERVED REGISTERS – OFFSET 314h – FFCh	63
7 G	SPIO PINS AND SM BUS ADDRESS	64
8 C	CLOCK SCHEME	65
9 II	NTERRUPTS	67
	EEPROM (I2C) INTERFACE AND SYSTEM MANAGEMENT BUS	
10.1	- (-)	
10.2		
10.3	B EEPROM AUTOLOAD CONFIGURATION	69
11 H	HOT PLUG OPERATION	70
12 R	RESET SCHEME	71
13 I	EEE 1149.1 COMPATIBLE JTAG CONTROLLER	7 2
13.1	INSTRUCTION REGISTER	72
13.2	2 BYPASS REGISTER	72
13.3		
13.4		
13.5		
14 P	POWER MANAGEMENT	7 3
	ELECTRICAL AND TIMING SPECIFICATIONS	
15.1		
15.2		
15.3		
16 P	PACKAGE INFORMATION	77
17 O	ORDERING INFORMATION	78

PI7C9X111SL PCIe-to-PCI Reversible Bridge



TABLE OF FIGURES	
FIGURE 1-1 PI7C9X111SL TOPOLOGY	10
Figure 4-1 Forward Bridge Mode	18
Figure 4-2 Reverse Bridge Mode	19
FIGURE 15-1 PCI SIGNAL TIMING CONDITIONS	76
FIGURE 16-1 PACKAGE OUTLINE DRAWING	77
LIST OF TABLES	
Table 2-1 Pin Assignments	16
Table 3-1 Mode Selection	17
TABLE 3-2 PIN STRAPPING	17
Table 4-1 TLP Format	
Table 6-1 Configuration Register Map (00h – FFH)	21
Table 6-2 PCI Express Extended Capability Register Map (100h – FFFh)	24
TABLE 7-1 SM BUS DEVICE ID STRAPPING	
TABLE 9-1 PCIE INTERRUPT MESSAGE TO PCI INTERRUPT MAPPING IN REVERSE BRIDGE MODE	68
TABLE 9-2 PCI INTERRUPT TO PCIE INTERRUPT MESSAGE MAPPING IN FORWARD BRIDGE MODE	68
TABLE 13-1 INSTRUCTION REGISTER CODES	72
Table 13-2 JTAG device ID register	73
TABLE 15-1 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	75
TABLE 15-2 DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	75
TABLE 15-3 PCI BUS TIMING PARAMETERS	



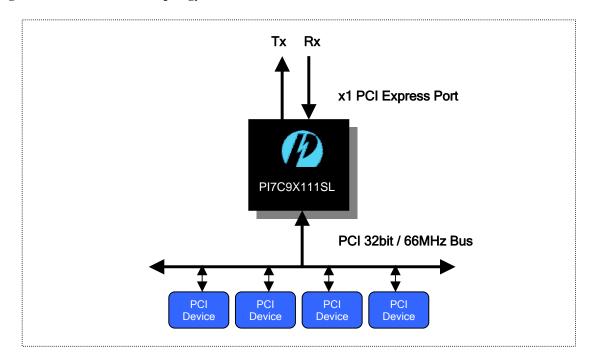
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1 INTRODUCTION

PI7C9X111SL is a PCIe-to-PCI/PCI-X bridge. PI7C9X111SL is compliant with the *PCI Express Base Specification*, Revision 1.1, the *PCI Express Card Electromechanical Specification*, Revision 1.1, the *PCI Local Bus Specification*, Revision 3.0 and *PCI Express to PCI/PCI-X Bridge Specification*, Revision 1.0. PI7C9X111SL supports transparent mode operation. Also, PI7C9X111SL supports forward and reverse bridging. In forward bridge mode, PI7C9X111SL has an x1 PCI Express upstream port and a 32-bit PCI downstream port. The 32-bit PCI downstream port is 66MHz capable (see figure 1-1). In reverse bridge mode, PI7C9X111SL has a 32-bit PCI upstream port and an x1 PCI Express downstream port. PI7C9X111SL configuration registers are backward compatible with existing PCI bridge software and firmware. No modification of PCI bridge software and firmware is needed for the original operation.

Figure 1-1 PI7C9X111SL Topology



1.1 PCI EXPRESS FEATURES

- Compliant with PCI Express Base Specification, Revision 1.1
- Compliant with PCI Express Card Electromechanical Specification, Revision 1.1
- Compliant with PCI Express to PCI/PCI-X Bridge Specification, Revision 1.0
- Physical Layer interface (x1 link with 2.5Gb/s data rate)
- Lane polarity toggle
- Virtual Isochronous support (upstream TC1-7 generation, downstream TC1-7 mapping)
- ASPM support
- Beacon support
- CRC (16-bit), LCRC (32-bit)
- ECRC and advanced error reporting
- PRBS (Pseudo Random Bit Sequencing) generator/checker for chip testing



• Maximum payload size to 512 bytes

1.2 PCI FEATURES

- Compliant with PCI Local Bus Specification, Revision 3.0
- Compliant with PCI-to-PCI Bridge Architecture Specification, Revision 1.2
- Compliant with PCI Bus PM Interface Specification, Revision 1.1
- Compliant with PCI Hot-Plug Specification, Revision 1.1
- Compliant with PCI Mobile Design Guide, Version 1.1
- 3.3V PCI signaling with 5V I/O tolerance
- Provides two level arbitration support for four PCI Bus masters
- 16-bit address decode for VGA
- Subsystem Vendor and Subsystem Device IDs support
- PCI INT interrupt or MSI Function support

1.3 GENERAL FEATURES

- Compliant with Advanced Configuration and Power Interface Specification (ACPI), Revision 2.0b
- Compliant with System Management (SM) Bus, Version 2.0
- Forward bridging (PCI Express as primary bus, PCI as secondary bus)
- Reverse bridging (PCI as primary bus, PCI Express as secondary bus)
- Transparent mode support
- GPIO support (4 bi-directional pins)
- Power Management (including ACPI, CLKRUN_L,CLKREQ_L, PCI_PM)
- EEPROM (I2C) Interface
- SM Bus Interface
- Auxiliary powers (VAUX, VDDAUX, VDDCAUX) support
- Power consumption less than 0.45 Watt in typical condition
- Industrial temperature range $(-40C \sim +85C)$



2 PIN DEFINITIONS

2.1 SIGNAL TYPES

TYPE (OF SIGNAL - DESCRIPTIONS
В	Bi-directional
I	Input
IU	Input with pull-up
ID	Input with pull-down
IOD	Bi-directional with open drain output
OD	Open drain output
O	Output
P	Power
G	Ground

2.2 PCI EXPRESS SIGNALS

NAME	PIN ASSIGNMENT	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
REFCLKP	7	I	Reference Clock Inputs: Connect to external 100MHz differential clock. These
REFCLKN	9		signals require AC coupled with 0.1uF capacitors.
RP	17	I	PCI Express data inputs: Differential data receiver input signals
RN	18		
TP	14	0	PCI Express data outputs: Differential data transmitter output signals
TN	13		
PERST_L	36	I	PCI Express Fundamental Reset: PI7C9X111SL uses this reset to initialize the
			internal state machines.

2.3 PCI SIGNALS

NAME	PIN ASSIGNMENT	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
AD [31:0]	125, 123, 124, 121, 120, 119, 118, 116, 114, 113, 110, 109, 108, 107, 105, 104, 89, 87, 86, 85, 84, 83, 82, 80, 77, 76, 74, 73, 72, 71, 69, 68	В	Address / Data: Multiplexed address and data bus. Address phase is aligned with first clock of FRAME_L assertion. Data phase is aligned with IRDY_L or TRDY_L assertion. Data is transferred on rising edges of CLKOUT[0] when both IRDY_L and TRDY_L are asserted. During bus idle (both FRAME_L and IRDY_L are deasserted), PI7C9X111SL drives AD to a valid logic level when arbiter is parking to PI7C9X111SL on PCI bus.
CBE_L[3:0]	115, 102, 90, 79	В	Command / Byte Enables (Active LOW): Multiplexed command at address phase and byte enable at data phase. During address phase, the initiator drives commands on CBE [3:0] signals to start the transaction. If the command is a write transaction, the initiator will drive the byte enables during data phase. Otherwise, the target will drive the byte enables during data phase. During bus idle, PI7C9X111SL drives CBE [3:0] signals to a valid logic level when arbiter is parking to PI7C9X111SL on PCI bus.
PAR	93	В	Parity Bit: Parity bit is an even parity (i.e. even number of 1's), which generates based on the values of AD [31:0], CBE [3:0]. If PI7C9X111SL is an initiator with a write transaction, PI7C9X111SL will tri-state PAR. If PI7C9X111SL is a target and a write transaction, PI7C9X111SL will drive PAR one clock after the address or data phase. If PI7C9X111SL is a target and a read transaction, PI7C9X111SL will drive PAR one clock after the address phase and tri-state PAR during data phases. PAR is tri-stated one cycle after the AD lines are tri-stated. During bus idle, PI7C9X111SL drives PAR to a valid logic level when arbiter is parking to PI7C9X111SL on PCI bus.
FRAME_L	66	В	FRAME (Active LOW): Driven by the initiator of a transaction to indicate the beginning and duration an access. The de-assertion of FRAME_L indicates the final data phase signaled by the initiator in burst transfers. Before being tri-stated, it is driven to a de-asserted state for one cycle.



NAME	PIN ASSIGNMENT	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
IRDY_L	99	В	IRDY (Active LOW): Driven by the initiator of a transaction to indicate its ability to
_			complete current data phase on the primary side. Once asserted in a data phase, it is
			not de-asserted until the end of the data phase. Before tri-stated, it is driven to a de-
			asserted state for one cycle.
TRDY_L	100	В	TRDY (Active LOW): Driven by the target of a transaction to indicate its ability to
			complete current data phase on the primary side. Once asserted in a data phase, it is
			not de-asserted until the end of the data phase. Before tri-stated, it is driven to a de-
			asserted state for one cycle.
DEVSEL_L	98	В	Device Select (Active LOW): Asserted by the target indicating that the device is
			accepting the transaction. As a master, PI7C9X111SL waits for the assertion of this
			signal within 5 cycles of FRAME_L assertion; otherwise, terminate with master
			abort. Before tri-stated, it is driven to a de-asserted state for one cycle.
STOP_L	95	В	STOP (Active LOW): Asserted by the target indicating that the target is requesting
			the initiator to stop the current transaction. Before tri-stated, it is driven to a de-
			asserted state for one cycle.
LOCK_L	96	В	LOCK (Active LOW): Asserted by the initiator for multiple transactions to
			complete. PI7C9X111SL does not support any upstream LOCK transaction.
IDSEL	64	I	Initialization Device Select: Used as a chip select line for Type 0 configuration
			access to bridge's configuration space.
PERR_L	92	В	Parity Error (Active LOW): Asserted when a data parity error is detected for data
			received on the PCI bus interface. Before being tri-stated, it is driven to a de-asserted
			state for one cycle.
SERR_L	63	IOD	System Error (Active LOW): Can be driven LOW by any device to indicate a
			system error condition. If SERR control is enabled, PI7C9X111SL will drive this pin
			on:
			Address parity error
			Posted write data parity error on target bus
			Master abort during posted write transaction
			 Target abort during posted write transaction
			Posted write transaction discarded
			Delayed write request discarded
			Delayed read request discarded
			 Delayed transaction master timeout
			 Errors reported from PCI Express port (advanced error reporting) in transparent
			mode.
			This signal is an open drain buffer that requires an external pull-up resistor for proper
			operation.
REQ_L [3:0]	40, 38, 37, 35	I	Request (Active LOW): REQ_L's are asserted by bus master devices to request for
			transactions on the PCI bus. The master devices de-assert REQ_Ls for at least 2 PCI
			clock cycles before asserting them again. If external arbiter is selected, REQ_L [0]
			will be the bus grant input to PI7C9X111SL. Also, REQ_L [3:1] will become the
			GPI [2:0]. When required up if both DEO 1.2 and DEO 1.2 and pulled law (A stigs I OW) and
			When powered up, if both REQ_L2 and REQ_L3 and pulled low (Active LOW) and
			stay low in normal operation, the PI7C9X111SL will change the function of
CNT 1 [2:0]	14 42 42 41	0	CLKOUT[3] to CLKRUN and CLKOUT[2] to CLKREQ, respectively.
GNT_L [3:0]	44, 43, 42, 41	О	Grant (Active LOW): PI7C9X111SL asserts GNT_Ls to release PCI bus control to
			bus master devices. During idle and all GNT_Ls are de-asserted and arbiter is parking to PI7C9X111SL, PI7C9X111SL will drive AD, CBE, and PAR to valid logic levels.
			If external arbiter is selected, GNT_L [0] will be the bus request from PI7C9X111SL
			to external arbiter. Also, GNT_L [3:1] will become the GPO [2:0].
CLKOUT [3:0]	52,56,59,58	I/O	PCI Clock Outputs: PCI clock outputs are derived from the CLKIN and provide
CLKOU1 [3:0]	32,30,37,38	1/0	clocking signals to external PCI Devices. In external feedback mode, CLKOUT[0]
			becomes an input for feedback clock and CLKOUT[1:3] remain as clock outputs to
			provide clock signals to external PCI Devices. Further detail on page 66.
M66EN	103	I	66MHz Enable: This input is used to specify if Bridge is capable of running at
IVIOUEIN	103	1	66MHz. For 66MHz operation on the PCI bus, this signal should be pulled "HIGH".
			For 33MHz operation on the PCI bus, this signal should be pulled LOW.
RESET_L	49	В	RESET_L (Active LOW): When RESET_L active, all PCI signals should be
KESEI_L	77	Ф	asynchronously tri-stated.
INTAI	39	IOD	Interrupt: Signals are asserted to request an interrupt. After asserted, it can be
INTA_L		IOD	
INTB_L	47		cleared by the device driver. INTA_L, INTB_L, INTC_L, INTD_L signals are inputs
INTC_L	62		and asynchronous to the clock in the forward mode. In reverse mode, INTA_L,
INTD_L	61		INTB_L, INTC_L, and INTD_L are open drain buffers for sending interrupts to the
			host interrupt controller.



NAME	PIN ASSIGNMENT	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
CLKIN	48	I	PCI Clock Input: PCI Clock Input Signal connects to an external clock source.
			The PCI Clock Outputs CLKOUT [3:0] pins are derived from CLKIN Input.



2.4 MODE SELECT AND STRAPPING SIGNALS

NAME	PIN ASSIGNMENT	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
TM0	127	I	Mode Select 0: Mode Selection Pin to select EEPROM or SM Bus. TM0=0 for
			EEPROM (I2C) support and TM0=1 for SM Bus support. TM0 is also a strapping
			pin. See table 3-1 mode selection and 3-2 for strapping control.
TM1	26	I	Mode Select 1: Mode Selection Pin for normal operation. Set TM1=0 for normal
			operation. TM1=1 is reserved.
MSK_IN	126	I	Hot Plug Enable input.
REVRSB	31	I	Forward or Reverse Bridging Pin: REVRSB pin controls the Forward
			(REVRSB=0) or Reverse (REVRSB=1) Bridge Mode of PI7C9X111SL. This pin is
			also a strapping pin.

2.5 JTAG BOUNDARY SCAN SIGNALS

NAME	PIN ASSIGNMENT	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	
TCK	28	IU	Test Clock: TCK is the test clock to synchronize the state information and data on	
			the PCI bus side of PI7C9X111SL during boundary scan operation.	
TMS	27	IU	Test Mode Select: TMS controls the state of the Test Access Port (TAP) controller.	
TDO	32	О	Test Data Output: TDO is the test data output and connects to the end of the JTAG	
			scan chain.	
TDI	29	IU	Test Data Input: TDI is the test data input and connects to the beginning of the	
			JTAG scan chain. It allows the test instructions and data to be serially shifted into the	
			PCI side of PI7C9X111SL.	
TRST_L	30	IU	Test Reset (Active LOW): TRST_L is the test reset to initialize the Test Access Port	
			(TAP) controller.	

2.6 MISCELLANEOUS SIGNALS

NAME	PIN ASSIGNMENT	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
GPIO [3:0]	50, 51, 54, 55	В	General Purpose I/O Data Pins: The 4 general-purpose signals are programmable as
			either input-only or bi-directional signals by writing the GPIO output enable control
			register in the configuration space.
SMBCLK /	3	В	SMBUS / EEPROM Clock Pin: When EEPROM (I2C) interface is selected
SCL			(TM0=0), this pin is an output of SCL clock and connected to EEPROM clock input.
			When SMBUS interface is selected (TM0=1), this pin is an input for the clock of
			SMBUS.
SMBDATA /	4	B/IOD	SMBUS / EEPROM Data Pin: Data Interface Pin to EERPOM or SMBUS. When
SDA			EEPROM (I2C) interface is selected (TM0=0), this pin is a bi-directional signal.
			When SMBUS interface is selected (TM0=1), this pin is an open drain signal.
PME_L	1	В	Power Management Event Pin: Power Management Event Signal is asserted to
			request a change in the device or link power state.

2.7 POWER AND GROUND PINS

NAME	PIN ASSIGNMENT	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	
VDDA	8, 20, 21	P	Analog Voltage Supply for PCI Express Interface: Connect to the 1.0V Power	
			Supply.	
VDDP	11, 23, 24	P	Digital Voltage Supply for PCI Express Interface: Connect to the 1.0V Power	
			Supply.	
VDDAUX	15	P	Auxiliary Voltage Supply for PCI Express Interface: Connect to the 1.0V Power	
			Supply.	
VTT	12	P	Termination Supply Voltage for PCI Express Interface: Connect to the 1.5V	
			Power Supply.	
VDDC	45, 65, 75, 94, 112	P	Core Supply Voltage: Connect to the 1.0V Power Supply.	
VDDCAUX	5	P	Auxiliary Core Supply Voltage: Connect to the 1.0V Power Supply.	
VD33	33, 53, 60, 70, 81, 91,	P	I/O Supply Voltage for PCI Interface: Connect to the 3.3V Power Supply for PCI	
	101, 111, 122		I/O Buffers.	

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NAME	PIN ASSIGNMENT	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
VAUX	2	P	Auxiliary I/O Supply Voltage for PCI interface: Connect to the 3.3V Power
			Supply.
VSS	6, 10, 16, 19, 22, 25,	P	Ground: Connect to Ground.
	34, 46, 57, 67, 78, 88,		
	97, 106, 117, 128		

2.8 PIN ASSIGNMENTS

Table 2-1 Pin Assignments

PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME	PIN	NAME
1	PME_L	33	VD33	65	VDDC	97	VSS
2	VAUX	34	VSS	66	FRAME_L	98	DEVSEL_L
3	SMBCLK / SCL	35	REQ_L[0]	67	VSS	99	IRDY_L
4	SMDAT / SDA	36	PERST_L	68	AD[0]	100	TRDY_L
5	VDDCAUX	37	REQ_L[1]	69	AD[1]	101	VD33
6	VSS	38	REQ_L[2]	70	VD33	102	CBE_L[2]
7	REFCLKP	39	INTA_L	71	AD[2]	103	M66EN
8	VDDA	40	REQ_L[3]	72	AD[3]	104	AD[16]
9	REFCLKN	41	GNT_L[0]	73	AD[4]	105	AD[17]
10	VSS	42	GNT_L[1]	74	AD[5]	106	VSS
11	VDDP	43	GNT_L[2]	75	VDDC	107	AD[18]
12	VTT	44	GNT_L[3]	76	AD[6]	108	AD[19]
13	TXN	45	VDDC	77	AD[7]	109	AD[20]
14	TXP	46	VSS	78	VSS	110	AD[21]
15	VDDAUX	47	INTB_L	79	CBE[0]	111	VD33
16	VSS	48	CLKIN	80	AD[8]	112	VDDC
17	RXP	49	RESET_L	81	VD33	113	AD[22]
18	RXN	50	GPIO[3]	82	AD[9]	114	AD[23]
19	VSS	51	GPIO[2]	83	AD[10]	115	CBE_L[3]
20	VDDA	52	CLKOUT[3]	84	AD[11]	116	AD[24]
21	VDDA	53	VD33	85	AD[12]	117	VSS
22	VSS	54	GPIO[1]	86	AD[13]	118	AD[25]
23	VDDP	55	GPIO[0]	87	AD[14]	119	AD[26]
24	VDDP	56	CLKOUT[2]	88	VSS	120	AD[27]
25	VSS	57	VSS	89	AD[15]	121	AD[28]
26	TM1	58	CLKOUT[0]	90	CBE_L[1]	122	VD33
27	TMS	59	CLKOUT[1]	91	VD33	123	AD[30]
28	TCK	60	VD33	92	PERR_L	124	AD[29]
29	TDI	61	INTD_L	93	PAR	125	AD[31]
30	TRST_L	62	INTC_L	94	VDDC	126	MSK_IN
31	REVRSB	63	SERR_L	95	STOP_L	127	TM0
32	TDO	64	IDSEL	96	LOCK_L	128	VSS

3 MODE SELECTION AND PIN STRAPPING



3.1 FUNCTIONAL MODE SELECTION

PI7C9X111SL uses TM1, TM0, and REVRSB pins to select different modes of operations. These three input signals are required to be stable during normal operation. One of the eight combinations of normal operation can be selected by setting the logic values for the three mode select pins. For example, if the logic values are low for all three (TM1, TM0, and REVRSB) pins, the normal operation will have EEPROM (I2C) support with internal arbiter in forward bridge mode. The designated operation with respect to the values of the TM1, TM0, and REVRSB pins are defined on Table 3-1:

Table 3-1 Mode Selection

TM1	TM0	REVRSB	Functional Mode
0	0	X	EEPROM (I2C) support
0	1	X	SM Bus support
0	X	0	Forward bridge mode
0	X	1	Reverse bridge mode

3.2 PIN STRAPPING

If TM1 is strapped to low, PI7C9X111SL uses REQ_L[3:2], REVRSB as the strapping pins at the PCIe PERST# de-assertion to enable Clock Power Management feature.

Table 3-2 Pin Strapping

TM1 Strapped	REQ_L[3:2]	REVRSB Strapped	Test Functions
0	2'b0	0	Clock Power Management is
			enabled, only two PCI devices
			supported.
			CLKOUT[2] is used as CLKREQ#
			CLKOUT[3] is used as CLKRUN#

If TM1 is strapped to high, PI7C9X111SL uses TM0, REVRSB as the strapping pins at the PCIe PERST# deassertion transition in forward bridge mode or PCI RESET# de-assertion transition in reverse bridge mode.

TM1 Strapped	TM0 Strapped	REVRSB Strapped	Test Functions
1	1	X	Short initialization
1	0	1	Functional Loopback Test
1	0	0	Bridge test (PRBS, IDDQ, etc)



4 FORWARD AND REVERSE BRIDGING

PI7C9X111SL supports forward or reverse combination modes of operation. For example, when PI7C9X111SL is operating in forward PCIe Bridge (REVRSB=0), its PCI Express interface is connected to a root complex and its PCI bus interface is connected to PCI devices. Another example, PI7C9X111SL can be configured as a reverse PCIe Bridge (REVRSB=1).

PCI based systems and peripherals are ubiquitous in the I/O interconnect technology market today. It will be a tremendous effort to convert existing PCI based products to be used in PCI Express systems. PI7C9X111SL provides a solution to bridge existing PCI based products to the latest PCI Express technology.

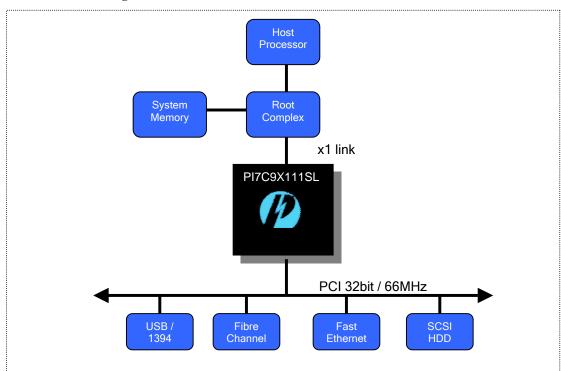


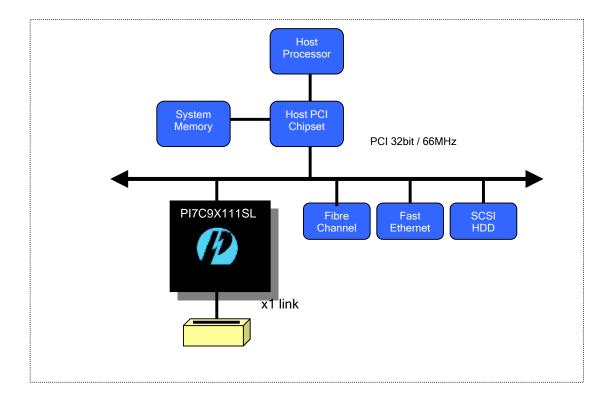
Figure 4-1 Forward Bridge Mode

In reverse mode (REVRSB=1), PI7C9X111SL becomes a PCI-to-PCI Express bridge that its PCI bus interface is connected to the PCI Host Chipset between and the PCI Express x1 link. It enables the legacy PCI Host Systems to provide PCI Express Interface capability.

PI7C9X111SL provides a solution to convert existing PCI based designs to adapt quickly into PCI Express base platforms. Existing PCI based applications will not have to undergo a complete re-architecture in order to interface to PCI Express technology.



Figure 4-2 Reverse Bridge Mode





5 PCI EXPRESS FUNCTIONAL OVERVIEW

5.1 TLP STRUCTURE

PCI Express TLP (Transaction Layer Packet) Structure is comprised of format, type, traffic class, attributes, TLP digest, TLP poison, and length of data payload.

There are four TLP formats defined in PI7C9X111SL based on the states of FMT [1] and FMT [0] as shown on Table 4-1.

Table 4-1 TLP Format

FMT [1]	FMT [0]	TLP Format
0	0	3 double word, without data
0	1	4 double word, without data
1	0	3 double word, with data
1	1	4 double word, with data

Data payload of PI7C9X111SL can range from 4 (1DW) to 256 (64DW) bytes. PI7C9X111SL supports three TLP routing mechanisms. They are comprised of Address, ID, and Implicit routings. Address routing is being used for Memory and IO requests. ID based (bus, device, function numbers) routing is being used for configuration requests. Implicit routing is being used for message routing. There are two message groups (baseline and advanced switching). The baseline message group contains INTx interrupt signaling, power management, error signaling, locked transaction support, slot power limit support, vendor defined messages, hot-plug signaling. The other is advanced switching support message group. The advanced switching support message contains data packet and signal packet messages. Advanced switching is beyond the scope of PI7C9X111SL implementation.

The r [2:0] values of the "type" field will determine the destination of the message to be routed. All baseline messages must use the default traffic class zero (TC0).

5.2 VIRTUAL ISOCHRONOUS OPERATION

This section provides a summary of Virtual Isochronous Operation supported by PI7C9X111SL. Virtual Isochronous support is disabled by default. Virtual Isochronous feature can be turned on with setting bit [26] of offset 40h to one. Control bits are designated for selecting which traffic class (TC1-7) to be used for upstream (PCI Express-to-PCI). PI7C9X111SL accepts only TC0 packets of configuration, IO, and message packets for downstream (PCI Express-to-PCI). If configuration, IO and message packets have traffic class other than TC0, PI7C9X111SL will treat them as malformed packets. PI7C9X111SL maps all downstream memory packets from PCI Express to PCI transactions regardless the virtual Isochronous operation is enabled or not.



6 CONFIGURATION REGISTER ACCESS

PI7C9X111SL supports Type-0 and Type-1 configuration space headers and Capability ID of 01h (PCI power management) to 10h (PCI Express capability structure).

With pin REVRSB = 0, device-port type (bit [7:4]) of capability register will be set to 7h (PCI Express-to-PCI). When pin REVRSB = 1, device-port type (bit [7:4]) of capability register will be set to 8h (PCI-to-PCI Express bridge).

PI7C9X111SL supports PCI Express capabilities register structure with capability version set to 1h (bit [3:0] of offset 02h).

6.1 CONFIGURATION REGISTER MAP

PI7C9X111SL supports capability pointer with PCI power management (ID=01h), PCI bridge sub-system vendor ID (ID=0Dh), PCI Express (ID=10h), vital product data (ID=03h), and message signaled interrupt (ID=05h). Slot identification (ID=04h) is off by default and can be turned on through configuration programming.

Table 6-1 Configuration Register Map (00h – FFh)

Primary Bus Configuration Access or Secondary Bus Configuration Access	PCI Configuration Register Name (type1)	EEPROM (I2C) Access	SM Bus Access
01h - 00h	Vendor ID	Yes1	Yes2
03h - 02h	Device ID	Yes1	Yes2
05h - 04h	Command Register	Yes	Yes
07h – 06h	Primary Status Register	Yes	Yes
0Bh - 08h	Class Code and Revision ID	Yes1	Yes2
0Ch	Cacheline Size Register	Yes	Yes
0Dh	Primary Latency Timer	Yes	Yes
0Eh	Header Type Register	Yes	Yes
0Fh	Reserved	-	-
17h – 10h	Reserved	-	-
18h	Primary Bus Number Register	Yes	Yes
19h	Secondary Bus Number Register	Yes	Yes
1Ah	Subordinate Bus Number Register	Yes	Yes
1Bh	Secondary Latency Timer	Yes	Yes
1Ch	I/O Base Register	Yes	Yes
1Dh	I/O Limit Register	Yes	Yes
1Fh – 1Eh	Secondary Status Register	Yes	Yes
21h – 20h	Memory Base Register	Yes	Yes
23h – 22h	Memory Limit Register	Yes	Yes
25h – 24h	Prefetchable Memory Base Register	Yes	Yes
27h – 26h	Prefetchable Memory Limit Register	Yes	Yes
2Bh – 28h	Prefetchable Memory	Yes	Yes



Primary Bus Configuration Access or Secondary Bus Configuration Access	PCI Configuration Register Name (type1)	EEPROM (I2C) Access	SM Bus Access
Comiguration Access	Base Upper 32-bit		
	Register		
2Dh – 2Ch	Prefetchable Memory	Yes	Yes
2511 2611	Limit Upper 32-bit	103	105
	Register		
2Fh – 2Eh	Prefetchable Memory	Yes	Yes
	Limit Upper 32-bit		
	Register		
31h – 30h	I/O Base Upper 16-bit	Yes	Yes
	Register		
33h – 32h	I/O Limit Upper 16-bit	Yes	Yes
	Register		
34h	Capability Pointer	Yes	Yes
37h – 35h	Reserved	No	Yes
3Bh – 38h	Reserved	No	Yes
3Ch	Interrupt Line	Yes	Yes
3Dh	Interrupt Pin	Yes	Yes
3Eh	Bridge Control	Yes	Yes
3Fh	Bridge Control	Yes	Yes
41h - 40h	PCI Data Prefetching	Yes	Yes
	Control		
43h - 42h	Chip Control 0	Yes	Yes
45h – 44h	Reserved	-	-
47h – 46h	Reserved	-	-
4Bh – 48h	Arbiter Mode, Enable,	-	-
	Priority		
4Ch	Reserved	-	-
4Dh	Reserved	-	-
4Eh	Reserved	-	-
4Fh	Reserved	-	-
53h – 50h	Reserved	-	-
57h – 54h	Reserved	-	-
5Bh - 58h	Reserved	-	-
5Fh – 5Ch	Reserved	-	-
63h - 60h	Reserved	-	-
67h – 64h	Reserved	-	-
69h – 68h	PCI Express Tx and Rx	Yes	Yes
C41	Control		
6Ah	Reserved	-	-
6Bh	Upstream memory write/read control	Yes	Yes
CDI- CCI-	n ,		
6Dh – 6Ch	Reserved	-	-
6Fh – 6Eh	Reserved		
73h – 70h	EEPROM (I2C)	No	Yes
	Control and Status Register		
77h – 74h	Reserved	_	-
7Bh – 78h	GPIO Data and	Yes	Yes
/DII - /OII	Control	168	168
7Ch	Reserved	-	-
7Dh	Reserved	-	-
7Eh	Reserved	-	-
7Fh	Reserved	-	-
83h – 80h	PCI-X Capability	Yes	Yes
87h – 84h	PCI-X Capability PCI-X Bridge Status	Yes	Yes
8Bh – 88h	Upstream Split	Yes	Yes
0011 - 0011	Transaction	168	168
8Fh – 8Ch	Downstream Split	Yes	Yes
01 11 - 0011	Downsucam Shin	169	103



Primary Bus	PCI Configuration	EEPROM	SM Bus
Configuration Access or	Register Name	(I2C)	Access
Secondary Bus	(type1)	Access	
Configuration Access			
	Transaction		
93h – 90h	Power Management	Yes	Yes
	Capability		
97h – 94h	Power Management	Yes	Yes
	Control and Status		
9Bh – 98h	Reserved	-	-
9Fh – 9Ch	Reserved	-	-
A3h – A0h	Slot ID Capability	Yes	Yes
A7h – A4h	Secondary Clock and	Yes	Yes
	CLKRUN Control		
ABh – A8h	SSID and SSVID	Yes	Yes
	Capability		
AFh – ACh	Subsystem ID and	Yes	Yes
	Subsystem Vendor ID		
B3h – B0h	PCI Express Capability	Yes	Yes
B7h – B4h	Device Capability	Yes	Yes
BBh – B8h	Device Control and	Yes	Yes
	Status		
BFh – BCh	Link Capability	Yes	Yes
C3h – C0h	Link Control and	Yes	Yes
	Status		
C7h – C4h	Slot Capability	Yes	Yes
CBh – C8h	Slot Control and Status	Yes	Yes
CFh – CCh	XPIP Configuration	Yes	Yes
	Register 0		
D3h – D0h	XPIP Configuration	Yes	Yes
	Register 1		
D6h – D4h	XPIP Configuration	Yes	Yes
	Register 2		
D7h	Hot Swap Switch	Yes	Yes
	debounce count		
DBh – D8h	VPD Capability	Yes	Yes
	Register		
DFh – DCh	VPD Data Register	Yes3	Yes
E3h – E0h	Extended Config	Yes	Yes
	Access Address		
E7h – E4h	Extended Config	Yes	Yes
	Access Data		
EBh – E8h	Reserved	-	-
EFh – ECh	Reserved	-	-
F3h – F0h	MSI Capability	Yes	Yes
	Register		
F7h – F4h	Message Address	Yes	Yes
FBh – F8h	Message Upper	Yes	Yes
	Address	ļ	
FFh - FCh	Message Date	Yes	Yes

Note 1: When masquerade is enabled, it is pre-loadable.

Note 2: The VPD data is read/write through I2C during VPD operation.

Note 3: Read access only.

6.2 PCI EXPRESS EXTENDED CAPABILITY REGISTER MAP

PI7C9X111SL also supports PCI Express Extended Capabilities with from 257-byte to 4096-byte space. The offset range is from 100h to FFFh. The offset 100h is defined for Advance Error Reporting (ID=0001h). The offset 150h is defined for Virtual Channel (ID=0002h).



Table 6-2 PCI Express Extended Capability Register Map (100h – FFFh)

Primary Bus	Transparent Mode	EEPROM	SM Bus
Configuration Access or	(type1)	(I2C)	Access
Secondary Bus	(type1)	Access	110003
Configuration Access		1100000	
103h – 100h	Advanced Error	Yes	Yes2
	Reporting (AER)		
	Capability		
107h – 104h	Uncorrectable Error	No	Yes
	Status		
10Bh – 108h	Uncorrectable Error	Yes	Yes
	Mask		
10Fh – 10Ch	Uncorrectable Severity	No	Yes
113h – 110h	Correctable Error	No	Yes
	Status		
117h – 114h	Correctable Error	No	Yes
1171 1101	Mask		
11Bh – 118h	AER Control	No	Yes
12Bh – 11Ch	Header Log Register	No	Yes
12Fh – 12Ch	Secondary	No	Yes
	Uncorrectable Error		
133h – 130h	Status Secondary	No	Yes
15511 – 15011	Uncorrectable Error	NO	res
	Mask		
137h – 134h	Secondary	No	Yes
13711 – 13411	Uncorrectable Severity	NO	168
13Bh – 138h	Secondary AER	No	Yes
13Bii = 136ii	Control	NO	168
14Bh – 13Ch	Secondary Header Log	No	Yes
14Bii 13Cii	Register	110	103
14Fh – 14Ch	Reserved	No	Yes
153h – 150h	VC Capability	No	Yes
157h – 154h	Port VC Capability 1	No	Yes
15Bh – 158h	Port VC Capability 2	No	Yes
15Fh – 15Ch	Port VC Status and	No	Yes
	Control		
163h – 160h	VC0 Resource	No	Yes
	Capability		
167h – 164h	VC0 Resource Control	No	Yes
16Bh – 168h	VC0 Resource Status	No	Yes
2FFh – 170h	Reserved	No	No
303h - 300h	Extended GPIO Data	No	Yes
	and Control		
307h - 304h	Extended GPI/GPO	No	Yes
	Data and Control		
30Fh - 308h	Reserved	No	No
310h	Replay and	Yes	Yes
	Acknowledge Latency		
1777 04 II	Timer	ļ.,	
4FFh – 314h	Reserved	No	No
503h - 500h	Reserved	No	No
504h	Reserved	No	No
50Fh - 505h	Reserved	No	No
510h	Reserved	No	No
FFFh – 514h	Reserved	No	No

Note 5: Read access only.



6.3 PCI CONFIGURATION REGISTERS

The following section describes the configuration space when the device is in transparent mode. The descriptions for different register type are listed as follow:

Register Type	Descriptions
RO	Read Only
ROS	Read Only and Sticky
RW	Read/Write
RWC	Read/Write "1" to clear
RWS	Read/Write and Sticky
RWCS	Read/Write "1" to clear and Sticky

6.3.1 VENDOR ID - OFFSET 00h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:0	Vendor ID	RO	Identifies Pericom as the vendor of this device. Returns 12D8h when read.

6.3.2 DEVICE ID – OFFSET 00h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:16	Device ID	RO	Identifies this device as the PI7C9X111SL. Returns E111 when read.

6.3.3 COMMAND REGISTER – OFFSET 04h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	I/O Space Enable	RW	0: Ignore I/O transactions on the primary interface
			1: Enable response to memory transactions on the primary interface
			Reset to 0
1	Memory Space Enable	RW	0: Ignore memory read transactions on the primary interface
			1: Enable memory read transactions on the primary interface
			P 0
	D M . E H	DIV	Reset to 0
2	Bus Master Enable	RW	0: Do not initiate memory or I/O transactions on the primary interface and
			disable response to memory and I/O transactions on the secondary interface
			Enable the bridge to operate as a master on the primary interfaces for memory and I/O transactions forwarded from the secondary interface.
			memory and 1/O transactions for warded from the secondary interface.
			Reset to 0
3	Special Cycle Enable	RO	0: PI7C9X111SL does not respond as a target to Special Cycle transactions,
	Special Syste Enable	110	so this bit is defined as Read-Only and must return 0 when read
			Reset to 0
4	Memory Write and	RO	0: PI7C9X111SL does not originate a Memory Write and Invalidate
	Invalidate Enable		transaction. Implements this bit as Read-Only and returns 0 when read
			(unless forwarding a transaction for another master).
			Reset to 0
5	VGA Palette Snoop Enable	RO /	This bit applies to reverse bridge only.
		RW	0: Ignore VGA palette access on the primary
			1: Enable positive decoding response to VGA palette writes on the primary
			interface with I/O address bits AD [9:0] equal to 3C6h, 3C8h, and 3C9h
			(inclusive of ISA alias; AD [15:0] are not decoded and may be any value)
			Reset to 0
			Reset to 0



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
6	Parity Error Response	RW	0: May ignore any parity error that is detected and take its normal action
	Enable		1: This bit if set, enables the setting of Master Data Parity Error bit in the
			Status Register when poisoned TLP received or parity error is detected and
			takes its normal action
			Reset to 0
7	Wait Cycle Control	RO	Wait cycle control not supported
,	wan Cycle Control	RO	wait cycle control not supported
			Reset to 0
8	SERR_L Enable Bit	RW	0: Disable
			1: Enable PI7C9X111SL in forward bridge mode to report non-fatal or fatal
			error message to the Root Complex. Also, in reverse bridge mode to assert
			SERR_L on the primary interface
			Reset to 0
9	Fast Back-to-Back Enable	RO	Fast back-to-back enable not supported
			Reset to 0
10	Interrupt Disable	RW	This bit applies to reverse bridge only.
			INTA_L can be asserted on PCI interface
			1: Prevent INTA_L from being asserted on PCI interface
			Reset to 0
15:11	Reserved	RO	Reset to 00000

6.3.4 PRIMARY STATUS REGISTER - OFFSET 04h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
18:16	Reserved	RO	Reset to 000
19	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
20	Capability List Capable	RO	1: PI7C9X111SL supports the capability list (offset 34h in the pointer to the data structure)
			Reset to 1
21	66MHz Capable	RO	This bit applies to reverse bridge only. 1: 66MHz capable Reset to 0 when forward bridge or 1 when reverse bridge.
22	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
23	Fast Back-to-Back Capable	RO	This bit applies to reverse bridge only. 1: Enable fast back-to-back transactions Reset to 0 when forward bridge or 1 when reverse bridge in PCI mode.
24	Master Data Parity Error Detected	RWC	Bit set if its Parity Error Enable bit is set and either of the conditions occurs on the primary: FORWARD BRIDGE — Receives a completion marked poisoned Poisons a write request REVERSE BRIDGE — Detected parity error when receiving data or Split Response for read Observes P_PERR_L asserted when sending data or receiving Split Response for write Receives a Split Completion Message indicating data parity error occurred for non-posted write Reset to 0



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
26:25	DEVSEL_L Timing	RO	These bits apply to reverse bridge only.
	(medium decode)		
			00: fast DEVSEL_L decoding
			01: medium DEVSEL_L decoding
			10: slow DEVSEL_L decoding
			11: reserved
			Death to 00 mlm forward bridge on 01 mlm manner bridge
27	Cianalad Tanad Albant	RWC	Reset to 00 when forward bridge or 01 when reverse bridge. FORWARD BRIDGE –
21	Signaled Target Abort	RWC	
			This bit is set when PI7C9X111SL completes a request using completer abort status on the primary
			REVERSE BRIDGE –
			This bit is set to indicate a target abort on the primary
			This oft is set to indicate a target about on the primary
			Reset to 0
28	Received Target Abort	RWC	FORWARD BRIDGE –
20	Treeerved Tanger Treesr	10,10	This bit is set when PI7C9X111SL receives a completion with completer
			abort completion status on the primary
			REVERSE BRIDGE –
			This bit is set when PI7C9X111SL detects a target abort on the primary
			Reset to 0
29	Received Master Abort	RWC	FORWARD BRIDGE –
			This bit is set when PI7C9X111SL receives a completion with unsupported
			request completion status on the primary
			REVERSE BRIDGE –
			This bit is set when PI7C9X111SL detects a master abort on the primary
30	Signaled System Error	RWC	FORWARD BRIDGE –
			This bit is set when PI7C9X111SL sends an ERR_FATAL or
			ERR_NON_FATAL message on the primary
			REVERSE BRIDGE –
			This bit is set when PI7C9X111SL asserts SERR_L on the primary
			Reset to 0
31	Detected Parity Error	RWC	FORWARD BRIDGE –
31	Detected Fairty Error	KWC	This bit is set when poisoned TLP is detected on the primary
			REVERSE BRIDGE –
			This bit is set when address or data parity error is detected on the primary
			<i>y</i>
			Reset to 0
			Reset to 0

6.3.5 REVISION ID REGISTER - OFFSET 08h

Ī	BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
I	7:0	Revision	RO	Reset to 00000002h

6.3.6 CLASS CODE REGISTER - OFFSET 08h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:8	Programming Interface	RO	Subtractive decoding of PCI-PCI bridge not supported
			B 00000000
			Reset to 00000000
23:16	Sub-Class Code	RO	Sub-Class Code
			00000100: PCI-to-PCI bridge
			Reset to 00000100
31:24	Base Class Code	RO	Base class code
			00000110: Bridge Device
			Reset to 00000110



6.3.7 CACHE LINE SIZE REGISTER - OFFSET 0Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
1:0	Reserved	RO	Bit [1:0] not supported
			Reset to 00
2	Cache Line Size	RW	1: Cache line size = 4 double words
			Reset to 0
3	Cache Line Size	RW	1: Cache line size = 8 double words
			Reset to 0
4	Cache Line Size	RW	1: Cache line size = 16 double words
			Reset to 0
5	Cache Line Size	RW	1: Cache line size = 32 double words
			Reset to 0
7:6	Reserved	RO	Bit [7:6] not supported
			Reset to 00

6.3.8 PRIMARY LATENCY TIMER REGISTER - OFFSET 0Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:8	Primary Latency Timer	RO /	8 bits of primary latency timer in PCI bus
		RW	
			FORWARD BRIDGE – RO with reset to 00h
			REVERSE BRIDGE – RW with reset to 00h in PCI mode

6.3.9 PRIMARY HEADER TYPE REGISTER - OFFSET 0Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
22:16	PCI-to-PCI bridge	RO	PCI-to-PCI bridge configuration (10 – 3Fh)
	configuration		Reset to 0000001
		D.O.	
		RO	
23	Single Function Device	RO	0: Indicates single function device
			Reset to 0
31:24	Reserved	RO	Reset to 00h

6.3.10 RESERVED REGISTERS - OFFSET 10h TO 17h

6.3.11 PRIMARY BUS NUMBER REGISTER - OFFSET 18h

	BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
I	7:0	Primary Bus Number	RW	Reset to 00h

6.3.12 SECONDARY BUS NUMBER REGISTER - OFFSET 18h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:8	Secondary Bus Number	RW	Reset to 00h

6.3.13 SUBORDINATE BUS NUMBER REGISTER – OFFSET 18h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION



	BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
ſ	23:16	Subordinate Bus Number	RW	Reset to 00h

6.3.14 SECONDARY LATENCY TIME REGISTER - OFFSET 18h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:24	Secondary Latency Timer	RW /	Secondary latency timer in PCI bus
		RO	
			FORWARD BRIDGE –
			RW with reset to 00h in PCI mode
			REVERSE BRIDGE –
			RO with reset to 00h

6.3.15 I/O BASE REGISTER - OFFSET 1Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
1:0	32-bit I/O Addressing	RO	01: Indicates PI7C9X111SL supports 32-bit I/O addressing
	Support		
			Reset to 01
3:2	Reserved	RO	Reset to 00
7:4	I/O Base	RW	Indicates the I/O base (0000_0000h)
			Reset to 0000

6.3.16 I/O LIMIT REGISTER - OFFSET 1Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
9:8	32-bit I/O Addressing	RO	01: Indicates PI7C9X111SL supports 32-bit I/O addressing
	Support		
			Reset to 01
11:10	Reserved	RO	Reset to 00
15:12	I/O Base	RW	Indicates the I/O Limit (0000_0FFFh)
			Reset to 0000

6.3.17 SECONDARY STATUS REGISTER - OFFSET 1Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
20:16	Reserved	RO	Reset to 00000
21	66MHz Capable	RO	Indicates PI7C9X111SL is 66MHz capable
			Reset to 1
22	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
23	Fast Back-to-Back Capable	RO	FORWARD BRIDGE: reset to 1 when secondary bus is in PCI mode (supports fast back-to-back transactions) REVERSE BRIDGE: reset to 0 (does not support fast back-to-back transactions)
24	Master Data Parity Error Detected	RWC	This bit is set if its parity error enable bit is set and either of the conditions occur on the primary: FORWARD BRIDGE — Detected parity error when receiving data or split response for read Observes S_PERR_L asserted when sending data or receiving split response for write Receives a split completion message indicating data parity error occurred for non-posted write REVERSE BRIDGE — Receives a completion marked poisoned Poisons a write request Reset to 0



	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
26:25	DEVSEL_L Timing (medium decoding)	RO	These bits apply to forward bridge only.
			01: medium DEVSEL_L decoding
			Reset to 01 when forward mode or 00 when reverse mode.
27	Signaled Target Abort	RWC	FORWARD BRIDGE –
			Bit is set when PI7C9X111SL signals target abort
			REVERSE BRIDGE –
			Bit is set when PI7C9X111SL completes a request using completer abort completion status
			Reset to 0
28	Received Target Abort	RWC	FORWARD BRIDGE –
			Bit is set when PI7C9X111SL detects target abort on the secondary interface
			REVERSE BRIDGE –
			Bit is set when PI7C9X111SL receives a completion with completer abort
			completion status on the secondary interface
			Reset to 0
29	Received Master Abort	RWC	FORWARD BRIDGE –
			Bit is set when PI7C9X111SL detects master abort on the secondary interface
			REVERSE BRIDGE – Bit is set when PI7C9X111SL receives a completion with unsupported
			request completion status on the primary interface
			Reset to 0
30	Received System Error	RWC	FORWARD BRIDGE –
			Bit is set when PI7C9X111SL detects SERR_L assertion on the secondary
			interface REVERSE BRIDGE –
			Bit is set when PI7C9X111SL receives an ERR FATAL or
			ERR_NON_FATAL message on the secondary interface
			ERK_NON_I ATAL message on the secondary metrace
			Reset to 0
31	Detected Parity Error	RWC	FORWARD BRIDGE –
			Bit is set when PI7C9X111SL detects address or data parity error
			REVERSE BRIDGE –
			Bit is set when PI7C9X111SL detects poisoned TLP on secondary interface
			Reset to 0

6.3.18 MEMORY BASE REGISTER - OFFSET 20h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
3:0	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0000
15:4	Memory Base	RW	Memory Base (80000000h)
			Reset to 800h

6.3.19 MEMORY LIMIT REGISTER - OFFSET 20h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
19:16	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0000
31:20	Memory Limit	RW	Memory Limit (000FFFFFh)
			Reset to 000h

6.3.20 PREFETCHABLE MEMORY BASE REGISTER - OFFSET 24h



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
3:0	64-bit Addressing Support	RO	0001: Indicates PI7C9X111SL supports 64-bit addressing
			Reset to 0001
15:4	Prefetchable Memory Base	RW	Prefetchable Memory Base (00000000_800000000h)
			Reset to 800h

6.3.21 PREFETCHABLE MEMORY LIMIT REGISTER - OFFSET 24h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
19:16	64-bit Addressing Support	RO	0001: Indicates PI7C9X111SL supports 64-bit addressing
			Reset to 0001
31:20	Prefetchable Memory Limit	RW	Prefetchable Memory Limit (00000000_000FFFFFh)
			Reset to 000h



6.3.22 PREFETCHABLE BASE UPPER 32-BIT REGISTER – OFFSET 28h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:0	Prefetchable Base Upper 32-	RW	Bit [63:32] of prefetchable base
	bit		
			Reset to 00000000h

6.3.23 PREFETCHABLE LIMIT UPPER 32-BIT REGISTER - OFFSET 2Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:0	Prefetchable Limit Upper	RW	Bit [63:32] of prefetchable limit
	32-bit		
			Reset to 00000000h

6.3.24 I/O BASE UPPER 16-BIT REGISTER - OFFSET 30h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:0	I/O Base Upper 16-bit	RW	Bit [31:16] of I/O Base
			Reset to 0000h

6.3.25 I/O LIMIT UPPER 16-BIT REGISTER - OFFSET 30h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:16	I/O Limit Upper 16-bit	RW	Bit [31:16] of I/O Limit
			Reset to 0000h

6.3.26 CAPABILITY POINTER - OFFSET 34h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:8	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
7:0	Capability Pointer	RO	Capability pointer to 80h
			Reset to 80h

6.3.27 EXPANSION ROM BASE ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 38h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:0	Expansion ROM Base	RO	Expansion ROM not supported.
	Address		
			Reset to 00000000h

6.3.28 INTERRUPT LINE REGISTER - OFFSET 3Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
7:0	Interrupt Line	RW	
			For initialization code to program to tell which input of the interrupt controller the PI7C9X111SL's INTA_L in connected to.
			Reset to 00000000



6.3.29 INTERRUPT PIN REGISTER - OFFSET 3Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:8	Interrupt Pin	RO	
			Designates interrupt pin INTA_L, is used
			Reset to 01h

6.3.30 BRIDGE CONTROL REGISTER - OFFSET 3Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
16	Parity Error Response Enable	RW	Ignore parity errors on the secondary Enable parity error detection on secondary
			FORWARD BRIDGE – Controls the response to uncorrectable address attribute and data errors on the secondary REVERSE BRIDGE – Controls the setting of the master data parity error bit in response to a received poisoned TLP from the secondary (PCIe link)
			Reset to 0
17	SERR_L Enable	RW	0: Disable the forwarding of SERR_L to ERR_FATAL and ERR_NONFATAL 1: Enable the forwarding of SERR_L to ERR_FATAL and ERR_NONFATAL Reset to 0 (FORWARD BRIDGE)
			RO bit for REVERSE BRIDGE
18	ISA Enable	RW	0: Forward downstream all I/O addresses in the address range defined by the I/O Base and Limit registers 1: Forward upstream all I/O addresses in the address range defined by the I/O Base and Limit registers that are in the first 64KB of PCI I/O address space (top 768 bytes of each 1KB block)
			Reset to 0
19	VGA Enable	RW	0: Do not forward VGA compatible memory and I/O addresses from the primary to secondary, unless they are enabled for forwarding by the defined I/O and memory address ranges 1: Forward VGA compatible memory and I/O addresses from the primary and secondary (if the I/O enable and memory enable bits are set), independent of the ISA enable bit
20	VGA 16-bit Decode	RW	D: Execute 10-bit address decodes on VGA I/O accesses Execute 16-bit address decode on VGA I/O accesses
			Reset to 0
21	Master Abort Mode	RW	O: Do not report master aborts (return FFFFFFFh on reads and discards data on write) 1: Report master abort by signaling target abort if possible or by the assertion of SERR_L (if enabled).
			Reset to 0
22	Secondary Interface Reset	RW	Do not force the assertion of RESET_L on secondary PCI bus for forward bridge, or do not generate a hot reset on the PCIe link for reverse bridge Force the assertion of RESET_L on secondary PCI bus for forward bridge, or generate a hot reset on the PCIe link for reverse bridge
			Reset to 0
23	Fast Back-to-Back Enable	RO	Fast back-to-back not supported
			Reset to 0
	•		-



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
24	Primary Master Timeout	RW	0: Primary discard timer counts 2 ¹⁵ PCI clock cycles
			1: Primary discard timer counts 2 ¹⁰ PCI clock cycles
			FORWARD BRIDGE –
			Bit is RO and ignored by the PI7C9X111SL
			Reset to 0
25	Secondary Master Timeout	RW	0: Secondary discard timer counts 2 ¹⁵ PCI clock cycles
			1: Secondary discard timer counts 2 ¹⁰ PCI clock cycles
			REVERSE BRIDGE –
			Bit is RO and ignored by PI7C9X111SL
			Reset to 0
26	Master Timeout Status	RWC	Bit is set when the discard timer expires and a delayed completion is
			discarded at the PCI interface for the forward or reverse bridge
			Reset to 0
27	Discard Timer SERR_L	RW	Bit is set to enable to generate ERR_NONFATAL or ERR_FATAL for
	Enable		forward bridge, or assert P_SERR_L for reverse bridge as a result of the
			expiration of the discard timer on the PCI interface.
			Reset to 0
31:28	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0000

6.3.31 PCI DATA BUFFERING CONTROL REGISTER - OFFSET 40h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	Secondary Internal Arbiter's	RW	0: Park to the last master
	PARK Function		1: Park to PI7C9X111SL secondary port
			Reset to 0
1	Memory Read Prefetching Dynamic Control Disable	RW	Disable memory read prefetching dynamic control for PCI to PCIe read Disable memory read prefetching dynamic control for PCI to PCIe read
			Reset to 0
2	Completion Data Prediction	RW	0: Enable completion data prediction for PCI to PCIe read.
	Control		1: Disable completion data prediction
			Reset to 0
3	CFG Type0-to-Type1	RW	0: CFG Type0-to-Type1 conversion is disabled.
	conversion Enable		1: CFG Type0-to-Type1 conversion is enabled if the AD[31:28] is all 1s.
			bridge will ignore the AD[0] and always treats the cfg transaction as type 1, other AD bit (except AD[31:28], AD[0]) must meet the Type 1 format
			Reset to 0
5:4	PCI Read Multiple Prefetch Mode	RW	00: One cache line prefetch if memory read multiple address is in prefetchable range at the PCI interface
			01: Full prefetch if address is in prefetchable range at PCI interface, and the PI7C9X111SL will keep remaining data after it disconnects the external master during burst read with read multiple command until the discard timer expires
			10: Full prefetch if address is in prefetchable range at PCI interface
			11: Full prefetch if address is in prefetchable range at PCI interface and the PI7C9X111SL will keep remaining data after the read multiple is terminated either by an external master or by the PI7C9X111SL, until the discard time expires
			Reset to 10



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
7:6	PCI Read Line Prefetch Mode	RW	00: Once cache line prefetch if memory read address is in prefetchable range at PCI interface
			01: Full prefetch if address is in prefetchable range at PCI interface and the PI7C9X111SL will keep remaining data after it is disconnected by an external master during burst read with read line command, until discard timer expires
			10: Full prefetch if memory read line address is in prefetchable range at PCI interface
			11: Full prefetch if address is in prefetchable range at PCI interface and the PI7C9X111SL will keep remaining data after the read line is terminated either by an external master or by the PI7C9X111SL, until the discard timer expires
			Reset to 00
9:8	PCI Read Prefetch Mode	RW	00: One cache line prefetch if memory read address is in prefetchable range at PCI interface
			01: Reserved
			10: Full prefetch if memory read address is in prefetchable range at PCI interface
			11: Disconnect on the first DWORD
			Reset to 00
10	PCI Special Delayed Read Mode Enable	RW	0: Retry any master at PCI bus that repeats its transaction with command code changes.
			1: Allows any master at PCI bus to change memory command code (MR, MRL, MRM) after it has received a retry. The PI7C9X111SL will complete the memory read transaction and return data back to the master if the address and byte enables are the same.
			Reset to 0
11	Optional Malformed Packet checking Enable	RW	O: Optional Malformed Packet checking is disabled Optional Malformed Packet checking is enabled
			Reset to 0
14:12	Maximum Memory Read Byte Count	RW	Maximum byte count is used by the PI7C9X111SL when generating memory read requests on the PCIe link in response to a memory read initiated on the PCI bus and bit [9:8], bit [7:6], and bit [5:4] are set to "full prefetch".
			000: 512 bytes (default) 001: 128 bytes
			010: 256 bytes
			011: 512 bytes 100: 1024 bytes
			101: 2048 bytes
			110: 4096 bytes 111: 512 bytes
			111. 312 bytes
			Reset to 000

6.3.32 CHIP CONTROL 0 REGISTER - OFFSET 40h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15	Flow Control Update Control	RW	O: Flow control is updated for every two credits available Flow control is updated for every on credit available
			Reset to 0



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
16	PCI Retry Counter Status	RWC	0: The PCI retry counter has not expired since the last reset 1: The PCI retry counter has expired since the last reset Reset to 0
18:17	PCI Retry Counter Control	RW	00: No expiration limit 01: Allow 256 retries before expiration 10: Allow 64K retries before expiration 11: Allow 2G retries before expiration Reset to 00
19	PCI Discard Timer Disable	RW	O: Enable the PCI discard timer in conjunction with bit [27] offset 3Ch (bridge control register) 1: Disable the PCI discard timer in conjunction with bit [27] offset 3Ch (bridge control register)
20	PCI Discard Timer Short Duration	RW	Reset to 0 0: Use bit [24] offset 3Ch for forward bridge or bit [25] offset 3Ch for reverse bridge to indicate how many PCI clocks should be allowed before the PCI discard timer expires 1: 64 PCI clocks allowed before the PCI discard timer expires
22:21	Configuration Request Retry Timer Counter Value Control	RW	Reset to 0 00: Timer expires at 25us 01: Timer expires at 0.5ms 10: Timer expires at 5ms 11: Timer expires at 25ms
23	Delayed Transaction Order Control	RW	Reset to 01 0: Enable out-of-order capability between delayed transactions 1: Disable out-of-order capability between delayed transactions
25:24	Completion Timer Counter Value Control	RW	Reset to 0 00: Timer expires at 50us 01: Timer expires at 10ms 10: Timer expires at 50ms 11: Timer disabled
26	Isochronous Traffic Support Enable	RW	Reset to 01 0: All memory transactions from PCI to PCIe will be mapped to TC0 1: All memory transactions from PCI to PCIe will be mapped to Traffic Class defined in bit [29:27] of offset 40h.
29:27	Traffic Class Used For Isochronous Traffic	RW	Reset to 0 Reset to 001
30	Power Saving mode enable	RW	=0: disable the power saving mode; =1: enable the power saving mode, and the internal clock for mac/dll/tlp and pci logic is disabled at L1s and L1 state.
31	Primary Configuration Access Lockout	RW	=0:9X111 configuration space can be accessed from both interface. =1:9X111 configuration space can only be accessed from the secondary interface. primary bus accessed receives completion with CRS status for forward bridge, or target retry for reverse bridge.



6.3.33 RESERVED REGISTER – OFFSET 44h

	BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
Г	31:0	Reserved	RO	Reset to 00000000h

6.3.34 ARBITER ENABLE REGISTER – OFFSET 48h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	Enable Arbiter 0	RW	0: Disable arbitration for internal PI7C9X111SL request
			1: Enable arbitration for internal PI7C9X111SL request
			Reset to 1
1	Enable Arbiter 1	RW	0: Disable arbitration for master 1
			1: Enable arbitration for master 1
			Reset to 1
2	Enable Arbiter 2	RW	0: Disable arbitration for master 2
			1: Enable arbitration for master 2
			Reset to 1
3	Enable Arbiter 3	RW	0: Disable arbitration for master 3
			1: Enable arbitration for master 3
			Reset to 1
4	Reserved	RW	Reset to 1
5	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
6	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
7	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
8	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.35 ARBITER MODE REGISTER - OFFSET 48h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
9	External Arbiter Bit	RW	=0: Enable internal arbiter
			=1: When using an external arbiter
			Reset to 0
10	Broken Master Timeout	RW	0: Broken master timeout disable
	Enable		1 mil 12 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
			1: This bit enables the internal arbiter to count 16 PCI bus cycles while
			waiting for FRAME_L to become active when a device's PCI bus GNT is
			active and the PCI bus is idle. If the broken master timeout expires, the PCI bus GNT for the device is de-asserted.
			bus GIVI for the device is de-asserted.
			Reset to 0
11	Broken Master Refresh	RW	0: A broken master will be ignored forever after de-asserting its REQ_L for
	Enable		at least 1 clock
			1: Refresh broken master state after all the other masters have been served
			once
			D
10.12	111 71 0	D	Reset to 0
19:12	Arbiter Fairness Counter	RW	08h: These bits are the initialization value of a counter used by the internal
			arbiter. It controls the number of PCI bus cycles that the arbiter holds a
			device's PCI bus GNT active after detecting a PCI bus REQ_L from another device. The counter is reloaded whenever a new PCI bus GNT is asserted.
			For every new PCI bus GNT, the counter is armed to decrement when it
			detects the new fall of FRAME L. If the arbiter fairness counter is set to 00h,
			the arbiter will not remove a device's PCI bus GNT until the device has de-
			asserted its PCI bus REQ.
			ì
			Reset to 08h



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
20	GNT_L Output Toggling Enable	RW	0: GNT_L not de-asserted after granted master assert FRAME_L
			1: GNT_L de-asserts for 1 clock after 2 clocks of the granted master asserting FRAME_L
			Reset to 0
21	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.36 ARBITER PRIORITY REGISTER - OFFSET 48h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
22	Arbiter Priority 0	RW	0: Low priority request to internal PI7C9X111SL
			1: High priority request to internal PI7C9X111SL
			Reset to 1
23	Arbiter Priority 1	RW	0: Low priority request to master 1
			1: High priority request to master 1
			Reset to 0
24	Arbiter Priority 2	RW	0: Low priority request to master 2
			1: High priority request to master 2
			Reset to 0
25	Arbiter Priority 3	RW	0: Low priority request to master 3
			1: High priority request to master 3
			Reset to 0
26	Arbiter Priority 4	RW	0: Low priority request to master 4
			1: High priority request to master 4
			Reset to 0
27	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
28	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
29	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
30	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
31	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.37 RESERVED REGISTERS – OFFSET 4Ch

6.3.38 MEMORY READSMART BASE LOWER 32-Bit REGISTER 1 – OFFSET 50h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:0	Memory Readsmart Base Lower 32-bit Register 1	RW	Memory Readsmart Base Address 1 in conjunction with Memory Readsmart Base Lower 32-bit register 1 and Memory Readsmart Range Size register 1, defines address range 1 in which PCI memory read are allowed (or not allowed) to use the Readsmart mode which is controlled by bit [7:4] of 40h.
			Reset to 00000000h

6.3.39 MEMORY READSMART BASE UPPER 32-Bit REGISTER 1 – OFFSET 54h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:0	Memory Readsmart Base	RW	Bit[63:32] of Memory Readsmart Base Address 1
	Upper 32-bit register 1		
			Reset to 00000000h



6.3.40 MEMORY READSMART RANGE CONTROL REGISTER 1 – OFFSET 58h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:1	Memory Readsmart Range	RW	define the size of the range 1, maximum 4G byte with granuity of 2 bytes
	Address 1		
0	Memory Readsmart Range	RW	Memory Readsmart Range Control register
	control		0: any PCI memory read with address falling in the range are not
			allowed to use Readsmart mode.
			1: only PCI memory read with address falling in the range are
			allowed to use Readsmart mode.
			Reset to 0

6.3.41 MEMORY READSMART BASE LOWER 32-Bit REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 5Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:0	Readsmart Memory Base Lower 32-bit Register 2	RW	Memory Readsmart Base Address 1 in conjunction with Memory Readsmart Base Lower 32-bit register 2 and Memory Readsmart Range Size register 2, defines address range 1 in which PCI memory read are allowed (or not allowed) to use the Readsmart mode which is controlled by bit [7:4] of 40h. Reset to 00000000h

6.3.42 MEMORY READSMART BASE UPPER 32-Bit REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 60h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:0	Memory Readsmart Base	RW	Bit[63:32] of Memory Readsmart Base Address 2
	Upper 32-bit register 2		
			Reset to 00000000h

6.3.43 MEMORY READSMART RANGE SIZE REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 64h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:0	Memory Readsmart Range Size register 2	RW	Memory Readsmart Range Address 2 defines the size of the range 2, maximum 4G byte
			Reset to 00000000h

6.3.44 EXPRESS TRANSMITTER/RECEIVER REGISTER - OFFSET 68h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
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BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
1:0	Nominal Driver Current	RW	00: 20mA
	Control		01: 10mA
			10: 28mA
			11: Reserved
			Reset to 00
5:2	Driver Current Scale	RW	0000: 1.00 x nominal driver current
	Multiple Control		0001: 1.05 x nominal driver current
	1		0010: 1.10 x nominal driver current
			0011: 1.15 x nominal driver current
			0100: 1.20 x nominal driver current
			0101: 1.25 x nominal driver current
			0110: 1.30 x nominal driver current
			0111: 1.35 x nominal driver current
			1000: 0.60 x nominal driver current
			1001: 0.65 x nominal driver current
			1010: 0.70 x nominal driver current
			1011: 0.75 x nominal driver current 1100: 0.80 x nominal driver current
			1101: 0.85 x nominal driver current
			1110: 0.90 x nominal driver current
			1111: 0.95 x nominal driver current
7.6	D : 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1	DIII	Reset to 0000
7:6	Receiver equalization control	RW	=00: Max Rx Equalization, for input jitter > 0.25 UI
	for 0.13um PHY		=01: Min Rx Equalization, for input jitter between 0.1 UI and 0.25
			=1x : Rx Equalization off
11:8	Driver De-emphasis Level	RW	0000: 0.00 db
	Control		0001: -0.35 db
			0010: -0.72 db
			0011: -1.11 db
			0100: -1.51 db
			0101: -1.94 db
			0110: -2.38 db
			0111: -2.85 db 1000: -3.35 db
			1000: -3.88 db
			1010: -4.44 db
			1010: 4.44 db 1011: -5.04 db
			1100: -5.68 db
			1101: -6.38 db
			1110: -7.13 db
			1111: -7.96 db
			Reset to 1000
13:12	Transmitter Termination	RW	00: 52 ohms
	Control	• •	01: 57 ohms
			10: 43 ohms
			11: 46 ohms
			Reset to 00
15:14	Receiver Termination	RW	00: 52 ohms
	Control	• •	01: 57 ohms
			10: 43 ohms
			11: 46 ohms
			Reset to 00
29:16	Reserved	RO	Reset to 00 Reset to 00h
49.10	IVESEI AER	NU	Keset to toll

6.3.45 UPSTREAM MEMORY WRITE FRAGMENT CONTROL REGISTER - OFFSET 68h

BIT FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
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BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:30	Memory Write Fragment Control	RW	Upstream Memory Write Fragment Control
			00: Fragment at 32-byte boundary 01: Fragment at 64-byte boundary 1x: Fragement at 128-byte boundary
			Reset to 10h

6.3.46 RESERVED REGISTER – OFFSET 6Ch

6.3.47 EEPROM AUTOLOAD CONTROL/STATUS REGISTER - OFFSET 70h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	Initiate EEPROM Read or	RW	This bit will be reset to 0 after the EEPROM operation is finished.
	Write Cycle		
			0: EEPROM AUTOLOAD disabled
			0 -> 1: Starts the EEPROM Read or Write cycle
			Reset to 0
1	Control Command for	RW	0: Read
	EEPROM		1: Write
			Reset to 0
2	EEPROM Error	RO	0: EEPROM acknowledge is always received during the EEPROM cycle
			1: EEPROM acknowledge is not received during EEPROM cycle
			Reset to 0
3	EPROM Autoload Complete	RO	0: EEPROM autoload is not successfully completed
	Status		1: EEPROM autoload is successfully completed
			Reset to 0
5:4	EEPROM Clock Frequency	RW	Where PCLK is 125MHz
	Control		00 PGVV / 400 C
			00: PCLK / 4096
			01: PCLK / 2048 10: PCLK / 1024
			10: PCLK / 1024 11: PCLK / 128
			11. FCLK/ 120
			Reset to 00
6	EEPROM Autoload Control	RW	0: Enable EEPROM autoload
			1: Disable EEPROM autoload
			Reset to 0
7	Fast EEPROM Autoload	RW	=0: normal speed of EEPROM autoload
	Control		=1: speeds up EEPROM autoload by 8 times
			Reset to 1
8	EEPROM Autoload Status	RO	0: EEPROM autoload is not on going
			1: EEPROM autoload is on going
			Reset to 0
15:9	EEPROM Word Address	RW	EEPROM word address for EEPROM cycle
			Reset to 0000000
31:16	EEPROM Data	RW	EEPROM data to be written into the EEPROM
			Reset to 0000h



6.3.48 RESERVED REGISTER – OFFSET 74h

6.3.49 GPIO DATA AND CONTROL REGISTER - OFFSET 78h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
11:0	Reserved	RO	Reset to 000h
15:12	GPIO Output Write-1-to-	RW	Reset to 0h
	Clear		
19:16	GPIO Output Write-1-to-Set	RW	Reset to 0h
23:20	GPIO Output Enable Write-	RW	Reset to 0h
	1-to-Clear		
27:24	GPIO Output Enable Write-	RW	Reset to 0h
	1-to-Set		
31:28	GPIO Input Data Register	RO	Reset to 0h

6.3.50 RESERVED REGISTER - OFFSET 7Ch

6.3.51 PCI-X CAPABILITY ID REGISTER - OFFSET 80h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
7:0	PCI-X Capability ID	RO	PCI-X Capability ID
			Reset to 07h

6.3.52 NEXT CAPABILITY POINTER REGISTER - OFFSET 80h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:8	Next Capability Pointer	RO	Point to power management
			Reset to 90h

6.3.53 PCI-X SECONDARY STATUS REGISTER - OFFSET 80h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
16	64-bit Device on Secondary	RO	64-bit not supported
	Bus Interface		
			Reset to 0
17	133MHz Capable	RO	133MHz capable on secondary interface. this bit is always RO.
18	Split Completion Discarded	RO	Split Completion Discarded this bit is always RO.
			Reset to 0
19	Unexpected Split	RWC	=0: No unexpected split completion has been recevied.
	Completion		=1: An unexpected split completion has been recevied with the
			requeste
			ID equaled to the bridge's secondary port number, device number
			00h, and function number 0 on the bridge secondary interface. this bit is RO
			for forward bridge.
			Reset to 0
20	Split Completion Overrun	RO	This bit is always RO.
			Reset to 0
21	Split Request Delayed	RWC/RO	=0: The bridge has not delayed a split request.
			=1: The bridge has delayed a split request because the bridge cannot forward
			a transaction to secondary port due to not enough room within the limit
			specified in the split transaction commitment limit field in the downstream
			split transaction control register. This bit is RO for forward bridge.
			Reset to 0



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
24:22	Secondary Clock Frequency	RO	These bits are only meaningful in forward bridge mode. In reverse bridge mode, all three bits are set to zero.
			000: Conventional PCI mode (minimum clock period not applicable) 001: 66MHz (minimum clock period is 15ns) 010: 100 to 133MHz (minimum clock period is 7.5ns) 011: Reserved 1xx: Reserved
			Reset to 000
31:25	Reserved	RO	0000000

6.3.54 PCI-X BRIDGE STATUS REGISTER - OFFSET 84h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
2:0	Function Number	RO	Function Number; the function number (AD[10:8] of a type-0 configuration transaction) to which the bridge responds. Reset to 000
7:3	Device Number	RO	Device Number; the device number (AD[15:11] of a type-0 configuration transaction) is assigned to the bridge by the connection of system hardware. Each time the bridge is addressed by a configuration write transaction, the bridge updates this register with the contents of AD[15:11] of the address phase of the configuration transaction, regardless of which register in the bridge is addressed by the transaction. The bridge is addressed by a configuration write transaction if all of the following are true: • The transaction uses a configuration write command. • IDSEL is asserted during the address phase. • AD[1:0] are 00 (type-0 configuration transaction). • AD[10:8] of the configuration address contain the appropriate function number.
15:8	Bus Number	RO	Bus Number; It is an additional address from which the contents of the primary bus number register on type-1 configuration space header is read. The bridge uses the bus number, device number, and function number fields to create the completer ID when responding with a split completion to a read of an internal bridge register. These fields are also used for cases when one interface is in conventional PCI mode and the other is in PCIX mode. Reset to 11111111
16	64-bit Device on Primary Bus Interface	RO	64-bit device. Reset to 0
17	133MHz Capable	RO	133MHz capable on primary interface. This bit is always RO. Reset to 0 in forward bridge mode or 1 in reverse bridge mode
18	Split Completion Discarded	RO	This bit is always RO. Reset to 0
19	Unexpected Split Completion	RWC	=0: No unexpected split completion has been recevied. =1: An unexpected split completion has been recevied with the request ID equaled to the bridge's primary port number, device number, and function number on the bridge primary interface. This bit is RO for reverse bridge. Reset to 0
20	Split Completion Overrun	RO	This bit is always RO. Reset to 0
21	Split Request Delayed	RWC	When this bit is set to 1, a split request is delayed because PI7C9X111SL is not able to forward the split request transaction to its primary bus due to insufficient room within the limit specified in the split transaction commitment limit field of the downstream split transaction control register
			Reset to 0
31:22	Reserved	RO	0000000000

6.3.55 UPSTREAM SPLIT TRANSACTION REGISTER - OFFSET 88h



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:0	Upstream Split Transaction Capability	RO	Upstream Split Transaction Capability specifies the size of the buffer (in the unit of ADQs) to store split completions for memory read. It applies to the requesters on the secondary bus in addressing the completers on the primary bus. The 0010h value shows that the buffer has 16 ADQs or 2K bytes storage Reset to 0010h
31:16	Upstream Split Transaction Commitment Limit	RW	Upstream Split Transaction Commitment Limit indicates the cumulative sequence size of the commitment limit in units of ADQs. This field can be programmed to any value or equal to the content of the split capability field. For example, if the limit is set to FFFFh, PI7C9X111SL is allowed to forward all split requests of any size regardless of the amount of buffer space available. The split transaction commitment limit is set to 0010h that is the same value as the split transaction capability. Reset to 0010h

6.3.56 DOWNSTREAM SPLIT TRANSACTION REGISTER - OFFSET 8Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:0	Downstream Split Transaction Capability	RO	Downstream Split Transaction Capability specifies the size of the buffer (in the unit of ADQs) to store split completions for memory read. It applies to the requesters on the primary bus in addressing the completers on the secondary bus. The 0010h value shows that the buffer has 16 ADQs or 2K bytes storage Reset to 0010h
31:16	Downstream Split Transaction Commitment Limit	RW	Downstream Split Transaction Commitment Limit indicates the cumulative sequence size of the commitment limit in units of ADQs. This field can be programmed to any value or equal to the content of the split capability field. For example, if the limit is set to FFFFh, PI7C9X111SL is allowed to forward all split requests of any size regardless of the amount of buffer space available. The split transaction commitment limit is set to 0010h that is the same value as the split transaction capability. Reset to 0010h

6.3.57 POWER MANAGEMENT ID REGISTER - OFFSET 90h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
7:0	Power Management ID	RO	Power Management ID Register
			Reset to 01h

6.3.58 NEXT CAPABILITY POINTER REGISTER - OFFSET 90h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:8	Next Pointer	RO	Next pointer (point to Subsystem ID and Subsystem Vendor ID)
			Reset to A8h

6.3.59 POWER MANAGEMENT CAPABILITY REGISTER - OFFSET 90h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
18:16	Version Number	RO	Version number that complies with revision 2.0 of the PCI Power
			Management Interface specification.
			Reset to 010



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
19	PME Clock	RO	PME clock is not required for PME_L generation
			B 44 0
20		7.0	Reset to 0
20	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
21	Device Specific Initialization	RO	DSI – no special initialization of this function beyond the standard PCI
	(DSI)		configuration header is required following transition to the D0 un-initialized
			state
			Reset to 0
24:22	AUX Current	RO	000: 0mA
			001: 55mA
			010: 100mA
			011: 160mA
			100: 220mA
			101: 270mA
			110: 320mA
			111: 375mA
			Reset to 001
25	D1 Power Management	RO	D1 power management is not supported
23	Di Fowei Management	KO	D1 power management is not supported
			Reset to 0
26	D2 Power Management	RO	D2 power management is not supported
			Reset to 0
31:27	PME_L Support	RO	PME_L is supported in D3 cold, D3 hot, and D0 states.
			Reset to 11001

6.3.60 POWER MANAGEMENT CONTROL AND STATUS REGISTER - OFFSET 94h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
1:0	Power State	RW	Power State is used to determine the current power state of PI7C9X111SL.
			If a non-implemented state is written to this register, PI7C9X111SL will
			ignore the write data. When present state is D3 and changing to D0 state by
			programming this register, the power state change causes a device reset
			without activating the RESET_L of PCI bus interface
			00: D0 state
			01: D1 state not implemented
			10: D2 state not implemented
			11: D3 state
			11120 5000
			Reset to 00
7:2	Reserved	RO	Reset to 000000
8	PME Enable	RWS	0: PME_L assertion is disabled
			1: PME_L assertion is enabled
			Reset to 0
12:9	Data Select	RO	Data register is not implemented
			Reset to 0000
14:13	Data Scale	RO	Data register is not implemented
			Reset to 00
15	PME Status	RWCS	PME_L is supported
			Reset to 0
			Teset to 0

6.3.61 PCI-TO-PCI SUPPORT EXTENSION REGISTER – OFFSET 94h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
21:16	Reserved	RO	Reset to 000000
22	B2/B3 Support	RO	0: B2 / B3 not support for D3hot
			Reset to 0
23	PCI Bus Power/Clock	RO	0: PCI Bus Power/Clock Disabled
	Control Enable		
			Reset to 0
31:24	Data Register	RO	Data register is not implemented
	_		
			Reset to 00h

6.3.62 RESERVED REGISTERS - OFFSET 98h - 9Ch

6.3.63 CAPABILITY ID REGISTER - OFFSET A0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
7:0	Capability ID	RO	Capability ID for Slot Identification. SI is off by default but can be turned on
			through EEPROM interface
			Reset to 04h

6.3.64 NEXT POINTER REGISTER - OFFSET A0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:8	Next Pointer	RO	Next pointer – points to PCI Express capabilities register
			Reset to B0h

6.3.65 SLOT NUMBER REGISTER - OFFSET A0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
20:16	Expansion Slot Number	RW	Expansion slot number
			Reset to 00000
21	First In Chassis	RW	First in chassis
			Reset to 0
23:22	Reserved	RO	Reset to 00

6.3.66 CHASSIS NUMBER REGISTER - OFFSET A0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:24	Chassis Number	RW	Chassis number
			Reset to 00h

6.3.67 SECONDARY CLOCK AND CLKRUN CONTROL REGISTER - OFFSET A4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
1:0	S_CLKOUT0 Enable	RW	S_CLKOUT (Slot 0) Enable for forward bridge mode only
			00: enable S_CLKOUT0 01: enable S_CLKOUT0 10: enable S_CLKOUT0 11: disable S_CLKOUT0 and driven LOW Reset to 00



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
3:2	S_CLKOUT1 Enable	RW	S_CLKOUT (Slot 1) Enable for forward bridge mode only
			00: enable S_CLKOUT1
			01: enable S_CLKOUT1
			10: enable S_CLKOUT1
			11: disable S_CLKOUT1 and driven LOW
			Reset to 00
5:4	S_CLKOUT2 Enable	RW	S_CLKOUT (Slot 2) Enable for forward bridge mode only
			00
			00: enable S_CLKOUT2
			01: enable S_CLKOUT2 10: enable S_CLKOUT2
			11: disable S_CLKOUT2 and driven LOW
			11. disable S_CLROO12 and differ LOW
			Reset to 00
7:6	S_CLKOUT3 Enable	RW	S_CLKOUT (Slot 3) Enable for forward bridge mode only
			======================================
			00: enable S_CLKOUT3
			01: enable S_CLKOUT3
			10: enable S_CLKOUT3
			11: disable S_CLKOUT3 and driven LOW
			Reset to 00
8	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0h
9	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0h
10	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0h
11	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0h
12	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0h
13	Secondary Clock Stop Status	RO	Secondary clock stop status
			Or cocondary clock not stonged
			0: secondary clock not stopped 1: secondary clock stopped
			1. secondary clock stopped
			Reset to 0
14	Secondary Clkrun Protocol	RW	0: disable protocol
1.	Enable	20.11	1: enable protocol
			Reset to 0
15	Clkrun Mode	RW	0: Stop the secondary clock only when bridge is at D3hot state
			1: Stop the secondary clock whenever the secondary bus is idle and there are
			no requests from the primary bus
			Reset to 0
16	ASPM L0s enable control	RW	0: bridge may enter ASPM L0s regardless if Receiver is Electrical Idle
			1: bridge may enter ASPM L0s only if Receiver is Electrical Idle
			P 1
10.17	0 11 1	DW	Reset to 1
18:17	Scrambling control	RW	Reset to 0
31:19	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.68 CAPABILITY ID REGISTER - OFFSET A8h

Ī	BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
	7:0	Capability ID	RO	Capability ID for subsystem ID and subsystem vendor ID
				Reset to 0Dh

6.3.69 NEXT POINTER REGISTER - OFFSET A8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Next item pointer (point to PCI Express Capability by default but can be programmed to A0h if Slot Identification Capability is enabled)
			Reset to B0h

6.3.70 RESERVED REGISTER - OFFSET A8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:16	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0000h

6.3.71 SUBSYSTEM VENDOR ID REGISTER – OFFSET ACh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:0	Subsystem Vendor ID	RO	Subsystem vendor ID identifies the particular add-in card or subsystem
			Reset to 00h

6.3.72 SUBSYSTEM ID REGISTER - OFFSET ACh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:16	Subsystem ID	RO	Subsystem ID identifies the particular add-in card or subsystem
			Reset to 00h

6.3.73 PCI EXPRESS CAPABILITY ID REGISTER - OFFSET B0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
7:0	PCI Express Capability ID	RO	PCI Express capability ID
			Reset to 10h

6.3.74 NEXT CAPABILITY POINTER REGISTER - OFFSET B0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Next Capabilities Pointer Register
			Reset to F0h

6.3.75 PCI EXPRESS CAPABILITY REGISTER - OFFSET B0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Reset to 1h
23:20	Device / Port Type	RO	0000: PCI Express endpoint device
			0001: Legacy PCI Express endpoint device
			0100: Root port of PCI Express root complex
			0101: Upstream port of PCI Express switch
			0110: Downstream port of PCI Express switch
			0111: PCI Express to PCI bridge
			1000: PCI to PCI Express bridge
			Others: Reserved
			Reset to 7h for Forward Bridge or 8h for Reverse Bridge
24	Slot Implemented	RO	Reset to 0 for Forward Bridge or 1 for Reverse Bridge
29:25	Interrupt Message Number	RO	Reset to 0h
31:30	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.76 DEVICE CAPABILITY REGISTER - OFFSET B4h



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
2:0	Maximum Payload Size	RO	000: 128 bytes
	·		001: 256 bytes
			010: 512 bytes
			011: 1024 bytes
			100: 2048 bytes
			101: 4096 bytes
			110: reserved
			111: reserved
			Reset to 2h
4:3	Phantom Functions	RO	No phantom functions supported
			Reset to 00
5	8-bit Tag Field	RO	8-bit tag field supported
8:6	Endpoint L0's Latency	RO	Reset to 1 Endpoint L0's acceptable latency
8:0	Endpoint LO's Latency	RO	Endpoint Lo's acceptable latency
			000: less than 64 ns
			001: 64 – 128 ns
			010: 128 – 256 ns
			011: 256 – 512 ns
			100: 512 ns – 1 us
			101: 1 – 2 us
			110: 2 – 4 us 111: more than 4 us
			111: more than 4 us
			Reset to 000
11:9	Endpoint L1's Latency	RO	Endpoint L1's acceptable latency
			000: less than 1 us
			001: 1 – 2 us
			010: 2 – 4 us
			011: 4 – 8 us
			100: 8 – 16 us
			101: 16 – 32 us
			110: 32 – 64 us
			111: more than 64 us
			Reset to 000
12	Attention Button Present	RO	0: If Hot Plug is disabled
			1: If Hot Plug is enabled at Forward Bridge
		1	
			Reset to 0 when hot-plug is disabled or 1 when hot-plug is enabled through
13	Attention Indicator Present	RO	strapping. 0: If Hot Plug is disabled
			1: If Hot Plug is enable at Forward Bridge
			Pocet to O when het plus is disabled on 1 when het plus is anabled through
			Reset to 0 when hot-plug is disabled or 1 when hot-plug is enabled through strapping.
14	Power Indicator Present	RO	0: If Hot Plug is disabled
	Tower maleuter Fregent	110	1: If Hot Plug is enable at Forward Bridge
		1	
		1	Reset to 0 when hot-plug is disabled or 1 when hot-plug is enabled through strapping.
17:15	Reserved	RO	Reset to 000
25:18	Captured Slot Power Limit	RO	These bits are set by the Set_Slot_Power_Limit message
	Value	1	
27:26	Captured Slot Power Limit	RO	Reset to 00h This value is set by the Set_Slot_Power_Limit message
27:20	Scale Sot Power Limit	KU	This value is set by the Set_Slot_rower_Limit message
			Reset to 00
31:28	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0h



6.3.77 DEVICE CONTROL REGISTER - OFFSET B8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	Correctable Error Reporting	RW	Reset to 0h
	Enable		
1	Non-Fatal Error Reporting	RW	Reset to 0h
	Enable		
2	Fatal Error Reporting Enable	RW	Reset to 0h
3	Unsupported Request	RW	Reset to 0h
	Reporting Enable		
4	Relaxed Ordering Enable	RO	Relaxed Ordering disabled
			Reset to 0h
7:5	Max Payload Size	RW	This field sets the maximum TLP payload size for the PI7C9X111SL
			000: 128 bytes
			001: 256 bytes
			010: 512 bytes
			011:1024 bytes
			100: 2048 bytes
			101: 4096 bytes
			110: reserved
			111: reserved
_			Reset to 000
8	Extended Tag Field Enable	RW	Reset to 0
9	Phantom Functions Enable	RO	Phantom functions not supported
			D
10	1 11 D DIGE 11	D.O.	Reset to 0
10	Auxiliary Power PM Enable	RO	Auxiliary power PM not supported
			D
1.1	N. C F l.l.	DO.	Reset to 0
11	No Snoop Enable	RO	Bridge never sets the No Snoop attribute in the transaction it initiates
			Reset to 0
14:12	Maximum Read Request	RW	This field sets the maximum Read Request Size for the device as a requester
14:12	Size Request	KW	This field sets the maximum Read Request Size for the device as a requester
	Size		000: 128 bytes
			000: 128 bytes 001: 256 bytes
			010: 512 bytes
			011: 1024 bytes
			100: 2048 bytes
			101: 4096 bytes 110: reserved
			111: reserved
			Paget to 2h
1.5	Configuration Dates F 11	DW	Reset to 2h
15	Configuration Retry Enable	RW	Reset to 0

6.3.78 DEVICE STATUS REGISTER - OFFSET B8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
16	Correctable Error Detected	RWC	Reset to 0
17	Non-Fatal Error Detected	RWC	Reset to 0
18	Fatal Error Detected	RWC	Reset to 0
19	Unsupported Request Detected	RWC	Reset to 0
20	AUX Power Detected	RO	Reset to 1
21	Transaction Pending	RO	0: No transaction is pending on transaction layer interface 1: Transaction is pending on transaction layer interface
			Reset to 0
31:22	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0000000000



6.3.79 LINK CAPABILITY REGISTER - OFFSET BCh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
3:0	Maximum Link Speed	RO	Indicates the maximum speed of the Express link
			0001: 2.5Gb/s link
			Reset to 1
9:4	Maximum Link Width	RO	Indicates the maximum width of the Express link (x1 at reset)
			000000: reserved
			000001: x1
			000010: x2
			000100: x4
			001000: x8
			001100: x12 010000: x16
			100000: x16 100000: x32
			100000. x32
			Reset to 000001
11:10	ASPM Support	RO	This field indicates the level of Active State Power Management Support
			00: reserved
			01: L0's entry supported
			10: reserved
			11: L0's and L1's supported
			Reset to 11
14:12	L0's Exit Latency	RO	Reset to 3h
17:15	L1's Exit Latency	RO	Reset to 0/6h
23:18	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0/1h
31:24	Port Number	RO	Reset to 00h

6.3.80 LINK CONTROL REGISTER - OFFSET COh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
1:0	ASPM Control	RW	This field controls the level of ASPM supported on the Express link
			00: disabled
			01: L0's entry enabled
			10: L1's entry enabled
			11: L0's and L1's entry enabled
			Reset to 00
2	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
3	Read Completion Boundary (RCB)	RO	Read completion boundary not supported
			Reset to 0
4	Link Disable	RO /	RO for Forward Bridge
		RW	
			Reset to 0
5	Retrain Link	RO/	RO for Forward Bridge
		RW	
			Reset to 0
6	Common Clock	RW	Reset to 0
	Configuration		
7	Extended Sync	RW	Reset to 0
15:8	Reserved	RO	Reset to 00h

6.3.81 LINK STATUS REGISTER - OFFSET COh

	F	BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
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BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
19:16	Link Speed	RO	This field indicates the negotiated speed of the Express link
			001: 2.5Gb/s link
			Reset to 1h
25:20	Negotiated Link Width	RO	000000: reserved
			000001: x1
			000010: x2
			000100: x4
			001000: x8
			001100: x12
			010000: x16
			100000: x32
			Reset to 000001
26	Link Train Error	RO	Reset to 0
27	Link Training	RO	Reset to 0
28	Slot Clock Configuration	RO	Reset to 1
31:29	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.82 SLOT CAPABILITY REGISTER - OFFSET C4h

		DESCRIPTION
Attention Button Present	RO	0: If Hot Plug is disabled
		1: If Hot Plug is enabled at reverse bridge
		Reset to 0 when hot-plug is disabled or 1 when hot-plug is enabled through
		strapping.
Power Controller Present	RO	Reset to 0
MRL Sensor Present	RO	0: If Hot Plug is disabled
		1: If Hot Plug is enabled at reverse bridge
		Reset to 0 when hot-plug is disabled or 1 when hot-plug is enabled through
		strapping.
Attention Indicator Present	RO	0: If Hot Plug is disabled
		1: If Hot Plug is enabled at reverse bridge
		Reset to 0 when hot-plug is disabled or 1 when hot-plug is enabled through
		strapping.
Power Indicator Present	RO	0: If Hot Plug is disabled
		1: If Hot Plug is enabled at reverse bridge
		Reset to 0 when hot-plug is disabled or 1 when hot-plug is enabled through
		strapping.
Hot Plug Surprise	RO	Reset to 0
<u> </u>		0: If Hot Plug is disabled
Tiot Fing Cupusic	RO	1: If Hot Plug is enabled at reverse bridge
		The first ring is endoted at reverse orange
		Reset to 0 when hot-plug is disabled or 1 when hot-plug is enabled through
		strapping.
Slot Power Limit Value	RO	Reset to 00h
Slot Power Limit Scale	RO	Reset to 00
Reserved	RO	Reset to 00
Physical Slot Number	RO	Reset to 0
	Power Controller Present MRL Sensor Present Attention Indicator Present Power Indicator Present Hot Plug Surprise Hot Plug Capable Slot Power Limit Value Slot Power Limit Scale Reserved	Power Controller Present RO MRL Sensor Present RO Attention Indicator Present RO Power Indicator Present RO Hot Plug Surprise RO Hot Plug Capable RO Slot Power Limit Value RO Slot Power Limit Scale RO Reserved RO

6.3.83 SLOT CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET C8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	Attention Button Present	RW	Reset to 0
	Enable		
1	Power Fault Detected Enable	RW	Reset to 0



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
2	MRL Sensor Changed	RW	Reset to 0
	Enable		
3	Presence Detect Changed	RW	Reset to 0
	Enable		
4	Command Completed	RW	Reset to 0
	Interrupt Enable		
5	Hot Plug Interrupt Enable	RW	Reset to 0
7:6	Attention Indicator Control	RW	Reset to 0
9:8	Power Indicator Control	RW	Reset to 0
10	Power Controller Control	RW	Reset to 0
15:11	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.84 SLOT STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET C8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
16	Attention Button Pressed	RO	Reset to 0
17	Power Fault Detected	RO	Reset to 0
18	MRL Sensor Changed	RO	Reset to 0
19	Presence Detect Changed	RO	Reset to 0
20	Command Completed	RO	Reset to 0
21	MRL Sensor State	RO	Reset to 0
22	Presence Detect State	RO	Reset to 0
31:23	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.85 XPIP CONFIGURATION REGISTER 0 – OFFSET CCh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	Hot Reset Enable	RW	Reset to 0
1	Loopback Function Enable	RW	Reset to 0
2	Cross Link Function Enable	RW	Reset to 0
3	Software Direct to Configuration State when in LTSSM state	RW	Reset to 0
4	Internal Selection for Debug Mode	RW	Reset to 0
7:5	Negotiate Lane Number of Times	RW	Reset to 3h
12:8	TS1 Number Counter	RW	Reset to 10h
15:13	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
31:16	LTSSM Enter L1 Timer Default Value	RW	Reset to 0400h

6.3.86 XPIP CONFIGURATION REGISTER 1 – OFFSET D0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
9:0	L0's Lifetime Timer	RW	Reset to 0
15:10	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
31:16	L1 Lifetime Timer	RW	Reset to 0

6.3.87 XPIP CONFIGURATION REGISTER 2 – OFFSET D4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
7:0	CDR Recovery Time (in the	RW	Reset to 54h
	number of FTS order sets)		A Fast Training Sequence order set composes of one K28.5 (COM) Symbol
			and three K28.1 Symbols.
14:8	L0's Exit to L0 Latency	RW	Reset to 2h
15	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
22:16	L1 Exit to L0 Latency	RW	Reset to 19h
23	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0







6.3.88 L0 ENTER L1 WAITING PERIOD COUNTER - OFFSET D4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:24	L0 enter L1 waiting period	RW	L0 enter L1 waiting period counter
	counter		=d0: 128ms
			=d1: 129ms
			=d127: 256ms
			=d128: 0ms
			=d129: 1ms
			=d255: 127ms
			Reset to 00h

6.3.89 CAPABILITY ID REGISTER - OFFSET D8h

	BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
ſ	7:0	Capability ID for VPD	RO	Reset to 03h
		Register		

6.3.90 NEXT POINTER REGISTER - OFFSET D8h

BIT	Γ	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:8	8	Next Pointer	RO	Next pointer (F0h, points to MSI capabilities)
				Reset to F0h

6.3.91 VPD REGISTER – OFFSET D8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
17:16	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
23:18	VPD Address for Read/Write Cycle	RW	Reset to 0
30:24	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
31	VPD Operation	RW	O: Generate a read cycle from the EEPROM at the VPD address specified in bits [7:2] of offset D8h. This bit remains at '0' until EEPROM cycle is finished, after which the bit is then set to '1'. Data for reads is available at register ECh. 1: Generate a write cycle to the EEPROM at the VPD address specified in bits [7:2] of offset D8h. This bit remains at '1' until EEPROM cycle is finished, after which it is then cleared to '0'. Reset to 0.
			Reset to 0

6.3.92 VPD DATA REGISTER - OFFSET DCh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:0	VPD Data	RW	VPD Data (EEPROM data [address + 0x40])
			The least significant byte of this register corresponds to the byte of VPD at the address specified by the VPD address register. The data read form or written to this register uses the normal PCI byte transfer capabilities. Reset to 0



6.3.93 RESERVED REGISTERS – OFFSET E0h – ECh

6.3.94 MESSAGE SIGNALED INTERRUPTS ID REGISTER - F0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
7:0	Capability ID for MSI	RO	Reset to 05h
	Registers		

6.3.95 NEXT CAPABILITIES POINTER REGISTER - F0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:8	Next Pointer	RO	Next pointer (00h indicates the end of capabilities)
			Reset to 00h

6.3.96 MESSAGE CONTROL REGISTER - OFFSET F0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
16	MSI Enable	RW	0: Disable MSI and default to INTx for interrupt
			1: Enable MSI for interrupt service and ignore INTx interrupt pins
19:17	Multiple Message Capable	RO	000: 1 message requested
			001: 2 messages requested
			010: 4 messages requested
			011: 8 messages requested
			100: 16 messages requested
			101: 32 messages requested
			110: reserved
			111: reserved
			Reset to 000
22:20	Multiple Message Enable	RW	000: 1 message requested
			001: 2 messages requested
			010: 4 messages requested
			011: 8 messages requested
			100: 16 messages requested
			101: 32 messages requested
			110: reserved
			111: reserved
			Reset to 000
23	64-bit Address Capable	RW	Reset to 1
31:24	Reserved	RO	Reset to 00h

6.3.97 MESSAGE ADDRESS REGISTER - OFFSET F4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
1:0	Reserved	RO	Reset to 00
31:2	System Specified Message	RW	Reset to 0
	Address		

6.3.98 MESSAGE UPPER ADDRESS REGISTER - OFFSET F8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:0	System Specified Message	RW	Reset to 0
	Upper Address		



6.3.99 MESSAGE DATA REGISTER - OFFSET FCh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:0	System Specified Message	RW	Reset to 0
	Data		
31:16	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.100 ADVANCE ERROR REPORTING CAPABILITY ID REGISTER - OFFSET 100h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:0	Advance Error Reporting	RO	Reset to 0001h
	Capability ID		

6.3.101 ADVANCE ERROR REPORTING CAPABILITY VERSION REGISTER - OFFSET 100h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
19:16	Advance Error Reporting	RO	Reset to 1h
	Capability Version		

6.3.102 NEXT CAPABILITY OFFSET REGISTER - OFFSET 100h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:20	Next Capability Offset	RO	Next capability offset (150h points to VC capability)
			Reset to 150h

6.3.103 UNCORRECTABLE ERROR STATUS REGISTER - OFFSET 104h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	Training Error Status	RWCS	Reset to 0
3:1	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
4	Data Link Protocol Error	RWCS	Reset to 0
	Status		
11:5	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
12	Poisoned TLP Status	RWCS	Reset to 0
13	Flow Control Protocol Error	RWCS	Reset to 0
	Status		
14	Completion Timeout Status	RWCS	Reset to 0
15	Completer Abort Status	RWCS	Reset to 0
16	Unexpected Completion	RWCS	Reset to 0
	Status		
17	Receiver Overflow Status	RWCS	Reset to 0
18	Malformed TLP Status	RWCS	Reset to 0
19	ECRC Error Status	RWCS	Reset to 0
20	Unsupported Request Error	RWCS	Reset to 0
	Status		
31:21	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.104 UNCORRECTABLE ERROR MASK REGISTER - OFFSET 108h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	Training Error Mast	RWS	Reset to 0
3:1	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
4	Data Link Protocol Error	RWS	Reset to 0
	Mask		
11:5	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
12	Poisoned TLP Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
13	Flow Control Protocol Error	RWS	Reset to 0
	Mask		



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
14	Completion Timeout Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
15	Completion Abort Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
16	Unexpected Completion Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
17	Receiver Overflow Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
18	Malformed TLP Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
19	ECRC Error Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
20	Unsupported Request Error Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
31:21	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.105 UNCORRECTABLE ERROR SEVERITY REGISTER - OFFSET 10Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	Training Error Severity	RWS	Reset to 1
3:1	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
4	Data Link Protocol Error Severity	RWS	Reset to 1
11:5	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
12	Poisoned TLP Severity	RWS	Reset to 0
13	Flow Control Protocol Error Severity	RWS	Reset to 1
14	Completion Timeout Severity	RWS	Reset to 0
15	Completer Abort Severity	RWS	Reset to 0
16	Unexpected Completion Severity	RWS	Reset to 0
17	Receiver Overflow Severity	RWS	Reset to 1
18	Malformed TLP Severity	RWS	Reset to 1
19	ECRC Error Severity	RWS	Reset to 0
20	Unsupported Request Error Severity	RWS	Reset to 0
31:21	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.106 CORRECTABLE ERROR STATUS REGISTER - OFFSET 110h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	Receiver Error Status	RWCS	Reset to 0
5:1	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
6	Bad TLP Status	RWCS	Reset to 0
7	Bad DLLP Status	RWCS	Reset to 0
8	REPLAY_NUM Rollover	RWCS	Reset to 0
	Status		
11:9	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
12	Replay Timer Timeout	RWCS	Reset to 0
	Status		
31:13	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.107 CORRECTABLE ERROR MASK REGISTER - OFFSET 114h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	Receiver Error Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
5:1	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
6	Bad TLP Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
7	Bad DLLP Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
8	REPLAY_NUM Rollover Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
11:9	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
12	Replay Timer Timeout Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
31:13	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0



6.3.108 ADVANCED ERROR CAPABILITIES AND CONTROL REGISTER - OFFSET 118h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
4:0	First Error Pointer	ROS	Reset to 0h
5	ECRC Generation Capable	RO	Reset to 1
6	ECRC Generation Enable	RWS	Reset to 0
7	ECRC Check Capable	RO	Reset to 1
8	ECRC Check Enable	RWS	Reset to 0
31:9	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.109 HEADER LOG REGISTER 1 – OFFSET 11Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
7:0	Header Byte 3	ROS	Reset to 0
15:8	Header Byte 2	ROS	Reset to 0
23:16	Header Byte 1	ROS	Reset to 0
31:24	Header Byte 0	ROS	Reset to 0

6.3.110 HEADER LOG REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 120h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
7:0	Header Byte 7	ROS	Reset to 0
15:8	Header Byte 6	ROS	Reset to 0
23:16	Header Byte 5	ROS	Reset to 0
31:24	Header Byte 4	ROS	Reset to 0

6.3.111 HEADER LOG REGISTER 3 – OFFSET 124h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
7:0	Header Byte 11	ROS	Reset to 0
15:8	Header Byte 10	ROS	Reset to 0
23:16	Header Byte 9	ROS	Reset to 0
31:24	Header Byte 8	ROS	Reset to 0

6.3.112 HEADER LOG REGISTER 4 – OFFSET 128h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
7:0	Header Byte 15	ROS	Reset to 0
15:8	Header Byte 14	ROS	Reset to 0
23:16	Header Byte 13	ROS	Reset to 0
31:24	Header Byte 12	ROS	Reset to 0

6.3.113 SECONDARY UNCORRECTABLE ERROR STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 12Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	Target Abort on Split	RWCS	Reset to 0
	Completion Status		
1	Master Abort on Split	RWCS	Reset to 0
	Completion Status		
2	Received Target Abort	RWCS	Reset to 0
	Status		
3	Received Master Abort	RWCS	Reset to 0
	Status		
4	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
5	Unexpected Split	RWCS	Reset to 0
	Completion Error Status		



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
6	Uncorrectable Split	RWCS	Reset to 0
	Completion Message Data		
	Error Status		
7	Uncorrectable Data Error	RWCS	Reset to 0
	Status		
8	Uncorrectable Attribute	RWCS	Reset to 0
	Error Status		
9	Uncorrectable Address Error	RWCS	Reset to 0
	Status		
10	Delayed Transaction Discard	RWCS	Reset to 0
	Timer Expired Status		
11	PERR_L Assertion Detected	RWCS	Reset to 0
	Status		
12	SERR_L Assertion Detected	RWCS	Reset to 0
	Status		
13	Internal Bridge Error Status	RWCS	Reset to 0
31:14	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.114 SECONDARY UNCORRECTABLE ERROR MASK REGISTER - OFFSET 130h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	Target Abort on Split Completion Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
1	Master Abort on Split Completion Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
2	Received Target Abort Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
3	Received Master Abort Mask	RWS	Reset to 1
4	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
5	Unexpected Split Completion Error Mask	RWS	Reset to 1
6	Uncorrectable Split Completion Message Data Error Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
7	Uncorrectable Data Error Mask	RWS	Reset to 1
8	Uncorrectable Attribute Error Mask	RWS	Reset to 1
9	Uncorrectable Address Error Mask	RWS	Reset to 1
10	Delayed Transaction Discard Timer Expired Mask	RWS	Reset to 1
11	PERR_L Assertion Detected Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
12	SERR_L Assertion Detected Mask	RWS	Reset to 1
13	Internal Bridge Error Mask	RWS	Reset to 0
31:14	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.115 SECONDARY UNCORRECTABLE ERROR SEVERITY REGISTER - OFFSET 134h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	Target Abort on Split	RWS	Reset to 0
	Completion Severity		
1	Master Abort on Split	RWS	Reset to 0
	Completion Severity		
2	Received Target Abort	RWS	Reset to 0
	Severity		
3	Received Master Abort	RWS	Reset to 0
	Severity		
4	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
5	Unexpected Split Completion Error Severity	RWS	Reset to 0
6	Uncorrectable Split Completion Message Data Error Severity	RWS	Reset to 1
7	Uncorrectable Data Error Severity	RWS	Reset to 0
8	Uncorrectable Attribute Error Severity	RWS	Reset to 1
9	Uncorrectable Address Error Severity	RWS	Reset to 1
10	Delayed Transaction Discard Timer Expired Severity	RWS	Reset to 0
11	PERR_L Assertion Detected Severity	RWS	Reset to 0
12	SERR_L Assertion Detected Severity	RWS	Reset to 1
13	Internal Bridge Error Severity	RWS	Reset to 0
31:14	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.116 SECONDARY ERROR CAPABILITY AND CONTROL REGISTER - OFFSET 138h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
4:0	Secondary First Error	ROW	Reset to 0
	Pointer		
31:5	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.117 SECONDARY HEADER LOG REGISTER - OFFSET 13Ch - 148h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
35:0	Transaction Attribute	ROS	Transaction attribute, CBE [3:0] and AD [31:0] during attribute phase
			Reset to 0
39:36	Transaction Command Lower	ROS	Transaction command lower, CBE [3:0] during first address phase
			Reset to 0
43:40	Transaction Command	ROS	Transaction command upper, CBE [3:0] during second address phase of
	Upper		DAC transaction
			Reset to 0
63:44	Reserved	ROS	Reset to 0
95:64	Transaction Address	ROS	Transaction address, AD [31:0] during first address phase
			Reset to 0
127:96	Transaction Address	ROS	Transaction address, AD [31:0] during second address phase of DAC transaction
			Reset to 0

6.3.118 RESERVED REGISTER - OFFSET 14Ch

6.3.119 VC CAPABILITY ID REGISTER - OFFSET 150h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
15:0	VC Capability ID	RO	Reset to 0002h

6.3.120 VC CAPABILITY VERSION REGISTER - OFFSET 150h



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
19:16	VC Capability Version	RO	Reset to 1h

6.3.121 NEXT CAPABILITY OFFSET REGISTER - OFFSET 150h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
31:20	Next Capability Offset	RO	Next capability offset – the end of capabilities
			Reset to 0

6.3.122 PORT VC CAPABILITY REGISTER 1 – OFFSET 154h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
2:0	Extended VC Count	RO	Reset to 0
3	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
6:4	Low Priority Extended VC Count	RO	Reset to 0
7	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
9:8	Reference Clock	RO	Reset to 0
11:10	Port Arbitration Table Entry Size	RO	Reset to 0
31:12	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.123 PORT VC CAPABILITY REGISTER 2 - OFFSET 158h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
7:0	VC Arbitration Capability	RO	Reset to 0
23:8	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
31:24	VC Arbitration Table Offset	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.124 PORT VC CONTROL REGISTER - OFFSET 15Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	Load VC Arbitration Table	RO	Reset to 0
3:1	VC Arbitration Select	RO	Reset to 0
15:4	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.125 PORT VC STATUS REGISTER - OFFSET 15Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
16	VC Arbitration Table Status	RO	Reset to 0
31:17	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.126 VC0 RESOURCE CAPABILITY REGISTER - OFFSET 160h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
7:0	Port Arbitration Capability	RO	Reset to 0
13:8	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
14	Advanced Packet Switching	RO	Reset to 0
15	Reject Snoop Transactions	RO	Reset to0
22:16	Maximum Time Slots	RO	Reset to 0
23	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
31:24	Port Arbitration Table Offset	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.127 VC0 RESOURCE CONTROL REGISTER - OFFSET 164h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
-----	----------	------	-------------



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0	TC / VC Map	RO	For TC0
	_		Reset to 1
7:1	TC / VC Map	RW	For TC7 to TC1
			Reset to 7Fh
15:8	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
16	Load Port Arbitration Table	RO	Reset to 0
19:17	Port Arbitration Select	RO	Reset to 0
23:20	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
26:24	VC ID	RO	Reset to 0
30:27	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0
31	VC Enable	RO	Reset to 1

6.3.128 VC0 RESOURCE STATUS REGISTER - OFFSET 168h

BI	T	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
0		Port Arbitration Table 1	RO	Reset to 0
1		VC0 Negotiation Pending	RO	Reset to 0
31	:2	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0

6.3.129 RESERVED REGISTERS - OFFSET 16Ch - 300h

6.3.130 EXTRA GPI/GPO DATA AND CONTROL REGISTER - OFFSET 304h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	
3:0	Extra GPO	RWC	GPO [3:0], write 1 to clear	
			Reset to 0	
7:4	Extra GPO	RWS	GPO [3:0], write 1 to set	
			Reset to 0	
11:8	Extra GPO enable	RWC	GPO [3:0] enable, write 1 to clear	
			Reset to 0	
15:12	Extra GPO enable	RWS	RWS GPO [3:0] enable, write 1 to set	
			Reset to 0	
19:16	Extra GPI	RO	Extra GPI [3:0] Data Register	
			Reset to 0	
31:20	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0	

6.3.131 RESERVED REGISTERS - OFFSET 308h - 30Ch

6.3.132 REPLAY AND ACKNOWLEDGE LATENCY TIMERS - OFFSET 310h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	
11:0	Replay Timer	RW	Replay Timer	
			Reset to 0	
12	Replay Timer Enable	RW	Replay Timer Enable	
			Reset to 0	
15:13	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0	
29:16	Acknowledge Latency Timer	RW	Acknowledge Latency Timer	
			Reset to 0	
30	Acknowledge Latency Timer	RO	Acknowledge Latency Timer Enable	
	Enable		Reset to 0	
31	Reserved	RO	Reset to 0	

6.3.133 RESERVED REGISTERS - OFFSET 314h - FFCh



7 GPIO PINS AND SM BUS ADDRESS

GPIO[3:0] have been defined for hot-plug usage if MSK_IN=1.

For forward bridge:

GPIO[0]: PCI slot Card Presence Detection Input

GPIO[1]: Attention Button Pressed Input GPIO[2]: Power Indication Output GPIO[3]: Attention Indication Output

For reverse bridge:

GPIO[0]: PCIe slot Card Presence Detection Input

GPIO[1]: MRL Sensor Input

GPIO[3:0] are defined for SMBUS device ID if TM0=1.

GPIO[3:0] can be further defined to serve other functions in the further generations.

With 128QFP package, additional three GPI and three GPO pins can be used when external arbiter is selected, and REQ L[3:1] and GNT L[3:1] will be mapped to GPI[2:0] and GPO[2:0] respectively.

The address-strapping table of SMBUS with GPIO [3:0] pins is defined in the following table:

Table 7-1 SM Bus Device ID Strapping

SM Bus Address Bit	SM Bus device ID
Address bit [7]	= 1
Address bit [6]	= 1
Address bit [5]	= 0
Address bit [4]	= GPIO [3]
Address bit [3]	= GPIO [2]
Address bit [2]	= GPIO [1]
Address bit [1]	= GPIO [0]

The SMBus Commands of PI7C9X111SL are provided below:

Write Word protocol (PEC Disabled):

```
S + Slave Address[7:1] + 0(Wr) + A + 0000_1000 + A + Bus Number[7:0] + A + Device/Function + A + P
```

$$S + Slave \ Address[7:1] + O(Wr) + A + 0000_1000 + A + Reg \ Number[7:0] + A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P$$

 $S + Slave \ Address[7:1] + 0(Wr) + A + 0000_1000 + A + Data[7:0] + A + Data[15:8] + A + P$

Read Word protocol (PEC Disabled):

```
S + Slave Address[7:1] + 0(Wr) + A + 0000_1000 + A + Bus Number[7:0] + A + Device/Function + A + P
```

$$S + Slave \ Address[7:1] + 0(Wr) + A + 0000_1000 + A + Sr + Slave \ Address[7:1] + 1(Rd) + A + Data[7:0] + A + Color + Color$$

Data[15:8] + N + P

Where Bus number and device/Function filed have to be 0x00



8 CLOCK SCHEME

PCI Express interface:

PI7C9X111SL requires 100MHz differential clock inputs through the pins of REFCLKP and REFCLKN. When the clock applied to PI7C9X111SLB and other end of the PCIe link are from the same clock source, The MSK_IN input should be kept unchanged before and after reset (PERST_L for forward bridge or RESET_L For reverse bridge). Otherwise, the MSK_IN input should be different before and after the reset.

PCI interface:

PI7C9X111SL generates four clock outputs, from either external clock input (1MHz to 66MHz) at CLKIN or internal clock generator:

PI7C9X111SL can use configuration control to enable or disable the secondary clock output: CLKOUT[3:0].

PI7C9X111SL used either internally feedbacked clock from CLKOUT[0] or external clock input applied at CLKOUT[0], for internal secondary interface logic.

For using internal clock source, the internal clock generator needs to be enabled with CLKIN driven high or low. CLKIN and M66EN signals become the selection for PCI Frequency at 50MHz/25MHz or 66MHz/33MHz.

Frequency of PCI CLKOUT with internal clock source:

CLKIN	M66EN	PCI Clock
0	0	33MHz
0	1	66MHz
1	0	25MHz
1	1	50MHz

The PI7C9X111SL PCI Clock Outputs, CLKOUT [3:0], can be enabled or disabled through the configuration register.

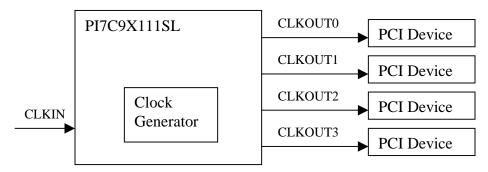
PI7C9X111SL supports three different implementation of PCI clock.

- Internal clock generator, and internal clock buffering.
 - Internal feedback
 - External feedback
- External clock source, and internal clock buffering.
 - Internal feedback
 - External feedback
- External clock source, and external clock buffering.

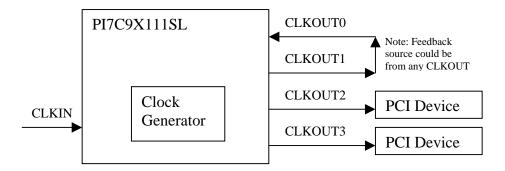


Topology of internal clock generator and internal clock buffering:

1. Internal Feedback:

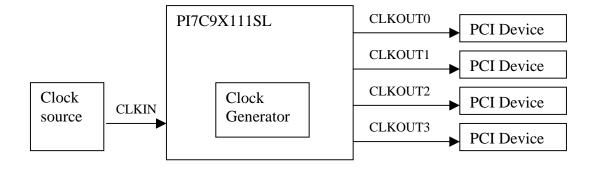


2. External Feedback:



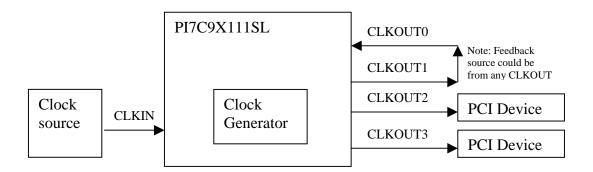
Topology of external clock source and internal clock buffering:

1. Internal Feedback:



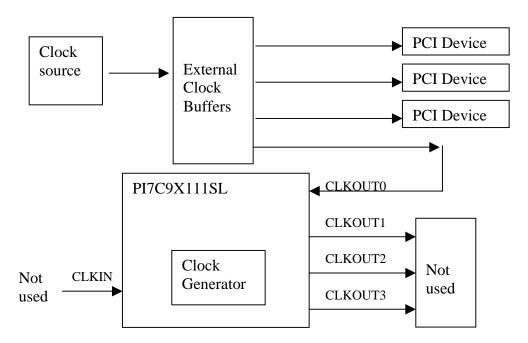
2. External Feedback:





In this configuration, user simply connects the external clock source to CLKIN pin. And user needs to make sure the clock is preset (toggling) before the fundamental reset de-asserted (e.g. PERST_L when forward mode, and RESET_L when reverse mode). In this mode, the frequency is the same as the input clock source.

Topology of external clock source and external clock buffering:



In this configuration, user simply connects the external clock from the clock buffers to CLKOUTO. And user needs to make sure the clock is preset (toggling) before the fundamental reset de-asserted (e.g. PERST_L when forward mode, and RESET_L when reverse mode).

9 INTERRUPTS



PI7C9X111SL supports interrupt message packets on PCIe side. PI7C9X111SL supports PCI interrupt (INTA, B, C, D) pins or MSI (Message Signaled Interrupts) on PCI side. PCI interrupts and MSI are mutually exclusive. In order words, if MSI is enabled, PCI interrupts will be disabled. PI7C9X111SL support 64-bit addressing MSI.

In reverse bridge mode, PI7C9X111SL maps the interrupt message packets to PCI interrupt pins or MSI if MSI is enable (see configuration register bit [16] of Offset F0h).

In forward bridge mode, PI7C9X111SL maps the PCI interrupts pins or MSI if enable on PCI side to interrupt message packets on PCIe side.

There are eight interrupt message packets. They are Assert_INTA, Assert_INTB, Assert_INTC, Assert_INTD, Deassert_INTA, Deassert_INTB, Deassert_INTC, and Deassert_INTD. These eight interrupt messages are mapped to the four PCI interrupts (INTA, INTB, INTC, and INTD). See Table 9-1 for interrupt mapping information in reverse bridge mode. PI7C9X111SL tracks the PCI interrupt (INTA, INTB, INTC, and INTD) pins and maps them to the eight interrupt messages. See Table 9-2 for interrupt mapping information in forward bridge mode.

Table 9-1 PCIe interrupt message to PCI interrupt mapping in reverse bridge mode

PCIe Interrupt messages (from sources of interrupt)	PCI Interrupts (to host controller)
INTA message	INTA
INTB message	INTB
INTC message	INTC
INTD message	INTD

Table 9-2 PCI interrupt to PCIe interrupt message mapping in forward bridge mode

PCI Interrupts (from sources of interrupts)	PCIe Interrupt message packets (to host controller)		
INTA	INTA message		
INTB	INTB message		
INTC	INTC message		
INTD	INTD message		

10 EEPROM (I2C) INTERFACE AND SYSTEM MANAGEMENT BUS

10.1 EEPROM (I2C) INTERFACE

PI7C9X111SL supports EEPROM interface through I2C bus. In EEPROM interface, pin 3 is the EEPROM clock (SCL) and pin 4 is the EEPROM data (SDL). TM1 and TM0 are strapped accordingly to select EEPROM interface or System Management Bus. EEPROM (I2C) interface is enabled with TM1=0 and TM0=0. When EEPROM interface is selected, SCL is an output. SCL is the I2C bus clock to the I2C device. In addition, SDL is a bidirectional signal for sending and receiving data.

10.2 SYSTEM MANAGEMENT BUS

PI7C9X111SL supports SM bus protocol if TM1=0 and TM0=1. In addition, SMBCLK (pin 3) and SMBDAT (pin 4) are utilized as the clock and data pins respectively for the SM bus.



When SM bus interface is selected, SMBCLK pin is an input for the clock of SMbus and SMBDAT pin is an open drain buffer that requires external pull-up resistor for proper operation.

The SM Bus Commands of PI7C9X111SL are provided below:

Write Word protocol (PEC Disabled):

```
S + Slave \ Address[7:1] + 0(Wr) + A + 0000\_1000 + A + Bus \ Number[7:0] + A + Device/Function + A + P \\ S + Slave \ Address[7:1] + 0(Wr) + A + 0000\_1000 + A + Reg \ Number[7:0] + A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + Reg \ Number[1
```

 $S + Slave \ Address[7:1] + 0(Wr) + A + 0000_1000 + A + Data[7:0] + A + Data[15:8] + A + P$

Read Word protocol (PEC Disabled):

```
S + Slave \ Address[7:1] + 0(Wr) + A + 0000\_1000 + A + Bus \ Number[7:0] + A + Device/Function + A + P \\ S + Slave \ Address[7:1] + 0(Wr) + A + 0000\_1000 + A + Reg \ Number[7:0] + A + Reg \ Number[15:8] + A + P \\ S + Slave \ Address[7:1] + 0(Wr) + A + 0000\_1000 + A + Sr + Slave \ Address[7:1] + 1(Rd) + A + Data[7:0] + A + Data[15:8] + N + P
```

Where Bus number and device/Function filed have to be 0x00. For additional info on SMBus programming, please refer to section 7 of datasheets.

10.3 EEPROM AUTOLOAD CONFIGURATION

EEPROM Byte	Cfg Offset	Description		
Addresses				
00-01h		EEPROM signature: Autoload will only proceed if it reads a value		
		of 1516h on the first word loaded.		
02h		Region Enable: Enables or disables certain regions of PCI		
		configuration space from being loaded from the EEPROM.		
		bit 0: reserved		
		bit 4-1: 0000=stop autoload at offset 0Bh: Group 1		
		0001=stop autoload at offset 67h: Group 2		
		0011=stop autoload at offset AFh: Group 3		
		0111=stop autoload at offset D7h: Group 4		
		other combinations are undefined		
0.01		bit 7-5: reserved		
03h		Enable Miscellaneous functions: (for transparent mode only)		
		bit 0: ISA Enable control bit write protect: when this		
		bit is set, 9x111 will change the bit 2 of 3Eh into RO, and ISA		
04.051	00.011	enable feature will not be available.		
04-05h	00-01h	Vendor ID		
06-07h	02-03h	Device ID		
08h	08h	Revision ID		
09h	09h	Class Code: low bytes of Class Code register		
0A-0Bh	0A-0Bh	Class Code higher bytes: upper bytes of Class Code register		
0Ch	34h	Capability Pointer		
0D-0Eh	40-41h	PCI data prefetching control		
0F-10h	42-43h	Chip control 0		
11-14h	48-4Bh	Arbiter Mode/Enable/Priority		
15-18h	68-6Bh	PCIE Transmitter/Receiver control		
19-1Ah	81-82h	PCIX Capability		
1Bh	108h	Uncorrectable Error Mask register		
1C-1Eh	91-93h	Power Management Capability		
1F-21h	A1-A3h	SI Capability		
22-25h	A4-A7h	Secondary Clock and Clkrun Control		
26-29h	A8-ABh	SSID/SSVID Capability		
2A-2Dh	AC-AFh	SSID/SSVID		



EEPROM Byte	Cfg Offset	Description		
Addresses				
2E-30h	B1-B3h	PCI Express Capabilities		
31-34h	B4-B7h	Device Capabilities		
35-38h	BC-BFh	Link Capabilities		
39-3Ch	C4-C7h	Slot Capabilities		
3D-40h	CC-CFh	XPIP Configuration Register 0		
41-44h	D0-D3h	XPIP Configuration Register 1		
45-48h	D4-D7h	XPIP Configuration Register 2		
49-4Ah	D9-DAh	VPD Capability		
4B-4Ch	F1-F2h	MSI Capability		
4Dh	100h	Advance Error Reporting Capability		
4E-4Fh	109-10Ah	Uncorrectable Error Mask register		
50-51h	E0-E1h	Extended Cfg Access Address		
52-55h	E4-E7h	Extended Cfg Access Data		
56-57h	E0-E1h	Extended Cfg Access Address		
58-5Bh	E4-E7h	Extended Cfg Access Data		
5C-5Dh	E0_E1h	Extended Cfg Access Address		
5E-61h	E4-E7h	Extended Cfg Access Data		
62-63h	E0 E1h	Extended Cfg Access Address		
64-67h	E4-E7h	Extended Cfg Access Data		
68-77h	E4-E/II	Reserved		
79-7Bh	79-7Bh	GPIO Data and Control		
7C-7Dh	/9-/DII	Reserved		
	0.01-	PCIX Bridge status		
7Eh	86h	- U		
7F-82h	88-8Bh	Upstream Split Transaction		
83-86h	8C-8Fh	Downstream Split Transaction		
87-8Ah	94-97h	PM Control and Status		
8B-8Eh	B4-B7h	Device Capabilities		
8F-91h	B8-BAh	Device Control/Status		
92h		Reserved		
93h	C0h	Link Control/Status		
94h		Reserved		
95-96h	C2-C3h	Link Control/Status		
97-98h	C8-C9h	Slot Control/Status		
99-9Ah	3C-3Dh	Interrupt Control		
9B-9Eh	DC-DFh	VPD data		
9F-A2h	F4-F7h	Message Address		
A3-A6h	F8-FBh	Message Upper Address		
A7-A8h	FC-FDh	Message Data		
A9h		Reserved		
AA-ABh	7C-7Dh	Sec Interrupt Control		
AC-ADh	310-311h	Replay Timer		
AE-AFh	312-313h	Ack Latency Timer		
B0-B3h	04-07h	Command/Status		
B4-B6h	OC-0Eh	Cacheline/Primary Latency Timer/Header Type		
B7h	OC OLII	Reserved		
B8-BBh	18-1Bh	Bus Number/Secondary Latency Timer		
BC-BFh	1C-1Fh	I/O Base/Limit / Secondary Status		
C0-C3h	20-23h	Memory Base/Limit Memory Base/Limit		
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
C4-C7h	24-27h	Prefetch Memory Base/Limit		
C8-CBh	28-2Bh	Prefetch Upper 32 Base		
CC-CFh	2C-2Fh	Prefetch Upper 32 Limit		
D0-D3h	30-33h	I/O Upper 16 Base/Limit		
D4-D5h	1	Reserved		
D6-D7h	3E-3Fh	Bridge Control		
D8-FFh		Reserved		

11 HOT PLUG OPERATION



PI7C9X111SL is not equipped with standard hot-plug controller (SHPC) integrated. However, PI7C9X111SL supports hot-plug signaling messages and registers to simplify the implementation of hot-plug system.

Using PI7C9X111SL on motherboard:

- PI7C9X111SL supports hot-plug on PCI bus if forward bridging is selected (REVRSB=0).
- PI7C9X111SL supports hot-plug function on PCI Express bus when reverse bridge mode is selected (REVRSB=1).

Using PI7C9X111SL on add-in card:

- PI7C9X111SL supports hot-plug on PCI Express bus in forward bridge mode. Hot-plug messages will be generated by PI7C9X111SL based on the add-in card conditions.
- PI7C9X111SL supports hot-plug function on PCI bus when reverse bridge mode is selected.
 PI7C9X111SL will tri-state the PCI bus when RESET is asserted. Also, PI7C9X111SL will de-assert INTA_L if RESET is asserted. The state machine of PI7C9X111SL PCI bus interface will remain idle if the RESET is asserted. After RESET is de-asserted, PI7C9X111SL will remain in idle state until an address phase containing a valid address for PI7C9X111SL or its downstream devices.
- PI7C9X111SL expects the REFCLK signal will be provided to its upstream PCI Express Port prior to the de-assertion of RESET. The Downstream PCI Port of PI7C9X111SL supports a range of frequency up to 66MHz.
- PI7C9X111SL also supports subsystem vendor and subsystem ID. PI7C9X111SL will ignore target response while the bus is idle.

PRSNT1# and PRSNT2# are not implemented on both PI7C9X111SL. The use of these two signals is mandatory on an add-in card in order to support hot-plug.

12 RESET SCHEME

PI7C9X111SL requires the fundamental reset (PERST_L) input for internal logic when it is set as forward bridge mode. PI7C9X111SL requires the PCI reset (RESET_L) input when it is set as reverse bridge mode. Also, PI7C9X111SL has a power-on-reset (POR) circuit to detect VDDCAUX power supply for auxiliary logic control.

Cold Reset:

A cold reset is a fundamental or power-on reset that occurs right after the power is applied to PI7C9X111SL (during initial power up). See section 7.1.1 of PCI Express to PCI Bridge Specification, Revision 1.0 for details.

• Warm Reset:

A warm reset is a reset that triggered by the hardware without removing and re-applying the power sources to PI7C9X111SL.

• Hot Reset:

A hot reset is a reset that used an in-band mechanism for propagating reset across a PCIe link to PI7C9X111SL. PI7C9X111SL will enter to training control reset when it receives two consecutive TS1 or TS2 order-sets with reset bit set.

• DL_DOWN Reset:

If the PCIe link goes down, the Transaction and Data Link Layer will enter DL_DOWN status. PI7C9X111SL discards all transactions and returns all logic and registers to initial state except the sticky registers.



Upon receiving reset (cold, warm, hot, or DL_DOWN) on PCIe interface, PI7C9X111SL will generate PCI reset (RESET_L) to the downstream devices on the PCI bus in forward bridge mode. The PCI reset de-assertion follows the de-assertion of the reset received from PCIe interface. The reset bit of Bridge Control Register may be set depending on the application. PI7C9X111SL will tolerant to receive and process SKIP order-sets at an average interval between 1180 to 1538 Symbol Times. PI7C9X111SL does not keep PCI reset active when VD33 power is off even though VAUX (3.3v) is supported. It is recommended to add a weak pull-down resistor on its application board to ensure PCI reset is low when VD33 power is off (see section 7.3.2 of PCI Bus Power management Specification Revision 1.1).

In reverse bridge mode, PI7C9X111SL generates fundamental reset (PERST_L) and then 1024 TS1 order-sets with reset bit set when PCI reset (RESET_L) is asserted to PI7C9X111SL. PI7C9X111SL has scheduling skip order-set for insertion at an interval between 1180 and 1538 Symbol Times.

PI7C9X111SL transmits one Electrical Idle order-set and enters to Electrical Idle.

13 IEEE 1149.1 COMPATIBLE JTAG CONTROLLER

An IEEE 1149.1 compatible Test Access Port (TAP) controller and associated TAP pins are provided to support boundary scan in PI7C9X111SL for board-level continuity test and diagnostics. The TAP pins assigned are TCK, TDI, TDO, TMS and TRST_L. All digital input, output, input/output pins are tested except TAP pins.

The IEEE 1149.1 Test Logic consists of a TAP controller, an instruction register, and a group of test data registers including Bypass and Boundary Scan registers. The TAP controller is a synchronous 16-state machine driven by the Test Clock (TCK) and the Test Mode Select (TMS) pins. An independent power on reset circuit is provided to ensure the machine is in TEST_LOGIC_RESET state at power-up. The JTAG signal lines are not active when the PCI resource is operating PCI bus cycles.

13.1 INSTRUCTION REGISTER

PI7C9X111SL implements a 5-bit Instruction register to control the operation of the JTAG logic. The defined instruction codes are shown in Table 14-1. Those bit combinations that are not listed are equivalent to the BYPASS (11111) instruction:

Table 13-1 Instruction register codes

Instruction	Operation Code (binary)	Register Selected	Operation		
EXTEST	00000	Boundary Scan	Drives / receives off-chip test data		
SAMPLE	00001	Boundary Scan	Samples inputs / pre-loads outputs		
HIGHZ	00101	Bypass	Tri-states output and I/O pins except TDO pin		
CLAMP	00100	Bypass	Drives pins from boundary-scan register and selects Bypass register for shifts		
IDCODE	01100	Device ID	Accesses the Device ID register, to read manufacturer ID, part number, and version number		
BYPASS	11111	Bypass	Selected Bypass Register		
INT_SCAN	00010	Internal Scan	Scan test		
MEM_BIST	01010	Memory BIST	Memory BIST test		

13.2 BYPASS REGISTER



The required bypass register (one-bit shift register) provides the shortest path between TDI and TDO when a bypass instruction is in effect. This allows rapid movement of test data to and from other components on the board. This path can be selected when no test operation is being performed on the PI7C9X111SL.

13.3 DEVICE ID REGISTER

This register identifies Pericom as the manufacturer of the device and details the part number and revision number for the device.

Table 13-2 JTAG device ID register

Bit	Туре	Value	Description		
31:28	RO	01h	Version number		
27:12	RO	E110h	Last 4 digits (hex) of the die part number		
11:1	RO	23Fh	Pericom identifier assigned by JEDEC		
0	RO	1b	Fixed bit equal to 1'b1		

13.4 BOUNDARY SCAN REGISTER

The boundary scan register has a set of serial shift-register cells. A chain of boundary scan cells is formed by connected the internal signal of the PI7C9X111SL package pins. The VDD, VSS, and JTAG pins are not in the boundary scan chain. The input to the shift register is TDI and the output from the shift register is TDO. There are 4 different types of boundary scan cells, based on the function of each signal pin.

The boundary scan register cells are dedicated logic and do not have any system function. Data may be loaded into the boundary scan register master cells from the device input pins and output pin-drivers in parallel by the mandatory SAMPLE and EXTEST instructions. Parallel loading takes place on the rising edge of TCK.

13.5 JTAG BOUNDARY SCAN REGISTER ORDER

14 POWER MANAGEMENT

PI7C9X111SL supports D0, D3-hot, D3-cold Power States. D1 and D2 states are not supported. The PCI Express Physical Link Layer of the PI7C9X111SL device supports the PCI Express Link Power Management with L0, L0s, L1, L2/L3 ready and L3 Power States. For the PCI Port of PI7C9X111SL, it supports the standard PCI Power Management States with B0, B1, B2 and B3.

During D3-hot state, the main power supplies of VDDP, VDDC, and VD33 can be turned off to save power while keeping the VDDAUX, VDDCAUX, and VAUX with the auxiliary power supplies to maintain all necessary information to be restored to the full power D0 state. PI7C9X111SL has been designed to have sticky registers that are powered by auxiliary power supplies. PME_L pin allows PCI devices to request power management state changes. Along with the operating system and application software, PCI devices can achieve optimum power saving by using PME_L in forward bridge mode. PI7C9X111SL converts PME_L signal information to power management messages to the upstream switches or root complex. In reverse bridge mode, PI7C9X111SL converts the power management event messages from PCIe devices to the PME_L signal and continues to request power management state change to the host bridge.



PI7C9X111SL also supports ASPM (Active State Power Management) to facilitate the link power saving.

PI7C9X111SL supports beacon generation but does not support WAKE# signal during power management.



15 ELECTRICAL AND TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

15.1 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 15-1 Absolute maximum ratings

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

Storage Temperature	-65°C to 150°C
Ambient Temperature with power applied	-40°C to 85°C
PCI Express supply voltage to ground potential (VDDA, VDDP, VDDC,	-0.3v to 3.0v
VDDAUX, and VDDCAUX)	
PCI supply voltage to ground potential (VD33 and VAUX)	-0.3v to 3.6v
DC input voltage for PCI Express signals	-0.3v to 3.0v
DC input voltage for PCI signals	-0.5v to 5.75v

Note:

Stresses greater than those listed under MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

15.2 DC SPECIFICATIONS

Table 15-2 DC electrical characteristics

Power Pins	Min.	Тур.	Max.
VDDA	0.9v	1.0v	1.1v
VDDP	09.v	1.0v	1.1v
VDDC	09.v	1.0v	1.1v
VDDAUX	09.v	1.0v	1.1v
VDDCAUX	09.v	1.0v	1.1v
VTT	1.0v	1.5v	1.8v
VD33	3.0v	3.3v	3.6v
VAUX	3.0v	3.3v	3.6v

VDDA: analog power supply for PCI Express Interface VDDP: digital power supply for PCI Express Interface

VDDAUX: digital auxiliary power supply for PCI Express Interface

VTT: termination power supply for PCI Express Interface

VDDC: digital power power supply for the core

VDDCAUX: digital auxiliary power supply for the core

VD33: digital power supply for PCI interface

VAUX: digital auxiliary power supply for PCI interface

In order to support auxiliary power management fully, it is recommended to have VDDP and VDDAUX separated. By the same token, VD33/VDDC and VAUX/VDDCAUX need to be separated for auxiliary power management support. However, if auxiliary power management is not required, VD33 and VDDC can be connected to VAUX and VDDCAUX respectively.

The typical power consumption of PI7C9X111SL is less than 0.45 watt.



PI7C9X111SL is capable of sustaining 2000V human body model for the ESD protection without any damages.

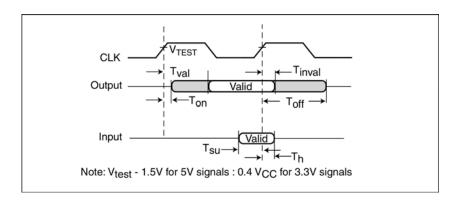
15.3 AC SPECIFICATIONS

Table 15-3 PCI bus timing parameters

Symbol	Parameter	66 MHz		33 MHz		Units
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Tsu	Input setup time to CLK – bused signals ^{1,2,3}	3	-	7	-	
Tsu (ptp)	Input setup time to CLK – point-to-point ^{1,2,3}	5	-	10, 12 ⁴	-	
Th	Input signal hold time from CLK ^{1,2}	0	-	0	-	
Tval	CLK to signal valid delay – bused signals ^{1,2,3}	2	6	2	11	ns
Tval (ptp)	CLK to signal valid delay – point-to-point ^{1,2,3}	2	6	2	12	
Ton	Float to active delay ^{1,2}	2	-	2	-	
Toff	Active to float delay 1,2	-	14	-	28	

- 1. See Figure 16 –1 PCI Signal Timing Measurement Conditions.
- 2. All PCI interface signals are synchronized to CLKOUT0.
- 3. Point-to-point signals are REQ_L [7:0], GNT_L [7:0], LOO, and ENUM_L. Bused signals are AD, CBE, PAR, PERR_L, SERR_L, FRAME_L, IRDY_L, TRDY_L, LOCK_L, STOP_L and IDSEL.
- 4. REQ_L signals have a setup of 10ns and GNT_L signals have a setup of 12ns.

Figure 15-1 PCI signal timing conditions

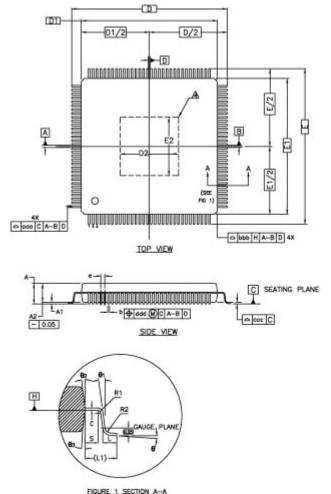




16 PACKAGE INFORMATION

The package of PI7C9X111SL comes in 14mm x 14mm LQFP (128 Pin) package. The pin pitch is 0.4mm. This package also includes an exposed ground on the bottom surface of the package. Pericom highly recommends implementing this exposed ground pad on any customer boards. The following are the package information and mechanical dimension:

Figure 16-1 Package outline drawing



SYMBOL	MILLIMETER			INCH		
STMBUL	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	. MIN. NOM.		MAX.
Α	_	_	1.60	_	_	0.063
A1	0.05	_	0.15	0.002	_	0.006
A2	1.35	1.40	1.45	0.053	0.055	0.057
D	10	6.00 B	SC.	0.	630 BS	SC.
D1	1-	4.00 B	SC.	0.	551 BS	5C.
E	- 19	6.00 B	SC.	0.	630 BS	SC.
E1	1	4.00 B	SC.	0.551 BSC.		
R ₂	0.08	-	0.20	0.003 — 0.		0.008
R1	0.08	-	-	0.003	_	-
θ	0'	3.5	7	0.	3.5'	7
θ:	0,	_	_	0.	-	_
θε	11"	12	13	11"	12"	13"
θз	11"	12	13	11"	12"	13"
С	0.09	-	0.20	0.004	-	0.008
L	0.45	0.60	0.75	0.018	0.024	0.030
Lı	1.00 REF			0.	039 R	EF
S	0.20	-	_	0.008	_	_
b	_	0.16	-	_	0.006	-
e	0	.40 BS	c.	0.016 BSC.		
aaa	0.20				0.008	

bbb

ddd

D2 5.10

E2

0.20

0.08

0.07

5.99 0.20

0.20

0.008

0.003

0.003

- 0.236

CONTROL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

NOTE :

- 1. ALL DIMENSION IN MM
- 2. REFER JEDEC MS-026
- 3. PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH AND METAL BURR
- THE OPTIONAL EXPOSED PAD IS COINCIDENT WITH THE BOTTOM SIDE OF THE PACKAGE AND NOT ALLOWED TO PROTRUDE BEYOND THAT SURFACE.



17 ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	PIN – PACKAGE	PB-FREE & GREEN	TEMPERATURE RANGE
PI7C9X111SLBFDE	128 – LQFP (Exposed ground pad)	YES	-40C TO +85C

NOTES: