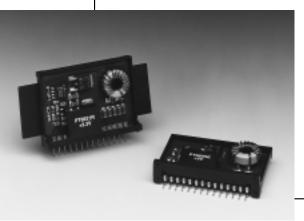
PT6650

Series

**5 AMP 24V INPUT INTEGRATED SWITCHING REGULATOR** 

**Application Notes Mechanical Outline Product Selector Guide** 



- Single Device: 5A Output
- Input Voltage Range: 9V to 28V
- Adjustable Output Voltage
- 80% Efficiency
- Remote Sense Capability

Do Not Connect

STBY\*- Standby

 $V_{in}$  $\overline{V}_{\text{in}}$ 

 $V_{\text{in}}$ 

10

11

12

13

14

**GND** GND GND

GND

 $\overline{V}_{out}$ 

 $\overline{V_{out}}$ 

 $\overline{V_{out}}$ 

V<sub>out</sub> Adjust

Standby Function

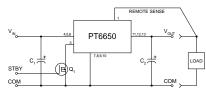
The PT6650 series is a new addition to Power Trends' line of 24V bus **Integrated Switching Regulators** 

(ISRs). Designed for general purpose industrial applications requiring as much as 5A of output current, the PT6650 is packaged in a 14-Pin SIP (Single In-line Package) and is available in a surface-mount configuration.

Only two external capacitors are required for proper operation. Please note that this product does not include short circuit protection.

PT Series Suffix (PT1234X)

### **Standard Application**



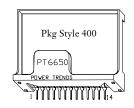
- $C_1$  = Required 100 $\mu$ F electrolytic C<sub>2</sub> = Required 330µF electrolytic
- Q<sub>1</sub>= NFET-or Open Collector Gate

#### **Pin-Out Information Ordering Information** Remote Sense

PT6651□	= +3.3 Volts
PT6652□	= +2.5 Volts
PT6653□	= +5.0 Volts
PT6654□	= +9.0 Volt

 $PT6655 \square = +15.0 \text{ Volts}$  $PT6656\Box = +12.0 \text{ Volts}$ 

#### Heat Spreader Spreader with Side Tabs Configuration Vertical Through-Hole Horizontal Through-Hole D G Horizontal Surface Mount В



Note: Back surface of product is conducting metal

#### **Specifications**

Characteristics			PT6650	PT6650 SERIES		
(T <sub>a</sub> = 25°C unless noted)	Symbols	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Output Current	$I_{o}$	$T_a = 60$ °C, 200 LFM, pkg P $T_a = 25$ °C, natural convection	0.1* 0.1*	=	5.0** 5.0**	A A
Input Voltage Range	$V_{in}$	$0.1 \mathrm{A} \leq \mathrm{I_o} \leq 5.0 \mathrm{A}$ $V_\mathrm{o} \leq +6 \mathrm{V}$ $V_\mathrm{o} > +6 \mathrm{V}$			+28V +28V	V V
Output Voltage Tolerance	$\Delta { m V_o}$	Over $V_{in}$ range $T_a = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+65^{\circ}\text{C}$	Vo-0.1	_	Vo+0.1	V
Output Voltage Adjust Range	$ m V_{oadj}$	Pin 14 to $V_o$ or ground $\begin{array}{c} V_o = +3. \\ V_o = +2. \\ V_o = +5. \\ V_o = +9. \\ V_o = +15 \end{array}$	V 1.8 V 3.0 V 6.0 V 9.0		4.7 4.3 6.5 10.2 13.6 17.0	V
Line Regulation	Reg <sub>line</sub>	$+9V \le V_{in} \le +28V$ , $I_o = 5.0A$	_	±0.5	±1.0	$%V_{o}$
Load Regulation	Reg <sub>load</sub>	$V_{in} = +24V, 0.1 \le I_o \le 5.0A$	_	±0.5	±1.0	$%V_{o}$
V <sub>o</sub> Ripple/Noise	V <sub>n</sub>	$V_{\rm in}$ = +24V, $I_{\rm o}$ = 5.0A $V_{\rm o} \le$ +6V $V_{\rm o} >$ +6V		50 1.0	_	mVpp %Vo
Transient Response with $C_2 = 330 \mu F$	${ m t_{tr} \over V_{os}}$	I <sub>o</sub> step between 2.5A and 5.0A V <sub>o</sub> over/undershoot		100 100	=	μSec mV
Efficiency	η	$V_{\rm in}$ = +24V, $I_{\rm o}$ = 0.5x $I_{\rm o \; max}$ $V_{\rm o}$ = +3 $V_{\rm o}$ = +5 $V_{\rm o}$ = +5	V —	81 76 85	=	% % %
		$V_{in}$ = +24V, $I_{o}$ = $I_{o \; max}$	V —	80 75 84	=	% % %
Switching Frequency	$f_{\mathrm{o}}$	$9V \le V_{in} \le 28V$ Over $I_0$ range	500	550	600	kHz
Recommended Operating Temperature Range	$T_a$	Free Air Convection (40-60 LFM) Over V <sub>in</sub> and I <sub>o</sub> ranges with heat tab	-40	_	+65	°C
Storage Temperature	$T_s$	_	-40		+125	°C
Mechanical Shock	_	Per Mil-STD-883D, Method 2002.3		500	_	G's
Mechanical Vibration	_	Per Mil-STD-883D, Method 2007.2, 20-2000 Hz, soldered in a PC board	_	7.5	_	G's
Weight	_	_	_	14	_	grams

<sup>\*</sup> ISR will operate down to no load with reduced specifications. \*\* See SOA curves.

Note: The PT6650 Series requires a 330µF(output) and 100µF(input) electrolytic capacitors for proper operation in all applications.

SHEETS

# PT6650

# Series

#### CHARACTERISTIC DATA

#### PT6650 Series @Vin=+24V Safe Operating Area Curves @Vin=+24V PT6651P, 3.3V **Efficiency vs Output Current** 100 Ambient Temperature (°C) 70 Recommended Maximum Operating Temperature Airflow Efficiency (%) - PT6652 60 —— Nat con — 60LFM - - PT6653 70 - - - 120LFN 50 - - -200LFM — PT6656 40 20 Output Current (A) Output Current (A) **Ripple vs Output Current** PT6652P, 2.5V 120 100 Ambient Temperature (°C) Recommended Maximum Operating Temperature Airflow Ripple (mVpp) - PT6652 60 - - - PT6653 - - - PT6654 - 60LFM 60 - - PT6655 50 - - 200LFM 20 30 Output Current (A) **Output Current (A)** PT6653P, 5.0V **Power Dissipation vs Output Current** Ambient Temperature (°C) 70 Airflow — PT6652 - PT6653 Pd (Watts) \_\_\_\_ 60LFM — - PT6654 — - PT6655 - - - 120LFM - - - 200LFM 50 \_\_\_\_ PT6656 30 0 Output Current (A) Output Current (A)

#### **More Application Notes**

## Adjusting the Output Voltage of the PT6650 5Amp 24V Bus Converter Series

The output voltage of the Power Trends PT6650 Series ISRs may be adjusted higher or lower than the factory trimmed preset voltage with the addition of a single external resistor. Table 1 accordingly gives the allowable adjustment range for each model in the series as  $V_a$  (min) and  $V_a$  (max).

Adjust Up: An increase in the output voltage is obtained by adding a resistor R2, between pin 14 (Vo adjust) and pins 7-10 (GND).

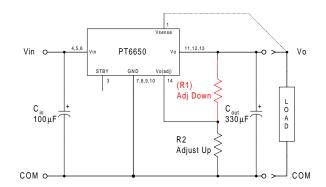
**Adjust Down:** Add a resistor (R1), between pin 14 (V<sub>o</sub> adjust) and pins 11-13 (Vout).

Refer to Figure 1 and Table 2 for both the placement and value of the required resistor, either (R1) or R2 as appropriate.

#### **Notes:**

- 1. Use only a single 1% resistorin either the (R1) or R2 location. Place the resistor as close to the ISR as possible.
- 2. Never connect capacitors from Vo adjust to either GND, Vout, or the Remote Sense pin. Any capacitance added to the  $V_0$  adjust pin will affect the stability of the ISR.
- 3. If the Remote Sense feature is being used, connecting the resistor (R1) between pin 14 (Vo adjust) and pin 1 (Remote Sense) can benefit load regulation.
- 4. The minimum input voltage required by the part is  $V_{out} + 3$ , or 9V, whichever is higher.
- 5. For output voltages above 12.5Vdc, the maximum output current must be limited to 4Adc.

#### Figure 1



The values of (R1) [adjust down], and R2 [adjust up], can also be calculated using the following formulae.

(R1) 
$$= \frac{R_0 (V_0 - 1.25)(V_a - 1.25)}{1.25 (V_0 - V_a)} - R_s \quad k\Omega$$

R2 = 
$$\frac{R_0(V_0 - 1.25)}{V_a - V_0} - R_s$$
  $k\Omega$ 

Where: Vo = Original output voltage

V<sub>a</sub> = Adjusted output voltage

 $R_0$  = The resistance value in Table 1

 $R_s$  = The series resistance from Table 1

Table 1

PTGG50 ADJUSTMENT AND FORMULA PARAMETERS							
Series Pt #	PT6652	PT6651	PT6653	PT6654	PT6656	PT6655	
V <sub>O</sub> (nom)	2.5V	3.3V	5.0V	9.0V	12.0V	15.0V	
V <sub>a</sub> (min)	1.8V	2.2V	3.0V	6.0V	9.0V	10.0V	
V <sub>a</sub> (max)	4.3V	4.7V	6.5V	10.2V	13.6V	17.0V	
R <sub>0</sub> (kΩ)	4.99	4.22	2.49	2.0	2.0	2.0	
R <sub>s</sub> (kΩ)	2.49	4.99	4.99	12.7	12.7	12.7	

Table 2

PT6650 ADJU	JSTMENT RESISTO	DR VALUES					
Series Pt #	PT6652	PT6651	PT6653	Series Pt #	PT6654	PT6656	PT6655
Current	5Adc	5Adc	5Adc	Current	5Adc	5Adc	4Adc
o (nom)	2.5Vdc	3.3Vdc	5.0Vdc	V <sub>o</sub> (nom)	9.0Vdc	12.0Vdc	15.0Vdc
a (req'd)				V <sub>a</sub> (req'd)			
1.8	$(1.4)$ k $\Omega$			6.0	$(6.9)$ k $\Omega$		
1.9	$(2.9)$ k $\Omega$			6.2	$(9.2)$ k $\Omega$		
2.0	$(5.0)$ k $\Omega$			6.4	$(11.9)$ k $\Omega$		
2.1	(8.1)kΩ			6.6	(14.0)kΩ		
2.2	(13.3)kΩ	(1.0)kΩ		6.8	(18.6)kΩ		
2.3	(23.7)kΩ	(2.3)kΩ		7.0	(23.0)kΩ		
2.4	(54.9)kΩ	(3.9)kΩ		7.2	(28.3)kΩ		
2.5		(5.8)kΩ		7.4	(35.0)kΩ		
2.6	59.9kΩ	(8.4)kΩ		7.6	(43.5)kΩ		
2.7	28.7kΩ	(11.7)kΩ		7.8	(55.0)kΩ		
2.8	18.3kΩ	(16.5)kΩ		8.0	(71.0)kΩ		
2.9	13.1kΩ	(23.6)kΩ		8.2	(95.0)kΩ		
3.0	10.0kΩ	(25.6)kΩ	(1.6)kΩ	8.4	(135.0)kΩ		
3.1	7.9kΩ	(59.0)kΩ	(2.3)kΩ	8.6	(215.0)kΩ		
3.2	6.4kΩ	(130.0)kΩ	$(3.1)k\Omega$	8.8	(455.0)kΩ		
3.3	5.3kΩ	(150.0)K22	(3.1)kΩ (4.0)kΩ	9.0	(TJJ.UJK22	(31.7)kΩ	
3.4		81.5kΩ		9.2	64.8kΩ	(36.1)kΩ	
	4.4κΩ 3.8kΩ	81.3kΩ 38.3kΩ	(5.1)kΩ				
3.5			(6.2)kΩ		26.1kΩ	(41.2)kΩ	
3.6	3.2kΩ	23.8kΩ	(7.6)kΩ	9.6	13.1kΩ	(47.1)kΩ	
3.7	2.7kΩ	16.6kΩ	(9.1)kΩ	9.8	6.7kΩ	(54.1)kΩ	(2.5.0)   0
3.8	2.3kΩ	12.3kΩ	(10.9)kΩ		2.8kΩ	(62.6)kΩ	(25.8)kΩ
3.9	2.0kΩ	9.4kΩ	(13.0)kΩ		0.2kΩ	(72.8)kΩ	(28.3)kΩ
4.0	1.7kΩ	7.4kΩ	(15.6)kΩ	10.4		$(85.7)$ k $\Omega$	(31.1)kΩ
4.1	1.4kΩ	5.8kΩ	(18.7)kΩ	10.6		$(102.0)$ k $\Omega$	(34.1)kΩ
4.2	1.2kΩ	4.6kΩ	(22.6)kΩ	10.8		(124.0)kΩ	(37.3)kΩ
4.3	1.0kΩ	3.7kΩ	(27.6)kΩ	11.0		(155.0)kΩ	(40.9)kΩ
4.4		2.9kΩ	(34.2)kΩ	11.2		(201.0)kΩ	(44.9)kΩ
4.5		2.2kΩ	(43.6)kΩ	11.4		$(278.0)$ k $\Omega$	(49.3)kΩ
4.6		1.7kΩ	(57.6)kΩ	11.6		(432.0)kΩ	(54.3)kΩ
4.7		1.2kΩ	(80.9)kΩ	11.8		$(895.0)$ k $\Omega$	$(59.8)$ k $\Omega$
4.8			$(128.0)$ k $\Omega$	12.0			$(66.1)$ k $\Omega$
4.9			$(268.0)$ k $\Omega$	12.2		94.8kΩ	$(73.3)$ k $\Omega$
5.0				12.4		41.1kΩ	(81.6)kΩ
5.1			$88.4 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	12.6		23.1kΩ	$(91.3)$ k $\Omega$
5.2			41.7kΩ	12.8		14.2kΩ	$(103.0)$ k $\Omega$
5.3			26.1kΩ	13.0		8.8kΩ	$(117.0)$ k $\Omega$
5.4			18.4kΩ	13.2		5.2kΩ	(133.0)kΩ
5.5			13.7kΩ	13.4		2.7kΩ	(154.0)kΩ
5.6			10.6kΩ	13.6		$0.7 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	(181.0)kΩ
5.7			8.4kΩ	13.8			(217.0)kΩ
5.8			6.7kΩ	14.0			(268.0)kΩ
5.9			5.4kΩ	14.2			(343.0)kΩ
6.0			4.4kΩ	14.5			(570.0)kΩ
6.1			3.5kΩ	15.0			(5 / 5.0)144
6.2			2.8kΩ	15.5			42.3kΩ
6.3			2.2kΩ	16.0			14.8kΩ
6.4			1.7kΩ	16.5			5.6kΩ
6.5			1./κΩ	17.0			3.0κ <u>2</u> 2

R1 = (Red)R2 = Black

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