

## Silicon PIN Photodiode

### Description

BPW82 is a high speed and high sensitive PIN photodiode in a flat side view plastic package. The epoxy package itself is an IR filter, spectrally matched to GaAs or GaAlAs IR emitters ( $\lambda_p \cong 800 \text{ nm}$ ).

The large active area combined with a flat case gives a high sensitivity at a wide viewing angle.

### Features

- Large radiant sensitive area ( $A=7.5 \text{ mm}^2$ )
- Wide angle of half sensitivity  $\varphi = \pm 65^\circ$
- High radiant sensitivity
- Fast response times
- Small junction capacitance
- Plastic case with IR filter
- Suitable for near infrared radiation
- Especially for GaAlAs emitters with  $\lambda_p=870\text{nm}$



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### Applications

High speed photo detector

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

$T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse Voltage		$V_R$	60	V
Power Dissipation	$T_{amb} \cong 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_V$	215	mW
Junction Temperature		$T_j$	100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range		$T_{stg}$	-55...+100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering Temperature	$t \leq 5 \text{ s}$	$T_{sd}$	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance Junction/Ambient		$R_{thJA}$	350	K/W

**Basic Characteristics**

$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Breakdown Voltage	$I_R = 100 \mu\text{A}, E = 0$	$V_{(BR)}$	60			V
Reverse Dark Current	$V_R = 10 \text{V}, E = 0$	$I_{ro}$		2	30	nA
Diode Capacitance	$V_R = 0 \text{V}, f = 1 \text{MHz}, E = 0$	$C_D$		70		pF
	$V_R = 3 \text{V}, f = 1 \text{MHz}, E = 0$	$C_D$		25	40	pF
Open Circuit Voltage	$E_c = 1 \text{mW/cm}^2, \lambda = 870 \text{nm}$	$V_o$		350		mV
Short Circuit Current	$E_c = 1 \text{mW/cm}^2, \lambda = 870 \text{nm}$	$I_k$		38		$\mu\text{A}$
Reverse Light Current	$E_c = 1 \text{mW/cm}^2, \lambda = 870 \text{nm}, V_R = 5 \text{V}$	$I_{ra}$	43	45		$\mu\text{A}$
Angle of Half Sensitivity		$\phi$		$\pm 65$		deg
Wavelength of Peak Sensitivity		$\lambda_p$		950		nm
Range of Spectral Bandwidth		$\lambda_{0.5}$		790...1050		nm
Noise Equivalent Power	$V_R=10\text{V}, \lambda=870\text{nm}$	NEP		$4 \times 10^{-14}$		W/√Hz
Rise Time	$V_R=10\text{V}, R_L=1\text{k}\Omega, \lambda=820\text{nm}$	$t_r$		100		ns
Fall Time	$V_R=10\text{V}, R_L=1\text{k}\Omega, \lambda=820\text{nm}$	$t_f$		100		ns

**Typical Characteristics ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)**

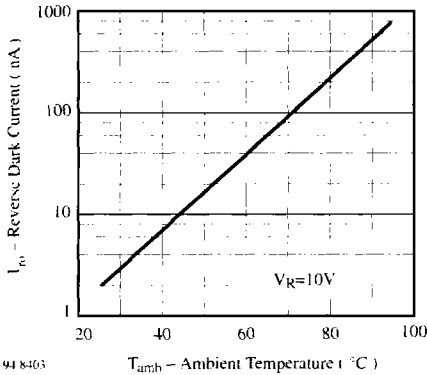


Figure 1. Reverse Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

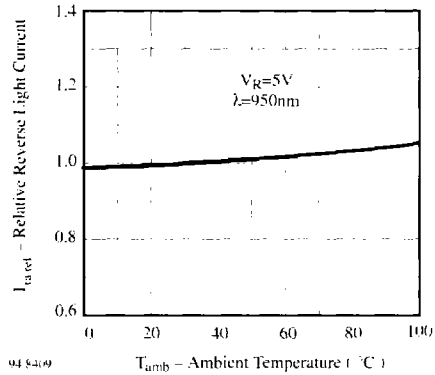
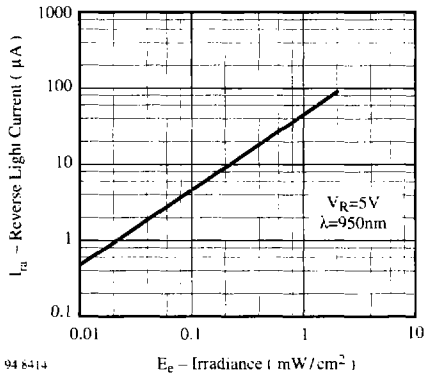
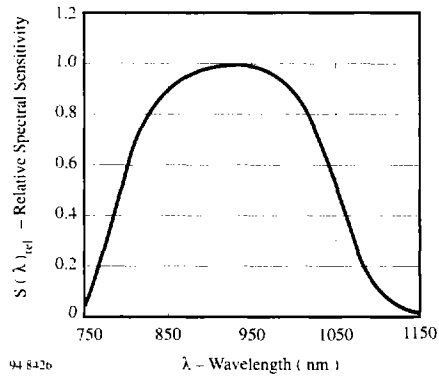


Figure 2. Relative Reverse Light Current vs. Ambient Temperature



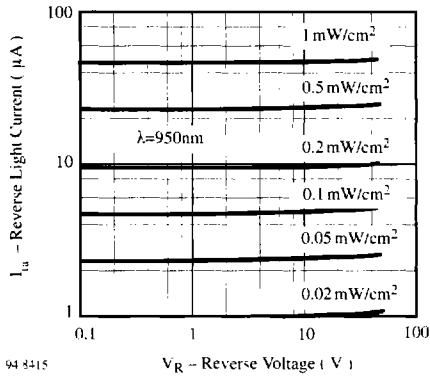
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Figure 3. Reverse Light Current vs. Irradiance



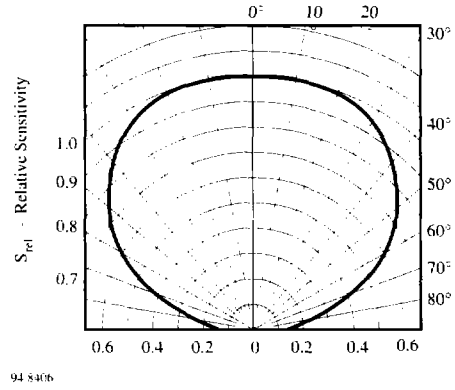
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Figure 6. Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength



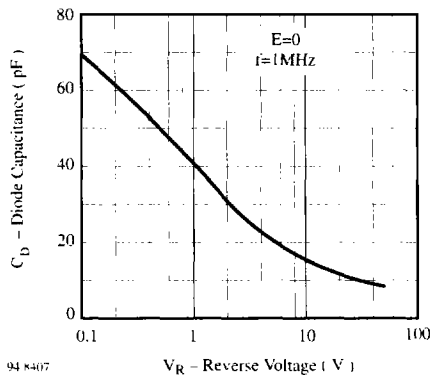
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Figure 4. Reverse Light Current vs. Reverse Voltage



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Figure 7. Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement



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Figure 5. Diode Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

**Dimensions in mm**

