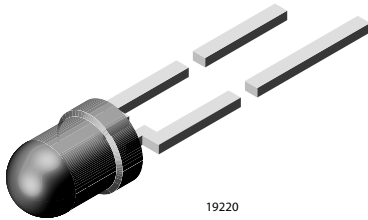


## High Efficiency LED in $\varnothing$ 3 mm Tinted Diffused Package



### FEATURES

- Standard T-1 package
- Small mechanical tolerances
- Suitable for DC and high peak current
- Wide viewing angle
- Luminous intensity categorized
- Yellow and green color categorized
- Lead (Pb)-free device



### DESCRIPTION

The TLH.44.. series was developed for standard applications like general indicating and lighting purposes.

It is housed in a 3 mm tinted diffused plastic package. The wide viewing angle of these devices provides a high on-off contrast.

Several selection types with different luminous intensities are offered. All LEDs are categorized in luminous intensity groups. The green and yellow LEDs are categorized additionally in wavelength groups.

That allows users to assemble LEDs with uniform appearance.

### APPLICATIONS

- Status lights
- OFF/ON indicator
- Background illumination
- Readout lights
- Maintenance lights
- Legend light

### PRODUCT GROUP AND PACKAGE DATA

- Product group: LED
- Package: 3 mm
- Product series: standard
- Angle of half intensity:  $\pm 40^\circ$

PARTS TABLE		
PART	COLOR, LUMINOUS INTENSITY	TECHNOLOGY
TLHR4400	Red, $I_V > 1.6$ mcd	GaAsP on GaP
TLHR4401	Red, $I_V > 2.5$ mcd	GaAsP on GaP
TLHR4405	Red, $I_V > 6.3$ mcd	GaAsP on GaP
TLHO4400	Soft orange, $I_V > 1.6$ mcd	GaAsP on GaP
TLHY4400	Yellow, $I_V > 1.6$ mcd	GaAsP on GaP
TLHY4401	Yellow, $I_V > 2.5$ mcd	GaAsP on GaP
TLHY4405	Yellow, $I_V > 6.3$ mcd	GaAsP on GaP
TLHG4400	Green, $I_V > 2.5$ mcd	GaP on GaP
TLHG4401	Green, $I_V > 4$ mcd	GaP on GaP
TLHG4405	Green, $I_V > 6.3$ mcd	GaP on GaP
TLHP4400	Pure green, $I_V > 0.63$ mcd	GaP on GaP
TLHP4401	Pure green, $I_V > 1$ mcd	GaP on GaP
TLHP4405	Pure green, $I_V > 1.6$ mcd	GaP on GaP



<b>ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>1)</sup> TLHR44.. , TLHO44.. , TLHY44.. , TLHG44.. , TLHP44.. ,</b>				
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Reverse voltage		$V_R$	6	V
DC Forward current		$I_F$	30	mA
Surge forward current	$t_p \leq 10 \mu\text{s}$	$I_{FSM}$	1	A
Power dissipation	$T_{amb} \leq 60 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$P_V$	100	mW
Junction temperature		$T_j$	100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating temperature range		$T_{amb}$	- 40 to + 100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature range		$T_{stg}$	- 55 to + 100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature	$t \leq 5 \text{ s, } 2 \text{ mm from body}$	$T_{sd}$	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal resistance junction/ambient		$R_{thJA}$	400	K/W

Note:

<sup>1)</sup>  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

<b>OPTICAL AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>1)</sup> TLHR44., RED</b>							
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PART	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
Luminous intensity <sup>2)</sup>	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	TLHR4400	$I_V$	1.6	3		mcd
		TLHR4401	$I_V$	2.5	5		mcd
		TLHR4405	$I_V$	6.3	10		mcd
Dominant wavelength	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		$\lambda_d$	612		625	nm
Peak wavelength	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		$\lambda_p$		635		nm
Angle of half intensity	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		$\phi$		$\pm 30$		deg
Forward voltage	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$		$V_F$		2	3	V
Reverse voltage	$I_R = 10 \mu\text{A}$		$V_R$	6	15		V
Junction capacitance	$V_R = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		$C_j$		50		pF

Note:

<sup>1)</sup>  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

<sup>2)</sup> In one Packing Unit  $I_{Vmin}/I_{Vmax} \leq 0.5$

<b>OPTICAL AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>1)</sup> TLHO44., SOFT ORANGE</b>							
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PART	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
Luminous intensity <sup>2)</sup>	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	TLHO4400	$I_V$	1.6	4		mcd
Dominant wavelength	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		$\lambda_d$	598		611	nm
Peak wavelength	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		$\lambda_p$		605		nm
Angle of half intensity	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		$\phi$		$\pm 30$		deg
Forward voltage	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$		$V_F$		2.4	3	V
Reverse voltage	$I_R = 10 \mu\text{A}$		$V_R$	6	15		V
Junction capacitance	$V_R = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		$C_j$		15		pF

Note:

<sup>1)</sup>  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

<sup>2)</sup> In one Packing Unit  $I_{Vmin}/I_{Vmax} \leq 0.5$



OPTICAL AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS <sup>1)</sup> TLHY44., YELLOW							
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PART	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
Luminous intensity <sup>2)</sup>	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	TLHY4400	$I_V$	1.6	3		mcd
		TLHY4401	$I_V$	2.5	5		mcd
		TLHY4405	$I_V$	6.3	10		mcd
Dominant wavelength	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		$\lambda_d$	581		594	nm
Peak wavelength	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		$\lambda_p$		585		nm
Angle of half intensity	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		$\phi$		$\pm 30$		deg
Forward voltage	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$		$V_F$		2.4	3	V
Reverse voltage	$I_R = 10 \mu\text{A}$		$V_R$	6	15		V
Junction capacitance	$V_R = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		$C_j$		50		pF

Note:

<sup>1)</sup>  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

<sup>2)</sup> In one Packing Unit  $I_{Vmin.}/I_{Vmax.} \leq 0.5$

OPTICAL AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS <sup>1)</sup> TLHG44., GREEN							
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PART	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
Luminous intensity <sup>2)</sup>	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	TLHG4400	$I_V$	2.5	4		mcd
		TLHG4401	$I_V$	4	6		mcd
		TLHG4405	$I_V$	6.3	12		mcd
Dominant wavelength	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		$\lambda_d$	562		575	nm
Peak wavelength	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		$\lambda_p$		565		nm
Angle of half intensity	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		$\phi$		$\pm 30$		deg
Forward voltage	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$		$V_F$		2.4	3	V
Reverse voltage	$I_R = 10 \mu\text{A}$		$V_R$	6	15		V
Junction capacitance	$V_R = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		$C_j$		50		pF

Note:

<sup>1)</sup>  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

<sup>2)</sup> In one Packing Unit  $I_{Vmin.}/I_{Vmax.} \leq 0.5$

OPTICAL AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS <sup>1)</sup> TLHP44., PURE GREEN							
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	PART	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
Luminous intensity <sup>2)</sup>	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	TLHP4400	$I_V$	0.63	2		mcd
		TLHP4401	$I_V$	1	3		mcd
		TLHP4405	$I_V$	1.6	3.5		mcd
Dominant wavelength	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		$\lambda_d$	555		565	nm
Peak wavelength	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		$\lambda_p$		555		nm
Angle of half intensity	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		$\phi$		$\pm 30$		deg
Forward voltage	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$		$V_F$		2.4	3	V
Reverse voltage	$I_R = 10 \mu\text{A}$		$V_R$	6	15		V
Junction capacitance	$V_R = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		$C_j$		50		pF

Note:

<sup>1)</sup>  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

<sup>2)</sup> In one Packing Unit  $I_{Vmin.}/I_{Vmax.} \leq 0.5$

### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

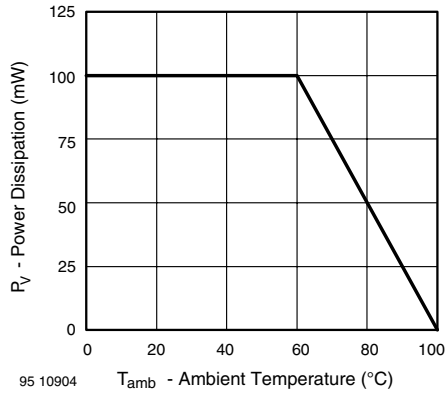


Figure 1. Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

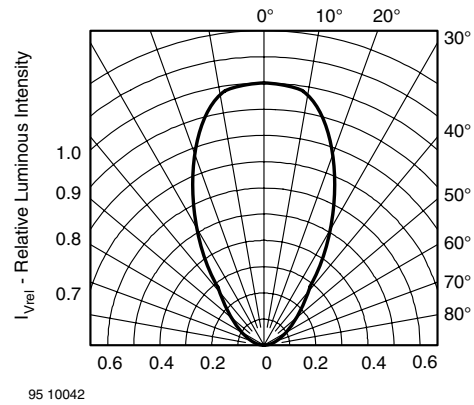


Figure 4. Rel. Luminous Intensity vs. Angular Displacement

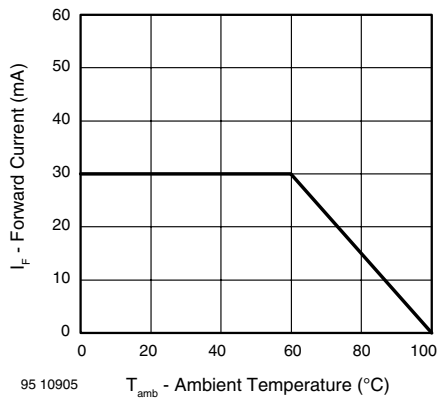


Figure 2. Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature for InGaN

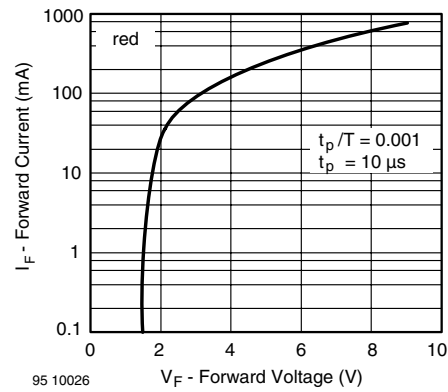


Figure 5. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

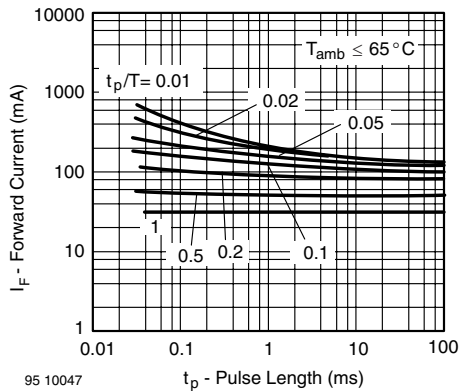


Figure 3. Forward Current vs. Pulse Length

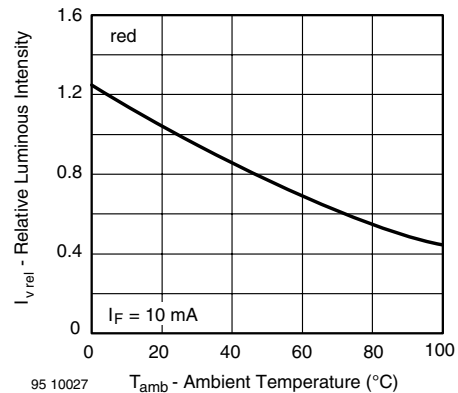


Figure 6. Rel. Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

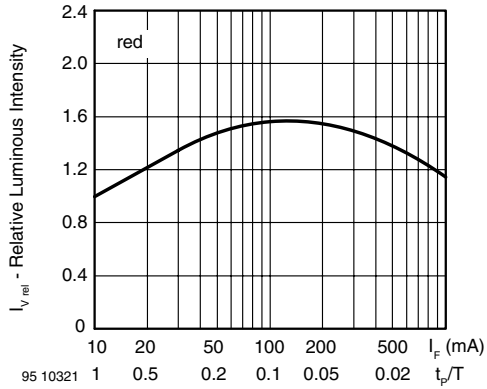


Figure 7. Rel. Lumin. Intensity vs. Forw. Current/Duty Cycle

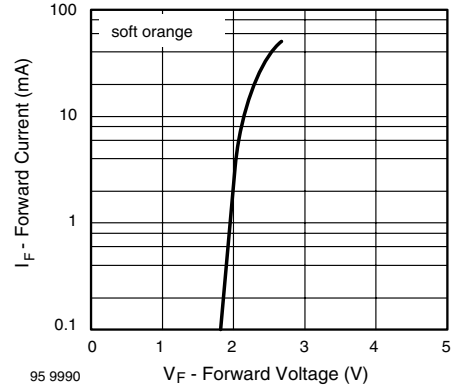


Figure 10. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

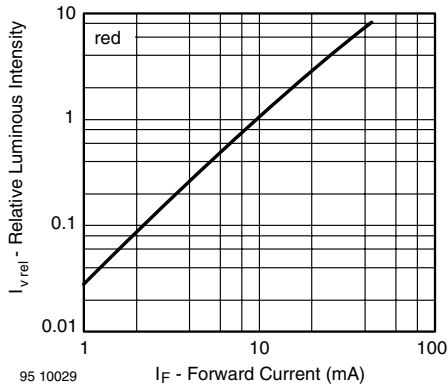


Figure 8. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

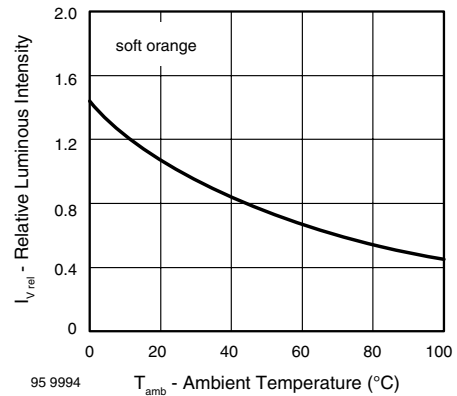


Figure 11. Rel. Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

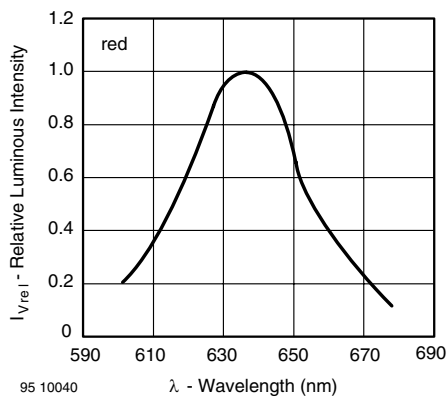


Figure 9. Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

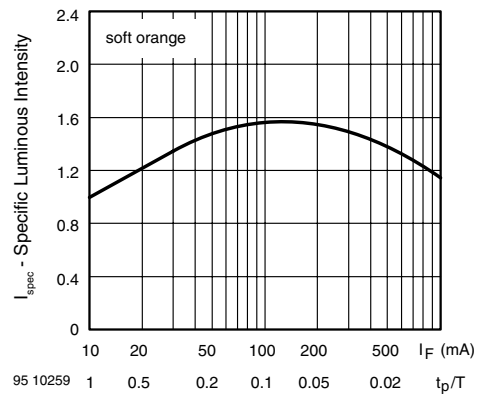


Figure 12. Rel. Lumin. Intensity vs. Forw. Current/Duty Cycle

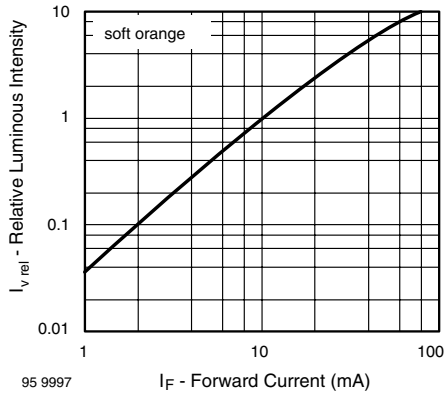


Figure 13. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

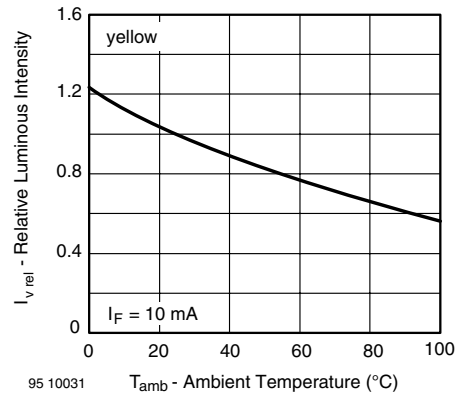


Figure 16. Rel. Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

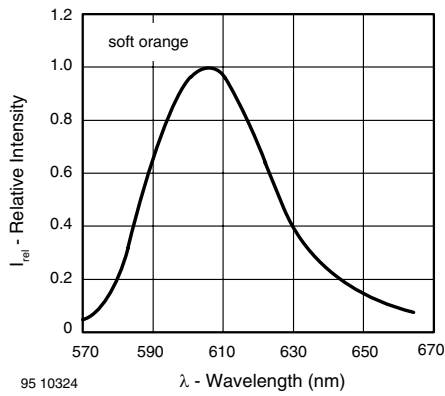


Figure 14. Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

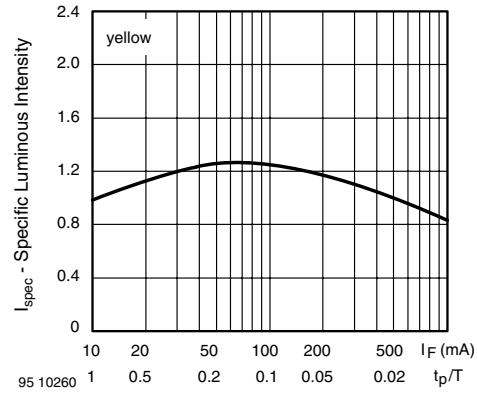


Figure 17. Rel. Lumin. Intensity vs. Forw. Current/Duty Cycle

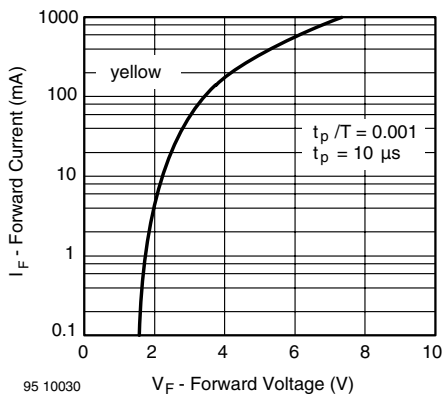


Figure 15. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

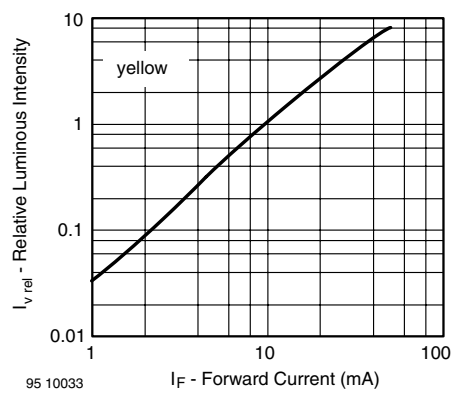


Figure 18. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

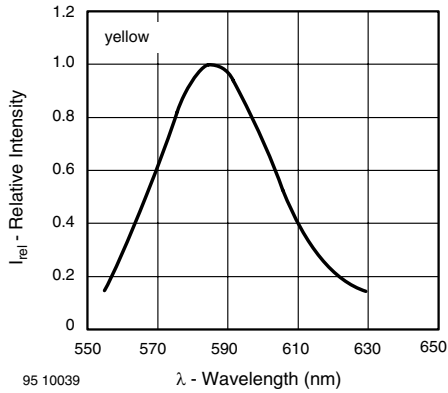


Figure 19. Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

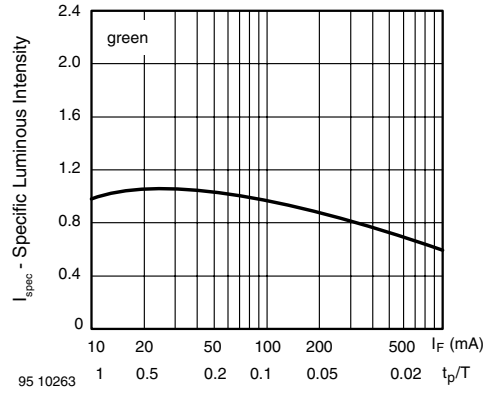


Figure 22. Specific Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

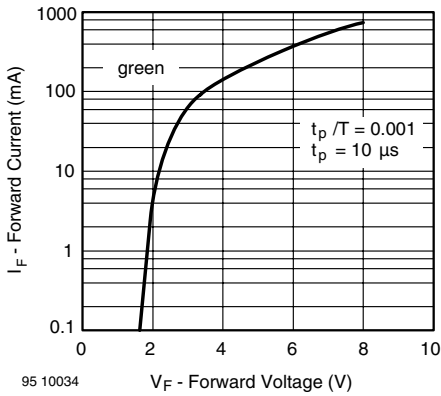


Figure 20. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

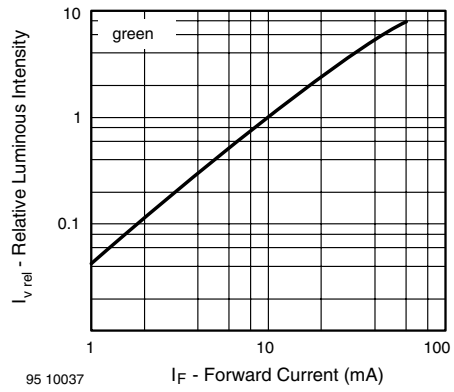


Figure 23. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

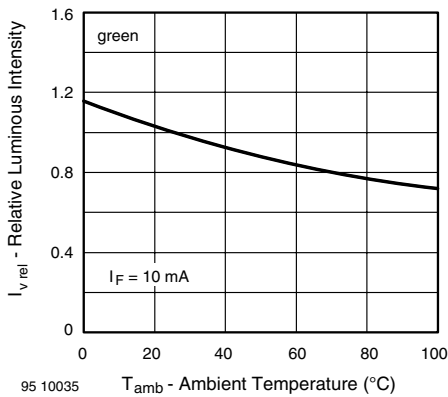


Figure 21. Rel. Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

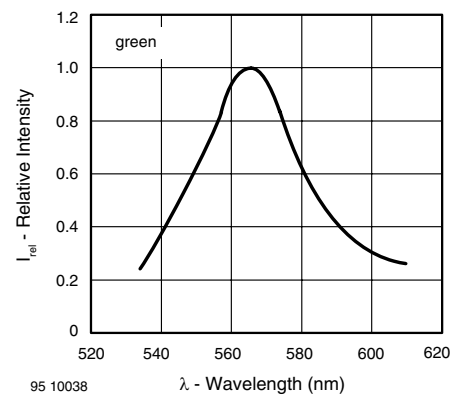


Figure 24. Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

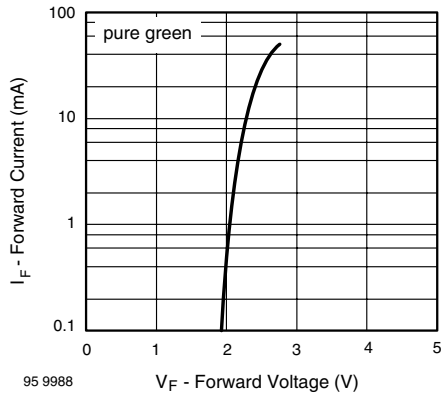


Figure 25. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

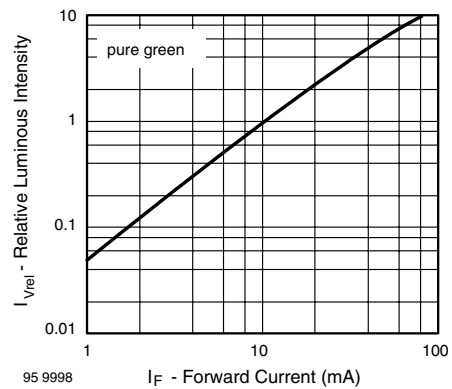


Figure 28. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

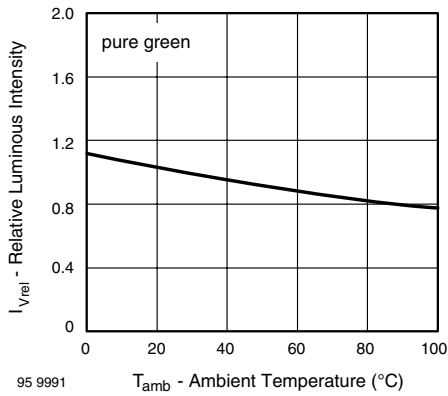


Figure 26. Rel. Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

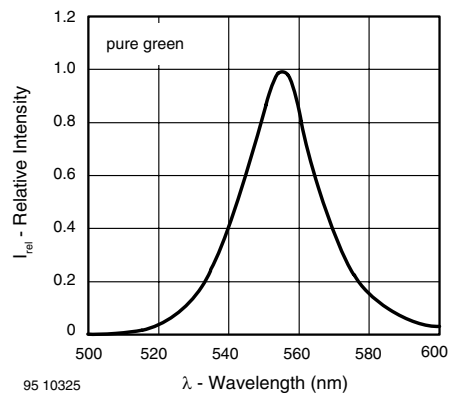


Figure 29. Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

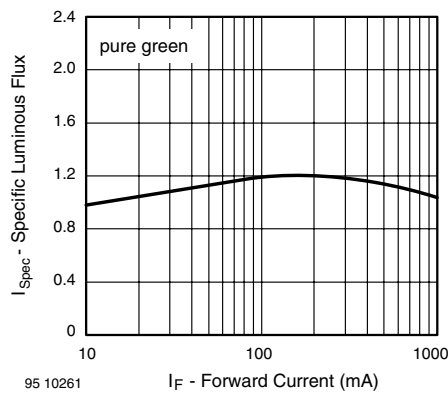
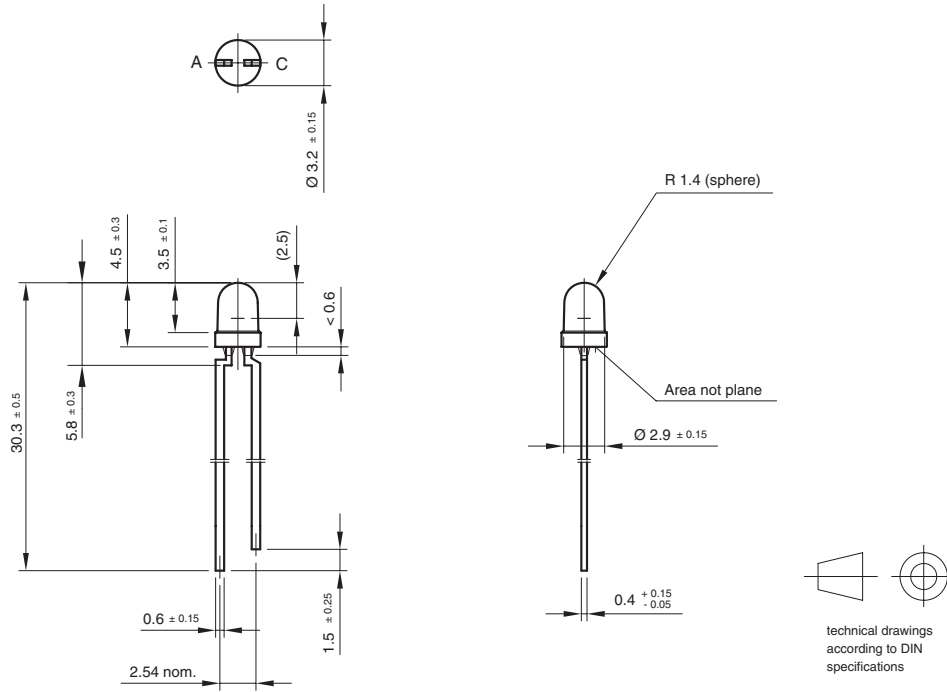


Figure 27. Specific Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current





**PACKAGE DIMENSIONS** in millimeters



Drawing-No.: 6.544-5255.01-4  
Issue: 7; 25.09.08  
95 10913

## Vishay Semiconductors

### **Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement**

It is the policy of Vishay Semiconductor GmbH to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design  
and may do so without further notice.

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Semiconductors products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay Semiconductors against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH, P.O.B. 3535, D-74025 Heilbronn, Germany



## Disclaimer

All product specifications and data are subject to change without notice.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, "Vishay"), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained herein or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay disclaims any and all liability arising out of the use or application of any product described herein or of any information provided herein to the maximum extent permitted by law. The product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein, which apply to these products.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay.

The products shown herein are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications unless otherwise expressly indicated. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so entirely at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Vishay for any damages arising or resulting from such use or sale. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.