

FRL230D, FRL230R, FRL230H

5A, 200V, 0.500 Ohm, Rad Hard,
N-Channel Power MOSFETs

June 1998

Features

- 5A, 200V, RDS(on) = 0.500Ω
- Second Generation Rad Hard MOSFET Results From New Design Concepts
- Gamma
 - Meets Pre-Rad Specifications to 100KRAD(SI)
 - Defined End Point Specs at 300KRAD(SI) and 1000KRAD(SI)
 - Performance Permits Limited Use to 3000KRAD(SI)
- Gamma Dot
 - Survives 3E9RAD(SI)/sec at 80% BVDSSTypically
 - Survives 2E12 Typically If Current Limited to IDM
- Photo Current - 3.0nA Per-RAD(SI)/sec Typically
- Neutron
 - Pre-RAD Specifications for 1E13 Neutrons/cm²
 - Usable to 1E14 Neutrons/cm²

Description

The Harris Semiconductor Sector has designed a series of SECOND GENERATION hardened power MOSFET's of both N and P channel enhancement types with ratings from 100V to 500V, 1A to 60A, and on resistance as low as 25mΩ. Total dose hardness is offered at 100K RAD(SI) and 1000KRAD(SI) with neutron hardness ranging from 1E13n/cm² for 500V product to 1E14n/cm² for 100V product. Dose rate hardness (GAMMA DOT) exists for rates to 1E9 without current limiting and 2E12 with current limiting.

This MOSFET is an enhancement-mode silicon-gate power field effect transistor of the vertical DMOS (VDMOS) structure. It is specially designed and processed to exhibit minimal characteristic changes to total dose (GAMMA) and neutron (n⁰) exposures. Design and processing efforts are also directed to enhance survival to heavy ion (SEE) and/or dose rate (GAMMA DOT) exposure.

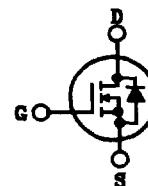
This part may be supplied as a die or in various packages other than shown above. Reliability screening is available as either non TX (commercial), TX equivalent of MIL-S-19500, TXV equivalent of MIL-S-19500, or space equivalent of MIL-S-19500. Contact the Harris Semiconductor High-Reliability Marketing group for any desired deviations from the data sheet.

Package

TO-205AF



Symbol



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Absolute Maximum Ratings (TC = +25°C) Unless Otherwise Specified

| | FRL230D, R, H | UNITS |
|---|---------------|-------|
| Drain-Source Voltage..... | VDS | V |
| Drain-Gate Voltage (RGS = 20kΩ)..... | VDGR | V |
| Continuous Drain Current | | |
| TC = +25°C | ID | A |
| TC = +100°C | ID | A |
| Pulsed Drain Current..... | IDM | A |
| Gate-Source Voltage..... | VGS | V |
| Maximum Power Dissipation | | |
| TC = +25°C | PT | W |
| TC = +100°C | PT | W |
| Derated Above +25°C | 0.20 | W/°C |
| Inductive Current, Clamped, L = 100μH, (See Test Figure). . | ILM | A |
| Continuous Source Current (Body Diode) | IS | A |
| Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) | ISM | A |
| Operating And Storage Temperature..... | TJC, TSTG | °C |
| Lead Temperature (During Soldering) | | |
| Distance > 0.063 in. (1.6mm) From Case, 10s Max..... | TL | °C |

FRL230D, FRL230R, FRL230H

Pre-Radiation Electrical Specifications $T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS | LIMITS | | UNITS |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| | | | MIN | MAX | |
| Drain-Source Breakdown Volts | BVDSS | $V_{GS} = 0$, $ID = 1\text{mA}$ | 200 | - | V |
| Gate-Threshold Volts | VGS(th) | $V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $ID = 1\text{mA}$ | 2.0 | 4.0 | V |
| Gate-Body Leakage Forward | IGSSF | $V_{GS} = +20\text{V}$ | - | 100 | nA |
| Gate-Body Leakage Reverse | IGSSR | $V_{GS} = -20\text{V}$ | - | 100 | nA |
| Zero-Gate Voltage Drain Current | IDSS1 IDSS2 IDSS3 | $V_{DS} = 200\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0$ $V_{DS} = 160\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0$ $V_{DS} = 160\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0$, $T_C = +125^\circ\text{C}$ | - - - | 1 0.025 0.25 | mA |
| Rated Avalanche Current | IAR | Time = $20\mu\text{s}$ | - | 15 | A |
| Drain-Source On-State Volts | VDS(on) | $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$, $ID = 5\text{A}$ | - | 2.63 | V |
| Drain-Source On Resistance | RDS(on) | $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$, $ID = 3\text{A}$ | - | 0.500 | Ω |
| Turn-On Delay Time | td(on) | $V_{DD} = 100\text{V}$, $ID = 5\text{A}$ Pulse Width = $3\mu\text{s}$ Period = $300\mu\text{s}$, $R_g = 25\Omega$ $0 \leq V_{GS} \leq 10$ (See Test Circuit) | - | 34 | ns |
| Rise Time | tr | | - | 140 | |
| Turn-Off Delay Time | td(off) | | - | 172 | |
| Fall Time | tf | | - | 80 | |
| Gate-Charge Threshold | QG(th) | $V_{DD} = 100\text{V}$, $ID = 5\text{A}$ $IGS1 = IGS2$ $0 \leq V_{GS} \leq 20$ | 1 | 3 | nc |
| Gate-Charge On State | QG(on) | | 15 | 60 | |
| Gate-Charge Total | QGM | | 30 | 120 | |
| Plateau Voltage | VGP | | 3 | 13 | V |
| Gate-Charge Source | QGS | | 3 | 12 | nc |
| Gate-Charge Drain | QGD | | 7 | 29 | |
| Diode Forward Voltage | VSD | $ID = 5\text{A}$, $V_{GD} = 0$ | 0.6 | 1.8 | V |
| Reverse Recovery Time | TT | $I = 5\text{A}$; $dI/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | - | 600 | ns |
| Junction-To-Case | R _{θjc} | | - | 5.0 | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ |
| Junction-To-Ambient | R _{θja} | Free Air Operation | - | 175 | |

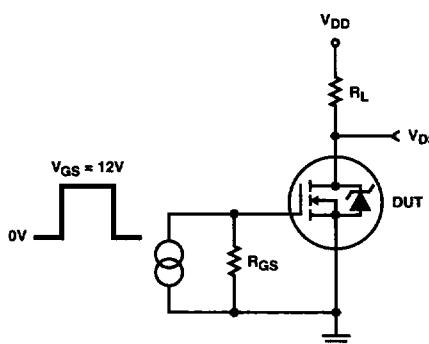


FIGURE 1. RESISTIVE SWITCHING TEST CIRCUIT

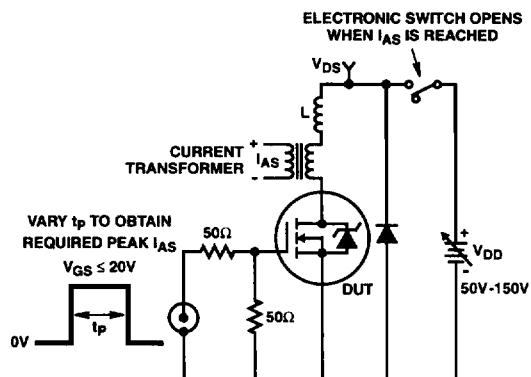


FIGURE 2. UNCLAMPED ENERGY TEST CIRCUIT

FRL230D, FRL230R, FRL230H

Post-Radiation Electrical Specifications TC = +25°C, Unless Otherwise Specified

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TYPE | TEST CONDITIONS | LIMITS | | UNITS | |
|---------------------------------|----------------|---------|-----------------|---------------------|-----|-------|----|
| | | | | MIN | MAX | | |
| Drain-Source Breakdown Volts | (Note 4, 6) | BVDSS | FRL230D, R | VGS = 0, ID = 1mA | 200 | - | V |
| | (Note 5, 6) | BVDSS | FRL230H | VGS = 0, ID = 1mA | 190 | - | V |
| Gate-Source Threshold Volts | (Note 4, 6) | VGS(th) | FRL230D, R | VGS = VDS, ID = 1mA | 2.0 | 4.0 | V |
| | (Note 3, 5, 6) | VGS(th) | FRL230H | VGS = VDS, ID = 1mA | 1.5 | 4.5 | V |
| Gate-Body Leakage Forward | (Note 4, 6) | IGSSF | FRL230D, R | VGS = 20V, VDS = 0 | - | 100 | nA |
| | (Note 5, 6) | IGSSF | FRL230H | VGS = 20V, VDS = 0 | - | 200 | nA |
| Gate-Body Leakage Reverse | (Note 2, 4, 6) | IGSSR | FRL230D, R | VGS = -20V, VDS = 0 | - | 100 | nA |
| | (Note 2, 5, 6) | IGSSR | FRL230H | VGS = -20V, VDS = 0 | - | 200 | nA |
| Zero-Gate Voltage Drain Current | (Note 4, 6) | IDSS | FRL230D, R | VGS = 0, VDS = 160V | - | 25 | µA |
| | (Note 5, 6) | IDSS | FRL230H | VGS = 0, VDS = 160V | - | 100 | µA |
| Drain-Source On-State Volts | (Note 1, 4, 6) | VDS(on) | FRL230D, R | VGS = 10V, ID = 5A | - | 2.63 | V |
| | (Note 1, 5, 6) | VDS(on) | FRL230H | VGS = 16V, ID = 5A | - | 3.94 | V |
| Drain-Source On Resistance | (Note 1, 4, 6) | RDS(on) | FRL230D, R | VGS = 10V, ID = 3A | - | 0.500 | Ω |
| | (Note 1, 5, 6) | RDS(on) | FRL230H | VGS = 14V, ID = 3A | - | 0.750 | Ω |

NOTES:

1. Pulse test, 300µs max
2. Absolute value
3. Gamma = 300KRAD(Si)
4. Gamma = 10KRAD(Si) for "D", 100KRAD(Si) for "R". Neutron = 1E13
5. Gamma = 1000KRAD(Si). Neutron = 1E13
6. Insitu Gamma bias must be sampled for both VGS = +10V, VDS = 0V and VGS = 0V, VDS = 80% BVDSS
7. Gamma data taken 3/03/90 on TA 17632 devices by GE ASTRO SPACE; EMC/SURVIVABILITY LABORATORY; KING OF PRUSSIA, PA 19401
8. Single event drain burnout testing by Titus, J.L., et al of NWSC, Crane, IN at Brookhaven Nat. Lab. Dec 11-14, 1989
9. Neutron derivation, HARRIS Application note AN-8831, Oct. 1988

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Typical Performance Characteristics

