



M.S.KENNEDY CORP.

**RAD HARD  
NEGATIVE, 3 AMP,  
LOW DROPOUT  
VOLTAGE REGULATOR**

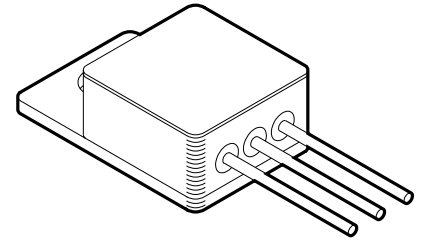
**5940RH  
SERIES**

4707 Dey Road Liverpool, N.Y. 13088

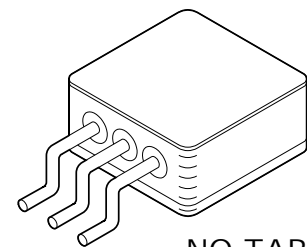
(315) 701-6751

**FEATURES:**

- Manufactured using  Space Qualified RH1185 Die
- -5V, -5.2V, -10V, -12V and -15V Standard Versions
- Low Dropout Voltage
- Output Current to 3 Amps
- Output Voltage Internally Set to  $\pm 1\%$  MAX.
- Internal Short Circuit Current Limit
- Internal Thermal Overload Protection
- Lead Form Options: Straight, Up, Down and Gull Wing
- Alternate Output Voltages Available
- Available with Top Tab or Tabless Package
- Total Dose Tested to TBDK RAD (Method 1019.7 Condition A)
- Contact MSK for MIL-PRF-38534 Qualification and Appendix G (Radiation Status)



TOP TAB

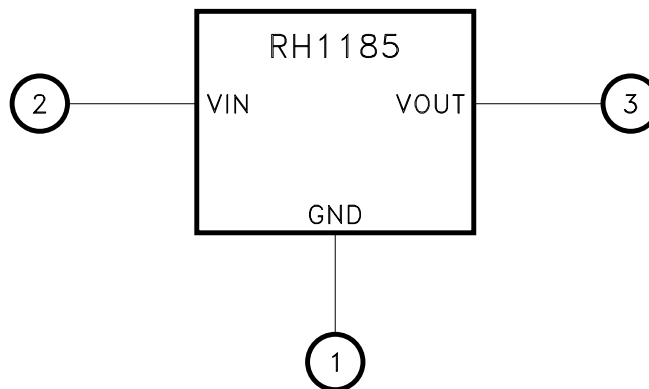


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**DESCRIPTION:**

The MSK 5940RH is a fixed, radiation hardened, negative voltage regulator which offers low dropout and output voltage accuracy to  $\pm 1\%$  maximum. The low  $\theta_{jc}$  combined with low dropout allows increased output current and excellent device efficiency. The MSK 5940RH offers both internal current limit and thermal overload protection. The case of the device is electrically isolated for heat sinking purposes. The device is packaged in a space efficient 3 pin power package with various lead form options. The MSK 5940RH series is also available in a power package with a top tab to accomodate direct mounting to a heat sink.

**EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC**



**TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**

- High Efficiency Linear Regulators
- Constant Voltage/Current Regulators
- System Power Supplies
- Switching Power Supply Post Regulators

**PIN-OUT INFORMATION**

- 1 GND
- 2 VIN
- 3 VOUT

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## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS <sup>⑨</sup>

$-V_{IN}$	Input Voltage . . . . .	-35V
$-V_{IN}$	Input Voltage (WRT $V_{OUT}$ ) . . . . .	-30V
$P_D$	Power Dissipation . . . . .	Internally Limited
$I_{OUT}$	Output Current . . . . .	-3A
$T_J$	Junction Temperature . . . . .	+ 150° C
$I_{OUT}$	Output Reverse Voltage . . . . .	-2V

$T_{ST}$	Storage Temperature Range . . .	-65° C to + 150° C
$T_{LD}$	Lead Temperature Range . . . . .	300° C (10 Seconds)
$T_C$	Case Operating Temperature	
	MSK 5940K/H/E RH . . . . .	-55° C to + 125° C
	MSK 5940RH . . . . .	-40° C to + 85° C

## ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Test Conditions <sup>③ ⑩</sup>	Group A Subgroup	MSK 5940K/H/E RH			MSK 5940RH			Units
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Output Voltage Tolerance	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ ; $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 3V$	1	-	0.1	1.0	-	0.1	2.0	%
		2,3	-	0.1	2.0	-	-	-	%
Dropout Voltage <sup>②</sup>	$0A \leq I_{OUT} \leq 3A$ ; $\Delta V_{OUT} = 1\%$	1	-	0.7	1.0	-	0.8	1.2	V
Load Regulation	$10mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 3A$ $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 3V$	1	-	0.2	1.0	-	0.2	2.0	%
		2,3	-	0.3	2.0	-	-	-	%
Line Regulation	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $(V_{OUT} + 3V) \leq V_{IN} \leq (V_{OUT} + 15V)$	1	-	0.1	0.5	-	0.1	0.6	%
		2,3	-	0.2	0.75	-	-	-	%
Quiescent Current	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 3V$ ; $I_{OUT} = 10mA$	1	-	4.5	10	-	4.5	12	mA
		2,3	-	4.5	10	-	-	-	mA
Short Circuit Current <sup>②</sup>	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 5V$	-	3.0	3.5	-	3.0	3.5	-	A
Ripple Rejection <sup>②</sup>	$I_{OUT} = 3A$ ; $C_{OUT} = 25\mu F$ ; $f = 120Hz$	-	60	75	-	60	75	-	dB
Thermal Resistance <sup>②</sup>	JUNCTION TO CASE @ 125° C	-	-	7.0	7.2	-	7.0	7.5	° C/W

PART NUMBER	OUTPUT VOLTAGE <sup>⑦</sup>
MSK5940-5.0RH	-5.0V
MSK5940-5.2RH	-5.2V
MSK5940-10RH	-10.0V
MSK5940-12RH	-12.0V
MSK5940-15RH	-15.0V

### NOTES:

- ① Output is decoupled to ground using 33 $\mu F$  minimum, low ESR capacitors unless otherwise specified.
- ② Guaranteed by design but not tested. Typical parameters are representative of actual device performance but are for reference only.
- ③ All output parameters are tested using a low duty cycle pulse to maintain  $T_J = T_C$ .
- ④ Industrial grade and "E" suffix devices shall be tested to subgroup 1 unless otherwise specified.
- ⑤ Military grade devices ("H" and "K" suffix) shall be 100% tested to subgroups 1,2 and 3.
- ⑥ Subgroup 1  $T_A = T_C = +25^\circ C$   
2  $T_A = T_C = +125^\circ C$   
3  $T_A = T_C = -55^\circ C$
- ⑦ Please consult the factory if alternate output voltages are required.
- ⑧ Input voltage ( $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} +$  a specified voltage) is implied to be more negative than  $V_{OUT}$ .
- ⑨ Continuous operation at or above absolute maximum ratings may adversely effect the device performance and/or life cycle.
- ⑩ All parameter limits are pre-irradiation. Radiation performance is not yet characterized.

## BYPASS CAPACITORS

For most applications a 33uF minimum, low ESR (0.5-2 ohm) tantalum capacitor should be attached as close to the regulator's output as possible. This will effectively lower the regulator's output impedance, increase transient response and eliminate any oscillations that are normally associated with low dropout regulators. Additional bypass capacitors can be used at the remote load locations to further improve regulation. These can be either of the tantalum or the electrolytic variety. Unless the regulator is located very close to the power supply filter capacitor(s), a 4.7uF minimum low ESR (0.5-2 ohm) tantalum capacitor should also be added to the regulator's input. An electrolytic may also be substituted if desired. When substituting electrolytic in place of tantalum capacitors, a good rule of thumb to follow is to increase the size of the electrolytic by a factor of 10 over the tantalum value.

## LOAD REGULATION

For best results the ground pin should be connected directly to the load as shown below, this effectively reduces the ground loop effect and eliminates excessive voltage drop in the sense leg. It is also important to keep the output connection between the regulator and the load as short as possible since this directly affects the load regulation. For example, if 20 gauge wire were used which has a resistance of about .008 ohms per foot, this would result in a drop of 8mV/ft at 1Amp of load current. It is also important to follow the capacitor selection guidelines to achieve best performance. Refer to Figure 1 for connection diagram.

## MSK 5940RH TYPICAL APPLICATION:

### Low Dropout Negative Power Supply

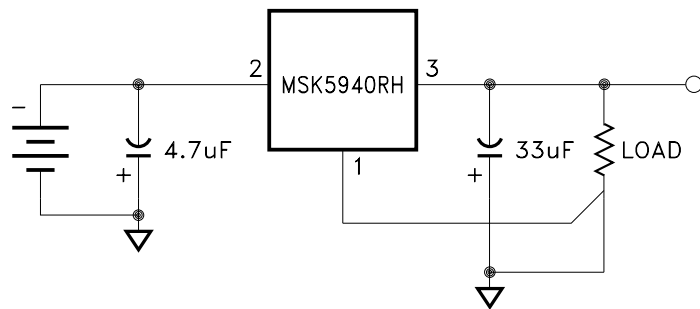


FIGURE 1

## TOTAL DOSE RADIATION TEST PERFORMANCE

Radiation performance curves for TID testing will be generated for all radiation testing performed by MS Kennedy. These curves will show performance trends throughout the TID test process and will be located in the MSK 5940RH radiation test report. The complete radiation test report will be available in the RAD HARD PRODUCTS section on the MSK website.

## OVERLOAD SHUTDOWN

The MSK 5940RH features both power and thermal overload protection. When the maximum power dissipation is not exceeded, the regulator will current limit slightly above its 3 amp rating. As the Vin-Vout voltage increases, however, shutdown occurs in relation to the maximum power dissipation curve. If the device heats enough to exceed its rated die junction temperature due to excessive ambient temperature, improper heat sinking etc., the regulator will shutdown until an appropriate junction temperature is maintained. It should also be noted that in the case of an extreme overload, such as a sustained direct short, the device may not be able to recover. In these instances, the device must be shut off and power reapplied to eliminate the shutdown condition.

## HEAT SINKING

To determine if a heat sink is required for your application and if so, what type, refer to the thermal model and governing equation below.

$$\text{Governing Equation: } T_j = P_d \times (R_{\theta jc} + R_{\theta cs} + R_{\theta sa}) + T_a$$

### WHERE

- T<sub>j</sub> = Junction Temperature
- P<sub>d</sub> = Total Power Dissipation
- R<sub>θjc</sub> = Junction to Case Thermal Resistance
- R<sub>θcs</sub> = Case to Heat Sink Thermal Resistance
- R<sub>θsa</sub> = Heat Sink to Ambient Thermal Resistance
- T<sub>c</sub> = Case Temperature
- T<sub>a</sub> = Ambient Temperature
- T<sub>s</sub> = Heat Sink Temperature

### EXAMPLE:

This example demonstrates an analysis where the regulator is at one-half of its maximum rated power dissipation, which occurs when the output current is at 1.5 amps.

Conditions for MSK 5940-5RH:

$$V_{in} = -7.0V; I_{out} = -1.5A$$

- 1.) Assume 45° heat spreading model.
- 2.) Find regulator power dissipation:

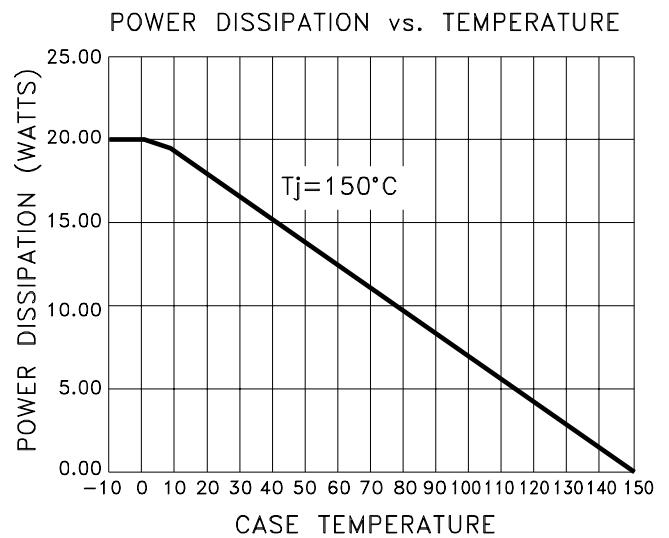
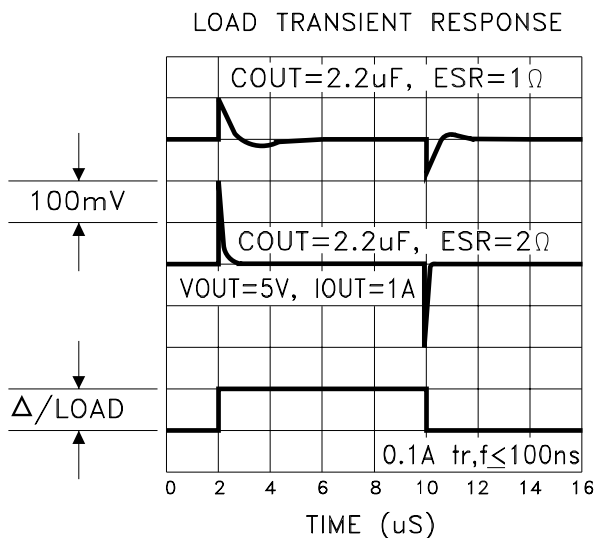
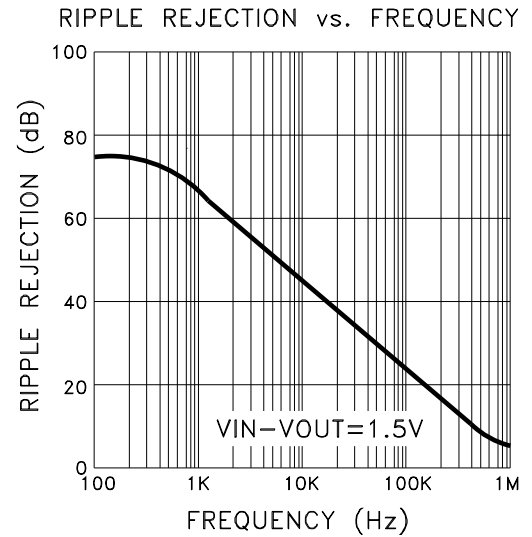
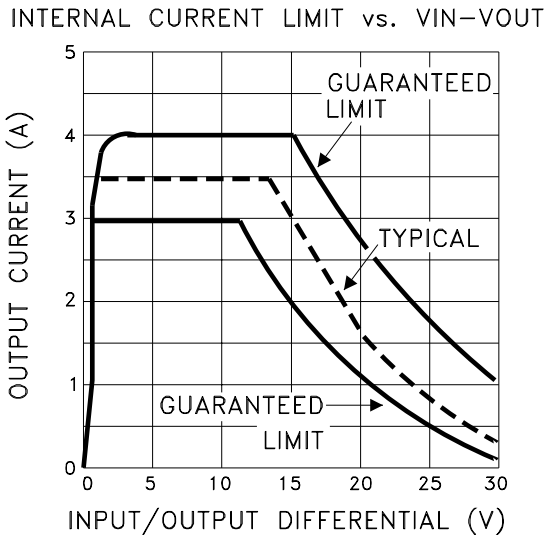
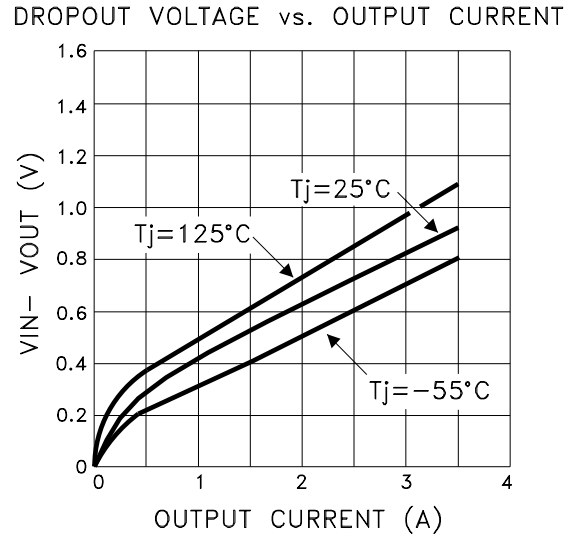
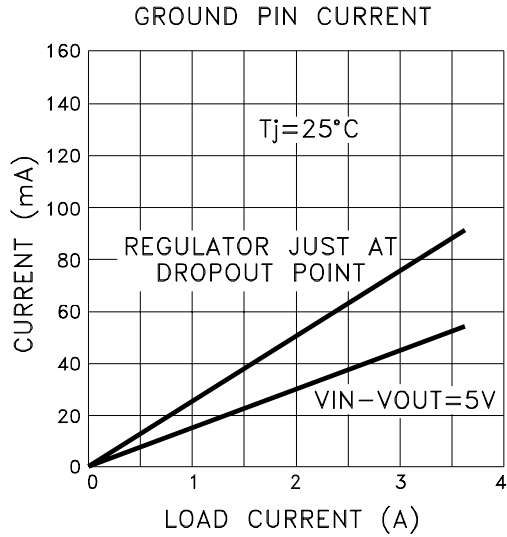
$$\begin{aligned} P_d &= (V_{in} - V_{out})(I_{out}) \\ P_d &= (-7 - (-5))(-1.5) \\ &= 3.0W \end{aligned}$$

- 3.) For conservative design, set T<sub>j</sub> = +125° C Max.
- 4.) For this example, worst case T<sub>a</sub> = +90° C.
- 5.) R<sub>θjc</sub> = 7.2° C/W from the Electrical Specification Table.
- 6.) R<sub>θcs</sub> = 0.15° C/W for most thermal greases.
- 7.) Rearrange governing equation to solve for R<sub>θsa</sub>:

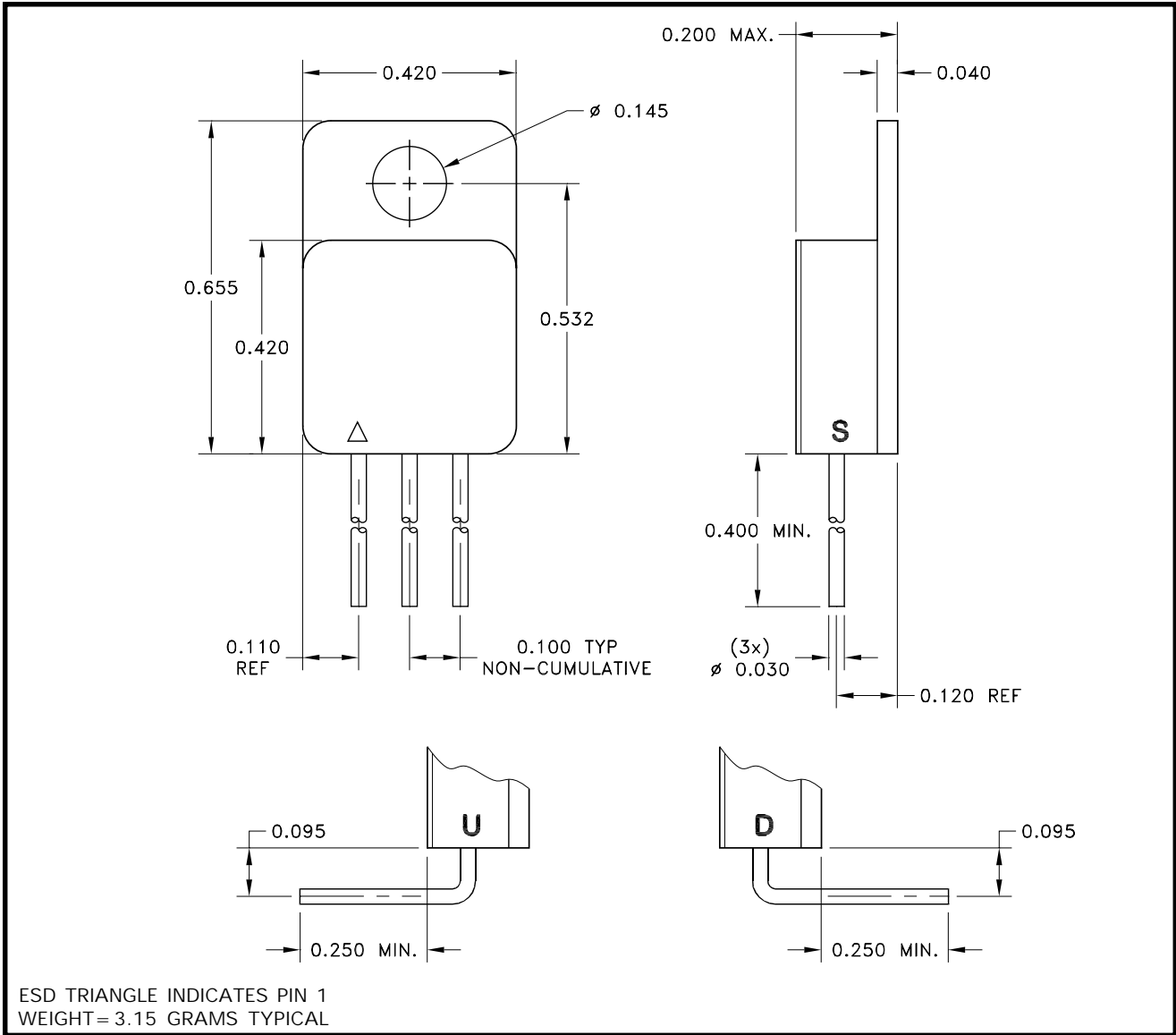
$$\begin{aligned} R_{\theta sa} &= ((T_j - T_a)/P_d) - (R_{\theta jc}) - (R_{\theta cs}) \\ &= ((125^\circ C - 90^\circ C)/3.0W) - 7.2^\circ C/W - 0.15^\circ C/W \\ &= 4.3^\circ C/W \end{aligned}$$

In this case the result is 4.3° C/W. Therefore, a heat sink with a thermal resistance of no more than 4.3° C/W must be used in this application to maintain the regulator junction temperature under 125° C.

# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

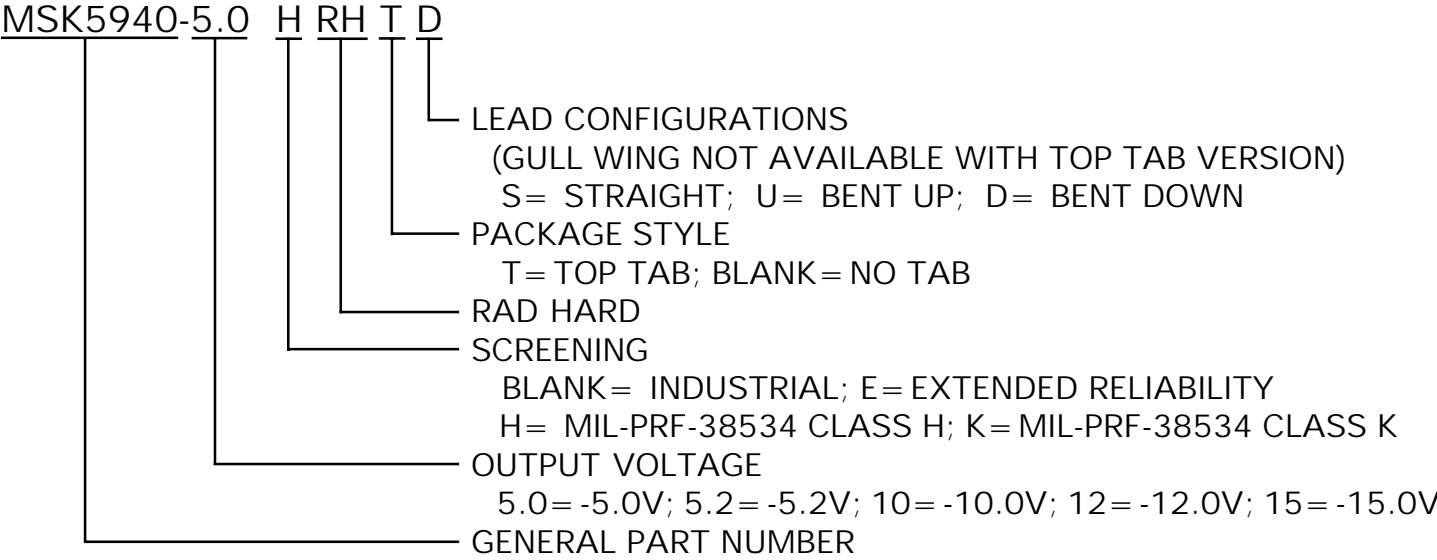


# MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

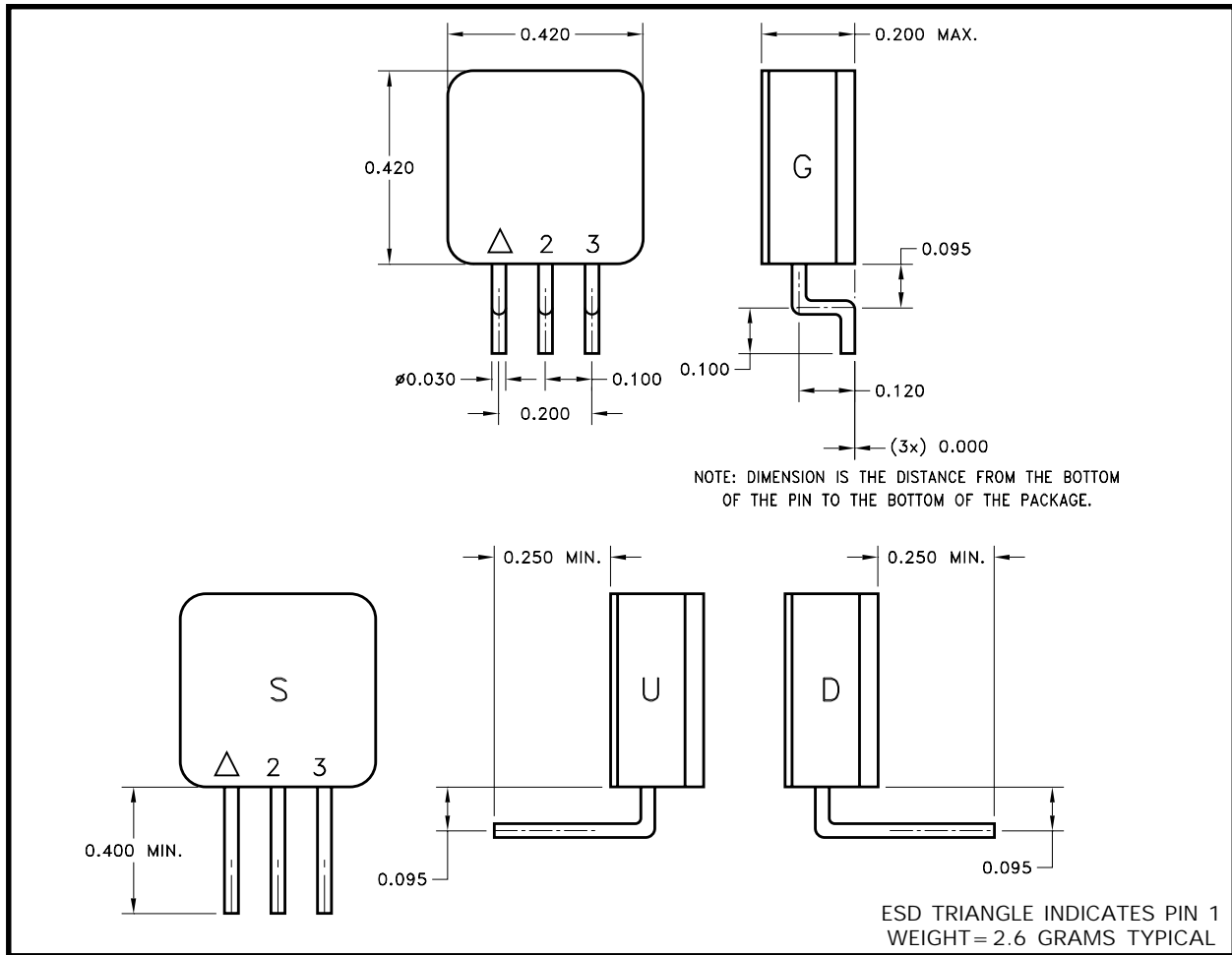


NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS ARE ± 0.010 INCHES UNLESS OTHERWISE LABELED.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

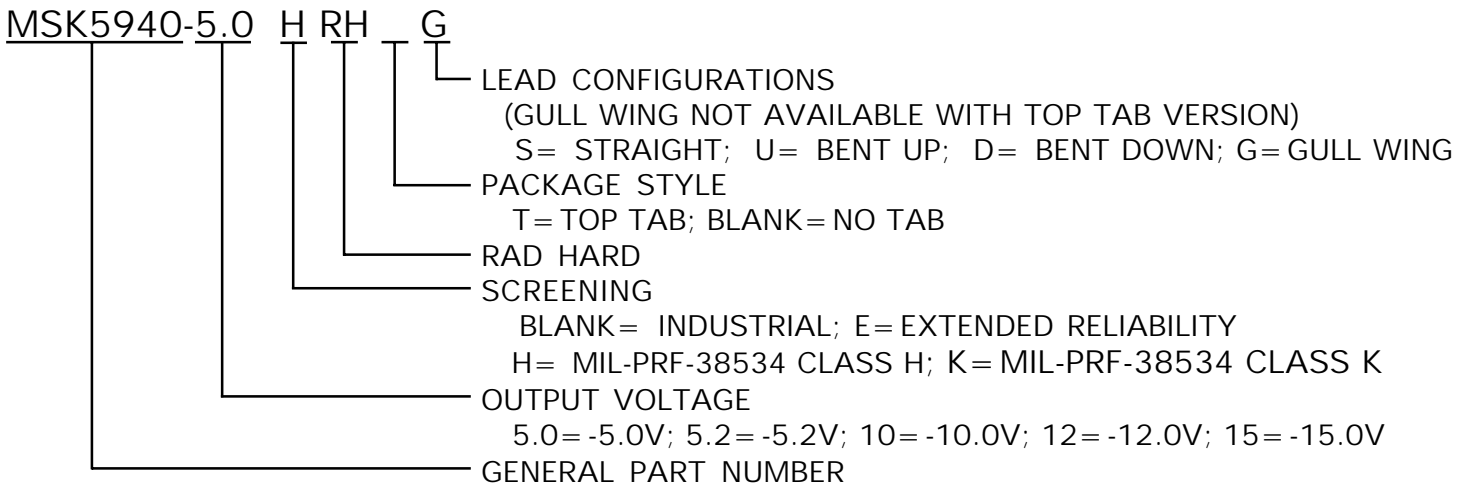


# MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS CONT'D



NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS ARE  $\pm 0.010$  INCHES UNLESS OTHERWISE LABELED.

## ORDERING INFORMATION



The above example is a -5.0V, Class H Military regulator with gull wing leads.

M.S. Kennedy Corp.  
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Contact MSK for MIL-PRF-38534 Class H, Class K and Appendix G (radiation) status.