

Document Title

256Kx16 bit Low Power and Low Voltage CMOS Static RAM

Revision History

<u>Revision No.</u>	<u>History</u>	<u>Draft Date</u>	<u>Remark</u>
0.0	Initial draft	June 16, 1998	Preliminary
0.01	Errata correction	August 10, 1998	
1.0	Finalize	April 30, 1999	Final

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256Kx16 bit Low Power and Low Voltage CMOS Static RAM

FEATURES

- Process Technology: TFT
- Organization: 256K x16
- Power Supply Voltage: 2.3~2.7V
- Low Data Retention Voltage: 2V(Min)
- Three state output and TTL Compatible
- Package Type: 44-TSOP2-400F/R

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

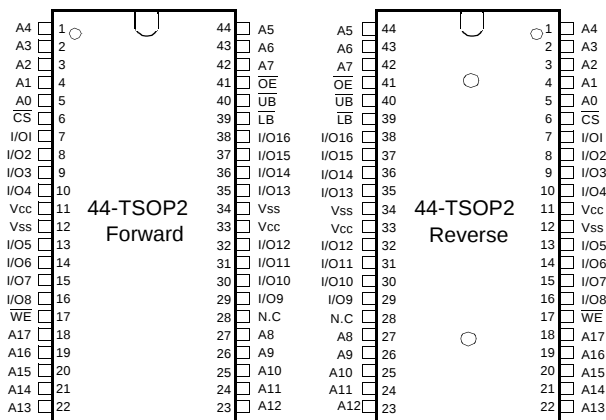
The K6T4016S3C families are fabricated by SAMSUNG's advanced CMOS process technology. The families support industrial operating temperature ranges and have small package types for user flexibility of system design. The families also support low data retention voltage for battery back-up operation with low data retention current.

PRODUCT FAMILY

Product Family	Operating Temperature	Vcc Range	Speed	Power Dissipation		PKG Type
				Standby (I _{sb1} , Max)	Operating (I _{cc2} , Max)	
K6T4016S3C-F	Industrial(-40~85°C)	2.3~2.7V	100 ¹⁾ /120ns	15μA	25mA	44-TSOP2-F/R

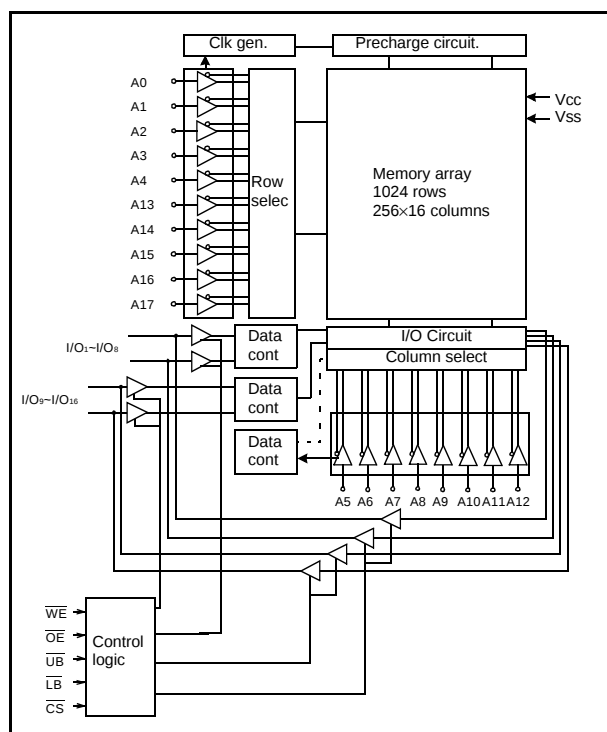
1. The parameter is measured with 30pF test load.

PIN DESCRIPTION



Name	Function	Name	Function
$\overline{CS}$	Chip Select Input	Vcc	Power
$\overline{OE}$	Output Enable Input	Vss	Ground
$\overline{WE}$	Write Enable Input	$\overline{UB}$	Upper Byte(I/O9-16)
A0-A17	Address Inputs	$\overline{LB}$	Lower Byte (I/O1-8)
I/O1-I/O16	Data Input/Output	N.C	No Connection

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



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PRODUCT LIST

Industrial Temperature Products(-40~85°C)	
Part Name	Function
K6T4016S3C-TF10	44-TSOP2-F, 100ns, 2.5V, LL
K6T4016S3C-TF12	44-TSOP2-F, 120ns, 2.5V, LL
K6T4016S3C-RF10	44-TSOP2-R, 100ns, 2.5V, LL
K6T4016S3C-RF12	44-TSOP2-R, 120ns, 2.5V, LL

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

$\overline{CS}$	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{LB}$	$\overline{UB}$	I/O ₁₋₈	I/O ₉₋₁₆	Mode	Power
H	X ¹⁾	X ¹⁾	X ¹⁾	X ¹⁾	High-Z	High-Z	Deselected	Standby
L	H	H	X ¹⁾	X ¹⁾	High-Z	High-Z	Output Disabled	Active
L	X ¹⁾	X ¹⁾	H	H	High-Z	High-Z	Output Disabled	Active
L	L	H	L	H	Dout	High-Z	Lower Byte Read	Active
L	L	H	H	L	High-Z	Dout	Upper Byte Read	Active
L	L	H	L	L	Dout	Dout	Word Read	Active
L	X ¹⁾	L	L	H	Din	High-Z	Lower Byte Write	Active
L	X ¹⁾	L	H	L	High-Z	Din	Upper Byte Write	Active
L	X ¹⁾	L	L	L	Din	Din	Word Write	Active

1. X means don't care. (Must be in low or high state)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹⁾

Item	Symbol	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Voltage on any pin relative to Vss	V _{IN} , V _{OUT}	-0.5 to V _{CC} +0.5	V	-
Voltage on Vcc supply relative to Vss	V _{CC}	-0.3 to 4.6	V	-
Power Dissipation	P _D	1.0	W	-
Storage temperature	T _{STG}	-65 to 150	°C	-
Operating Temperature	T _A	-40 to 85	°C	Industrial Product

1. Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation should be restricted to recommended operating condition. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

RECOMMENDED DC OPERATING CONDITIONS¹⁾

Item	Symbol	Product	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	K6T4016S3C Family	2.3	2.5	2.7	V
Ground	V _{SS}	All Family	0	0	0	V
Input high voltage	V _{IH}	All Family	2.0	-	V _{CC} +0.3 ²⁾	V
Input low voltage	V _{IL}	All Family	-0.3 ³⁾	-	0.6	V

Note:

1. T_A=-40 to 85°C, otherwise specified2. Overshoot : V_{CC}+1.0V in case of pulse width ≤ 20ns

3. Undershoot : -1.0V in case of pulse width ≤ 20ns

4. Overshoot and undershoot are sampled, not 100% tested.

CAPACITANCE¹⁾(f=1MHz, T_A=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Input capacitance	C _{IN}	V _{IN} =0V	-	8	pF
Input/Output capacitance	C _{IO}	V _{IO} =0V	-	10	pF

1. Capacitance is sampled, not 100% tested

DC AND OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input leakage current	I _{LI}	V _{IL} =V _{SS} to V _{CC}	-1	-	1	μA
Output leakage current	I _{LO}	$\overline{CS}=V_{IH}$ or $\overline{OE}=V_{IH}$ or $\overline{WE}=V_{IL}$ V _{IO} =V _{SS} to V _{CC}	-1	-	1	μA
Operating power supply current	I _{CC}	I _{IO} =0mA, $\overline{CS}=V_{IL}$, V _{IN} =V _{IL} or V _{IH} , Read	-	-	1	mA
Average operating current	I _{CC1}	Cycle time=1μs, 100% duty, I _{IO} =0mA, $\overline{CS} \leq 0.2V$, V _{IN} ≤0.2V or V _{IN} ≥V _{CC} -0.2V	-	-	4	mA
	I _{CC2}	Cycle time=Min, 100% duty, I _{IO} =0mA, $\overline{CS}=V_{IL}$, V _{IN} =V _{IH} or V _{IL}	-	-	25	mA
Output low voltage	V _{OL}	I _{OL} =0.5mA	-	-	0.4	V
Output high voltage	V _{OH}	I _{OH} =-0.5mA	2.0	-	-	V
Standby Current(TTL)	I _{SB}	$\overline{CS}=V_{IH}$, Other inputs = V _{IL} or V _{IH}	-	-	0.3	mA
Standby Current(CMOS)	I _{SB1}	$\overline{CS} \geq V_{CC}-0.2V$, Other inputs=0~V _{CC}	-	-	15	μA

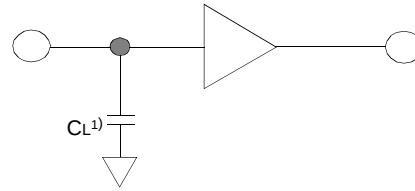
AC OPERATING CONDITIONS

TEST CONDITIONS (Test Load and Input/Output Reference)

Input pulse level: 0.4 to 2.2V

Input rising and falling time: 5ns

Input and output reference voltage: 1.1V

Output load(see right): $C_L=100\text{pF}+1\text{TTL}$ $C_L=30\text{pF}+1\text{TTL}$ 

1. Including scope and jig capacitance

AC CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{CC}=2.3\sim 2.7\text{V}$, $T_A=-40$ to 85°C)

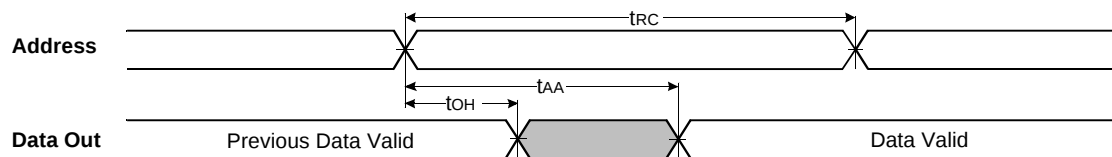
Parameter List		Symbol	Speed Bins				Units
			100ns		120ns		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read	Read cycle time	t _{RC}	100	-	120	-	ns
	Address access time	t _{AA}	-	100	-	120	ns
	Chip select to output	t _{CO}	-	100	-	120	ns
	Output enable to valid output	t _{OE}	-	50	-	60	ns
	$\overline{\text{LB}}$, $\overline{\text{UB}}$ valid to data output	t _{BA}	-	50	-	60	ns
	Chip select to low-Z output	t _{LZ}	10	-	10	-	ns
	Output enable to low-Z output	t _{OLZ}	5	-	5	-	ns
	$\overline{\text{LB}}$, $\overline{\text{UB}}$ enable to low-Z output	t _{BLZ}	5	-	5	-	ns
	Output hold from address change	t _{OH}	15	-	15	-	ns
	Chip disable to high-Z output	t _{HZ}	0	30	0	35	ns
	$\overline{\text{OE}}$ disable to high-Z output	t _{OHZ}	0	30	0	35	ns
	$\overline{\text{UB}}$, $\overline{\text{LB}}$ disable to high-Z output	t _{BHZ}	0	30	0	35	ns
Write	Write cycle time	t _{WC}	100	-	120	-	ns
	Chip select to end of write	t _{CW}	80	-	100	-	ns
	Address set-up time	t _{AS}	0	-	0	-	ns
	Address valid to end of write	t _{AW}	80	-	100	-	ns
	Write pulse width	t _{WP}	70	-	80	-	ns
	Write recovery time	t _{WR}	0	-	0	-	ns
	Write to output high-Z	t _{WHZ}	0	30	0	35	ns
	Data to write time overlap	t _{DW}	40	-	50	-	ns
	Data hold from write time	t _{DH}	0	-	0	-	ns
	End write to output low-Z	t _{OW}	5	-	5	-	ns
	$\overline{\text{LB}}$, $\overline{\text{UB}}$ valid to end of write	t _{BW}	80	-	100	-	ns

DATA RETENTION CHARACTERISTICS

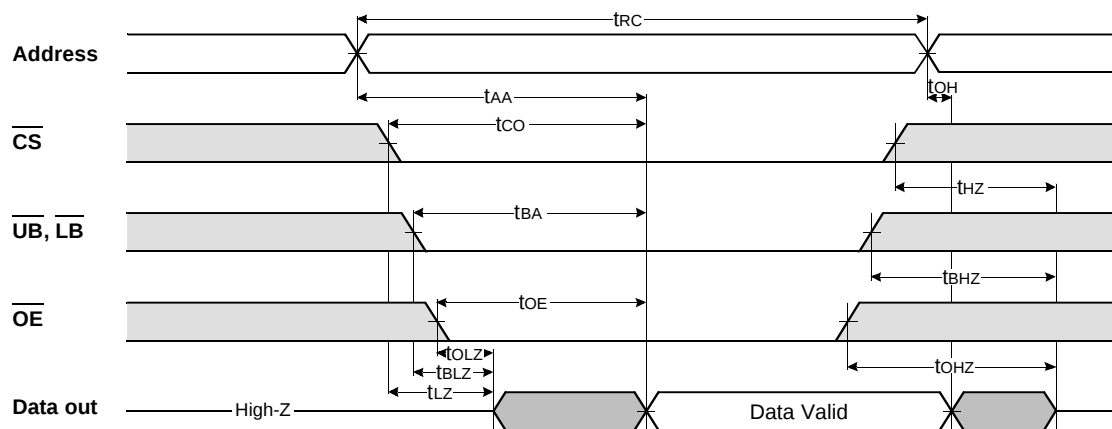
Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Vcc for data retention	VDR	$\overline{\text{CS}} \geq V_{CC}-0.2\text{V}$	2.0	-	2.7	V
Data retention current	IDR	$V_{CC}=2.5\text{V}$, $\overline{\text{CS}} \geq V_{CC}-0.2\text{V}$	-	0.5	15	μA
Data retention set-up time	tSDR	See data retention waveform	0	-	-	ms
Recovery time	trDR		5	-	-	

TIMMING DIAGRAMS

TIMING WAVEFORM OF READ CYCLE(1) (Address Controlled, $\overline{CS}=\overline{OE}=V_{IL}$, $\overline{WE}=V_{IH}$, $\overline{UB}$ or/and $\overline{LB}=V_{IL}$)

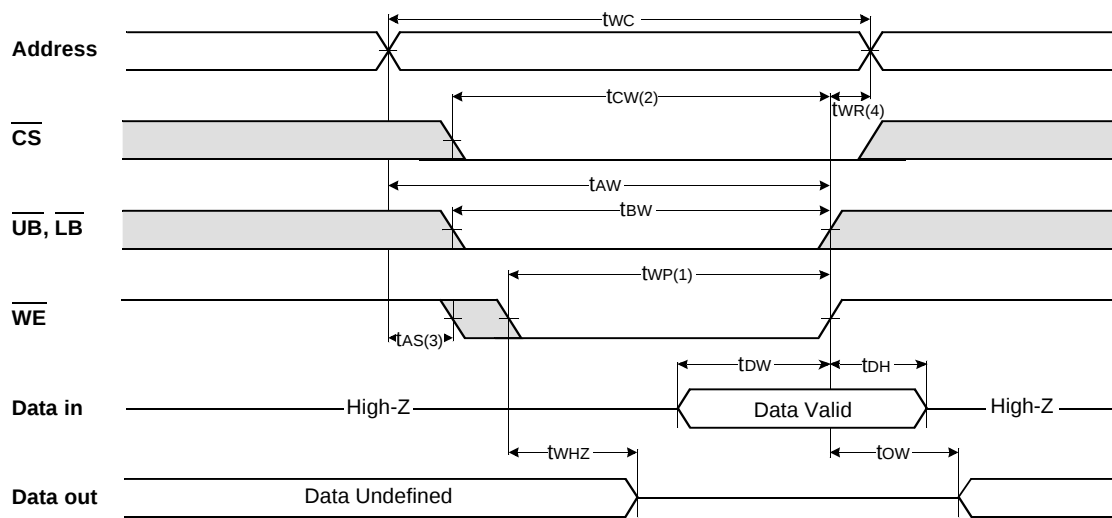
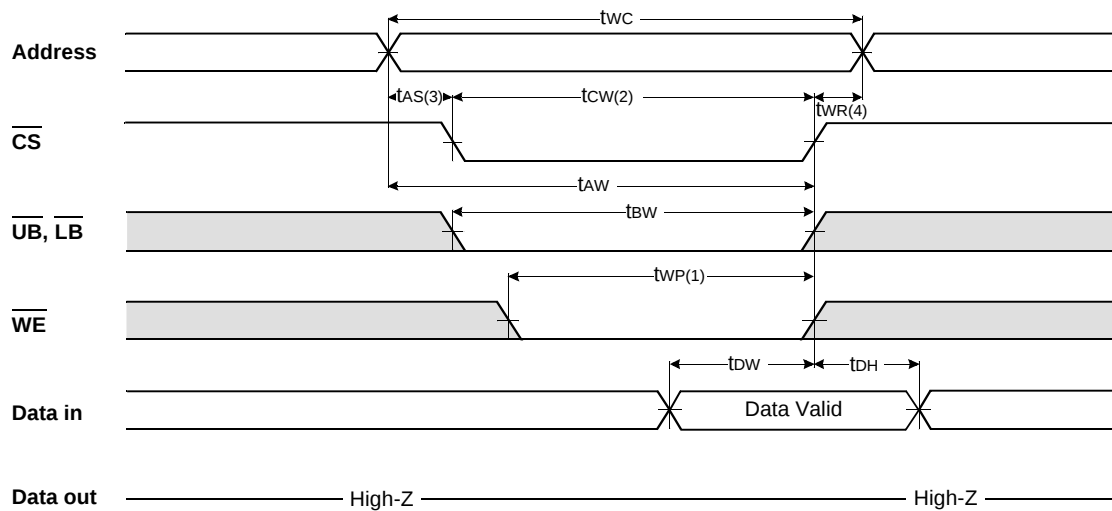


TIMING WAVEFORM OF READ CYCLE(2) ($\overline{WE}=V_{IH}$)

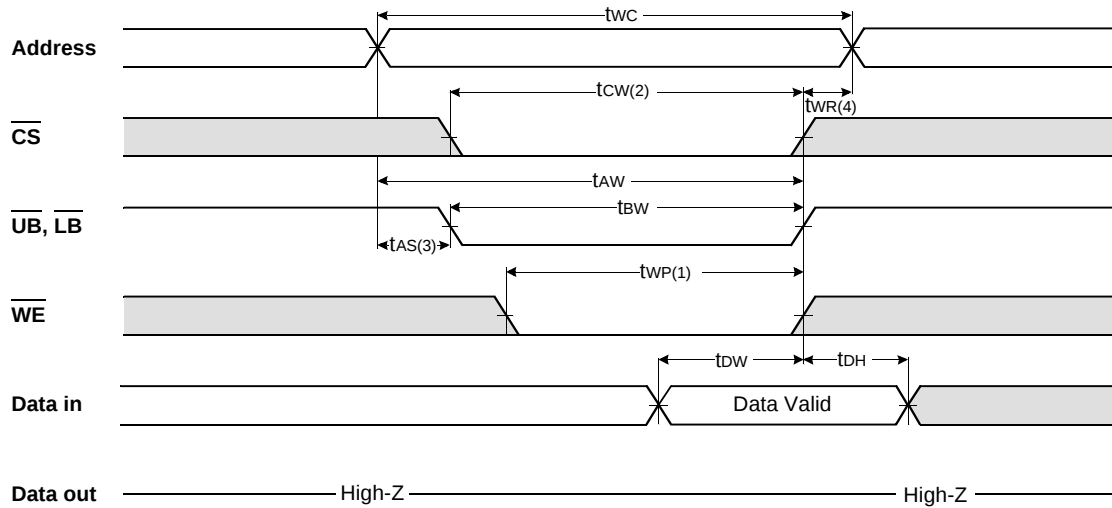


NOTES (READ CYCLE)

1. t_{HZ} and t_{OHZ} are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit conditions and are not referenced to output voltage levels.
2. At any given temperature and voltage condition, $t_{HZ}(\text{Max.})$ is less than $t_{LZ}(\text{Min.})$ both for a given device and from device to device interconnection.

TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(1) ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled)TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(2) ($\overline{CS}$ Controlled)

TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(3) ($\overline{UB}$, $\overline{LB}$ Controlled)

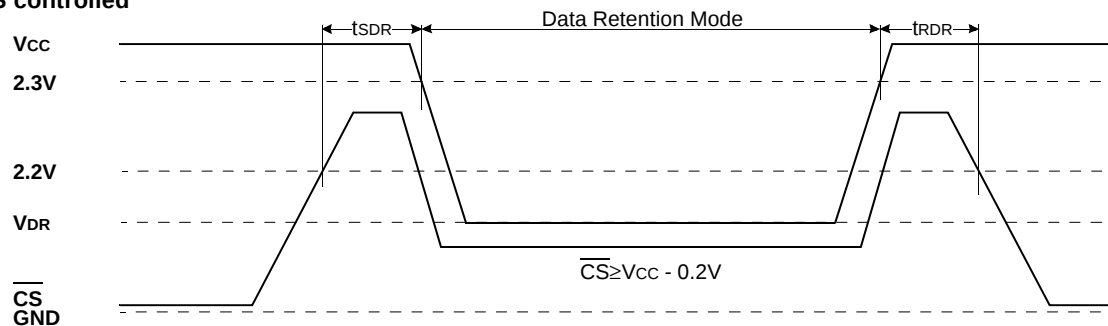


NOTES (WRITE CYCLE)

1. A write occurs during the overlap(t_{WP}) of low $\overline{CS}$ and low $\overline{WE}$. A write begins when $\overline{CS}$ goes low and $\overline{WE}$ goes low with asserting $\overline{UB}$ or $\overline{LB}$ for single byte operation or simultaneously asserting $\overline{UB}$ and $\overline{LB}$ for double byte operation. A write ends at the earliest transition when $\overline{CS}$ goes high and $\overline{WE}$ goes high. The t_{WP} is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
2. t_{CW} is measured from the $\overline{CS}$ going low to end of write.
3. t_{AS} is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
4. t_{WR} is measured from the end of write to the address change. t_{WR} applied in case a write ends as $\overline{CS}$ or $\overline{WE}$ going high.

DATA RETENTION WAVE FORM

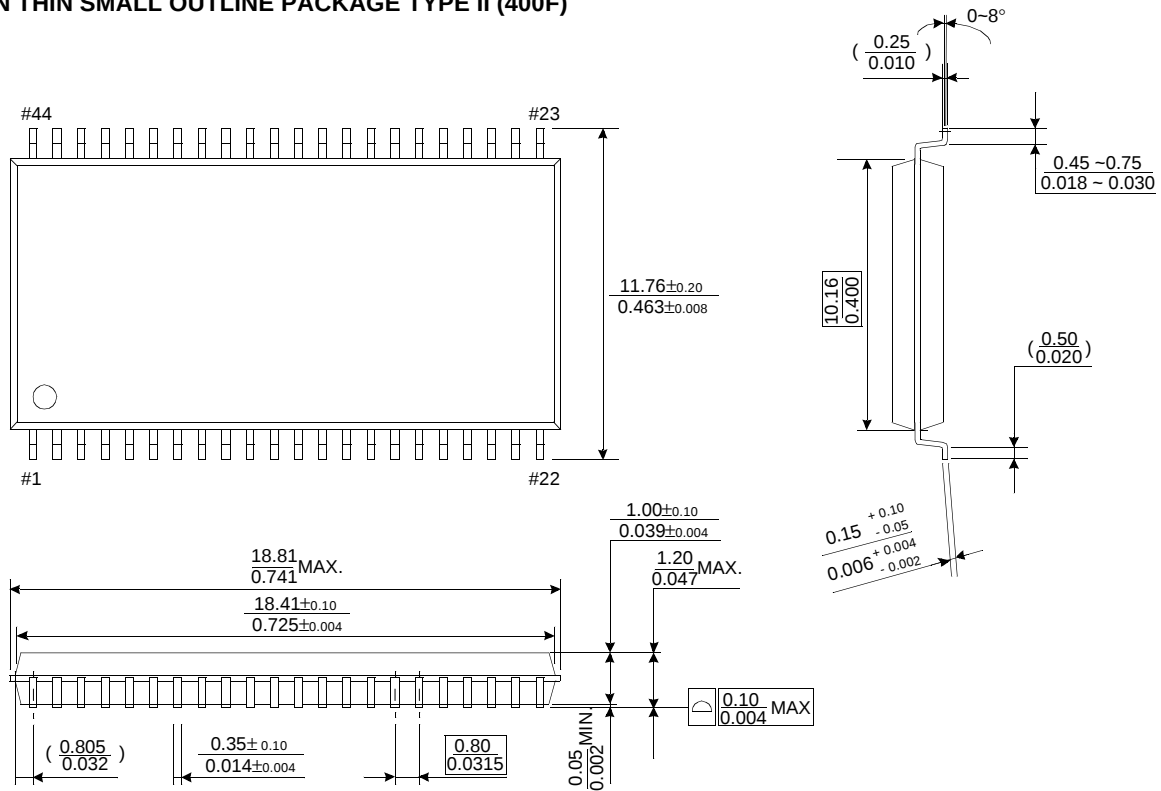
$\overline{CS}$ controlled



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Units: millimeters(inches)

44 PIN THIN SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE TYPE II (400F)



44 PIN THIN SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE TYPE II (400R)

